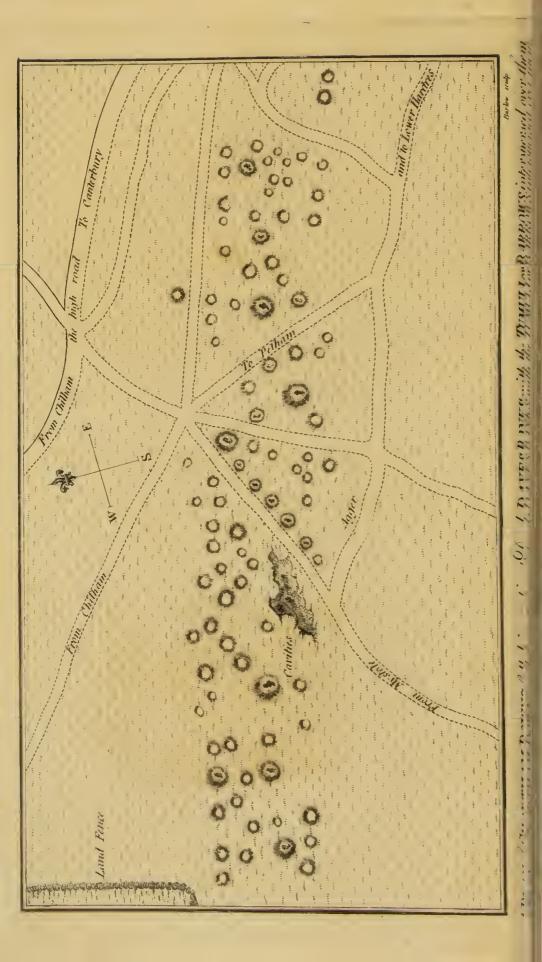


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THE

HISTORY

AND

TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY

OF THE

COUNTY OF KENT.

CONTAINING THE

ANTIENT AND PRESENT STATE OF IT, civil and ecclesiastical;

COLLECTED FROM PUBLIC RECORDS,

AND OTHER AUTHORITIES:

ILLUSTRATED WITH MAPS, VIEWS, ANTIQUITIES, &c.

THE SECOND EDITION,

IMPROVED, CORRECTED, AND CONTINUED TO THE PRESENT TIME.

By EDWARD HASTED, Efq F.R.S. and S.A.

LATE OF CANTERBURY.

** Ex his omnibus, longe funt humanisfimi qui Cantium incolunt."
** Fortes creantur fortibus et bonis,
** Nec imbellem feroces progenerant."

VOLUME VII.



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JOSEPH MUSGRAVE, Efq.

KYPIER,

INTHE

BISHOPRIC OF DURHAM.

SIR,

BE pleafed to accept this tribute of grateful refpect for the friendthip you have honored me with, a friendfhip begun in our early days, when we first imbibed the rudiments of our education at the fame feminary of learning in the county of Kent, whilst we were under our refpective paternal roofs in the fame fame neighbourhood. Your property in the county, your encouragement of learning, and of this Hiftory in particular in the earlieft publication of it, joined with your well-known liberality of fentiment, will, I am certain, induce you to continue your patronage to this Edition, and the Author of it, which will add to those favors you have already conferred on him, who is, with much respect,

SIR,

Your most faithful

and obliged humble Servant,

LONDON, Dac. 10, 1798.

EDWARD HASTED.

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BC-X-96

+ Rods Ground Plot of the famp on Shottington hill in Selling.

HUNDRED or BOUGHTON UNDER BLEAN.

THE

HE HUNDRED OF BOUGHTON lies next adjoining to that of Favertham eaftward. It is written in the book of Domefday *Boltone*, in the 7th year of king Edward I. *Bostune*, and foon afterwards *Boughton*, the archbishop being then lord of it.

There is a court leet held for this hundred, of which the archbishop is lord, at which two constables are chosen, one for the upper, and the other for the Lower Half Hundred, who have jurisdiction over the whole of it.

VOL. VII.

THIS

BOUGHTON HUNDRED.

THIS HUNDRED CONTAINS WITHIN ITS BOUNDS THE FA-RISHES OF

- I. BOUGHTON under Blean. 3. GRAVENEY, and 4. SELLING in hart.
- 2. HERNEHILL.

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And the churches of those parishes.

BOUGHTON UNDER THE BLEAN.

THE next parish eastward from Faversham is Boughton under the Blean, in Latin deeds, Bocton subtus le Blen, so called, not only to distinguish it from other parilhes of the fame name, but from its fituation under the forest of Blean, which lies above the hill at the eaftern bounds of it.

THIS PARISH lies on the high London road, which runs along the northern bounds of it, the 50th mileftone ftanding within the ftreet of it.

The rill of water on the common, at the bottom of Boughton-hill, bounds it eaftward, whence it ftretches itself a confiderable length fouthward, leaving Rhodes farm without its bounds, and fo weftward to Gushborne, an estate belonging to the Ismays, thence making a circle north-weft, it includes Colking-house, and a small part only of the farm, and croffing the London road northward, it encircles Fairbrook, formerly belonging to the Beft's, and thence taking in Nath, it goes on eaftward to the north fide of Boughton-ftreet, and the rill first mentioned above. A part of this parish is entirely separated from the reft of it, by those of Hernehill and Graveney intervening, and includes in it the marth called Graveney, alias Cleve marsh, on the north fide of those parishes, being part of the demesnes of Boughton manor, of which Mr. Lade is leffee

It is not very healthy, yet it is exceedingly pleafant, the greatest part of it in a fine open fertile country, close at the bottom of Boughton hill, which with with the woods along the fummit of that high range of hills, form a fine picturefque view from it. The foil of the parifh is various; near the high road, and a fmall diftance fouthward, where the country is level, and the fields large, the lands are a fine rich loam, bordering in many places on the chalk, exceedingly fertile in corn, fruit and hops, of both which there are confiderable plantations. About the ftreet it is fandy, and more northward a ftiff clay; as it rifes fouthward to the hilly country it becomes very chalky, a ftony light foil. In the eaftern parts the foil is a clay, very ftiff, wet and miry, where there is much poor ruffit land and coppice wood, which join those of the Blean, in the Ville of Dunkirk eaftward.

The principal village, called Boughton-ftreet, ftands on a rife, being built on each fide of the London road, at the 50th mile-ftone. It is fituated exceedingly pleafant, mostly furrounded by hop plantations and orchard grounds, about a quarter of a mile from the foot of Boughton-hill, fome open common lying between, a great part of which has been lately cultivated. This ftreet is of late years become the principal village; the houles in it are most of them modern and neatly built, and the whole has a remarkable pleafing and chearful appearance. In the midft of it is a neat modern houfe, late the property and refidence of Terry Marsh, elq. built on the demession Scarbut's manor, as mentioned before. He died in 1789, and his widow and infant children are now entitled to it.

Below the little hill, at the weft end of the ftreet, are two ftreamlets, the wefternmost of which is a nailbourne, the one rifing in Herst wood, and the other at Gore, they cross the London road, flowing very plentifully, and having supplied the ponds belonging to Nash, they continue their course from thence northward to the Swale.

The manfion of Nafh, the paddock of which adjoins the north fide of the London road, near the above

ftreamlets,

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ftreamlets, is fituated on the knole of a hill; it is a large handfome building, having a fine profpect eaftward over the adjoining country, terminated by the Boughton hills. It has been fitted up within these few years with much tafte in the modern stile, and with the foliage of the paddock, is a confpicuous ornament to this part of the country. On the oppofite fide of the road, about a mile fouthward, is the parfonage-house, which Mr. Lade some years ago greatly improved, and made it a very defirable refidence; about a quarter of a mile from hence stands the church, on the knole of a hill, having the court-lodge close to the west fide of the church-yard, and the vicarage on the north fide of it, a pretty neat dwelling. A little further is a hamlet called South-ftreet, which report fays was once the only one in this parish, the London road having gone through it, inftead of the prefent way, on which the prefent ftreet of Boughton has been fince built. It is remarkable that the above road, leading from Ofpringe through this parish, is called in an antient perambulation of the town and parish of Faversham, fo early as king Edward the Ist.'s reign Key-street, most probably like Key-street beyond Sittingborne, on the fame road, from Caius Julius Cæsar, quasi Caii stratum.

In 1518 there was an alms-houfe in Boughtonftreet, as appears by a will in the Prerogative-office, Canterbury. There is now one, confifting of two dwellings, near the church, belonging to the parifh, but whether that mentioned above, is uncertain.

There are two fchools in Boughton-ftreet, in which upwards of one hundred boys and girls are taught reading, writing, and arithmetic. A fair is held in this ftreet on the Monday after St. Peter's day yearly, for toys and pedlary.

In the year 1716 there was dug up, in a hedge by the highway fide, over against the head of the parfonagefonage-barn, a man's skull and bones, with an hanger or back-fword, which, through length of time, was crumbled into bits of about a finger's length; and there was with it a brass coin of the emperor Antoninus Pius.^a

An ample account of the Blean foreft, and the ville of Dunkirk, will be given in the defcription of the hundred of Westgate, within the bounds of which it all lies.

AGAINST THE PARK PALES of Nafb, adjoining to the London road, there grows plenty of a latbyrus, not the major latifolius Ger. emac. 1229, as Mr. Bateman conjectured, but the latbyrus fylvestris major, C. B. Pin. 344; nor doth linum filvestre ceruleum perenne, &c. Raii Synop. 111, 362, grow on Beaconhill, as he affirmed, but the linum filvestre sextum angustifolium, this being annual, and having feeds of the colour of those of common flax; whereas the feeds of the former are black. Campanula rotunda folia, the less of the fame road; besides which there have been feveral more fcarce plants observed in this parish by Mr. Jacob, which are enumerated in his Plantæ Favershamienses.

THE MANOR OF BOUGHTON was part of the antient pofferfions of the fee of Canterbury; accordingly in the record of Domesday it is thus described, under the general title of the archbishop's lands:

In Boltun hundred. The archbishop himself holds Boltune. It was taxed at five sulings and an half. The arable land is ... In demessive there are two carucates, and thirty-one villeins, with thirty one borderers having fifteen carucates. There are four acres of meadow, and a fishery of ten-pence value, a salt-pit of sixteen-pence, wood for the pannage of forty-five hogs. In the whole value, in the time of king Edward the Confessor, and afterwards,

^a Lewis's Hift. Fav. p. 86.

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it was worth fifteen pounds and fixteen shillings and three pence and one halfpenny. Now it is worth thirty pounds and fixteen shillings and three pence and one halfpenny.

The archbithop continues at this time lord of this manor and hundred, the court leet of which he retains in his own posseffion,^b BUT the feite and demesses of it have been for a great length of time demised for a term of years, as will be further mentioned below.

Archbithop Lanfranc, by his charter of foundation, granted to the hofpitals of St. Nicholas, Harbledown, and St. John, Canterbury, one hundred and forty pounds per annum, out of his manors of Bocton and Reculver; which still continues to be paid out of the rents of these manors.

THE DEMESNES of the manor of Boughton have been demifed from time to time on a beneficial leafe.

The family of Diggs, of Chilham-caftle, was for feveral generations leftees of it. Thomas Diggs, efq. held it in 1643, at the yearly rent of 40l. 138. 4d. In whofe defcendants it remained till Thomas Diggs, efq. of Chilham-caftle, alienated his term in it in 1723, to Mr. James Colebrooke, whofe eldeft ion Robert Colebrooke, efq. in 1774, an act having paffed that year for the purpofe, vefted his intereft in it in truftees, and they the next year fold it to Thomas Heron, efq. of Newark upon Trent, who in 1776 paffed his term in it away to John Lade, efq. of this parifh, the prefent leffee of it.

THIS MANOR OF BUTLERS, alias BRENLEY, was formerly accounted as two feparate ones, but they have been contolidated for many years. The courtlodge, called Brenley, but formerly spelt Brinley, is an eminent mansion in this parish, fituated about a mile westward from the church. This feat once gave name

^b Somn. Cant. p. 43, pt. ii, p. 169, appendix, p. 61. In an antient taxation Boughton manor was valued at 521. 135. 4d. per annum.

to a family, which was poffeffed of it; one of whom, Sir Laurence de Brinley, flourished here in the reign of king Edward I. and in his descendants it continued down till one of them fold it to John Roper, efq. of St. Dunstan's, who died in 1489 posseffed of the ma-nors of Brenle and Botelar, which he devised to his fecond fon Thomas Roper, who refided at Brenley, as did his fon John Roper, efq. He died in 1527, leaving an only daughter and heir Elizabeth, to whom by his will, in which he ftiles himfelf John Rooper, gent. dwelling in St. John's hospital, without the walls of Canterbury, he gave this effate among others. She afterwards carried it in marriage to Robert Eyre, of Derbyshire, d who repaired the house of Brenley, with fuch additions, that he may be faid to be the rebuilder of it. This he did, in order to entertain queen Elizabeth in her progress through this county in 1573, but he neither lived to finish his defigns here, or to fee the queen in her progress. The Eyres bore for their arms, On a chevron, three quaterfoils, a crescent for difference; which coat, quartered with one of three barnacles, is carved on an antient ftone, over a hollow, in the fouth wall of the high chancel of Boughton church, under which is a flat ftone, feemingly for a tomb, undoubtedly for one of this name and family. In the defcendants of Robert Eyre this eftate continued till by a female heir it went in like manner to Rowth, whole descendant Sir John Rowth, posseffed this manor of Butlers, alias Brenley, (for it then feems to have been accounted but as one manor, and to have been fo called) and the manfion of Brenley, which he rebuilt, as it now remains, and refided at it till his death in 1657. He was descended of the family of this name, seated at Romley, in Derbyshire, who bore for their arms, Argent, on

a bend,

^c See more of the Ropers, vol. i. p. 472. vol. vi. p. 229.

^d She furvived him, as appears by her will in the Prerog. off. Cant. proved 1579.

a bend, between two cotizes, fable, three martlets pierced of the field. He left an only furviving fon Francis Rowth, efq. who refided at Brenley, where he died in 1677, f. p. and was fucceeded in it, as his coheirs, by his only furviving fifter Margaret, then the widow of John Boys, efq. and John Farewell, efq. his nephew, fon of his fifter Dorothy deceased, by her husband John Farewell, efq. of the Inner Temple, the fon of Sir George Farewell, of Somerfetshire. They bore for their arms, Sable, a chevron between three escallops, argent. Margaret Boys died in 1710, f. p. and by her will devifed her interest in it to her kinsman George Farewell, efq. of Brenley, son of her nephew John before-mentioned, who had deceased in 1666, and he thereby became posses.

He refided at Brenley, and dying in 1741, was fucceeded by his fon and fole furviving child of the fame name, who was of Brenley, efq. and married Sarah Netherfole, and dying in 1750, *f. p.* was buried near his father in this church. He left his widow furviving, who poffessed this estate in jointure for her life, and she remarrying again with Nathaniel Marsh, esq. and afterwards again with the Rev. Samuel Fremoult, entitled each of them in fucceffion to her intereft in it. Afterwards, upon her decease, it came, by the entail made of it by the will of George Farewell the father, to the isfue of his fifter Mrs. Anne Wyersdale, deceased, viz. her four daughters, Anne and Margaret Wyerschale, Sarah, relict of John Jarman, esq. of Bishopshull, in Somersetshire, and Elizabeth Wyersdale, in equal proportions. Anne, Margaret, and Elizabeth Wyersdale, afterwards died unmarried, and Mrs. Jarman died in 1773, leaving a son, Nath. Jarman, esq. and a daughter Mary, who afterwards became jointly posses of this manor and feat, with the estates belonging to it. Mr. Jarman married the eldeft daughter of James Huthwaite, esq. of Nottingham, who died in

1792,

1792, and he still continues owner of this estate. A court baron is held for this manor, under an oak, in a field called Butlers, about half a mile beyond Boughton church, near Selling parish.

THERE WAS A MANOR in this parish, which had in early times a feat belonging to it, called BOUGHTON-COURT, by which name the manor itself was then known, and it then gave name to a family who were the poffesiors of it. Elias de Bocton held it by knight's fervice, as of the honor of Bologne, in the reigns of king Henry III. and Edward I. and it appeared by deeds of the reigns of king Edward II. and III. that John de Bocton, his descendant, then held them. In later times, as appeared by Sir John Rowth's evidences, it had acquired the name of Boughton-gate, alias Swaffer's tenement, which latter name it took from a family of the name of Swafford, who were the next poffefiors of it, after the Boctons. After the Swaffords, the Bingers, afterwards called Bengers, from whom those of Hougham, near Dover, were descended, succeeded to it, and they continued owners of it from the beginning of king Henry the Vth.'s reign, to that of Henry VII. when it became the property of the Hales's, from whom it went by fale to Wood, and from that name, fometime about the beginning of the last century, to Sir John Rowth, owner likewife of Brenley, fince which it has paffed in like manner as that eftate, and as fuch, is now in the poffeffion of Nathaniel Jarman, elq.

The houfe of it is a large antient timbered building, with a malthoufe adjoining to it, fituated at the east end of Boughton-ftreet, on the fouth fide of it.

NASH is a manfion of account here, for having been the feat of the family of Hawkins, as is apparent, as well from records as from their own private evidences, for fome centuries paft, and where they ftill refide in their original gentility. The first of them that I find mention of, is Andrew Hawkins, who had a good eftate eftate in the liberty of Holdernefs, in Yorkshire, as appears by an inquisition taken anno 17 Edward III. and left by his wife Joane de Nash, by whom he inherited this feat of Nash, two fons, Richard and John, the latter of whom purchased lands in Boughton in the beginning of the reign of king Richard II. His fon John Hawkins, elq. was of Nash, which continued in his descendants down to Thomas Hawkins, esq. of Nash, who dying in 1588, æt. 101, was buried with his wife in the north chancel of this church, under a tomb of Bethersden marble, on which is his figure in brafs, and an infeription, which fays he ferved king Henry VIII. which won him fame, who was a gracious prince to him, and made well to fpend his aged days; that he was high of stature, his body long and strong, excelling all that lived in his age. His only fon Sir Thomas Hawkins, likewife refided at Nafh, whofe eldeft fon Sir Thomas Hawkins, of Nash, was a perfon of fine accomplifhments and learning, and among other works translated Causinus's Holy Court, and died in 1640.° In whole descendants resident at Nash, who lie all of them buried in the north chancel of this church, this feat at length continued down to Thomas Hawkins, elq. of Nalh, who rebuilt this feat, of which he died poffessed in 1766, æt. 92. In whofe time, anno 1715, during the ferment the nation was thrown into on account of the rebellion in Scotland, this family being of the Roman Catholic perfuafion, the feat of Nafh was plundered by some of the neighburhood. Every part of the furniture, family pictures, writings of the eftate and family, &c. were burnt by them, with an excellent library of books; and the family plate was carried off, and never heard of afterwards. Of his fons, John the eldest became his heir, and Edward-Thomas possessed the Gower estate, at Colmans, in Worcestershire, and took the name of Gower. John Hawkins, efq. the eldeft

^c See Wood's Ath. Ox. vol. ii. col. 261.

fon,

fon, on his father's death, became poffeffed of Nafh, and married Susan, daughter of Robert Constantine, esq. of Dorfetshire, by whom he had two fons, to the eldest of whom, Thomas, he in his life-time gave up this feat, together with his other estates in this county. Thomas Hawkins, efq. married Mary, the daughter of John Bradshaw, efq. of London, descended from those of Stretton, in Cheshire, by whom he has four daughters. He refides at Nafh, to which, with the grounds belonging to it, he has made great additions and improvements. The houfe is a large handfome building, pleafantly fituated on the lummit of the hill, having a fine prospect over the adjoining country, and has been fitted up within these few years with much taste in the modern stile. He bears for his arms, first and fourth, Hawkins, argent, on a saltire, sable, five fleurs de lis, or ; second and third, Hames, azure, a chevron between three demi lions, rampant, or.[£]

COLKINS is a feat fituated about a quarter of a mile weftward from that of Brenley. It was first built by John Colkin, originally a citizen of Canterbury, who died possefied of it in the 10th year of Edward III. and there are feveral of his posterity who lie buried in this church. Their arms, A griffin, segreant, being figured in brafs on their gravestones, though long fince destroyed. These arms too are on the roof of Canterbury cloyfters. There was a family of the name of Colkyn likewife at Nonington, but they bore a different coat of arms from these of Boughton. From this name it was about king Henry the VIIth.'s reign alienated to Petit, whofe descendant Cyriak Petit, gent. refided here, and dying poffeffed of it in 1591 lies buried in this church. These Petits were a younger branch of those of Chilham, and bore for their arms, Gules, a chevron, between three leopards heads, argent, a crescent for difference. Cyriak Petit was focdary of

See pedigree in Heralds Office, C. 16. D. 18. fol. 27.

Kent,

Kent, an office of trust and eminence, and drew up a furvey of all the manors in Kent, held of the king by knight's fervice anno 28 Henry VIII. a valuable book, often made use of in the course of this history." From him Colkins descended down to Mr. William Petit, who in king George I.'s reign alienated it to Mr. Richard Stacey, master-builder of the king's yard at Deptford, who built the prefent feat of Colkins, and he, partly by fale and partly by marriage with his daughter Mary, transferred his property in it to Mr. Peter Rawlins, of Sheerness, who bore for his arms, Sable, three froords in pale, the middlemost point in base, or, who left two daughters his coheirs, the eldeft of whom, Mary, fince married Mr. Bifby Lambart, and Caroline, the youngest, John Carter, esq. of Deal, soon after which they made a partition of his eftates, and on the division, this of Colkins became the fole property of Mr. Lambart, in right of his wife. He died at Minorca a few years ago, upon which it became the property of his widow, and fhe now refides in it.

DANE-COURT is a manor in the fouthern part of this parifh, which in antient time had owners of the fame name, which they affumed from it. Sir Allan de Dane refided here in the reign of king Edward III. bearing for his arms, *Gules, four fleurs de lis, or*, and it continued the manfion of his defcendants for divers years after ; but in the reign of Henry IV. the Fogge's were become proprietors of it, the laft of whom who held it was Sir John Fogge, who died poffeffed of it, as appears by his will, in the 6th year of Henry VII. and left it to his fon Sir John Fogge, from which name it was not many years after fold to Petit, of Colkins, in which family it continued, till with that it was alienated, about the reign of king George I. to Mr. Richard Stacey, of Deptford, who paffed it away, partly by

⁸ His will is in Prerog. off. Canterbury. There is a pedigree of them in Viftn. co. Kent, anno 1574.

marriage

BOUGHTON UNDER BLEAN.

marriage with his daughter and partly by fale, to Mr. Peter Rawlins, of Sheernels, whole two daughters and coheirs transferred their right in it to their respective husbands, Mr. Lambart, and John Carter, eig. and they having made a partition of their wives effates, this manor of Dane-court became the fole property of John Carter, efq. of Deal, being the fon of the Rev. Nicholas Carter, D. D. and married first Frances, only daughter and heir of John Underdown, esq. who died f. p. and fecondly Charlotte, youngeft daughter of Peter Rawlins, efq. before-mentioned, who died in 1777, likewise s. p. His eldest sister Elizabeth, yet unmarried, is well known for her learned publications. Mr. Carter bears for his arms, Ermine, two lions rampant, combatant, gules; he is the prefent owner of this eftate. A court baron is held for this manor.

SCARBUTS is a finall manor, the houfe of which was fituated on the fouth fide of Boughton-ftreet, near the middle of it. It was but mean, and the whole of it was pulled down, with fome cottages adjoining to it, fome years fince, to make an opening before Mr. Marsh's house, which was built on part of the demefnes of this manor, fold to him for that purpose.

This manor is in antient deeds called *Starbuts*, but has long fince been known by its prefent name. It was fome years paffed owned by Mr. Richard Goatley, gent. of Bcughton Blean, who by his will in 1707 gave it to Anne, wife of Thomas Hulfe, for life, remainder to her fon Ifaac Hulfe, who became poffeffed of it ; after which it came to Mr. Peter Holnefs, in right of his wife, and from them to John and Stephen Gillam, who fold it in 1757 to the truftees of Terry Marfh, efq. of this parifh, the fon of Nathaniel Marfh, efq. who married firft Olive Terrey, by whom he had Terry Marfh, efq. above-mentioned ; and fecondly, Mary, widow of George Farewell, efq. who furvived him. Terry Marfh, efq. married Roberta-Catherine Pierce, of of Canterbury, who furvived him, and is the prefent polleffor of this manor.

CHARITIES.

TWENTY-EIGHT ACRES and an half, one rood, three devs werks and one perch of land, were given to the poor of this parifli and of Hernehill; which land is vetted in feoffees, who let the fame at a corn-rent of 19 bufhels of wheat, and 62 bufhels of barley, (of which the poor of Hernehill have twenty bufhels) which they are to distribute to the poor between the feasts of Pentecost and Midsummer, taking for their pains the sum of fix fhillings only.

AN ANNUAL corn rent of 16 bushels of wheat, is paid for the use of the poor, out of the manor of Scarbuts in this parish.

FIFTEEN GROATS in money, and eight gallons of wheat, are paid yearly out of the lands called the St. Margaret's gafel, or acre, to be paid yearly to the vicar and churchwardens, to be by them diffributed at Easter to the poor widows of this parish.

ARTHUR WHATMAN, ESQ. late of Ofpringe, by his will in 1674, gave to this parish five pounds per annum, to be paid out of two farms in Ofpringe, called Cades and Cokes, on the 5th of November, to be diffributed as follows : To the vicar, for a fermon on that day, 15 fhillings; to the parish clerk five shillings; to the poor three pounds; and one pound to be fpent on a collation for the vicar, churchwardens, overleers, and conftables of the parifh.

JOHN CHILLENDEN, yeoman, late of this parish, by his will in 1708, gave 40 shillings per annum, to be paid out of the rents of certain lands and tenements, called Hickmans, every Chriftmas day, for the relief of the poor widows of this parith.

The poor annually relieved are about forty; cafually 100.

BOUGHTON is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JURIS. DICTION of the diocefe of Canterbury, and deanry of Ofpringe.

The church, which is dedicated to St. Peter and St. Paul, confifts of a body and two ifles, a high chancel belonging to the parlonage, and two fide chancels or chapels. The north one, formerly St. James's chapel, belongs to the feat of Nafh, and is filled with the monuments of the Hawkins family; and the fouth to Brenley and Colkins, being formerly called the chapel of St. John, in which are monuments of the families of Rowth, Farewell and Petit. In the body are feveral graveftones

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gravestones of the Colkins's, the only brass remaining is for John Colkins, obt. 1405. In the fouth isle a brass plate for John Best and Johne his wife, 1508.^h

Under the high chancel is a vault, in which lie buried feveral of the family of Lade, leffees of the parfonage, and among others Michael Lade, 1778, Elizabeth his wife, and Hefter, wife of John Lade, efq. 1778. It is an handfome well kept church, having a tower fteeple at the weft end beacon corner, in which hang fix bells. There was formerly a fpire fteeple on it, but it fell down in the beginning of this century.

In 1784 there was an handfome gallery built at the west end of it.

The church of Boughton was parcel of the antient poffefions of the fee of Canterbury, and remained fo till archbifhop Stratford, in the 14th year of king Edward III. exchanged it, together with that of Preiton, with the abbot and convent of Faverfham, for the manor of Tring, in Hertfordfhire. After which the archbifhop appropriated the church of Boughton to that abbey, with a refervation of the advowfon of the vicarage, referving a penfion from the parfonage of five marcs fterling yearly, to be paid to the infirmary of Chrift-church, Canterbury, for the fupport of the fick monks there;¹ the whole of which was confirmed foon afterwards by a bull of pope Boniface I.

Before the appropriation of the church of Boughton, it had the chapel of Hernhill annexed to it, where upon this occafion a vicarage was inflituted, as well as at the mother church of Boughton, and they were made two diftinct prefentative churches; the advowfon of Boughton remaining with the archbifhop, and that of Hernehill with the abbot and convent of Faverfham. In the Sth year of king Richard II. this parfonage was valued,

among

^h His will is in the Prerogative-office, Canterbury.

¹ The inftrument is dated anno 1340. See Lewis's Hiftory of Faversham, p. 13.

among the temporalities belonging to the abbey of Faversham, at fixty pounds.

It appears by the leiger book of that abbey, that anno 14 Henry VIII. this parfonage was then demifed to farm, at the yearly rent of thirty-fix pounds. Soon after which it was taken into the hands of the religious themfelves.

In which ftate this church remained till the diffolution of the abbey, in the 30th year of Henry VIII. when it came, with the reft of the revenues of it, into the king's hands, where it remained but a fhort time; for that prince, in his 33d year, fettled it, by his dotation charter, on his new-erected dean and chapter of Canterbury, with whom the inheritance of it now remains.

Sir Humphry Tufton was leffee of it in the reign of king Charles I. and refided here. In 1645 Thomas Ofborne, efq. was leffee at the yearly rent of thirty-fix pounds. Afterwards the Kenwricks held it, who bore for their arms, Ermine, a lion rampant, sable; one of whom, William Kenwrick, efq. the fixth fon of Robert Kenwrick, esq. of King's Sutton, in Northamptonshire, by Elizabeth his wife, eldest daughter of Sir Edward Hales, bart. of Tunstall, & died here in 1681, possefied of it. Afterwards the Spencers were lesses of it, and refided here. These Spencers seem to have been settled here in queen Elizabeth's reign, as appears by their wills in the Prerogative-office, Canterbury, one of whom, John Spencer, (the eldeft fon of Adam, who died in 1638) was, if I mistake not, that very learned man, who was educated at Canterbury school, was afterwards scholar of C. C. C. Cambridge, and then master of it, afterwards archdeacon of Sudbury, and dean of Ely, who was born in 1630, and dying at his college in 1693, was buried in the chapel there, having

* See Herald's off. D. 18. fol. 12. His will is in the Prerog. off. Canterbury.

been

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been the author of feveral learned books and treatifes. The hatchment of his arms, in the antichapel of the college, are Azure, a chevron, or, between three eagles displayed, argent; which is erroneous, for it ought to have been Argent, a chevron, between three griffins heads crased, sable, as in a hatchment in this church. Dr. Spencer mentions in his will, his uncle's fon, William Spencer, efq. then of Boughton, and his kinfman William Spencer, A. M. fellow of his own college;¹ the last of them, Edward Spencer, esq. died in 1729, and lies buried in the high chancel of this church, leaving Elizabeth his widow furviving, who becoming possessed of his interest in it, afterwards alienated it to Mr. Michael Lade, of Faversham, whose eldest fon John Lade, esq. of this parish, and of Canterbury, is now leffee of it, and till lately refided in it."

The advowfon of the vicarage, according to the refervation of archbishop Stratford, as before-mentioned, remained part of the possession of the see of Canterbury, and does so at this time, his grace the archbishop being the present patron of it.

This church is exempt from the jurifdiction of the archdeacon. The vicarage is valued in the king's books at 91 4s. $9\frac{1}{2}d$. and the yearly tenths at 18s. $5\frac{3}{4}d$.

In 1640 it was valued at fixty pounds. Communicants four hundred. Recufants thirty. In 1695 here were houfes 122, inhabitants 472, communicants 220. In 1782, houfes 158, inhabitants 774, recufants 30.

There was a fentence given in the court of delegates, in a caufe of the tithes arifing from Clyve-marsh, in this parish, between the dean and chapter of Canterbury and others, appellants, and Robert Thompson, vicar here, respondent, in 1567.

The parfonage has only thirteen acres of glebe land belonging to it; the vicarage has only the garden and fcite of the house.

¹ See his life, Biog. Brit. vol. vi. p. 3793.

See more of the Lade's under Goodnestone, vol. vi.
 vol. vii.
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 There

There were two chapels antiently in this parifh, one of them, near the weft end of Boughton-ftreet, dedicated to the Holy Trinity. It was here before 1489, as appears by the will of William Collkynne. It was pulled down within memory to mend the highways. The poor-house now stands on the scite of it; the other in South-street, where there is now a house called *chapel-bouse*.

In the 8th year of king Richard II. there was an hofpital here, for the ufe of lazars, or poor leprous people, with a chapel belonging to it, dedicated to St. Nicholas, founded by one Thomas at Herft, the ruins of which are fuppoled to be at the watering-place at the weft end of Boughton-ftreet, clofe to which the London high road went, having been turned at a finall diftance from it within thefe few years.

CHURCH OF BOUGHTON.

PATRONS, Or by whom prefented. Archbishops of Canterbury......

VICARS.

William Place, A. B. inducted in 1590, obt. 1637."

- Percival Radcliffe, A. M. ind. in 1663.
- Robert Skene, obt. 1676.º
- Thomas Allen, obt. 1687.P
- John Johnson, A. M. collated July 1687, refigned 1697.9
- John Connold, A. B. inducted June 1697, obt. 1704.
- William Plees, A. M. inducted Dec. 1704, obt. October 12, 1752.⁸
- Henry Heaton, B. D. Dec. 1752, obt. July 7, 1777.

n He lies buried in the middle chancel of this church.

n o p Vicars also of Hernehill.

9 Vicar also of Hernehill. See his life, Biog. Brit. vol. vii. appendix, p. 111.

r . t Vicars alfo of Hernehill.

. He lies buried in the north ifle,

having refided in the vicarage-houfe for fifty years, which houfe he rebuilt.

t He was likewife rector of Ivychurch, prebendary of Ely, and mafter of Eaflbridge hofpital. He lies buried in the north itle.

PATRONS,

PATRONS, Gc.

Archbishops of Canterbury.

Stanhope Ellifon, A. M. induct. August 1777, obt. Jan. 6, 1778."

VICARS.

Charles More, A. M. ind. Feb. 1778, the prefent vicar."

" He lies buried in the porch of this church. He was likewise rector of Wittersham.

* And rector of Cookstone by difpenfation. He had been before vicar of Sellinge.

HERNEHILL.

The next adjoining parish northward is Hernehill, over which the paramount manor of the hundred of Boughton, belonging to the archbishop, claims jurifdiction.

THIS PARISH lies near the London road, close at the back of the north fide of Boughton-ftreet, at the 50th mile-ftone, from which the church is a conspicuous object, in a most unpleasant and unhealthy country. It lies, the greatest part of it especially, northward of the church, very low and flat, the foil exceeding wet and miry, being a stiff unfertile clay, and is of a forlorn and dreary afpect; the inclosures fmall, with much ruffit ground ; the hedge -rows broad, with continued fhaves and coppice wood, mostly of oak, which join those of the Blean eastward of it, and it continues fo till it comes to the marshes at the northern boundary of it.

In this part of the parish there are several small greens or forstals, on one of which, called Downe's forstal, which lies on higher ground than the others, there is a new-built fashed house, built by Mr. Thomas Squire, on a farm belonging to Joseph Brooke; efq. and now the property of his devifee the Rev. John Kenward Shaw Brooke, of Town Malling. The eftate formerly belonged to Sir William Stourton, who purchased it of John Norton, gent. This green seems formerly

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formerly to have been called Downing-green, on which was a house called Downing-house, belonging to George Vallance, as appears by his will in 1686. In the hamlet of Way-street, in the western part of the parish, there is a good old family-houfe, formerly the refidence of the Clinches, descended from those of Easling, several of whom lie buried in this church, one of whom Edward Clinch, dying unmarried in 1722, Elizabeth, his aunt, widow of Thomas Cumberland, gent. fucceeded to it, and at her death in 1768, gave it by will to Mrs. Margaret Squire, widow, the present owner who refides in it. Southward the ground rifes to a more open and drier country, where on a little hill ftands the church, with the village of Church-ftreet round it, from which fituation this parish most probably took its name of Herne hill; ftill further fouthward the foil becomes very dry and fandy, and the ground again rifes to a hilly country of poor land with broom and furze in it. In this part, near the boundary of the parish, is the hamlet of Staple-street, near which on the fide of a hill, having a good prospect southward, is a modern fashed house, called Mount Ephraim, which has been for fome time the refidence of the family of Dawes. The present house was built by Major William Dawes, on whofe death in 1754 it came to his brother Bethel Dawes, efq. who in 1777 dying f. p. devifed it by will to his coufin Mr. Thomas Dawes, the prefent owner, who refides in it.

MR. JACOB has enumerated in his *Plantæ Faverfhamienfes*, feveral fcarce plants found by him in this parish.

DARGATE is a manor in this parish, fituated at some distance northward from the church, at a place called *Dargate-stroud*, for so it is called in old writings. This manor was, as early as can be traced back, the property of the family of Martyn, whose feat was at Graveneycourt, in the adjoining parish. John Martyn, judge of the common pleas, died possessed of it in 1436, leaving Anne

Anne his wife, daughter and heir of John Boteler, of Graveney, furviving, who became then poffeffed of this manor, which the again carried in marriage to her fecond husband Thomas Burgeys, efq. whom she likewife furvived, and died poffeffed of it in 1458, and by her will gave it to her eldeft fon by her first husband, John Martyn, of Graveney, whose eldest son of the fame name died possessed of it in 1480, and devised it to his eldest fon Edmund Martyn, who resided at Graveney in the reign of Henry VII. In his descendants it continued down to Mathew Martyn, who appears to have been owner of it in the 30th year of king Henry VIII. In which reign, anno 1539, one of this family, Thomas Martyn, as appears by his will, was buried in this church. The arms of Martyn, Argent, on a chevron, three talbot hounds, sable, and the fame impaled with Petit, were, within thefe few years remaining in the windows of it. Mathew Martyn abovementioned,* left a fole daughter and heir Margaret,who carried this manor in marriage to William Norton, of Faversham, younger brother of John Norton, of Northwood in Milton, and anceftor of the Nortons, of Fordwich. His fon Thomas Norton, of that place, alienated it in the reign of king James I. to Sir John Wilde, of Canterbury, who about the fame time purchafed of Sir Roger Nevinfon another estate adjoining to it here, called Epes-court, alias Yocklets, whofe anceftors had refided here before they removed to Eaftry, which has continued in the fame track of ownership, with the above manor ever fince.

Sir John Wilde was grandfon of John Wilde, efq. of a gentleman's family in Chefhire, who removed into Kent, and refided at St. Martin's hill, in Canterbury. They bore for their arms, Argent, a chevron, fable, on a chief, argent, two martlets, fable; quartered with

* See Jacob's Hift. Fav. p. 86, and more of the Martyns hereafter, under Graveney, p. 32.

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Norden, Stowting, Omer, Exhurft, Twitham, and Clitherow. Sir John Wilde died poffeffed of this manor of Dargate with Yocklets, in 1635, and was buried in Canterbury cathedral, being fucceeded in it by his eldeft furviving fon Colonel Dudley Wilde, who died in 1653, and was buried in that cathedral likewife. He died f. p. leaving Mary his wife furviving, daughter of Sir Ferdinand Carey, who then became poffeffed of this manor, which the carried in marriage to her fecond hufband Sir Alexander Frazer, knight and bart. in whofe name it continued till the end of the laft century, when, by the failure of his heirs, it became the property of Sir Thomas Willys, bart. who had married Anne, eldeft daughter of Sir John Wilde, and on the death of her brother Colonel Dudley Wilde, f. p. one of his heirs-general. He was of Fen Ditton, in Cambridgeshire, and had been created a baronet 17 king Charles I. He lived with Anne his wife married fiftyfive years, and had by her thirteen children, and died possessed of it in 1701, æt. 90. By his will he gave it to his fourth fon William Willys, efq. of London, and he held a court for this manor in 1706, and died foon afterwards, leaving two fons Thomas and William, and fix daughters, of whom Anne married Mr. Mitchell; Mary married William Gore, esq. Jane married Henry Hall; Frances married Humphry Pudner; Hefter married James Spilman, and Dorothy married Samuel Enys. He was fucceeded in this manor and effate by his eldeft fon Thomas Willys, efq. who was of Nackington, and by the death of Sir Thomas Willys, of Fen Ditton, in Cambridgeshire, in 1726, f. p. succeeded to that title and eftate, which he enjoyed but a short time, for he died the next year f. p. likewife; upon which his brother, then Sir William Willys, bart. became his heir, and possefied this manor among his other estates. But dying in 1732, f. p. his fifters became his coheirs."

^y See more of this family under Nackington.

By his will he devifed this manor to his executors in trust for the performance of his will, of which Robert Mitchell, efq. became at length, after fome intermediate ones, the only furviving truftee. He died in 1779, and by his will divided his fhare in this eftate among his nephews and nieces therein mentioned, who, with the other fifters of Sir William Willys, and their respective heirs, became entitled to this manor, with the estate of Yocklets, and other lands in this parish; but the whole was fo split into feparate claims among their feveral heirs, that the diftinct property of each of them in it became too minute to ascertain; therefore it is sufficient here to fay, that they all joined in the fale of their respective shares in this estate in 1788, to John Jackfon, efq. of Canterbury, who died posseffed of it in 1795, without furviving iffue, and left it by will to William Jackfon Hooker, efq. of Norwich, who is the prefent possession of it. A court baron is held for this manor.

LAMBERTS LAND is a small manor, situated at a little distance northward from that last mentioned, so near the eastern bounds of this parish, that although the house is within it, yet part of the lands lie in that of Bleane. This manor feems to have been part of the revenue of the abbey of Faversham, from, or at least very soon after its foundation, in the year 1147, and it continued with it till its final diffolution. By a rental anno 14 Henry VIII. it appears then to have been let to farm for eleven pounds per annum rent.

The abbey of Faversham being suppressed in the 30th year of that reign, anno 1538, this manor came, with the reft of the revenues of it, into the king's hands, where it appears to have continued in the 34th year of it; but in his 36th year the king granted it, among other premises in this parish, to Thomas Ardern, of Faversham, to hold in tail male, in capite, by knight's fervice.

On his death, without heirs male, being murdered in his own house, by the contrivance of his wife and others

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others, anno 4 king Edward VI. this manor reverted to the crown, whence it was foon after granted to Sir Henry Crifpe, of Quekes, to hold by the like fervice, and he paffed it away to his brother William Crifpe, lieutenant of Dover castle, who died possessed of it about the 18th year of queen Elizabeth, leaving John Crifpe, efq. his fon and heir. He fold this manor to Sir John Wilde, who again paffed it away to John Hewet, efq. who was created a baronet in 1621, and died in 1657, and in his defcendants it continued down to his grandion Sir John Hewet, bart. who in 1700 alienated it to Chriftopher Curd, of St. Stephen's, alias Hackington, and he fold it in 1715 to Thomas Willys, efq. afterwards Sir Thomas Willys, bart. who died in 1726, f. p. and devifed it to his brother and heirat-law Sir William Willys, bart. who likewife died (. p. By his will in 1732 he devifed it to his three executors, mentioned in it, in truft for the performance of it. Since which it has passed in like manner as the adjoining manor of Dargate last described, under the defcription of which a further account of it may be feen.

This manor, with its demefnes, is charged with a penfion of twelve shillings yearly to the vicar of Hernehill, in lieu of tithes.

CHARITIES.

WILLIAM ROLFE, of Hernehill, by will in 1559, gave one quarter of wheat, to be paid out of his houfe and nine acres of land, to the churchwardens, on every 15th of December, to be diffributed to the poor on the Chriftmas day following; and another quarter of wheat out of his lands called Langden, to be paid to the churchwardens on every 18th of March, to be diffributed to the poor at Eafter, thefe effates are now vefted in Mr. Brooke and Mr. Hawkins.

JOHN COLBRANNE, by will in 1604, gave one quarter of wheat out of certain lands called Knowles, or Knowles piece, to be paid to the churchwardens, and to be diffributed to the poor on St. John's day, in Chriftmas week.

MR. RICHARD MEOPHAM, parfon of Boughton, and others, gave certain lands there to the poor of that parifh and this of Hernehill; which lands were vefted in feoffees in truft, who demife them at a corn rent, whereof the poor of this parifh have

yearly

yearly twenty bufhels of barley, to be diffributed to them on St. John Baptift's day.

RICHARD HEELER, of Hernehill, by will in 1578, gave 20s. a year out of his lands near the church, to be paid to the churchwardens, and to be diffributed to the poor, one half at Christmas, and the other half at Easter, yearly.

mas, and the other half at Easter, yearly. ONE BRICKENDEN, by his will, gave one marc a year out of his land near Waterham Crofs, in this parish, to be distributed to the poor on every Christmas day.

BETHEL DAWES, ESQ. by will in 1777, ordered 30s. being the interest of 50l. vested in Old South Sea Annuities, to be given in bread yearly to the poor, by the churchwardens.

The poor conftantly relieved are about thirty, cafually 12.

HERNEHILL is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JU-RISDICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Ofpringe.

The church, which is dedicated to St. Michael, confifts of two ifles and a chancel. At the north-weft end is a tower fteeple, with a beacon turret. In it are five bells. The two ifles are ceiled, the chancel has only the eaftern part of it ceiled, to the doing of which with wainfcot, or with the beft boards that could be gotten, William Baldock, of Hernehill, dwelling at Dargate, devifed by his will in 1547, twenty-fix fhillings and eight-pence. In the high chancel are feveral memorials of the Clinches, and in the window of it were within these few years, the arms of *the fee of Canterbury impaling Bourchier*. The pillars between the two ifles are very elegant, being in clufters of four together, of Betherfden marble. It is a handfome building, and kept very neat.

The church of Hernehill was antiently accounted only as a chapel to the adjoining church of Boughton, and as fuch, with that, was parcel of the antient poffeffions of the fee of Canterbury, and when archbifhop Stratford, in the 14th year of Edward III. exchanged that rectory with this chapel appendant, with the abbot and convent of Faversham, and had appropriated the church of Boughton with this chapel to that abbey, he inftituted a vicarage here, as well as at the mother church 26

church of Boughton, and made them two diffinct prefentative churches. The advowfon of the mother church remaining with the archbishop, and that of Hernehill being passed away to the abbot and convent of Faversham, as part of the above mentioned exchange.

The parsonage, together with the advowson of the vicarage of this church, remained after this among the revenues of that abbey, till the final diffolution of it, in the 30th year of Henry VIII. when they both came, among its other poffeffions, into the king's hands, who in that year granted the parfonage to Sir Thomas Cromwell, lord Cromwell, who was the next year created Earl of Effex; but the year after, being attainted, and executed, all his poffessions and estates, and this rectory among them, became forfeited to the crown, where it remained till queen Elizabeth, in her 3d year, exchanged it, among other premises, with archbishop Parker; at which time it was valued, with the tenths of Denge-marsh and Aumere, at the yearly sum of 91. 13s. 4d. Pension out of it to the vicar of Hernehill 11. 35. Yearly procurations, &c. 11. 6s. 8d. Since which it has continued parcel of the possessions of the fee of Canterbury to this time.

In 1643 Sulan Delaunoy was leffee of it at the yearly rent of 91. 135. 4d. The prefent leffee is Mrs. Margaret Squire, of Waystreet.

The advowfon of the vicarage remained in the hands of the crown, from the diffolution of the abbey of Faversham till the year 1558, when it was granted, among others, to the archbishop;^z and his grace the archbishop is the present patron of it.

This vicarage is exempted from the jurifdiction of the archdeacon. It is valued in the king's books at fifteen pounds, and the yearly tenths at 11. 10s. and is now of the yearly certified value of fifty-eight pounds. In 1640 it was valued at forty pounds. Communicants

Wilkins's Councils, vol. iv. p. 177.

one hundred. In 1695 there were houses sixty, inhabitants one hundred and eighty-four, reculants none.

There were feveral penfions due to the vicar, as appears by different records : from the parfonage an annual penfion of 13s. 4d. In the 14th year of king Henry VIII. a penfion of 4s. 8d. paid by the abbot's lands of Cocham and Mentylham, in this parifh, and of 13s. 4d. from their marfh here, called Gore-marth. The farm of Lamberts-land pays twelve fhillings yearly penfion to the vicar, in lieu of tithes.

Two examinations of witneffes relating to the bounds of the parifhes of Seafalter and Hernehill, in 1481, are in the Lambeth library.

A very few years ago Mr. Lade, tenant to the archbifhop, for grafs lands, part of Boughton demefnes, then in his own occupation, in this parifh, claimed an exemption of tithes for them, which the vicar denied, and commenced a fuit, which, however, he foon gave up, acknowledged the exemption, and paid Mr. Lade's cofts; on this ground, as I am informed; that an archbifhop, or ecclefiaftical perfon, may claim fuch exemption for grafs land by prefcription for his leffee, the fame as if in his own occupation, which a lay perfon cannot do.

CHURCH OF HERNEHILL.

PATRONS, Or by whom prefented. Archbishop of Canterbury.

VICARS

William Hull, S. T. P. refigned 1605. Bafil Beacon, 1605.² Thomas Paine, Jan. 6, 1612, ob.

1629. Thomas Hieron A M June

Thomas Hieron, A. M. June, 1629.

Robert Skneene, obt. 1676.

He was a Scot by birth, and conformed to the church, as he himfelf faid, for the fake of his wife and children.

* He refigned for the vicarage of Silkefton, in co. Ebor.

b Alfo vicar of Boughton Blean.

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PATRONS, &c. Archbishop of Canterbury.....

Dean and Chapter of Canterbury.

e Afterwards vicar of Preston and of Faversham.

d e f g Vicars of Boughton Blean, under which more of them may be feen.

VICARS.

John Gamlyn, inducted 1676, refigned 1681.°

Thomas Allen, A. M. inducted Jan. 1681, obt. May 1687.⁴

John Johnson, A. M. inducted Nov. 1689, refigned 1097.°

John Conold, A. M. inducted May 1698, obt. October 31, 1704.°

William Plees, A. M. April 1705, obt. Oct. 12, 1752.

Henry Heaton, B. D. Dec. 1752, refigned 1754.8

Samuel Phipps, A. B. Dec. 28, 1754, refigned 1758.

Charles Hall, D. D. Feb. 18, 1758, refigned 1760.

Thomas Hebbes, A. M. 1760, ob. Dec. 30, 1766.^h

Henry Poole, A. M. Feb. 1777, the prefent vicar.

h He lies buried in the fouth isle of this church.

GRAVENEY

C. ABING

LIES the next parifh north-weftward from Hernehill. It was called in the time of the Saxons Graven-ea, and afterwards, by corruption of language, Gravenel, in like manner as Oxney, Pevenfey, and Rumency, were corruptly called Oxenel, Pevenfel, and Rumenel; the name of it denoting its low and watry fituation, and it is now, by contraction, ufually called Grainey.

IT LIFS about two miles from the high London road, on the north fide of it, at the 48th mile-flone, the parish of Goodnestone intervening, in a low country ad-

ⁱ See Somn. Roman Ports, p. 62.

joining

joining the marshes, of which there is a large quantity, both freth and falt within it, Faversham creek and the Swale being the western and northern boundaries of it. The foil of it various, there being in the level part fome rich tillage land, and on the rifes or fmall hills in it, a light foil of both fand and gravel. The church stands in the eaftern part of the parish, having Graveneycourt, with an antient gateway, and numerous offices, fingularly built round it, well worth observation, as denoting its former respectable state. In the western part is Nagdon, adjoining to Faversham creek, having a decoy for wild fowl, and a large quantity of marsh land belonging to it. There is but little thoroughfare here, and no village, the houfes being interfperfed straggling throughout it. Upon the whole, though unhealthy, it has not an unpleafant aspect, being well cloathed with trees, especially elm, which are very thriving here, and in great plenty; the roads are remarkably well taken care of, as are the poor, and the whole parish feems to thrive well under the care of the inhabitants of Graveney-court. There are fome parts of this parish separated from the rest by those of Faverfham and Goodneston intervening.

There are feveral *fcarce plants* observed by Mr. Jacob in this parish, and enumerated in his *Plantæ Favershamienses*.

THE ARCHBISHOP'S paramount manor of Boughton claims over the whole of this parifh, as being within that hundred, fubordinate to which is the manor of Graveney.

In the year 811, Wlfred, archbishop of Canterbury, purchased this place of Cenulph, king of Mercia, who had made the kingdom of Kent tributary to him, for the use of Christ-church, Canterbury, as appears by the leiger book of that priory, and that it was given L.S. A. that is, *Libere Sicut Adissam*, with the same liberties, immunities, and privileges that Adisham was. Soon after which, one Werhard, a powerful priest, and kinfman

man to the archbishop, found means to gain possession of it, and kept it till that prelate's death in 830, when Feogild succeeding to the see of Canterbury, though he fat in it but three months, yet in that time he compelled Werhard to reftore Gravene then computed at thirty-two hides of land, to the church; and it was afterwards confirmed to it in anno 941, by king Edmund, Eadred his brother, and Edwyn fon of the latter; k and it remained part of the revenues of Chriftchurch at the coming of archbishop Lanfranc to that fee in 1070, when on his division of them, between himfelf and the monks of his church, this manor fell to his share, of whom it was afterwards held by knight's fervice. In which state it continued at the time of taking the furvey of Domefday, anno 1080, in which it is thus entered, under the general title of Terra Militum Archiepi, that is, land held of the archbishop by knight's service.

In Boltune hundred the fame Richard (who owed fealty to the archbifhop) held of the archbifhop Gravenel. It was taked for one fuling. The arable land is In demefine there is one carucate, and eight villeins, with ten borderers having two carucates. There are five fervants, and ten acres of meadow, and four faltpits of four fhillings. In the time of king Edward the Confeffor, and afterwards, it was worth one hundred shillings, now fix pounds, of thefe the monks of Canterbury have twenty shillings.

Who this Richard was I do not find, though Somner calls him *Ricardus Conflabularius*; however, it is not improbable, but he might afterwards adopt the furname of Gravene, from his having the poffetfion of this place; certain it is, that it was afterwards held by a family who took their name from it. William de Gravene held it in the reign of king Henry III. of the archbifhop, as one knight's fee. John de Gravene died pof-

* Kilburne's Survey, p. 112. Dugd. Mon. vol. i. p. 20.

feffed of it in the 56th year of the fame reign, after which it became the property of the family of Feversham.

Thomas de Feversham died possessed of it in the beginning of the reign of king Edward III. leaving Joane his wife furviving, and in the window of the north chancel were formerly the arms of Feversham, A fels chequy, or, and gules, between fix croffes, bottony, or; and underneath, Thomas Feversham, Justiciar, & Johanna Uxor. ejus; on the pavement is a ftone with two half-figures in brass for them, with an inscription round it in old French, part of which is gone ; probably that which Weever mentions.¹ She afterwards entitled her fecond husband Sir Roger de Northwood to this manor, during her life; accordingly he paid aid for it in the 20th year of that reign, as one knight's fee, which he held in right of his wife, of the archbishop, which was formerly held by Richard de Gravene. After her death her fon Richard de Feversham fucceeded to this manor, of which he died possefied in 1381, and was buried in this church, having married the daughter of Robert Dodde. His tomb, of Betherfden marble, remains against the fouth wall. In the fouth chancel, on the top, were two figures, and four coats of arms, the braffes gone; round the edge is this inscription, in brass, Ora pro aibs Roberti Dodde & Rici de Feuersham filii sui quonda dui de Gravene obiit, &c. Above the tomb, is a recess in the wall, with an antient carved arch above it. He had a daughter Joane, who became his heir, and married John Botiller, efq. and in her right became entitled to this manor, she died in 1408, and was buried in the fouth chancel here, her figure in brass on her gravestone is gone, but the inscription still remains. By her he had a fon of his own name. Either he or his father was sheriff anno 22 king Richard II. John Botiller, efq the fon, was

¹ See Weever, p. 283. I.ewis's Hift. Fav. p. 76.

knight

knight of the fhire in the 1ft year of king Henry V.'s reign. They bore for their arms, Sable, three covered cups, or, within a bordure, argent; and John Botiller, probably the father, was efquire to archbifhop Courtney, and mentioned in his will, proved anno 1396, being the 20th of Richard II.

There is a gravestone in the fouth chancel here, which most probably was for John Botiller the fon; on it was his figure in brass, now gone, and four coats of arms; the two first are gone, the third Botiller, the fourth Fever nam, a fess chequy, between six cross, bottony, or. The infcription was remaining in Weever's time. This stone, I am informed, was some years ago removed out of the north chancel hither, and in the window of this chancel is this coat of arms, quarterly, first, Botiller, as above ; fecond and third, a fefs chequy, or, and gules, in chief three cross, bottony, or; the bottom part being broken, the fourth is likewife broken. Underneath are these words remaining, Johes er, & Jonna ux ejs .. Joane his wife was daughter and heir of William de Frogenhall, by whom he had a daughter and fole heir Anne, who carried it in marriage to John Martyn, judge of the common pleas, the fon of Richard Martyn, of Stonebridge, who built much at his feat of Graveney court, where he partly refided." He died in 1436, leaving his widow furviving, who then became again poffeffed of this manor in her own right. She afterwards married Thomas Burgeys, elq. whom the likewife furvived, and dying in 1458 was buried befide her first husband in the north chancel of this church. His gravestone is of a very large fize, and is most richly inlaid with brass, which is well preferved, having the figures of him and his wife, and other ornaments over the whole of it. There were four coats of arms, only the fecond of which, that of Boteler, is remaining. He bore for his

" See Cotton's Records, p. 553.

arms,

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atms, Argent, on a chevron, gules, three talbot bounds, paffant, or. Her fecond hufband Thomas Burgeys died in 1452, and was buried in the fame chancel, where his graveftone remained till within thefe few years. At the upper end of the ftone are two coats in brafs, first Boteler impaling Frogenball; fecond, a fefs chequy impaling the like. Another coat, at the bottom, is gone, as is his figure.

In the defcendants of Judge Martyn, refidents at Graveney-court, this manor continued down to Robert Martyn, who likewife refided here, and died in the first year of Edward VI." leaving his two daughters, Joane, married to Richard Argall, and Elizabeth to Stephen Reames, of Faversham, his coheirs. From them this manor was passed away by fale to John Pordage, of Rodmersham, in whose name it continued till it was at length fold to Daniel Whyte, efq. of Vinters, in Boxley, whole descendant of the same name, about the beginning of king George II.'s reign, alienated it to Mr. Edward Blaxland, who afterwards refided here, and bore for his arms, on a fefs, three falcons volant, iesjed. and belled. He died in 1739. This occasioned this manor to be feparated in feveral divisions and again afterwards in further fubdivisions, among his descendants, in which state it now remains ; but those of the male line of the name of Blaxland, still continue to refide at it. From the beginning of the laft century to the middle of it, the Napletons, a family of good account in these parts of the county, were lesses of Graveney-court, and refided at it; and from that time to the latter end of it, the Houghhams were occupiers of it, and refided here. Many of both families lie buried in this church, as do all the Blaxlands, fince their coming to the possession of this estate.

ⁿ Viftn. co. Kent, 1574. pedigree Martyn. See feveral of their wills in Prerog. off. Canterbury.

VOL. VII.

NAGDEN,

NAGDEN, formerly spelt Negdon, is a noted estate in the north-weft part of this parish, confifting mostly of marsh land, which was once part of the endowment of the abbey of Faversham, and continued amongst the revenues of it till its final diffolution in the 30th year of Henry VIII. at which time it was valued at eight pounds per annum.

This effate thus coming into the hands of the crown, was granted by the king next year to Sir Thomas Cheney, lord warden, to hold in capite, who alienated it, in the 36th year of that reign, to Robert Martyn, of Graveney-court, who died in the first year of king Edward VI.º leaving his two daughters his coheirs, Joane, married to Richard Argall, and Elizabeth to Stephen Reames, who jointly posseffed this estate. After which both thefe moieties feem to have been conveyed to Ciriac Petit, of Colkins, in this neighbourhood, who died possessed of the entire fee of it in 1591, and in his defcendants it continued down to Mr. William Petit, who in 1709 conveyed it by fale to dame Sarah Barrett, of Lee, widow, who died in 1711, upon which this eftate came to her only fon by her first husband, Sir Francis Head, bart. who died possefied of it in 1716.^p He left four fons, who became entitled to this eftate on their father's death, as coheirs in gavelkind. On the death of the eldeft Sir Richard Head, bart. in 1721, his fhare devolved to his three brothers. James Head, esq. died afterwards intestate in 1727, and unmarried, on which Sir Francis Head, bart. and John Head, D. D. became posseffed of it in undivided moieties, and the latter that fame year conveyed his moiety of it to the former, who in 1745 fold the entire fee of it to John Smith, esq. of Faversham, who has fince conveyed it to his fon, John Smith, junior, elq. of

^o Rot. Efch. ejus an. See before, p. 29. ^p See more of the Heads, in vol. iii. of this hiftory, p. 489-

Ospringe,

GRAVENEY.

Ospringe, the present possessor of it. The estate of Nagden pays nine shillings per annum, on Lammas day, to the vicar of Graveney, in lieu of tithes.

CHARITIES.

ON a tablet in the church, the benefactions of feveral pieces of land are recorded, amounting in the whole to upwards of four acres. Thefe are put up as benefactions to the church; but by the information of the clerk, they belonged to the poor, to whom the yearly produce of them was diffributed till of late. It is now applied to the repairs of the church.

The poor conffantly relieved are about ten, cafually 25.

GRAVENEY is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JURIS-DICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Ofpringe.

The church is dedicated to All Saints, and confifts of three isles and a high chancel, and two fide ones formerly called chapels, the fouth one being dedicated to St. John, and the north one to the Virgin Mary. The fteeple, which is a tower, ftands at the north-weft corner. In it are three bells. The antient gravestones in this church have been removed from where they originally laid, to make room for the prefent ones. Thus that of John Martyn, as I am informed, has been removed out of the north into the fouth chancel. In this north chancel they have been likewife ftill further difplaced; there are now two rows of gravestones in it, lying three and three. In the weft row are now, the first southward, Judge Martyn's ; the second, Mr. Edward Blaxland's, who died in 1739; and the third, Thomas Burgeys, efq. For the making room for Mr. E. Blaxland's, Judge Martyn's stone was removed from the middle or fecond place to the first, where before his fon's lay, till removed to the fouth chancel. This practice, of diffurbing the ashes of the dead, as is but too frequent in churches of late, calls loudly for some authority to prevent it in future.

The

The church of Graveney, with the advowfon of the vicarage, was in very early times part of the poffeffions of the priory of St. Mary Overies, in Southwark, with which it continued till the final diffolution of it in the 31ft year of king Henry VIII. when it came into the hands of the crown, together with all the revenues and effates belonging to it.

The parfonage remained in the crown fome years longer than the advowfon of the vicarage, as will be mentioned hereafter, that is, till the 3d year of queen Elizabeth, when the queen granted this rectory, being then valued at 7l. 6s. 8d. yearly rent, to archbifhop Parker and his fucceffors, in exchange for other premifes.⁴ Since which it has continued part of the poffeffions of the fee of Canterbury to this time.

This parsonage has been from time to time demised on a beneficial lease, at the above yearly rent. In 1643 Mrs. Elizabeth Robinson, widow, was tenant of it. John Baker, esq. of St. Stephen's, near Canterbury, is the present lesse of it.

But the advowfon of the vicarage did not continue fo long in the crown, for it was granted, among others, in 1558, to the archbishop and his successfors, with whom it now continues, his grace the archbishop being now patron of it.

This vicarage is valued in the king's books at fifty pounds, and the yearly tenths at 1l. 4s. per annum. In 1578 there were communicants here ninety. In 1640 the communicants were fixty-five, and it was valued at fixty pounds per annum.

In the year 1244 archbishop Boniface, on the prefentation of the prior and convent of St. Mary Overies, as appears by an antient book belonging to it, inftituted Ralph, the curate of Gravene, to the perpetual vicarage of this parish, fo that he should receive and take in the name of it, all fruits and oblations, with

⁹ Inrolments, Augtn. off. ^r Rym. Fæd. vol. iv. p. 177.

all

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all other things belonging to the church, excepting two fheaves of the tithe, and fhould take the fame to his own use.

In the fame manufcript, on a difpute between the prior and convent, rectors of this church, and Richard, lord of Gravenel, concerning tithes in this parifh, it was decreed in 1283, before the rural dean of Ofpringe, that the vicar fhould receive, in the name of the religious, as well as in his own right, all tithes arifing in future from the feedings and paftures in his own marthes, called North-marfh and Leved-marfh, which fhould be paid to him without any cavil or exception.^s

The vicar has a houfe and two acres of glebe land. The vicarage is worth about fifty pounds per annum. He is entitled, by the above composition, to all tithes, excepting the two fheaves mentioned in it, and by prefcription likewile; which third part of the corn tithes is now ufually known by the name of the vicar's third fheaf. But the impropriator's lease being for all the tithes of the parish, without any fuch exception, has occasioned many quarrels and disputes about this third fheaf, which are now entirely subfided, and the vicar is accustomed to take one store of every thirty shocks of corn, in right of his vicarage.

CHURCH OF GRAVENEY.

PATRONS, Or by whom prefenied. The Archbishop...

VICARS.

William Clovell, S. T. P. refig. 1609.
David Platt, Feb. 9, 1609, refigned
Edward Platt, A. M. June 9, 1641.
Michael Bilfon, clerk, Nov. 10, 1660.

* Lewis's MSS. Lambeth-libr. See also Ducarel's Rep. 2d edit. p. 52.

D 3

PATRONS,

VICARS.

FATRONS, Sc. The Archbilhop.

Francis Worrall, A. M. Jan. 20, 1667, obt. Oct. 1671.' Thomas Lees, A. M. March 2, 1679, obt. Nov. 25, 1724."

Francis Inman, clerk, Jan. 18, 1724, refigned 1725.

Edward Brown, A. B. Oct. 2, 1725, refigned 1727.

William Henry Giraud, A. B. July 12, 1727, obt. March 18, 1769.

Athelstan Stevens, A. B. May 30, 1769, the prefent vicar."

 He had been before vicar of Faversham and curate of Davington, and afterwards held this rectory with the vicarage of Preston.
 u w And rectors of Goodneston.

SELLING.

THEOREM

ADJOINING to Boughton fouthward lies the parifh of Selling, on the fouth or opposite fide of the London road to Graveney, last defcribed.

It is written in Domefday, Selinge, and Sellinges, and in fome antient records, Sellinge fubtus Bleane.* A fmall part of it, that is, fo much as is within the borough of Rode, is within the hundred of Faversham.

Befides the manor of Selling, those of Rhodes-court, Shillingheld, and Tenham, claim over different parts of this parish.

The archbishop's paramount manor of Boughton claims over so much of this parish as is within that hundred, to the court leet of which the occupiers of the houses and lands in this, as well as the other parishes above-mentioned, within it, are amenable, by reason of their resciancy; notwithstanding which, the lands and houses themselves, throughout them, hold of other

* Lelaud, in his Itin. vol. vi. p. 7, spells this parish Celling.

manors,

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manors, which claim over them, by heriot, relief, rent, &c. which is the general cafe, where there is a manor paramount, and inferior manors under it, the one claiming a civil, the other a military jurifdiction over the same district of country.

SELLING is fituated about two miles fouthward of the high London road, and the 49th mile stone on it. It lies on rifing ground towards the fouth, in a dry and healthy country. It is not a large parish, the rents in it are about 1900l. per annum, and the houles about fixty-two. The middle part of it, in which is the church and village, is far from being unpleafant, the foil inclining about the church to gravel, and the hill and dale very gentle. The branch of the turnpike road from Faversham over Old Wives lees to Chilham, where it joins the Ashford road, runs along the northern part of the parish; on this road, about a mile eastward of the church, is a neat villa, built by Collet Manhood, efq. who refided for fome time in it, fince which it has been ufually inhabited by perfons in a genteel line of life, it is now the property of Mr. Mapleton, who refides in it; on the fame road, still more eaftward, is the borough of Rhode, almost adjoining to the Boughton woods.

At a fmall diftance westward of the church is the court-lodge, now a farm-house, near which in the vale, is an old manfion, but lately modernized, called Marshes, which was at the latter end of the last century the property of the Chambers's, feveral of whom lie buried in this church, who bore for their arms, Sable, a chevron, between three cinquefoils, or. From an elder fon was descended the late Abraham Chambers, esq. of Tunstall, and by a daughter and coheir of a younger fon, this eftate came partly by marriage, and partly by fale, to Mr. Robert Hilton, gent. of this parish, whose fon Mr. Thomas Gibbs Hilton now refides in it; further westward from hence is the hamlet of Hanvillegreen, with the eflates of Harefield, in a poor rough hilly

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hilly country, the foil chalky, and covered with flints. In the fouthern part of the parish is a very high and confpicuous hill, called Shottenton hill, commanding on all fides of it as extensive a prospect as any in this county; the North Foreland cliff, the county of Effex, and an uninterrupted view into the north fea are feen towards the eaft and north-eaft, and the channel again over an extensive view of the county, towards the foutheast. The top is a flat, which feems levelled by art, and is near a furlong in length; the lower and middle parts of the. hill, excepting the fouthern, are covered with rich coppice wood, and the upper and fouthern parts with broom, heath, and low beach, ftraggling thinly over it. The foil is gravel on the furface, and under it fand, the pits in which, by the digging of it, reach near a quarter of a mile under-ground.

Upon the level of it, upon which the windmill ftands, are the plain remains of an antient camp, the intrenchments of which inclose about an acre and three-quarters of ground, more than half of which feems to lie on the declivity towards the fouth-eaft.

The form of the intrenchments vary according to the rounding of the hill; the north-eaft, north-weft, and fouth-east angles are pretty near right angles, but that to the fouth-west is rounding. There are two ports, the principal one of which is very fair towards the fouth, the other eastward. This has been thought by fome, to have been a Roman camp, whilft others have conjectured it to be Dani/b. But from the very large remains of ftrong fortification and entrenchments thrown up in Shellingham wood, about two miles fouth-eastward from hence, which feems to have been one of the callra stativa of the Romans, for by that name they called their more lasting encampments, according to Vegetius, I conjecture this on Shottentonhill, from its nearnefs to that, to have been one of the castra estiva, or smaller summer encampments, as well as an exploratory fort for the use of that larger one. This

This certainly was an excellent fituation for their purpofe; for, befides the command of the country from it on all fides, it is well fupplied with water, there being numbers of pits or wells of water in places over different parts of this hill, which are fupplied plentifully, frequently overflowing, but never dry; many of them are of a mineral quality, as appears by the ochreous fubftance in them. They feem mostly to have been formed by nature.

About half a mile north from Shottenton-hill is a very large barrow, or *tumulus*, on which is now planted a toll of beech trees.

There is a fair now held in the village of Selling on Whit Tuesday, which, by report, was formerly held of old custom in November.

This parifh has the reputation of having been the birth-place of William Tylle, alias Selling, a man as noted as any of his time, for learning and wifdom, prior of Chrift-church, in Canterbury, where he died in 1494; but it appears by feveral wills of his family, in the Prerogative-office, Canterbury, (contrary to the uncontradicted opinion from that of Leland down to the prefent time) that he was born at Sellinge, by Hythe, in the defcription of which parifh a further account of him will be given.

MR. JACOB has observed feveral scarce plants in this parish, inferted in his *Plant & Faverschamiens*, to which the reader is referred.

SELLING was given, about the year 1045, to St. Augustine's monastery, in Canterbury, and it is accordingly thus entered in the general furvey of Domefday, taken about the year 1080, under the title of the lands of that abbey.

In Boltone hundred, the abbot himself holds Sellinges manor, without a court (or halimote) which was taxed at six sulings. The arable land is eleven carucates. There is nothing in demesse. There are thirty villeins, having ten carucates. There is a church. In the time of king Edward 42

Edward the Confessor, it was worth fifteen pounds, when he received it eight pounds, now thirteen pounds and five shillings.

In the latter end of king Henry I.'s reign, about the year 1130, this manor, together with the rectory, was affigned by the abbot of St. Augustine's, to the cloathing of the monks there.

The manor, with the rectory, remained part of the posseffions of the monastery till its final diffolution, in the 30th year of Henry VIII. when this great abbey, with all its revenues, was furrendered into the king's hands, where both manor and rectory remained till the 36th year of that reign, when the king granted it to Sir Anthony St. Leger, in tail male, to hold in capite by knight's fervice, and he obtained a new grant of them anno 4 king Edward VI. to him and his heirs, by the like tenure, at the yearly rent of 161. 55. 51d." His fon Sir Warham St. Leger paffed it away by fale to Sir Michael Sondes, of Throwley, who died in 1617. and his defcendant Sir George Sondes, earl of Faverfham, leaving only two daughters his coheirs, Mary, married to Lewis, lord Daras, afterwards earl of Faversham, and Katherine to Lewis Watson, earl of Rockingham, each of them fucceffively, in right of their wives, became possessed of this manor and rectory; and the latter of them died possefield of them in 1724, and his grandfons, Lewis and Thomas, both fucceffively dying f. p. the latter devifed them among his other estates, to the hon. Lewis Monson, who afterwards took the name of Watson, and in 1766 was created Lord Sondes, whofe fon the right hon. Lewis-Thomas, lord Sondes, is the prefent poffeffor of them. A court baron is held for this manor

PERRYWOOD and HARESFIELD are two manors in the fouth-west part of this parish, the former of which

^{*} Rot. Efch. ejus an. pt. 7. Rolls of fee-farm rents, temp. interregni, Roll 6, No. 11.

is called *Perie* in the general furvey of Domefday, being then part of the poffeffions of Odo, bithop or Baieux, under the general defcription of whofe lands it is entered in it; but as there are two effates called by this name defcribed in it, which of them belongs in particular to this above-mentioned, cannot now be afcertained.^z

After the confiscation of the bishop's estates, in 1084, this estate seems to have come into the possession of owners, who affumed their furname from it. One of these, Randal de Pirie, held this manor in the reign of king John, as did his descendant William de Pirie in that of king Edward II. but in the 20th year of king Edward III. this family was extinct here, and it feems then to have been in the hands of different coparceners. The Darells afterwards held it, and after them the Finch's, and the Martyn's of Graveney. John Martyn, judge of the common pleas, died possesfied of it in 1436, leaving his widow poffeffed of it, who afterwards married Thomas Burgeys, esq. whom she likewise furvived, and died possessed of it in 1458, having by her will given the manor of Perrywode to her fecond fon Robert Martyn, who was afterwards of Perrywood. How long it continued in that name I do not know; but both that and Haresfield afterwards became part of the possessions of Corpus Christi college, in Oxford, where they remain at this time, the present lesse of them being the right honorable Lewis-Thomas, lord Sondes.

OVENS-COURT is a manor in this parifh, though it has loft the reputation of having been fo for many years. It is corruptly fo called for Owens court, having been in antient time the feat and eftate of the family of Owen, extracted from those of the principality of Wales. They were posseffors of it in the reign of Henry III. as appeared by old rentals and other evidences. After

^z A transcript of both may be seen in vol. vi. under Perry Court in Ospringe.

them

them the Drylands, of Cookfditch, in Faversham, became owners of it, and continued fo till the beginning of king Edward IV.'s reign, when it was fold by one of them to Sir John Fogge, of Repton, comptroller of the houshold and privy counfellor, on whose attainder anno I Richard III. this manor came to the crown, and by another act, paffed the fame year, the king being enabled to make grants of the possessions of persons attainted, this manor of Olde Oven, alias Owene, with other lands in this county, was given to Gloucester Herald, to hold by knight's fervice, who however, held it but a fhort time, for an act having passed in the 1st year of Henry VII. for the reftitution of feveral perfons attainted by king Richard III. this manor came again into the hands of its former owner, Sir John Fogge, who died in the 6th year of that reign, and by his will gave this manor to his fecond fon Thomas Fogge, efq. one of whole descendants passed it away in the beginning of queen Elizabeth's reign to Crouch, and Giles Crouch alienated it in 1588 to Michael Sondes, efq. afterwards of Throwley, whofe fon Sir Richard Sondes, about the beginning of the reign of king Charles I conveyed it by fale to Franklyn, from which name it was fold to Lambe; in later time, after fome intermediate owners, it came by marriage, about the 2d year of king George I. to Henry Cartwright, from whence it was fold to Tempest, of Durham, whose defcendant John Tempest, eig. of Wynyard, in the faid county, some few years ago passed it away by fale to Thomas Hawkins, efq. of Nafh, who fold it to the right hon. Lewis Thomas Lord Sondes, the prefent possessor of it.

RHODES-COURT is a manor fituated in the fouth-eaft extremity of this parifh, in the borough of the fame name, which borough, though within the parifh of Selling, is yet within the hundred of Faversham, the court leet of which claims over it. It was antiently written *Rode*, and *la Rode*, and was part of the possession of the wealthy family of Badlesser, one of whom, Bartholomew

tholomew de Badlefmere, in the 9th year of king Ed-ward II. obtained a grant of *free-warren* for all his demesne lands within this manor. His son Giles de Badlefmere dying in the 12th year of Edward III. f. p. leaving his four fifters his coheirs," upon the division of their inheritance, this manor was, among others, allotted to Margaret, whose husband Sir John Tibetot, or Tiptoft, as the name was ufually called, became posseffed of it in her right; his fon Robert died without male iffue, and this manor went into the colateral branch of that family, in which it continued down to John Tiptoft, earl of Worcester, who, for his adherence to the house of York, was attainted and beheaded in 1471, anno 10 Edward IV. king Henry being then reftored to the crown, through the fuccefsful fervices of Richard, earl of Warwick. He left by his fecond wife only one fon Edward, then an infant, who, though he was afterwards reftored in blood by Edward IV. I do not find that he was ever reinstated in the possession of this manor, which feems to have remained in the crown till the reign of Henry VIII. In the 26th year of which, anno 1534, Thomas Bealde, of Godmer-fham, died poffeffed of it, leaving two daughters, to whom he devifed this manor.

After this it came into the possefion of Christopher Tilghman, gent of this parish, who owned it in 1621, and he fold it to Thomas Carter, of Crundal, in whose family it remained till it was alienated by Thomas Carter, efq. of Crundal, in 1714, to Mr. George Smith, of Faversham, who died in 1763, and his son, of the fame name, within these few years, fold it to John Sawbridge, efq. of Ollantigh, whose fon Samuel-Elias Sawbridge, efq. is the prefent possessor of it.

THE TITHES of this borough were formerly accounted as part of the rectory of Faversham, to which they were accordingly paid; and in the year 1274 an

* See Badlefinere, vol. vi. of this hiftory, p. 470.

inquisition

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inquifition was made in the church of Selling, concerning the payment of one hundred fheaves of corn, due to that church from this land of Rode, for the burial of the tenants of it, and it was decreed by the official of the archdeacon, that the tenants fhould in future pay the fame to the church of Sellyng from their own corn, and not from the tenth belonging to the church of Faverſham; and that they fhould make fufficient recompence to the church of Sellyng for all arrears then due on account of the fame.

The great tithes of this borough now belong to the right hon. lord Sondes, as part of his rectory of Selling, as do the above-mentioned one hundred fheaves in part of the fame rectory. But the *fmall tithes* of fuch part of this borough as is within the parifh of Boughton, are claimed by the vicar of that parifh, and are accordingly paid to him.

Southouse is an eftate in this parish, which had owners of that name in very early times. Valentine Southouse was possessed of lands in Selling in 1449, and his eldeft fon William gave the fouth window in this church. Of this branch was Thomas Southouse, efq. author of the Monasticon Favershamiense, and other tracts, who died in 1676, and was buried there, whofe fecond fon Filmer Southoufe, was a man of learning, and studious in his father's line of knowledge.^b They bore for their arms, Argent, on a bend cotized, three martlets, gilles. Other branches of it were fettled in this neighbourhood, in Sheldwich, and in Faversham; but though they continued in this parish till the beginning of the prefent century, yet this eftate in particular, for there were others belonging to them, called likewife by their name, which were at times alienated to different persons, which had been the antient inheritance of this family, was alienated from them before the reign of queen Elizabeth, when Robert Dodde was

^b See Wood's Ath. vol. ii. p. 788.

possessed

SELLING.

poffeffed of it, and conveyed it in feparate parcels, anno 4 Elizabeth, back again to John, George, and Thomas Southoufe. That part of it, which confifted of the houfe, with the land adjoining to it, was in Charles II.'s reign, become the property of Mr. Richard Southoufe, who by his will in 1675 devifed it to his fifter Elizabeth, and fhe next year conveyed it to James Hardres, efq. whofe defcendant John Hardres, in 1702, conveyed it to Ifaac Denew, efq. who in 1719 paffed it away by fale to John Wotton, of Sturry, whofe defcendant John Wotton, in 1777, conveyed it to Lewis, lord Sondes, whofe fon the right hon. Lewis-Thomas, lord Sondes, is the prefent owner of it.

CHARITIES.

AN ALMS-HOUSE in this parish was given to it by Mr. Abraham Chambers of Marshes, for the benefit of two poor persons of this parish, to be nominated by his heirs, on condition, that the parish from time to time should repair it.

The poor conftantly relieved are about forty; cafually 95-

SELLING is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JURIS-DICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Ofpringe

The church, which is dedicated to St. Mary, confifts of three isles, at the upper end of the outer ones are two chancels, of which the fouthern is the largest, and with the reft of the church feemingly forms a crofs; in the middle between these stands the steeple, which is a tower, in which are fix bells. Above this is the high chancel, with another on each fide of it, and one more fmall one on the north fide, the entrance of which is entirely flopped up. In the eaft window of the high chancel are remains of good painted glafs, being figures of feveral faints and warriors; under them are feveral coats of arms. In the high chancel is a memorial for William Norwood, S. T. B. rector of St. Dunftan's in the Eaft, London, and late fellow of All Souls college, Oxford, obt. 1596. Under the upper south chancel is a vault, made by Mr. Thomas Gibbs Hilton, for his family,

family. The chancel below that above-mentioned, belonged to the family of Gate, owners of Luton, in this parifh, now Sir Harry Oxenden's, to whom this chancel now belongs. Several of the Gates lie interred in it. In the fouth ifle feveral of the Gyles's, and in the middle ifle feveral of the Greenftreet's, of this parifh, lie interred. In the window at the upper fide of the north ifle, is a fine head of a faint, and thefe arms, *A lion rampant*, guardant, double tailed, ermine, over all, a fefs.

The church of Selling was in very early times, together with the manor, part of the possefilions of the monaftery of St. Augustine, as has been already mentioned before, and fo early as the latter end of king Henry 1.'s reign, about 1130, was affigned by the abbot of it, to the cloathing of the monks there, the appropriation of it being confirmed by pope Urban III. about 1185, and by pope Alexander IV. in 1255, with the four privileges annexed to it." Notwithstanding which, there was no endowment of a vicarage here till the time of archbishop Peckham, when Thomas de Fyndone, then abbot of St. Augustine, about the year 1284, on the petition of J. de Badele, then vicar, granted that he should receive, as a perpetual augmentation of his portion, being the oblations and obventions commonly belonging to the altars, the five acres of land, with the garden and all other its appurtenances, lying in this parish, in the place where the parsonage was sometime fituated; and he confirmed for him and his fucceffors for ever, the appropriation of the tenement where the vicar then dwelt, near the church. And he granted, that the vicar and his fucceffors fhould receive of him and his church yearly, by the hand of their chamberlain, ten shillings sterling at Michaelmas and Lady-day, and one feam of peas on Christmas-day; so that being content with the oblations and obventions aforefaid,

^c Decem. Script. col. 2248, 2095, 2267, 1891.

(not

(not corn or fheaves, unlefs planted or dug with the foot) belonging in common to the altars, and to these his augmentations,-he fhould exact nothing, in the name of tithe of gardens, beafts, tillage, or any other matters existing within the bounds of the manor of their chamber, nor fhould receive any thing of mills, or nutriments of cattle, belonging to the chamber, but that the fame should remain there, fafe, free, and quiet to it, without any tithing or exaction as aforefaid, free and exempt as they were elfewhere in their demesnes. But yet, if the premises were let to ferme to others, then the vicar fhould have of the farmer of them his just tithe; but that the vicar and his fucceffors, should pay to the ordinarie the procurations, by reason of any visitation, and should be liable to all other ordinary burthens of the church for ever: and that, when the above benefit was granted to the vicar, it was fo accepted by him, for himfelf and his fucceffors. The cyrograph of which grant and endowment was confirmed by archbishop Peckham, at the request both of the vicar and the abbot, under his feal at the fame time.

The rectory or parfonage, together with the advowfon of the vicarage appendant to it, continued part of the poffeffions of the monaftery till its diffolution, anno 30 Henry VIII. when they were, together with the manor, a few years afterwards, paffed by grant from the crown to Sir Anthony St. Leger, as has been already fully related before, and from him through the feveral intermediate owners there mentioned, down to the right hon. Lewis-Thomas, lord Sondes, the prefent owner of them.

In 1578 here were communicants 133. In 1640, communicants 186. Value fixty pounds. It is now a difcharged living, of the clear yearly certified value of thirty feven pounds, the yearly tenths being 135.4d.

YOL. VIL.

49

CHURCH OF SELLING.

Or by whom presented.	VICARS.
Richard Sondes, esq.	William Daud, A. M. May 8,
The King	William Annand, A. M. Nov.
Sir G. Sondes, K. B.	16, 1639. ^d Onefephorus Paul, Nov. 18, 1669,
	refigned 1671. James Kay, A. M. May 9, 1671,
Dame Mary Sondes, countefs of	obt. 1677. John Sidway, A. M. Dec. 13,
Faver/ham Lewis Watfon, efq	1677, deprived 1680. Edward Fisher, clerk, Aug. 1,
Edward Watson, esq	1680, obt. 1710. Thomas Nicholls, A. M. Oct. 7,
Hon. Edward Watson.	1710, refigned 1714. ^c George Sykes, A. B. May 5,
	1714, refigned 1715. ¹ James Bernard, A. M. Feb. 6,
Lewis, earl of Rockingham	1715, refigned 1726.° John Burton, A. M. Feb. 28,
	1726, obt. Dec. 1735. John Arnald, A. B. Dec. 20, 1735, refigned 1762.
Lewis, lord Sonaes	William Gurney, A. M. Feb. 2, 1763, refigned 1763. ^e
	Henry Thomfon, A. B. June 15, 1763, refigned 1784. ^e
	Richard Halke, A. M. 1784, the prefent vicar. ⁸

d By reafon of the lunacy of dame Catharine Sondes, widow. Rym. Fæd. vol. xx. p. 383. He refigned on being prefented to the rectories of Badlefmere and Leveland. • He refigned on being prefented to

the rectories of Badlefmere and Leveland.

f He refigned this for the vicarage

of Prefton. & And vicar of Faversham by dispen fation.

THE

(51)

THE HUNDRED OF MARDEN.

HAVING defcribed the upper, or northern division of the lath of Scray, I now proceed to the lower, or southern division of it, which is wholly in the Weald; and is entirely feparated from the former by a large diffrict of the lath of Shipway intervening, which is occasioned by the hundreds of Calehill, Chart and Longbridge, Felborough and Wye, which antiently belonged to this lath, being fevered from it, and added to the lath of Shipway, part of which they have been for a long time accounted.

THE HUNDRED OF MARDEN lies at the northwest corner of the lower division of the lath of Scray, adjoining to that of Maidstone north, and to Brenchley and Horsemonden west, both which have been already described in a former volume of this history.

This hundred is not mentioned particularly in the general furvey of Domefday, but feems to be included in the defcription of the king's manor of Milton, to which it was accounted an appendage.^a

IT CONTAINS WITHIN ITS BOUNDS THE PARISHES OF

3. STAPLEHURST.

- I. MARDEN.
- 2. GOUDHURST, and

And the churches of the two first of those parishes.

MARDEN.

THE next parish north-eastward from Horsemonden is Marden, called in antient records, Merdenne, which lies wholly within the district of the Weald.

That part of this parish, which is within the manor of Hunton, is in the borough of Hunton, and hun-

^a See vol. vi. of this hiftory, p. 171.

dred

dred of Twyford; a fmall part of it belonging to the eftate called Tilden, is in the hundred of Maidftone, and another finall part of it is within the hundred of Evhorne.

The manor of East Farleigh and East Peckham claims over the den of Chillenden in this parish, as does the manor of Gillingham over that of Haydhurft, alias Haytherft, in it.

THE PARISH OF MARDEN is about five miles long, and not more than one broad. There are about three hundred houles, and fifteen hundred inhabitants in it, the rents amounting to about 3, 500l. per annum. The river Teis, being one of the principal heads of the Medway, flows along the weftern boundaries of it, as another head of it, which rifes at Great Chart, does the northern boundary, and having paffed Stylebridge, joins the former one, and then take their course together to the main river, which they join at Yalding. The turnpike road, which leads over Cockfheath to Style-bridge, feparates there at the 44th mile-ftone from London, the left branch paffing to Cranbrook, and the right through this parish towards Goudhurst, the only parts of it which may be faid to be above ground, the reft of it being fo deep and miry as to be nearly impaffable in wet weather. The town of Marden, as it is usually called, is fituated on it, nearly in the middle of the parifh. It is not paved, and confifts of three ftreets, the houfes of which are but meanly built, the church flands at the west end of the town, with the patronage opposite to it, and the vicarage on the entrance to it from Maidstone. The country here is much the fame as the lower parts of the adjoining parifhes of Hunton and Yalding already defcribed in a former volume of this hiftory.^b Near the road from Style-bridge to Goudhurft it is very pleafant, but towards Hunton, and towards Sta-

^b See vol. v. of this hiftory, p. 145, 156.

plehurft

plehurst much the contrary, being of a very dreary and forlorn aspect. It lies very low and flat, the foil in general a stiff clay, a very heavy tillage land; in winter the lands are exceeding wet, and much fubject to inundations, and was it not for the manure of their native marle, and the help of chalk and lime brought from the northern hills would be still more unfertile than they were at present, notwithstanding which there are partially difperfed fome very rich lands among them, and there were some years ago three hundred acres of hop-ground here, which have of late been leffened near one hundred acres. The farms are in general fmall, the houses of them antient well-timbered buildings, ftanding difperfed at wide diftances, many of them on the different greens or forstals throughout the parish.

A fair is held here yearly on October 10, for toys and pedlary. The profits of which the portreve of the hundred of Milton receives of antient cuftom, which officer executed within this hundred the office of clerk of the market in all points, whilft the market was held, but it has been difused time out of mind.

THE MANOR AND HUNDRED OF MARDEN has been from the earlieft time efteemed as an appendage to the king's manor and hundred of Milton.

King Edward I. fettled it in jointure on his queen Eleanor, who in the 11th year of that reign procured a market and fair to be held at Mereden, parcel of the manor of Middleton. Queen Eleanor died in 1291, anno 20 Edward I. and the king again took poffession of this manor, and the next year it was found, upon an inquisition taken for that purpose, that this hundred then belonged to the king, and, together with the hundred of Middleton, was worth 221. 13s. 8d. per annum.⁶

^e Pleas of the Crown. See Harris's Hift. Kent, p. 195.

The

MARDEN HUNDRED.

The inhabitants of this hundred from time to time petitioned the crown, to have this manor feparated from the jurifdiction of that of Milton, and to be effecemed as an entire and independent manor of itfelf; but this appears never to have been attended to; fo that it continues in the fame dependant flate at this time.

Although there was from time to time feveral grants made by the crown, of the manor of Middleton, with this of Marden appendant to it, yet the fee of it remained parcel of the royal revenue, as may be more particularly feen under the defcription of that manor, till the 10th year of king Charles I. who then granted it to Sir Edward Browne and Chriftopher Favell, in fee, from whence it paffed through the feveral intermediate owners there mentioned, down to the right hon. Philip, vifcount Wenman, and Mrs. Anne Herbert, the prefent poffeffors of the manor of Middleton, with this of Marden appendant to it.

THE MANOR OF CHEVENEY, and CHEVENEY. HOUSE, are both fituated in this parish, and are now diftinguished by the names of Great and Little Cheveney. They were antiently the property of a family of that furname : Henry del Chyvene held the manor of Chyvene at his death in the 2d year of Edward II. anno 1308, of the king in capite. His descendant John Chivene died possessed of them in the reign of Edward III. as did his widow Joane in the 32d year of it. After which there is no farther traces of this family, but in the 2d year of the next reign of king Richard II. it appears by the antient court-rolls of this manor, that William At-Weld was proprietor of them, in whole descendants they continued till the beginning of the reign of king Henry VI. and then they passed by fale to Couper, and in the 13th year of it, William Couper discharged several persons from the amerciaments and fines impoled on them, for not performing fuit and fervice to his manor of Cheveney.

In

In this family they continued till the beginning of queen Mary's reign, when they came into the poffeffion of two brothers, as coheirs in gavelkind, who made a partition of their inheritance; one of them, who had the allotment of the manor, paffed it away to Lone, one of whole descendants, a little while before the reftoration of king Charles II. alienated it to Thomas Twifden, efq. lergeant-at-law, afterwards knighted, and made one of the judges of the king's bench, and created a baronet. He feated himfelf at Bradbourne, and in his defcendants this manor, fince known by the name of Great Cheveney, was continued down to his great-grandfon Sir Roger Twifden, bart. of Bradborne, who died poffeffed of it, without male iffue, in 1779, upon which it came to his widow, lady Rebecca Twilden, who is the prefent poffeffor of it.^d A court baron is held for it.

But CHEVENE-HOUSE, fince called LITTLE CHE-VENEY, fell to the lot of the other brother, and was alienated by him to Maplesden, which branch of that family had been feated in this parish for some generations before. Many of them lie buried in this church, where feveral of the infcriptions on their gravestones are become obliterated, through the dampnels of it. Several of their wills are in the Prerogative-office, Canterbury. They bore for their arms, Argent, a crofs fermee, fitchee, sable. In which name it continued down to George Maplesden, elq. who refided here, where he died in 1688, leaving two fons, George, who, though married, died f. p. in 1735, and was fucceeded in this eftate by his brother Edward; and two daughters, Anne, who was married to Booth, and Cathe. rine to Courthope, of Horsemonden. Edward Maplesden, esq. above-mentioned, was of the Middle Temple, and died, unmarried and intestate, in 1755;

^d See more of this family under Bradbourne, in East Malling, vol. iv. p. 512.

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upon which this, among the reft of his eftates, defcended to Alexander Courthope, efq. of Horfemonden, the fon of his fifter Catherine, and to Charles Booth, efq. the grandfon of his fifter Anne, beforementioned, as his coheirs in gavelkind, and upon *a partition* of his whole eftate, this houle became the fole property of the former, who likewile died unmarried in 1779; upon which Chevene-house, with the reft of his eftates, came to his nephew and heir-at-law John Cole, efq. (fon of his fifter Barbara) who now refides at Sprivers, in Horfemonden, and is the prefent poffeffor of it.

WIDEHURST is a manor in this parish, which was formerly written in old records Wogherst, and was, as early as the reigns of king John and king Henry III. the patrimony of the family of Corbie, of no fmall account in this county, in which it continued till it paffed by a female heir by marriage into that of Wotton, ennobled by the title of lords Wotton, of Marley. and thence again by a daughter and coheir Catherine, in marriage to Henry, lord Stanhope, fon and heir of Philip, earl of Chefterfield, who died in his father's life-time, and the again carried it in marriage to her fecond husband John Poliander Kirkhoven, lord of Hemfleet, in Holland,° and they, in 1652, joined in the fale of it to John Boughton, efq. who in 1656 alienated it to Mr. John Godden, and his heirs, in 1683, conveyed it to John Brewer, esq. of West Farleigh, whose descendant of the same name died possessed of it in 1724, leaving an only daughter and heir Jane, who was twice married, first to John Carney, efq. and fecondly to John Shrimpton, efq. both of whom the furvived, and died in 1726 / p. She devised this manor, with the rest of her estates, to her kinsman John Davis, D. D. who died in 1766, and

^e See a further account of the owners of this manor, and of the Wottons and Stanhopes under Boughton Malherb, vol.v. p. 400.

his only fon and heir John Davis, efq. alienated it, to John Cole, efq. of Horfemonden, who is now proprietor of it.

SHIPHURST is another manor in the western part of this parish, which was poffeffed by owners of that name till the latter end of king Edward III, and then it became the property of William Atweld, owner likewite of Cheveney before-mentioned, in whole defcendants they continued till the beginning of king Henry VI. and then they were both paffed by fale to Couper, from which name this manor was foon afterwards alienated to Field, and his descendant Edward Field held it in the 4th year of queen Elizabeth, and afterwards gave it to his kinfman Thomas Gilbert, whole fucceffor of the fame name fettled it on his widow Sibil Gilbert, whofe fecond hufband Richard Knight, possefied it, in her right, in the year 1656. After fome intermediate owners, it paffed into the name of Mitchell, and Charles Mitchell, of London, possefied it in 1734, after whose death it came to his brother-in-law Mr. George Whyvall, of London, from whence it paffed to Mr. Peirfe, of London, who about the year 1760 alienated it to Mr. Thomas Twort, of Horfemonden, whofe two fons Thomas and David Twort afterwards poffeffed it; the latter of whom devifed his moiety of it to his nephew John Coleman, whofe fon John Coleman, together with the last-mentioned Mr. Thomas Twort, now possels this manor in undivided moieties. A court baron is held for it.

MONKTON is a manor in that part of this parifh next to Staplehurfl, in which part of the lands belonging to it lie. It formerly belonged to the priory of Leeds,^g and after the fuppreffion of it in the reign of Henry VIII. was granted to Thomas Colepeper, efq.

f Philipott, p. 233. 8 Plac in Banco 27 Edw. Rot. 19, vol. 79, de terris in Meredon ptin priorat de Ledes. See Tan. Mon. p. 212.

of Bedgebury, who foon afterwards fold it to Thomas Wilsford, efq. and he in the 7th year of queen Elizabeth, alienated it to Edward Herbert, from which name it paffed by fale, at the latter end of that reign, to Thomas Stanley, in whofe family it remained till the reign of king James I. when it paffed by fale to Board, of Suffex, in whofe defcendants it continued till about 1756, when it was, foon after the death of Mr. William Board, alienated by his heirs to John Henniker, efq of Weft Ham, in Effex, fince Sir John Henniker, bart. who is the prefent owner of it.

The family of Henniker, Heneker, or as it was originally called, De Henekin, has been of long continuance in this county. One of them, Peter de Henekin, was lieutenant-governor of Dover caftle in the reign of king Edward II. They afterwards, in the reign of Edward IV. wrote themfelves Heneker, and refided in different parishes of this county, where their estates lay, as may be feen in the different volumes of this hiftory. John Henniker, who died at Lenham in 1616, was anceftor to those of Chatham and Rochefter, from whom descended Sir John Henniker, bart. now of West Ham, the present possession of this estate, who in 1758 ferved the office of sheriff for Effex. He married Anne, the eldest of the two only daughters and coheirs of Sir John Major, bart. of Worlingworthhall, in Suffolk, (the other daughter Elizabeth marrying Henry, duke of Chandois) by whom he had three fons, John-Henniker-Major, efq. M. P. for Steyning, who married Mifs Emely Jones; Major, a merchant in London, who married Mifs Mary Phœnix, and died in 1789; and John, colonel in the army; and one daughter Elizabeth, married to Edward Stratford, earl of Aldborough. Lady Henniker lies buried in the fouth isle of Rochester cathedral, under a most beautiful monument. Sir John Major was created a baronet in 1765, and the title was limited, in default of his issue male, to his fon in-law John Henniker, elq.

efq. before-mentioned, and his heirs male, at which time a patent alfo paffed for the latter to quarter the arms of Major, viz. Azure, three pillars of the Corinthian order, on the top of each a ball, or, with those of Henniker; Gules, a chevron charged with three estoils, argent, two crescents in chief, and an escallop shell in base, azure. Sir John Major died in 1781, upon which the title of baronet descended to his son-inlaw, now Sir John Henniker, bart. the prefent posfession of this manor, and late member in two succesfive parliaments for the town and port of Dover.

READ is a manor in this parifh, the manfion of which, called *Read-court*, is fituated on the northern fide of it. It was once the inheritance of the noted family of Fremingham, one of whom, John, fon of Sir Ralph de Fremingham, of Lofe, died in the 12th year of Henry IV. poffeffed of this manor, and leaving no iffue, he by his will devifed it to feoffees, who by deed, next year, affigned it over accordingly to John, fon of Reginald de Pimpe, and his heirs male, with remainder to Roger Ifley, as being neareft of blood to him.^h

It feems afterwards to have come into the poffeffion of the Ifleys, for William Ifley, efq. was poffeffed of it at the time of his attainder, in the 1ft year of queen Mary, by which his lands became forfeited to the crown; whence this manor was granted that year to Sir John Baker, attorney-general, to hold *in capite*, whofe fon Sir Richard Baker afterwards poffeffed it, but in the 10th year of queen Elizabeth's reign it was come into the poffeffion of Edward Morrys, who held it of the queen, in manner as before-mentioned. In later times it was become the property of Mafter, one of which name, Giles Mafter, held it in 1652, as appears by the furvey of Marden manor then taken. In his defcendants it continued fome time, but at length,

^h See Eaft Farleigh, vol. iv. p. 379.

after fome intermediate owners, it came into the polfeffion of Nicholas Bonfoy, efq. fergeant-at-arms of the house of commons, who at his death in 1775 devised it by his will to Mr. S. H. Babb, one of the officers of that house, and he is the present owner of it.

TILDENS, TUBBINS, and BROOKE, are three finall manors in this parifh, which had formerly three feparate owners of thofe names; the firft were perfons of fome note in this county, and were poffeffed of eftates both at Kennington, Brenchley, and Tilmanftone likewife, fo early as the reign of king Edward III. Thefe three families continued in the poffeffion of thefe manors till the latter end of Henry IV.'s reign, and then one of the family of Tubbins paffed away that manor to Tilden, in which name both Tildens and Tubbins remained till the beginning of king Henry VI.'s reign, and then they were demited by fale to Thomas Stidulfe, efq. who, as appears by his will in 1453, had likewife purchafed Brooke manor of Richard Brooke.

His grandfon Thomas Stidulfe, efq. of Badfell, left an only daughter and heir Agnes, who carried thefe three manors in marriage to Richard Fane, efq. of Tudeley, from whom they defcended, in like manner as Mereworth, to John Fane, earl of Weftmoreland, and from him again, together with the barony of Le Defpencer, down to the right hon. T. Stapleton, lord le Defpencer, who is the prefent poffeffor of them.ⁱ

THE LIBERTY of the corporation of Maidflone claims over the manor of Tildens, which is fituated near Style-bridge, where there is likewite an eftate called Little Tildens, which in 1675 belonged to Thomas Wall, gent. of London. It lately was the property of Nicholas Haddock, efq. who fold it to John Cole, efq. the prefent poffeffor of it.

ⁱ See a full account of the Fane's, earls of Weftmoreland, and the Stapleton's, under Mereworth, vol. v. p. 77.

There

There was a family of the name of Symons, which refided at Marden for fome generations; one of whom Edward Symons, gent. in 1652, held lands here, late Sir John Packington's. In 1662 he had a grant of this coat of arms, Party per fefs, fable, and, or, a pale and three cinquefoils, counterchanged.^k He refided here in 1663, and was possefield of much land in this parish.

CHARITIES.

EDWARD MAPLESDEN, gent. by will gave to the poor of this parifh 51. per annum for ever, payable out of a houfe and lands fituated near Horfemonden-heath, let at 101. per annum, fubject to 205. per annum, to be paid to a learned minister, for the preaching of two charity fermons yearly on Ash Wednesday and Whit Sunday.

CERTAIN LANDS near Apledore-heath, let at 11. 15s. per annum, were formerly the property of Mrs. Mary Allen, who by will gave to the poor of this parifh 100l. payable out of them. After which her fon, Mr. John Allen, gave another 100l. and charged the faid land with it, fubject to a decree in chancery, under which the churchwardens and overfeers, with the approbation of the parifhioners, legally purchafed all the whole of thofe lands for 320l. as appears more at large by the faid decree and other writings.

AN OLD COTTAGE, now in three fmail dwellings, built on the wafte has belonged to the parish time out of mind.

There is a work-house here for the poor, those maintained in it are yearly about fifty, out of it about forty-five.

MARDEN is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JURIS-DICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Sutton.

The church confifts of three ifles and three chancels, with a low fquare tower at the weft end of it, in which there are fix bells. It is fituated very low and damp, at the weft end of the town. In it was a chapel, dedicated to St. John the Baptift. In 1763 this church was beautified by fubfcription, at the expence of 961. 35. 9d.

* There is a pedigree of this family in the Heralds office, book marked D. 18, fol. 102.

Richard

Richard de Lucy, chief justice of England, on the foundation and endowment of the abbey at Lesnes, gave the church of Merden to it, in pure and perpetual alms; which gift was confirmed by feveral kings afterwards; and in the 16th year of the latter reign, there was a vicarage endowed here by archbishop Stratford.¹

The appropriation of this church, together with the advowion of the vicarage, remained part of the possessions of that abbey till the final diffolution of it in the reign of Henry VIII. when being one of those fmaller monasteries, which cardinal Wolfey had obtained of the king in the 17th year of his reign, for the endowment of his colleagues, it was furrendered, with all its possessions, into the cardinal's hands, and afterwards granted by him, by the like letters patent, for the better endowment of his college, called Cardinal's college, in Oxford. But this church staid with that college only four years; when the cardinal being caft in a pramunire, in 1529, all the estates of it were forfeited to the king, and became part of the revenues of the crown, whence it was foon afterwards granted to the Carthufian monastery of Shene, in Surry, and on the diffolution of that house within a few years afterwards, it came again to the crown, where it feems to have remained till queen Elizabeth having, in her 3d year, taken into her hands feveral manors, lands, &c. parcel of the revenue of the fee of Canterbury, by her letters patent that year, granted to archbishop Parker and his fucceffors, feveral rectories and parfonages in lieu of them, among which latter was this church of Marden appropriate, then valued at fifteen pounds, (being the referved rent by the leffee of it) with the advowfon of the vicarage appurtenant to it. Since which it has remained parcel of the poffeffions of the fee of Canterbury, and does fo at this time.

¹ See Ducarel's Rep. edit. 2, p. 77.

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In the 8th year of king Richard II. this church was valued at 261. 138. 4d. annual value. In 1643 Sir William Acton, knight and baronet, was leffee of this rectory, at the yearly rent of fifteen pounds. John Cole, of Horfemonden, is the prefent leffee of it.

The vicarage is valued in the king's books at 71. 18s. 4d. and the yearly tenths at 15s. 10d. In 1557 here were three hundred families, communicants five hundred. In 1569 four hundred and twenty families. Since which this parifh has greatly increased in number of inhabitants. In 1640 this vicarage was valued at feventy-five pounds per annum. It is now of much greater value. There is no glebe belonging to it.

Archbishop Juxon, in conformity to the king's letters mandatory, anno 15 Charles II. augmented this vicarage, by increasing the old pension from the lesse of the parsonage, from three pounds to twenty pounds per annum.

An eftate in this parish, of about fifteen pounds per annum value, formerly belonging to Mottenden priory, now to John Sawbridge, esq. claims an exemption of tithes.

CHURCH OF MARDEN.

Or by whom prefented.	RECTORS.
The Crown.	Solomon Boxer, Oct. 29, 1584, obt. 1614. ^m John Wood, A. M. May 10, 1614, 1642. ⁿ
The Archbishop of Canterbury	George Amhurst, obt. Nov. 1, 1707. ⁹ George Fage, A. M. Dec. 16, 1707, obt. 1728. ⁹
	John Henry Ott, A. M. refigned Sept. 1728.
m He was buried in the chancel, within the altar rails. n White's Century, p. 30. Wal- ker's Suff. of Clergy, pt. 11. p. 400.	 • He lies buried in this church, within the altar rails. • Alfo rector of Hunton, and pre- bendary of Litchfield.

PATRONS

PATRONS, &c. The Archbishop of Canterbury.

- RECTORS.
- William Jacomb, prefented Sept. 1728, obt. 1741.

Walter Walker Ward, D. D. inducted Jan. 30, 1741, refigned 1742.9

Jonathan Monkton, A. M. inducted Dec. 4, 1742, refigned 1766.^r

John Andrews, LL. B. Dec. 22, 1766, the prefent vicar.

q Alfo rector of Biddenden, and refigued this vicarage on being prefented to Great Chart. r He was before vicar of Sittingborne.

GOUDHURST

LIES the next parish fouthward from Marden. The northern part of it, as far fouthward as the ftream formerly called Rifebridge river, which flows from Bedgebury to Hope mill, and a fmaller part likewife on the other fide of it, adjoining to the rivulet called the Bewle westward, is in the hundred of Marden, and lower division of the lath of Scray; the reft of the parish fouthward of the first-mentioned stream, is in the hundred of Weft, alias Little Barnefield, and lath of Aylesford, comprehending the whole of that hundred. So much of this parish as is within the borough of Faircrouch, is in the hundred of Cranbrook ; as much as is in the boroughs of Pattenden, Lilfden, Combwell, and Chingley or Bromley, is in the fame hundred of Weft, alias Little Barnefield ; and the refidue is in the hundred of Marden. It lies wholly within the diffrict of the Weald, and in the division of West Kent.

The borfholders of the boroughs of Highamden, Pattenden, and Hilfden, in this parifh, are chofen at the court-leet holden for the manor of East Farleigh, and the inhabitants owe no fervice but to that manor; only a constable for the hundred of West Barnefield may be

be chosen out of such parts of them as lay within it for that hundred. The manor of Maidstone likewise extends into this parish, over lands as far southward as Rife-bridge.

THE PARISH OF GOUDHURST is very pleafantly fituated, being interspersed on every fide with frequent hill and dale. The trees in it are oak, of a large fize, and in great plenty throughout it, as well in the woods, as broad hedge-rows and thaves round the fields. The lands are in general very fertile; the foil, like the adjoining parifhes, is mostly a deep stiff clay, being heavy tillage land, but it has the advantage of a great deal of rich marle at different places, and in fome few parts fand, with which the roads are in general covered; and in the grounds near Finchcocks, there is a gravel-pit, which is the only one, I believe, in this part of the county. There is much more pafture than arable land in it, the former being moftly fatting lands, bullocks fatted on them weighing in general from 120 to 130 flone. It is well watered with feveral ftreams in different parts of it, all which uniting with the Teis, flow in one channel, along the western fide of this parish, towards the Medway. The eaftern and fouthern parts of it are much covered with thick coppice wood, moftly of oak. The turnpike road from Maidstone over Cocksheath through Marden, leads through the upper part of this parith fouthward, dividing into two branches at Winchethill; that to the left goes on to Comborne, and leaving the town of Goudhurst a little to the right, joins the Cranbrooke road a little beyond it. That to the right, having taken into it a branch of the Woodgate road from I unbridge, near Broadford-bridge, goes on to the town of Goudhurft, and thence eaflward to Cranbrooke and Tenterden; and the great high road from Lamberhurft through Stonecrouch to Hawkhurft, and into Suffex, fouth-eaft. goes along the fouthern bounds of this parifh.

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The

The parifh is about eight miles long and four broad. There are about three hundred houfes in it, and fomewhat more than five inhabitants to a houfe. It is very healthy; fixty years of age being efteemed, if not the prime, at leaft the middle age of life; the inhabitants of these parts being in great measure untainted with the vices and diffipation too frequently practifed above the hill.

There are, two heaths or commons here; the one called Pyles-health, and the other Killdown, in Weft Barnefield hundred.

THE TOWN, or village of Goudburft, flands in the hundred of Marden, about half a mile within the lower or fouthern bounds of it, on an hill, commanding an extensive view of the country all around it. It is not paved, but is built on the fides of five different roads, which unite at a large pond in the middle of it. The houses are mostly large, antient and well-timbered, like the reft of those in this neighbourhood, one of them, called Brickwall, belongs to the Rev. Mr. Thomas Bathurft. Within memory there were many clothiers here, but there are none now. There is fome little of the woolftapling business yet carried on.

On the fummit of the hill, on which the town ftands, is the church, a confpicuous object to the neighbouring country, and near it was the marketplace, which was pulled down about the year 1650, and the prefent fmall one built lower down, at the broad place in the town near the pond. The market was held on a Wedneiday weekly, for cattle, provifions, &c. till within memory; it is now entirely difufed, there is a fair held yearly in the town, upon the day of *the alfumption of our lady*, being August 26, for cattle, hardware, toys, &c. This market and fair were granted in the year of king Richard II. to Joane, widow of Roger de Bedgebury, the possibility of which eftate eftate claim at this time the privilege of holding them, by a yearly rent to the manor of Marden.

At the hamlet of Stonecrouch is a post-office of very confiderable account, its district extending to Goudhurst, Cranbrooke, Tenterden, Winchelsea, Rye, and Haftings, and all the intermediate and adjoining places, to which letters are directed by this Stonecrouch bag.

ALMOST adjoining to the town eastward, on the road leading to Tenterden, there is A HAMLET, called LITTLE GOUDHURST, in which there is an antient feat, called TAYWELL, which for many generations was poffefied by a family of the name of Lake, who bore for their arms, Sable, a bend between fix crosscroslets, fitchee, argent. In the north isle of this church, under which is a vault, in which this family lie buried, there is a marble, on which is a descent of them: The last of them, Thomas Lake, efq. barrister-at-law, refided here, but dying without islue male, his daughters and coheirs became poffeffed of it; one of whom married Maximilian Gott, efq. and the other Thomas Huffey, elq. whole fon Edward Huffey, elq. of Scotney, now possesses the entire fee of this estate, which is demifed for a long term of years to Mr. Olive, who has almost rebuilt it, and refides in it.

ATASMALL DISTANCE fouthward from the abovementioned feat, is another, called TRIGGS, which was for feveral descents the refidence of the Stringers, a family of good account in the different parts of this county. John Stringer, efq. fon of Edward Stringer, of Biddenden, by Phillis his wife, daughter of George Holland, gent. refided here in king Charles I.'s reign, and married Sufanna, daughter of Stephen Streeter, of Goudhurst, by whom he had Stephen, of Goudhurst; John, gent. of Ashford, who left a daughter and heir Mary, married to Anthony Irby, efq. Edward and Thomas, both of Goudhurft; the latter left two fons, Thomas and Edward, and a daughter Catherine.

Catherine, who married William Belcher, M. D. by whom the had Stringer Belcher, and other children. The Stringers bore for their arms, Per chevron, or, and lable, in chief two eagles displayed of the second, in the base a fleur de lis of the first.

Stephen Stringer, the eldeft fon of John, refided at Triggs in the reign of king Charles II. and was fucceeded in it by his fecond fon Stephen Stringer, cfq. who kept his thrievalty here in the 6th year of queen Anne. He died without male iffue, leaving by Jane his wife, daughter of John Austen, efq. of Broadford, four daughters his coheirs, Jane, married to Thomas Wefton, of Cranbrooke; Hannah to William Monk, of Buckingham, in Suffex, whole eldeft daughter and coheir married Thomas Knight, elq. of Godmersham; Elizabeth married Edward Bathurft, elq. of Finchcocks, and Anne married John Kirril, efq. of Sevenoke.^s This leat was afterwards alienated to Francis Auften, elq. of Sevenoke, whole fon Francis Mottley Auften, elq. of Sevencke, is the prefent owner of it.

THE MANOR OF MARDEN claims over the greateft part of this parish; part of it, being the dens beforementioned, are within the manor of East Farleigh, and the remaining part, called Wincehurft-den, is within the manor of Gillingham, near Chatham. Although that part of this parish which lies within the hundred of West Barnefield, being the most fouthern part of it, contains those places which are of, by far, the greateft note in it, yet, for the fake of regularity in my description, I shall begin with those in the hundred of Marden, partly already defcribed, and having finished that, proceed next to the hundred of Weft Barnefield, and the matters worthy of notice in it.

BOKINFOLD is a manor of large extent, fituated in the hundred of Marden, having formerly a large park and demelnes belonging to it, which extended into

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^s Pedigree in the hands of Mrs. Knight, of Godmersham.

the parishes of Brenchley, Horsemonden, Yalding, Marden, and Goudhurft, the house of it being fituated in that of Yalding, in the defcription of which parish the reader will find an ample account of the former ftate and poffeffors of it." It will, therefore, be tufficient to mention here, in addition to it, that the whole of this manor coming at length into the possession of Sir Alexander Colepeper. He in the 3d year of queen Elizabeth levied a fine of it, and three years afterwards alienated that part of this manor, and all the demefnes of it which lay in Brenchley, Horlemonden, Yalding, and Marden, to Roger Revell, as has been mentioned under the parish of Yalding, and THE RE-MAINDER OF IT in this parish, held of the manor of Marden, to Sharpeigh, whofe defcendant Stephen Sharpeigh paffed that part of it away in 1582, to Richard Reynolds, whofe fon and heir John Reynolds, about the 41ft year of queen Elizabeth, conveyed it to Richard Eliot, and he, about the year 1601, alienated it to Thomas Girdler, who the next year fold it to John Reynolds, and he, in the 5th year of king James, transmitted it to John Beale, who, about 1609, passed it away to John Harlefton, of Ickham, and he fettled it by will on Richard Harlefton, who in like manner devifed it to his kinfman Richard Bifhop, and he, foon after the death of king Charles I. fold it to Mr. Stephen Stringer, of Triggs, in Goudhurft, whofe fon, of the fame name, was sheriff anno 6 queen Anne, and left five daughters his coheirs, of whom Elizabeth, the third, married Edward Bathurft, efq. of Finchcocks, and on the division of their inheritance, he, in her right, became posseffed of this manor. He died in 1772, upon which this eftate came to his fon, the Rev. Thomas Bathurft, rector of Welwyn, in Hertfordshire, the present owner of it. A court baron is regularly held for this manor.

^t See vol. v. of this hiftory, p. 163.

In 1641 the archbishop collated RichardAmhurst, clerk, to the free chapels of Bockinfold and Newsted annexed, in the archdeaconry of Canterbury, then vacant and of his patronage."

COMBORNE is an eftate, fituated in the northernmost part of this parish, adjoining to Winchet-hill, in the hundred of Marden likewise; which place of *Winchet-hill* was antiently the original feat in this county, of the family of Roberts, of Glassenbury.

An anceftor of this family, William Rookherft, a gentleman of Scotland, left his native country, and came into England in the 3d year of king Henry I. and had afterwards the furname of Roberts, having purchafed lands at Winchet-hill, on which he built himfelf a manfion, calling it *Rookherft*, after himfelf. This place came afterwards to be called *Ladiefden Rokehurft*, alias *Curtefden*, and continued the refidence of this family till the reign of king Richard II. when Stephen Roberts, alias Rookherft, marrying Joane, the daughter and heir of William Tilley, of Glaffenbury, removed thither, and the remains of their refidence here are fo totally effaced, as to be known only by the family evidences, and the report of the neighbourhood.

But their effate at Winchet-hill continued feveral generations afterwards in their defcendants, till it was at length alienated to one of the family of Maplefden, of Marden, in whofe defcendants this effate, together with that of Comborne adjoining, continued down to Edward Maplefden; efq. of the Middle Temple, who died in 1755. f. p. and inteffate. Upon which they defcended to Alexander Courthope, efq. of Horfemonden, the fon of his fifter Catherine, and to Charles Booth, efq. the grandfon of his fifter Anne, as his coheirs in gavelkind, and on a partition of thofe effates between them, Winchet-hill was allotted to Charles

" Book of Inductions, in Register-office, Canterbury.

Booth,

Booth, esq. afterwards Sir Charles Booth, of Harrietlham-place, who died poffessed of it, *f. p.* in 1795, and his devisees, for the purposes of his will, are now in the possession of it; but Comborne was allotted to Alexander Courthope, esq. fince deceased, whose nephew John Cole, esq. now possessit.

FINCHCOCKS is a feat in this parish, fituated within the hundred of Marden, in that angle of it which extends fouth-weftward below Hope mill, and is likewife within that manor. It was formerly of note for being the manfion of a family of the fame furname, who were poffessed of it as early as the 40th year of Henry III. They were fucceeded in it by the family of Horden, of Horden, who became proprietors of it by purchase in the beginning of king Henry VI.'s reign, one of whom was Edward Horden, efq. clerk of the green cloth to king Edward VI. queen Mary, and queen Elizabeth, who had, for fome confiderable fervice to the crown, the augmentation of a regal diadem, added to his paternal coat by queen Elizabeth. He left two daughters his coheirs, Elizabeth, married to Mr. Paul Bathurst, of Bathurst-street, in Nordiam, and Mary to Mr. Delves, of Fletchings, who had Horden for his share of the inheritance, as the other had this of Finchcocks. He was descended from Laurence Bathurft, of Canterbury, who held lands there and in Cranbrooke, whole fon of the fame name, left three fons, of whom Edward, the eldeft, was of Staplehurft, and was anceftor of the Bathurfts, of Franks, in this county, now extinct," of the earls Bathurft, and those of Clarenden-park, in Wiltshire, and Lyd. ney, in Gloucestershire; Robert Bathurst, the second, was of Horsemonden; and John, the third fon, was ancestor of the Bathursts, of Ockham, in Hampshire. Robert Bathurft, of Horfemonden above-mentioned, by his first wife had John, from whom came the Ba-

* See vol. ii. of this hiftory, p. 500.

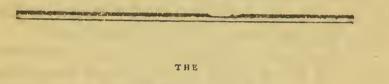
F 4

thurfts,

thursts, of Lechlade, in Gloucestershire, and baronets; and Paul, who was of Nordiam, and afterwards polfeffor of Finchcocks, from whole great-grandfon William, who was a merchant in London, detcended the Bathurfts, of Edmonton, in Middlefex. By his fecond wife he had John, who was of Goudhurft, anceftor of the Bathurfts, of Richmond, in Yorkfhire. In the descendants of Paul Bathurst before-mentioned, this feat continued down to Thomas Bathurft, efg. who by his will deviled this feat and effate to his nephew Edward, only fon of his younger brother William, of Wilmington, who leaving his refidence there on having this feat devifed to him, removed hither, and rebuilt this feat, at a great expence, in a most ftately manner. He refided here till his death in 1772, having been twice married, and leaving feveral children by each of his wives. By his first wife Elizabeth, third daughter and coheir of Stephen Stringer, efq. of Triggs, he had three fons, Edward, who left a daughter Dorothy, now unmarried, and John and Thomas, both fellows of All Souls college, in Oxford, the latter of whom is now rector of Welwyn, in Hertfordshire. Before his death he conveyed this feat and eftate by fale to his fon by his fecond wife, Mr. Charles Bathurft, who on his decease in 1767, f. p. devifed it by will to his brother, the Rev. Mr. Richard Bathurft, now of Rochefter, the prefent poffeffor of it This branch of the family of Bathurft bore for their arms the fame coat as those of Franks, in this county, and those of Cirencester, Lydney, and Clarendon, viz. Sable, two bars, ermine, in chief three crosses pattee, or, with a crescent for difference; but with a different creft, viz. Party per fess, and pale, a demi wolf argent, and fable, bulding a regal crozen, or; which I take to be that borne by Edward Horden, whofe heir Paul Bathurft, their anceftor, married, and whofe coat of arms they likewife quartered with their own, Ат

GOUDHURST.

AT NO GREAT DISTANCE from Finchcocks, in the fame hundred, lies a capital meffuage, called RISE-DEN, alias GATEHOUSE, which formerly belonged to a family named Sabbe, one of whom, Simon Sabbe, fold it, before the middle of the laft century, to Mr. Robert Bathurft, from whom it defcended down, with an adjoining eftate, called TRILLINGHERST, to another Robert Bathurft, who died in 1731, and lies buried in this church, whofe daughter Mary fold them both to Sir Horace Mann, bart. the prefent poffefior of them.



HUNDRED

WEST OR LITTLE BARNEFIELD,

OF

LIES adjoining to that of Marden fouthward, and is in the lath of Aylesford; it confifts only of the remaining part of the parish of Goudhurst yet undefcribed, being the fouthern part of it.

ALMOST in the midft of this part of Goudhurft is fituated that eminent feat, called BEDGEBURY, nearly furrounded by a large tract of woodland, the greateft part of which is now known by the names of *Bedge*bury-park and the Fryth-woods.

This feat, in times of high antiquity, afforded both feat and furname to the poffeffors of it, one of them, John de Bedgebury, as appears by an old datelefs deed, probably about the time of king Edward II. demifed lands to William de Comeden, of Comedenhoute in these parts; his feal fixed to it being a knight on horseback, armed *cap-a-pee*. His descendant John de Bedgebury, son of John de Bedgebury, who died in 74

in 1424, and was buried in this church, dying f. p. in the reign of Henry VI. Agnes his fifter, married to John Colepeper, became his heir, and entitled her hufband to this feat, with the appendant manors of Bedgebury and Ford. He was the fecond fon of Walter Colepeper, of Goudhurft, defcended from thofe of Bayhali, in this county, where a full account of them may be feen. He was afterwards knighted, and theriff in the 7th year of king Edward IV. at which time he refided at Bedgebury, where he died in 1480, and was buried near his father in this church, leaving two fons, Alexander, who was of Bedgebury, and Walter, who was anceftor of the Colepepers, of Leedscaftle, Hollingborne, and the Charter-houfe.^{*}

Sir Alexander Colepeper, the fon, was of Bedgebury, and theriff in the 15th and 22d years of king Henry VII. and the 6th of Henry VIII. Thomas Colepeper, efq. his eldeft fon, of Bedgebury, procured his lands to be difgavelled by the act of the 2d and 3d year of king Edward VI. in the latter of which he was sheriff. His grandson Anthony was of Bedgebury likewife, and was knighted by queen Elizabeth, who in her progrefs through Kent in 1573, honored this feat with her prefence; and it is faid in Camden's Remains, to the reputation of this family, that there were twelve knights and baronets alive, of this house of Colepeper, at one time. He had twelve fons and four daughters; of the furviving fons, Henry the third, was of Endford, in Wiltshire, clerk, and Thomas the fifth was of St. Stephen's, near Canterbury. Sir Alexander Colepeper, the eldeft fon, fucceeding his father, refided at Bedgebury in the reign of king James I. He left an only daughter Anne, married to Thomas Snelgrave, efq. fo that after his death this feat and eftate seems to have descended, by the entail of it, to his next brother William Colepeper, efq. who

* See vol. v. of this hiftory, p. 467, 486.

died

GOUDHURST.

died about the time of the reftoration of Charles II. and his fon Thomas Colepeper, efq. alienated Bedgebury, with its appendant manors, to Sir James Hayes, who married Rachel, vifcountefs Falkland, the daughter of Sir Anthony Hungerford, and widow of Lucius, vifcount Falkland, the renowned friend of lord Clarendon. He rebuilt this feat, at a fmall diftance from the antient manfion. He bore for his arms, Argent, three efcutcheons, gules.

After his death, and much litigation in the court of chancery, Edward Stephenfon, efq. who had a large mortgage on this eftate, was put in the poffeffion of it by that court, whole nephew Edward Stephenfon, efq. afterwards poffeffed it, and on his death in 1782, it came to his coufin Capt. Edward Stephenfon, who died in the Eaft-Indies, and devifed it to Mifs Peach, and fhe fold it foon afterwards to John Cartier, efq. the prefent poffeffor of thefe manors, with the feat and eftate of Bedgebury.

In the reign of queen Elizabeth, there was an extensive park adjoining to this feat, but it has been *disparked* many years. John Cartier, esq. has for some time resided at Bedgebury, where he kept his shrievalty in 1789, and has made great improvements to the house and lands adjoining.

A court baron is regularly held for the manor of Bedgebury.

TWYSDEN BOROUGH, antiently called Twyfenden, and now ufually called Burrs-farm which name is a contraction from the word borough to burgh, and thence to Burr, was once reputed a manor, and lies in the hundred of Weft Barnefield, at a fmall diftance northward from Bedgebury; a place worthy notice, as having been the antient inheritance of the family of Twyfden, who took their name originally from it, being at first called De Twyfenden, and in Latin, De Denna Fracta, according to the quaint language of those times.

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Adam

WEST BARNEFIELD HUNDRED.

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Adam de Twyfenden, or Twyfden, poffeffed this eftate in the reign of Edward I. as did his defcendant Roger Twyfden, who in the 5th year of Henry IV. fealed with an imprefion of a cockatrice, in wax, as appears by a deed now in the hands of Sir William-Jarvis Twyfden, bart. of Eaft Peckham, a fingular thing in thole times, when crefts were very unufual, and only began to be cuftomary, when thole eminent families, who took part in the two factions of the houfes of York and Lancafter, affumed them as marks of diffinction of the party they fided with. This creft is ftill borne by the different branches of this family.^y

Roger Twyfden, above-mentioned, married Elizabeth, daughter and heir of Thomas Chelmington, efq. of Chelmington, in Great Chart, to which his fon Roger Twyfden, efq. removed and made it his refidence. He was fleward of the liberty of the priory of Christ-church, in Canterbury, in the reign of king Henry VI. in the beginning of which reigh he fold this effate to Roger Rifeden, of Rifeden, in this parifh, and he immediately afterwards alienated it to Jeffry Allen, who, about the latter end of that reign, fettled it by deed on Thomas Windhill." After which it was, for leveral defcents, possefield by the family of Auften, in which it continued till by Elizabeth, daughter and coheir of William Auften, gent. of Goudhurst, it passed in marriage, about the time of king Charles I. to Anthony Fowle, of Rotherfield, in Suflex, a younger branch of those of Riverhall, in that county, and he on his death devifed it to his fecond fon Simon Fowle, efq. of this place, who died possessed of it in 1672, leaving an only daughter, and was buried in this church. He bore for his arms,

^y Philipott. p. 172. Viftn. co. Kent, anno 1619. Register of Christ-church, Cant.

² Philipott, 172, taken from original deeds and evidences.

GOUDHURST.

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Gules, a lion pafant, guardant, between three rofes, or. Soon after which it came into the pofleffion of Bathurft, a younger branch of those of Finchcocks, from which it was told to Jeffry Gilbert, baron of the exchequer, and after that to John Norris, esq. of Hemfted, in Benenden, eldest fon of admiral Sir John Norris, who died in 1767, and was succeeded in it by his fon John Norris, esq. whose trustees fold it to John Cartier, esq of Bedgebury, the present owner of it.

There has been no court held for this manor for fome time.

ADJOINING to Twyfden borough is the BOROUGH OF LILSDEN, the manor of which lately belonged to Springet, and afterwards to Mr. John Noaks, gent. Since which it has been conveyed to John Cartier, efq. of Bedgebury, the prefent owner of it.

THE BOROUGH OF PATTENDEN, over which the manor of East Farleigh claims, was once reputed a manor, and is fituated at the uppermoft or northern part of this hundred. It gave both feat and furname to a family who were poffeffors of it, as appears by original deeds and other records, as early as the reign of Edward I. They continued owners of it at the latter end of the reign of Henry VI. in the 29th year of which, on the commission then issued out to Jervas Clifton, elq. sheriff of this county, to return all those who bore arma antiqua, the name of Pattenden, then poffeffor of this manor, was returned among them. His descendant alienated it to Sir Maurice Berkeley, standard-bearer to Henry VIII. king Edward VI. and queen Elizabeth. By his will in 1581, he gwe his manor of Pattenden to Robert, his fourth ion, being the eldeft by Elizabeth his fecond wife, daughter of Sir Anthony Sondes, of Throwley, and he, in the fame reign, alienated it to Mr. William Befwicke, of Spelmonden, in Horfemonden; after which it paffed in like manner as that feat down to Hugh Marriott.

WEST BARNEFIELD HUNDRED.

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Marriott, esq. who died in 1753, and his daughter Mrs. Anne Marriott is the present owner of it.²

CHINGLEY, now more commonly called Shingley, is a manor and eftate, fituated in this parish, at the western fide of the same hundred. It was, so early as the beginning of the reign of king Edward I. part of the polleffions of the Ciftertian abbey of Boxley, the abbot of which, in the 33d year of Edward III. obtained a charter of free-warren for his demesne lands in his manor of Chingele, in this parish, which continued part of the poffeffions of that abbey till the furrendry of it into the hands of Henry VIII. in his 29th year, who in his 36th year granted it, with other premifes in Goudhurft and Staplehurft, to Thomas Colepeper, elq. to hold in capite by knight's fervice. And he, two years afterwards, alienated the manor of Chingley, and Chingley-wood, with their appurtenances, to Thomas Darell, of Scotney, and Stephen Darell, of Horsemonden, sons of Thomas Darell, esq. of Scotney, the former of whom became at length fole possession of this manor and estate, and in the 17th year of queen Elizabeth, fold one moiety of it to William Campion, barrifter-at-law. But the other moiety he still kept possession of, which continued in his name and family down to John Darell, efg. of Scotney, who in 1774 alienated Chingley-wood to Mr. John Hammond, and the moiety of the manor to Mr. John Richards, and he in 1779 fold it to Edward Huffey, elq. of Scotney, the prelent poffeffor of it.

But the other moiety of this manor and eftate, called, for diffinction fake, LITTLE CHINGLEY, or Shingley, which was alienated to William Campion, efq. who was of Combwell, in this parifh, continues at this time in his lineal defcendant William-John Campion,

* See more of the Befwickes and Marriots, under Horfemonden, vol. v. p. 314. esq. son of Henry Courthope Campion, esq. of Danny, in Sussex.

The owners of each moiety of Chingley manor and eftate claim an exemption of tithes for their refpective fhares before-mentioned, as does the owner of Chingley-wood.

THE MANOR OF COMBWELL lies in the fame hundred, on part of which, at a place then called Henle, Robert de Thurnham, in the reign of king Henry II. founded A PRIORY for canons of the order of St. Augustine, and dedicated it to St. Mary Magdalen, and endowed it with Henle, Cumbewell, and other possessions, in perpetual alms, which gift was confirmed by his fon Stephen de Thurnham, together with all its poffessions, in free, pure, and perpetual alms, and by king Henry III. by inspeximus, in his 11th year, who at the fame time granted to them a fair, to be held here on the feast and morrow of St. Mary Magdalen. In the 8th year of Richard II. the whole revenues of this priory were valued at 661. 2s. 6d: Tanner fays, this was founded an abbey, but on account of the charge of fupporting the state of fo great a prelate as an abbot, was, by reason of its slender revenues, degraded to a priory. If this was the cafe, which I find no where elfe mentioned, this change must have happened very early; for in 1285 it was again become a priory.^b It was fubject to the fee of Canterbury, the prior conftantly making his profession of obedience to the archbishop. He was installed by the archdeacon, who, as his fees, had liberty of flaying at the priory two nights and one day, during which he was to be found in meat and drink at the expence of the fociety, but was not to take any thing further. In the 27th year of Henry VIII. an act passed for suppressing all such religious houses, whose revenues did not amount to the clear yearly value of two hundred

^b See Stev. Mon. vol. i. p. 326. Tan. Mon. p. xxvii.

pounds.

pounds. In confequence of which this priory, whofe revenues amounted to no more than 12Sl. 18. $9^{\frac{1}{2}}$ d. in the whole, and 80l. 17s. $5^{\frac{1}{3}}$ d. clear yearly income, was furrendered, with all its lands and poffetfions, into the king's hands, by Thomas Vincent, the prior of it, who had a penfion of ten pounds per annum for his future maintenance.

King Henry VIII.next year, being his 29th, granted the late priory of Combwell, otherwife called Comwell, with the manors of Combwell, Leftherst, alias Loffherst, Hooke, and Coldred, in this county, to Thomas Culpeper, to hold in capite by knight's fervice. But he did not poffefs them long, for it appears by the efcheat rolls that they were again in the crown, in the 34th year of that reign, in which the king granted them to Sir John Gage, in reward for his fervices in the expedition made into Scotland that year, to hold by the like fervice. He was a most diftinguished perfon, both in his military as well as civil capacity, and became one of the most eminent men of the age he lived in ; having been, among other offices, made of the privy council, vice chamberlain, comptroller of the houshold, and chancellor of the duchy of Lancaster. After which he was made conftable of the tower of London, and knight of the order of the garter, and lord chamberlain of the houshold, from whom descended the Gages of Firle, baronets; the prefent lord vifcount Gage, and the Gages, of Suffolk, baronets. He bore for his arms, Gyrony of four, azure, and argent, a faltire, gules." He feems to have exchanged the manor of Combwell, and the fcite of the priory, and other premifes belonging to it in Goudhurft, with Thomas Colepeper, or Culpeper, efq. of Bedgebury, for the confirmation of which an act passed next year, being the 35th year of the fame reign. His fon Sir Alexander Colepeper, in the beginning of queen Elizabeth's reign,

Coll. Bar. vol. i. p. 506. Kimb. Bar. vol. ii. p. 247.

alienated

alienated them to William Campion, efq. descended of a younger branch of those of Witham, in Esser, who afterwards refided here, where he died in 1615, and was buried in this church. His fon, Sir William Campion, was of Combwell; a most valiant and loyal gentleman, who engaged early in the troubles of Charles I. in the fervice of that prince. Being in Colchefter with his regiment, at the time that town was affaulted by the rebels under General Fairfax, on June 13, 1648, in a fally out of it he was flain, and was buried in the chancel of St. Peter's, Colchefter, being aged only thirtyfour. He left a fon William, eig. who was of Combwell, having married Frances, third daughter of Sir John Glynne, ferjeant at-law, by whom he had iffue two fons and fix daughters. Of the former, the eldeft furviving fon Henry, fucceeded him in this estate, and married the daughter and heir of Peter Courthope, efq. of Danny, in Suffex, whole grandfather, Peter Courthope, efq. was of Cranbrooke, in the time of king Charles I. and removed from thence to Danny, which he purchased of the earl of Norwich, and died in 1657, to which feat Henry Campion, elq. removed, and foon afterwards pulled down the greatest part of this feat of Combwell, leaving only fufficient for a farmhouse. His fon and heir Wm. Campion, elq. of Danny, poffeffed this eftate of Combwell on his father's deceafe, and died in 1778, and his grandfon William-John Campion, esq. (son of Henry Courthope Campion, esq. of Danny, in Suffex) who married the eldeft daughter of Francis Mottley Austen, efq. of Sevenoke, is the prefent owner of it. The Campions bear for their arms, Argent, on a chief, gules, an eagle displayed, or.

There is a court leet and court baron regularly held for this manor, at the hamlet of Stonecrouch in this parifh, which claims over the whole of this hundred of West, alias Little Barnefield.

VOL. VIL.

CHARITIES.

G

CHARITIES.

JOHN ROBERTS, of Goudhurft, by will in 1605, gave to the poor of this parish an annuity of 105. out of his meffuage and lands in this parish, wherein he then dwelt, with power for the overfeers to diffrain, &c.

EDWARD ROBERTS, ESQ. of Goudhurft, by will in 1627, ordered, that his fon Thomas, his executor, fhould purchafe lands to the value of 40s. per annum, to remain for ever to the poor of this parifh, to be difpofed of by the overfeers.

RICHARD BISHOP, of Goudhurft, by will in 1630, bequeathed to certain aged poor people of this parifh 205. to be paid to them yearly for ever, out of his houfe and lands at Rifebridge, to be paid to the vicar and churchwardens, and their fucceffors, for ever, to be diffributed to ten poor aged and impotent perfons of it every half year, with power of diffrefs, &c.

JOHN HORSEMONDEN, of Goudhurft, clothier, by will in 1636, gave 10l. to the churchwardens and overfeers, to be laid up for a conftant flock, to provide wood and faggots for the poor people about the town of Goudhurft, at their difcretion.

RICHARD THOMAS, gent. of Goudhurft, by will in 1639, gave to the ufe of the poor people of this parifh for ever, all his right and intereft in the three cottages, with their appurtenances, in Goudhurft, at the lower end of Flimwell-ftreet, near to his lands there, called Pound-fields.^d

THE FOLLOWING are from a table of charities, hung up in the church.

SIR WILLIAM CAMPION, late of Combwell, in 1618, gave a chalice and patten.

FRANCES CAMPION, widow and relict of William Campion, late of Combwell, deceafed, in 1722, gave two filver flaggons gilt, for the use of the facrament; and the branch in the middle isle.

HENRY CAMPION, efq. late of Danny, deceafed, in 1753, gave 400l. to be laid out in the purchafe of lands in this parifh, or within ten miles thereof, for the benefit of the vicar for ever. This money is now vefted in the 3 per cent. confolidated Bank Annuities, and the vicar conftantly receives the intereft of it.

JOHN HORSEMONDEN, efq. of this parish, by will in 1670, gave 35l. per annum for ever, for the endowment of *a Latin fchool*, and charged his real estate in Tenterden with the payment thereof.

SIR HENRY FERMOR, bart. late of Sevenoke, in this county, gave by will in 1732, one load of beft wheat bread-corn, to be delivered yearly on Oct. 10, for ever, to industrious poor people, men and women, who do not receive alms, (which is now given

d All the above-mentioned wills are in the Prerogative-office, Canterbury.

to forty of them) and charged all his eftates in Hadlow and Great Peckham with it.

THOMAS BATHURST, efq. late of Finchcocks, by will gave 51. per annum for ever, for an English fchool, at Rifeden, in this parish, and 20s. to be laid out in good books, and charged his lands in Horfemonden with the payment thereof.

THOMAS PARIS, who died in 1782, gave by will the fum of 400l. vefted in the 3 per cent. Eaft-India Annuities, the intereft to be applied to purchafe forty fixpenny loaves, to be given away to the poor on the first Sunday in every month; and he gave likewife 100l. to be diffributed among one hundred poor perfons after his death.

The poor conftantly relieved are about one hundred and ten : cafually as many.

THERE ARE TWO SCHOOLS in this parifh, founded by John Horfemonden, efq. one for teaching grammar and the Latin language, the other English. The former is under the care of the Rev. Mr. Dowthwait, who has a falary of thirty-five pounds per annum; the latter is under the care of a widow woman, who has a falary of five pounds per annum, and is full of poor children.

There is another *fchool* at Rifeden, in this parifh, founded by the will of Thomas Bathurft, efq. of Finchcocks, who devifed five pounds per annum for ever, for an English *fchool* there; and twenty fhillings per annum to be laid out in good books.^e

GOUDHURST is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JU-RISDICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Sutton.

The church is dedicated to the bleffed Virgin Mary. It is a large handfome building, confifting of three ifles and three chancels. It has a large over-fized low tower at the weft end, with a fmall beacon tower at one corner, on which is a pointed turret, covered with lead, with a vane on the top of it. There is a ring of eight bells in it. There is no painted glafs remaining in the windows. In the fouth chancel, one half of which be-

• See the lift of charities before.

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longs

longs to the Bedgebury eftate, are feveral monuments and memorials of the Colepeper family; particularly a tomb of Bethersden marble, with figures in brass, of a man and woman, and their fix children. Over it is an arch, fuppofed to be for one of this family; feveral graveitones, with figures in brafs, on one the arms of Colepeper, impaling three harts heads, couped; infeription gone. Against the fouth wall is a most fumptuous monument of sculpture, composed of many different coloured marbles, having the figures of a man and woman (fhe being on the right hand, which is unufual) kneeling at two defks; behind him a youth kneeling; underneath are five daughters, eleven fons, and two still born infants besides, lying under the latter, on it an infeription for Thomas Colepeper, efq. of Bedgebury, eldeft fon of Ould Sir Alexander Colepeper, of the fame, obt. 1550; of Sir Alexander Cole-peper, fon of the faid Thomas, obt. 1599; and one mentioning that Sir Anthony Colepeper, fon and heir of the fame Sir Alexander, made this tomb in 1608, æt. 48, being then living. In the fouth isle, is a bow window, in the receis of which is a tomb of Bethersden marble, and on it lie, at full length, the figures of a man and woman, most curiously carved in wood, and as curioufly habited in the ornaments and drefs of their time, having two greyhounds lying at their feet. At the west end of the tomb are the arms of Colepeper. These figures are perhaps the most worthy notice of any within the kingdom; but they are, through neglect, from the wet and weather beating in upon them, likely, in a very few years, to be entirely decayed. Against the east wall is an historical carve-work, in ftone, with a relief in miniature, of a man and woman kneeling at a defk ; behind them fix daughters, and five fons. On the desk or altar, anno 1535, in antient type, in the high chancel, a mural monument, with effigies kneeling, for William Campion, esq. obt. 1615, and Rachell his wife. In the fouth chancel a monument for

for William Campion, efq. with his buft in white marble, dreffed in a remarkable large and full curled wig, obt. 1702; one half of this chancel belongs to the Combwell eftate. In the church-yard are feveral tomb stones of the Stringers, the infcriptions almost obliterated. There is a remarkable yew tree in the churchyard, which measures twenty-feven feet in circumference.

There was formerly a tall fpire on the tower of this church, which on August 23, 1637, at eleven o'clock at night, was fet fire to, by a fudden and dreadful ftorm of thunder and lightning, which at the fame time broke and melted the five great bells in it, and burnt and confumed four lofts, and all the timber and wood work. of the steeple, and shook and rent the stone work of it fo much, that it was thought right to take it down; and the body of the church and leads were much impaired by the fall of the timbers. In the year following a collection was made by a brief, in this and the neigbouring counties, for the repair of this damage, and a parish tax was made for the purpose; and the foundation of the steeple was begun a-new, of stone, and carried on as high as the roof of the church; but by the difhonesty of the collectors of the money gathered for this use, and the diffentions of the parishioners, the work went no further, only the fmall turret above-mentioned, was fet on the top of the ftone work, and one great bell only hung in it, in which state it still remains. It appears by the brief, that the charge of repairing the damage was effimated 2745l, which the parishioners were no ways able to undergo, by reason that the number of poor people there were of late years fo much increased, the charge of them within nine or ten years past, being but eighty pounds, and then amounting to three hundred pounds per annum, most of the parishioners and farmers being tenants at rack rents, were totally unable to undergo the charge,

charge, above twenty of the chief owners having of late years left their habitations there.

Robert de Crevequer, at the time of his founding the priory of Ledes, in the year 1119, gave to it the advowfons of all the churches of his effates, among which was this of Gutherste, with twenty acres of land in this parish, together with all their customs, goods, liberties, and privileges. This gift was confirmed by his defcendants from time to time, and by feveral kings, archbishops of Canterbury, and others.^f Daniel de Crevequer, in his confirmation of it, adds--and all tithes of lands, woods, meadows, marstes, mills, orchards, and of flax, colts, calves, lambs, pigs, cheefes, fleeces, and all other matters, of which tithes ought to be paid.

The church of Goudhurst was appropriated to the prior and canons of Leeds in the reign of Edward I. at the latter end of which reign a complaint was made, before archbishop Winchelsea, by Peter, then vicar of it, against the prior and convent, for with-holding from him the tithes of the sheep and cows of the manor of Gutherst; and that they had taken of him eighteenpence of annual rent, for their finding of three flaggons of oil yearly in the church of Gutherst; and the archbishop, having heard the merits of the cafe, decreed, that the faid tithes, then valued at half a marc yearly, should be restored to the vicar, to be in future received yearly by him and his fucceflors. Notwithstanding which, there was no endowment of a vicarage till archbilhop Stratford, by his decree, in 1341, endowed one here; which inftrument, exemplified by archbishop Courtney in 1391, is yet remaining.^g

¹ Regift. of Leeds priory. Dugd. Mon. vol. ii. p. 110. Reg. Roff. p. 209.

⁸ Archives of the church of Canterbury, marked *Chartæ An*tiquæ, A. 187. A decree of Robert, archbishop, concerning the tithes of this church, dated in 1297, is among the Lambeth MSS. Regist. Winchelsea, fol. 212.

The church, and vicarage of this church, remained part of the poffeffions of the above priory till the diffolution of it in the reign of king Henry VIII. when it came, with the reft of the poffeffions of that houfe, into the king's hands, who by his dotation charter, under the great feal, in his 33d year, fettled both parfonage and advowfon on his new-erected dean and chapter of Rochefter, with whom they now remain. The leffee of the parfonage-houfe, and glebe-land belonging to it, under the dean and chapter, is the Rev. Mr. Richard Bathurft, of Finchcocks; and of the parfonage, and tithes belonging to it, John Cole, efq. of Horfemonden. But the prefentation to the vicarage they referve in their own hands.

In the 8th year of king Richard II. the church of Goudhurst, appropriated to the prior and convent of Leeds, was valued at 131. 6s. 8d. The vicarage is valued in the king's books at 261. 19s. 2d. and the yearly tenths at 2l. 13s. 11d.^h In 1640 it was valued at one hundred pounds. Communicants nine hundred. It is at prefent endowed with all manner of tithes, except those of corn and grain.ⁱ There are about two acres of glebe-land belonging to it.

The dean and chapter of Rochefter poffefs a portion of tithes in this parifh, the leffee of which is William-John Campion, efq.

CHURCH OF GOUDHURST.

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VICARS

PATRONS, Or by whom prefented. Dean and Chapter of Rochefter....

Richard Carter, March 23, 1592, obt. 1612.

Richard Milborne, S. T. P. April 29, 1612, refigned 1613.

Thomas Horfemonden, S. T. B. Oct. 7, 1613, obt. 1625.

b Bacon's Lib. Regis.

1 Lambeth Queries.

PATRONS,

PATRONS, Ec.
Dean and Chapter of Rochester
Archbishop, by lapse
Dean and Chapter,

Dean of Rochefter. In 1625 a difpenfation paffed, for his holding the rectory of Adifham with this vicarage. Rym. Fæd. vol. xviii, p. 663.

1 October 5, 1627, a dispensation paffed, for his holding this vicarage with the rectory of Ulcombe. Rym. Fæd. vol. xvini. p 1005. In 1639 one Edward Bright was put into this viVICARS.

Walter Balcanqual, S. T. P. July 16, 1625 *

Daniel Horfemonden, S. T. P. 1625, refigned 1640.¹

James Wilcocke, A. M. Feb. 23, 1640.

Edward Thurman, March 18, 1661, obt. 1676.

James Fen, A. M. November 8, 1676, obt. 1709.

Samuel Pratt, S. T. P. August 15, 1709, refigned 1713."

John Lidgould, A. M. July 13, 1713, obt. 1727.

The Same again, prefented March 1728.

Thomas Standen, in 1734.

Robert Berisford, obt. Oct. 2, 1736.

Ifaac Finch, A. M. February 16, 1737, obt. 1756."

John Adey, A. B. January 25, 1757, refigned 1759.

Robert Polhill, A. M. July 1759, the prefent vicar.°

carage, (fee the life of Thomas Wilfon, p. 65) and he was ejected by the Bartholomew Actin 1662. Cal. Life of Baxter, p. 286.

m Afterwards dean of Rochefter.

n He was vicar of Stockbury.

• In 1764 a difpensation passed for his holding this vicarage with the rectory of Shadoxhurft.

THE SEVEN HUNDREDS.

ADJOINING to the two laft defcribed hundreds caftward, lies the diffrict commonly known by the name of the Seven Hundreds, fo connected from their being comprehended under the jurifdiction of one court, held within fome part of them, and to which the whole whole diffrict is amenable. They have been from antient time part of the poffeffions of the crown, and were for a great length of time kept in the king's own hands. Thefe hundreds were, thofe of Cranbrooke, Barkley, Blackborne, Tenterden, Rolvenden, Selbrittenden, and Barnefield, comprehending the reft of the lath of Scray remaining undefcribed; but Tenterden being in king Henry VI.'s reign made a corporation and hundred of itfelf, and annexed as a limb to the port of Rye, became exempt from the jurifdiction of the court of thefe hundreds, and within that of the cinque ports; fo that they are now but fix hundreds, though they ftill retain their original name of *Jeven*.

To collect the revenues and profits accruing from them to the crown, the king from time to time appointed *a bailiff*, who likewife exercifed the jurifdiction of the crown as lord over them, holding his courts regularly for that purpofe within the bounds of them; in which ftate they continued till the lordfhip or bailiwick of them was granted away at times to different perfons. In the 15th of king Charles I.'s reign, John Henden, efq. had by letters patent a grant of the office of bailiff of them. In later times, Sir John Norris, of Hemfted, had a grant of it, and his widow lady Norris, was the laft who had one of it, the profits being fo fmall as hardly to anfwer the trouble of collecting them; and the office has fince been held at pleafure. Thomas Hallett Hodges is the prefent bailiff of them.

There is a court leet belonging to thefe hundreds, kept at any place within them at the will of the lord; and a court baron, ufually called *the three weeks court*, where pleas were held for any fum under forty fhillings, which was ufually kept at Cranbrooke. At the former of thefe courts, the inhabitants of the hundreds are bound, on having warning given them, to perform fuit and fervice, and the contables and other officers are elected for them.

The

The lord is entitled to eftrays throughout the whole diffrict, the pound for which is at Wachenden, in Biddenden, by appointment of the bailiff.

THE HUNDRED OF CRANBROOKE

LIES the next eaftward to that of Marden, in the fame lath of Scray.

IT CONTAINS THE GREATEST PART OF THE PARISHES OF

1. CRANRROOKE. || 3. STAPLEHURST.

2. FRITTENDEN, and

And the churches of those parishes, and likewise a small part of the parishes of BENENDEN, BIDDENDEN, FRITTENDEN, GOUDHURST, HAWKHURST, and HEDCORNE, the churches of which are in other hundreds. One constable has jurisdiction over it.

CRANBROOKE

LIES the next parifh eaftward from Goudhurft, a fmall part of it is in the north borough of the hundred of Great Barnefield, and another fmall part in the borough of Ibornden, in the hundred of Barkley, and all the refidue in the hundred of Cranbrooke. It is in the western division of the county.

THIS PARISH is fituated in the centre of the Weald, of which it is a principal one as to its wealth, fize, and confequence, being about eight miles long, and fix in breadth; it is exceeding healthy, and confidering the deepnefs of the foil, and the frequency of the woods, far from being unpleafant; the oaks interfperfed over it, like the adjoining country, are numerous and of a large fize, the hedge-rows broad, and the inclofures fmall. The north and eaft parts efpecially are covered with woods, which confift moftly of oak. There are feveral rifes of fmall hill and dale throughout it; the foil is in general, excepting in that part of it northward of the church, about Anglye, where it is a light fand, and the lands of course poor, a kindly fort of clay, which is rendered more fertile by its native rich marle, of which there is much throughout it; befides arable, there is much rich pasture and fatting land, and some hundred acres of good hop-ground. The principal high roads from London, Maidstone and Tunbridge, by Brenchley, Yalding, and Stylebridge, meet here near the town, and lead from hence by different branches to Tenterden and Romney Marsh; to Hawkhurst and Suffex, and to Smarden, Charing, and the eaftern parts of Kent. They are wholly made with fand, and though in wet weather they are exceedingly firm and good, yet in dry feafons, from the loofenefs of the fand, they become very deep and heavy, and by the heat and duft arifing from them, are fo very offenfive and painful, as to become almost intolerable; the bye roads are very bad in winter, and fo very deep and miry, as to be but barely passable till they are hardened by the drouth of fummer. It is well watered by feveral fmall streamlets, the principal ones of which join the branch of the Medway just below Hedcorne.

There are three chalybeate fprings in the parish, at Silinghurst, Glaffenbury, and Anglye. The waters of them are much like those at Tunbridge, and when weighed prove heavier, but they have not near fo much fpirit. The town of Cranbrook is fituated on the weftern fide of the parish, on the road leading from Maidstone by Stylebridge towards Hawkhurst and Suffex, at the 52d mile-stone, and confists of one large wide ftreet, of about a mile in length, having the church nearly in the centre of it. There is but a very small part of it paved, from the market-place eastward, which was begun in 1654, being done through mere necessity; the deepness and mire of the soil before, being not only a great hindrance to the standing of the market people, but to the passing of all travellers in general. The market is still held on a Saturday, for corn and hops, hops, and is a very plentiful one for meat and other provifions. It was obtained by archbifhop Peckham, anno 18 Edward I. And there are two fairs held yearly, on May 30, and Sept. 29, for horned cattle, horfes, linen drapery, toys, &c. but the latter is the largeft, at which there is a great deal of bufinefs done in the hop trade.

Here was the centre of the cloathing trade, one of the pillars of the kingdom, which formerly flourished in these parts, and greatly enriched not only this county, but the nation in general. The occupation of it was formerly of confiderable confequence and effimation, and was exercifed by perfons who poffeffed most of the landed property in the Weald, infomuch that almost all the antient families of these parts, now of large estates, and genteel rank in life, and fome of them ennobled by titles, are fprung from, and owe their fortunes to anceftors who have used this great staple manufacture, now almost unknown here. Among others, the Bathursts, Ongleys, Courthopes Maplesdens, Gibbons's, Westons, Plumers, Austens, Dunkes, and Stringers. They were ufually called, from their drefs, the grey coats of Kent, and were a body fo numerous and united, that at county elections, whoever had their votes and interest was almost certain of being elected. It was first introduced here by king Edward III who, in his 10th year, invited some of the Flemings into England, by promifes of large rewards, and grants of feveral immunities, to teach the English the cloth manufacture; but this trade, after flourishing here for fo many centuries, is now almost disused in these parts, there being only two houses of it remaining in this parish; but there is yet fome little of the woolftapling business carried on. The inhabitants throughout the parish, who are in general wealthy and fubftantial, are computed to be about 3000, of which a great part are diffenters from the church of England, for whofe use there are four meeting-houses in the town, one for Presbyterians, the

the fecond for Methodiftical Baptifts, the third for Calviniftical Baptifts, and the fourth for Independants. The Prefbyterians formerly were the most numerous fect throughout this county; but they are greatly diministed of late years, and the Methodiftical Baptifts are the prevailing fect, and greatly increasing every year, through every part of it. Besides these there is a meeting-house for the Quakers, with a burying ground, but I believe there is not one of this fect in the parish, though they yet hold an annual meeting here.

In the upper or western part of this town is a good house, called Sheppards, late the property and refidence of William Tempest, efq. who died posseffed of it in 1784, and his only furviving fon John Tempeft, efq. is now the owner of it. At a small distance from the west end of the town is Goddards green, the antient refidence of the family of Courthope. Alexander Courthope died possessed of a house and estate here in the year 1525, as did his grandfon, of the fame name, in 1608. He had iffue eleven fons and five daughters, and lies buried under a tomb in Cranbrooke church-yard.ª From one of these fons was descended, in the fourth generation, the late Alexander Courthope, efg. of Sprivers, and the eldeft of them was father of Peter Courthope, efq. who in the reign of Charles I. having purchased Danny, in Sussex, of the earl of Norwich, removed thither. His grandfon, of the fame name, left an only daughter and heir, who carried this estate in marriage to Henry Campion, esq. of Combwell, and his great grandfon, John William Campion, elq. of Danny, is the present owner of it.

At Upper Wilfley, which is a finall hamlet almost adjoining to the north-east end of the town, is a feat, for feveral generations inhabited by the Westons, several of whom lie buried in Cranbrooke church yard, though some of their inscriptions are obliterated through length

^a There are feveral wills of this family in the Prerogativeoffice, Canterbury.

of time. They bore for their arms, *Three lions heads*, erafed and crowned. John Wefton; clothier, refided here, and died poffeffed of it in 1694. John Wefton, gent. his grandfon, died poffeffed of it a few years ago, whofe widow, is become entitled to the poffeffion of it, for her life, and now refides in it.

The manor of Glaffenbury claims over the greateft part of the town of Cranbrooke; the manor of Godmerfham claims over the remainder of it, and all the denne of Cranbrooke, excepting the George inn, with its appurtenances, which is out of it, and is held of the king by knight's fervice; and the liberty of the manor of Wye claims over the borough of Frechifley, alias Abbots Franchife, which has a court leet of itfelf, the borfholder whereof is chofen there, and the inhabitants of the fame owe no fervice to the court leet holden for the hundred, only at this court a conftable for the hundred may be chofen out of that borough.

THE MANOR OF GLASSENBURY is of confiderable note, the manfion of which is fituated near three miles north-welt from the church. This feat was for many generations the refidence of the antient family of Rokehurft, the first of whom, who settled in this county, was William Rookehurft, alias Roberts, a gentleman of Scotland, of the fhire of Anandale, who, leaving his native country, came to the adjoining parish of Goudhurst in the 3d year of king Henry I. and then pur-chafed lands at Winchett hill there, where he built a manfion for his refidence; which lands were afterwards named from him, the lands and denne of Rookeburft, which name it still retains, and there is a tablet put up over a tomb in the fouth chancel of this church, giving an account of him and his posterity, who bore for their arms, Azure, on a chevron, argent, three mullets, sable. This family continued at Goudhurft for 274 years, till, in the reign of king Richard II. Stephen Roberts, alias Rookehurst, marrying Joane, daughter and heir of William Tilley, efq. of Glaffenbury, whofe anceftors had

had refided here, as appeared by private evidences, from the time of king Edward I. removed to this manor, where he built a mansion, on the hill of Glassenbury, which came by lineal defcent to Walter Roberts, efq. who poffeffed it in the reigns of king Edward IV. and Henry VII. and was the first who wrote himself by that name only. He, about the year 1473, pulled down this antient feat, and built another lower down the valley, being the prefent feat of Glaffenbury, which he moated round, and inclosed a large park which lay at fome diftance from it; to enable him to do which, in the 4th year of king Henry VII. he had a grant to impark fix hundred acres of land, and one thousand acres of wood, in Cranebrooke, Gowdehurst, and Ticehurst, in Kent and Suffex, and liberty of free warren in all his lands and woods, and of fifhing in all waters in his lands in those parishes, with all liberties and franchifes usually granted in fuch cafes. The park of Glaffenbury has been long fince disparked. He was afterwards dispossefield of this feat, and forced to fly into fanctuary, for endeavouring to conceal his friend and neighbour Sir John Guildford from the refentment of king Richard III. for which he was attainted, and this manor and feat, together with all other his lands in Kent, Suffex, and Surry, were granted by the king, in his first year, to his trusty friend Robert Brackenbury, efq. constable of the tower; but on the accession of Henry VII. his atttainder was taken off by parliament likewife, and all his eftates reftored to him. And in the 5th year of that reign, he was fheriff of this county, He died in the year 1522, aged more than eighty years, and was buried under the old tomb on the north fide of the fouth chancel, being the first who appears by clear evidences to have been interred in this church, in which there are many graveftones and memorials of his posterity, who continued to refide here, feveral of whom were at times theriffs of this county, until within memory.

His

His descendant Sir Thomas Roberts, of Glaffen. bury, was created a baronet in 1620, the lands of whofe grandfather Thomas Rohertes, were dilgavelled by the act of 2 and 3 of king Edward VI. and from him it continued in fuccession down to Sir Walter Roberts, bart, who new fronted this antient manfion, in which he refided with a most distinguished character for his worth and integrity.^b He died in 1745, leaving only one daughter and heir Jane, who carried this manor and feat, together with the reft of her eftates, in marriage to George Beauclerk, duke of St. Albans, who died in 1786, f. p. on which this manor and feat, with the reft of the estates of the late Sir Walter Roberts, in this county, came by the duchefs's will, who died before him in 1778, and was buried in the family vault in this church, (having been for feveral years feparated from him, and refiding at Jennings, in Hunton, a feat of her father's) to the youngest fon of Sir Thomas Roberts, bart. of Ireland, to whom the title had defcended on Sir Walter's death, and he is now entitled to the fee of them.

FLISHINGHURST, or *Plu/hinburft*, as it is fometimes called, is a manor, fituated fomewhat lefs than a mile north-eaftward from that of Glaffenbury. It was the antient feat and inheritance of the family of Sharpeigh, of Sharpeigh, in this parifh, one of which, Robert de Sharpeigh, was refident here at Cranbrooke about the beginning of king Edward 1.'s reign, and was witnefs to a datelefs deed of William de Brinden, of Brinden, in this parifh, an eftate which formerly belonged to the Linds, and afterwards to the Holdens. Another Robert Sharpeigh, of the fame place, was, as appeared by an antient roll, in commillion as a juffice of the peace, about the latter end of king Henry VII.'s reign. They bore for their arms, *Ermine*, on a bend, azure, three

^b There are pedigrees of this family in the Heraldic Viftn. of Kent, taken in 1574 and 1619.

Spears

Jpears beads, argent. But after this family had remained here for fo many years, and had fpread itfelf into the parifhes of Benenden, Marden, and Staplehurft, in which they continued till the latter end of the laft century, this manor was alienated, about the reign of king Charles I. to Martin, aad from him again to Walter, from which name it paffed into the poffeffion of the Plumers, of Milkhoufe ftreet, in which name it continued down to Mr. Samuel Plumer, gent. of that place, from whom it came to Mr. Charles Nairn, gent. late of Milkhoufe-ftreet, deceafed; whofe heirs are the prefent owners of it.

THE BOROUGH OF FRIZLEY, as it is now called; corruptly for *Frechifley*, alias *Abbots Franchife*, is *a diftrist* fituated about a mile eaftward from Flifhinhurft; and is within the liberty of the royal manor of Wye; which formerly belonged to the abbey of Battell, whence it has likewife the name of Abbots Franchife.⁶ This borough has a court leet of itfelf. The principal eftate in it formerly belonged to the Wilsfords, of Hartridge, one of whom fold it to the Hovendens, great clothiers here, whofe principal manfion it was. From one of them, in 1719, it was alienated to Richard Children, efq. and it is now in the poffeffion of his grandfon George Children, efq. of Tunbridge.

WITHIN the bounds of this borough is the MANOR OF ANGLYE, alias Anglynglye, which was part of the poffeffions of the above-mentioned abbey, from its foundation by William the Conqueror, and continued fo till the diffolution of it in the 30th year of king Henry VIII. when this manor came into the hands of the crown, and the king, in his 31ft year, fold it, with its appurtenances, to Walter Hendley, gent. afterwards fergeant-at-law, knighted, and folicitor of the court of augmentation, to hold *in capite* by knight's fervice, and

^c See Tan. Mon. p. 551. See an account of this abbey, Tan. Mon. p. 550. Willis's Mitred Abbeys, vol. i. p. 32.

YOL. VII.

in

in the 37th year of the fame reign, he had the referved tenths of it likewise granted to him. He died posseffed of it in the 6th year of Edward VI. leaving three daughters his coheirs, who, on his death, became jointly possessed of this manor and estate. After which, though the manor continued in the family of Hendley down to William Henley, efq. of Otham, who died possessed of it a few months ago, yet the estate or farm of Angley afterwards was alienated to one of the family of Tempest, who bore for their arms, Argent, a bend between fix martlets, fable. In which name it continued down to William Tempest, who came and fettled in Cranbrooke, died posseifed of it in 1761, much advanced in years, and by his will devifed it to his fecond fon George Tempest, efq. of Cranbrooke, who in 1785 paffed it away by fale to Mr. Smart, of London, and he is the prefent proprietor of it.

HARTRIDE is a manor, which lies at the northern boundary of this parish, next to Staplehurst, the manfion of which was formerly a feat of note, being the property and refidence of an antient and worthy family of the fame name, one of whom, Thomas Hartridge, was a confervator or justice of the peace in this county in the 34th year of Edward III. when there were eight only in the whole fhire. In his defcendant, who bore for their arms, Or, a chevron between three griffins beads, erased, sable, this feat continued, till it was at length fold by one of them, about the reign of Henry VIII. to Thomas Wilsford, efq. who came and refided here at Hartridge, and by the acts of 31 king Henry VIII. and 2 and 3 Edward VI. had his lands difgavelled. He was defcended from William Wilsford, of Devonshire, anno 4 Henry IV. of whole grandfons, James was alderman and fheriff of London, anno 15 Henry VII. and Edmund was S. T. P. provoft of Oriel college, in Oxford, &c. and died in 1507. They bore for their arms, Gules, a chevron ingrailed, between three leopards heads, or. By his first wife Elizabeth, daughter

daughter of Walter Colepeper, of Bedgbury, he had two fons and nine daughters, of the former, Francis, the youngest, was of Nonington, and ancestor of the Wilsfords, of Dover and Yorkthire; and James Wils= ford, efq. the eldeft, was of Hartridge. By his fecond wife he had Sir Thomas, who was of Ilden, in Kingfton, anceftor of those of that place, and of Rochefter; and one daughter Cecilia, wife of Edwin Sandys, archbilhop of York. James Wilsford, esq. the eldeft son by the first marriage, inherited and refided at Hartridge, and was afterwards knighted; from whom this feat at length delcended down to James Wilsford, efq. his eldeft grandfon, who having married Anne, daughter and heir of Thomas Newman, efq. of Quendon, in Effex, removed to the feat of her inheritance there, where he died in 1619, before which he had alienated this effate of Hartridge to Tindal, of Sutton Valence; from which name it paffed by fale to Cooke, and on the death of his descendant Mr. John Cooke, of Penshurft, his three daughters and coheirs became entitled to it, and they joined in the fale of it to Mr. George Lewis, who in 1778 alienated it to Sir Horace Mann, bart. the present owner of it. A court baron is held for this manor.

THERE is an estate adjoining fouthward, once part of the above, called Lower HARTRIDGE. It now belongs to Mr. Abraham Walter.

HOCKREDGE is an eftate in this parifh, which, with another called HOLDEN, was the property of the family of Holden for many generations, who refided at the former of them, being ftiled clothiers in their wills, remaining in the Prerogative office, in Canterbury, until the time of Robert Holden, who in his will, proved in 1667, is ftiled gentleman, and bore for his arms, *Ermine*, on a chief, gules, three pears, or.^d From him thefe eftates defcended down to Robert Holden,

^d See Heralds Office, marked Book D. 18. fol. 177 b.

elq.

efq. of Whitewell, in this parish, at the beginning of king George I.'s reign, and his grandfon alienated Holden a few years ago, to Sir Horace Mann, bart. the present possession of it, but that of Hockeridge is become the property of Mr. Thomas Shirley.

SISSINGHURST is a manor of great note here. It was antiently called Saxenburft, and in very early times was in the possession of a family of the fame name, as appears by the Testa de Nevil, kept in the exchequer, being an account of all those who, holding their lands by knight's fervice, paid their relief, in the 20th year of Edward III. towards the marriage of the king's fifter; in which John de Saxenhurst is there taxed, towards that aid, for his lands at Cranebrook, which certainly were those of Siffinghurft, with the two fmall appendant manors of COPTON and STONE, which always have had the fame owners. By a female heir of Saxenhurft, this manor, with its appendages above-mentioned, passed into the name of Berham. Richard, fon of Henry de Berham, refided here in the reign of Edward III. and in his defcendants it continued down till the latter end of Henry VII. when one of them alienated part of Siffinghurft, with Copton and Stone, to Thomas Baker, elq. who was before fettled in this parifh. This family had been fettled in Cranbrooke fo early as the reign of Edward III. as appears by the records of the court of king's bench, in the 44th year of which reign Thomas Bakere, of this parish, was poffeffed of lands in it, and was then fued by the prior of Chrift-church in a plea of trefpafs, for cutting down trees, which grew on his own foil here, in a place called Omendenneshok, within the prior's lodge of Cranbrooke, which was a drofdenne, the prior prefcribing for all oak and beech in the drovedens within his lordship, together with the pannage; and the jury found for the plaintiff, &c.º Sir John Baker, grandfon of

^c See Robinfon's Gavelkind, p. 206.

Thomas

Thomas first before-mentioned, was bred to the law, and became eminent in that profession, as well as in his promotion to different high polts of truft and honour in the fervice of the crown and flate; being in feveral parts of his life recorder of London, attorney general, chancellor of the exchequer, and privy counfellor in king Henry VIII. and the three following reigns, and ambassador to the court of Denmark in 1526. He died in London in 1558, and was brought hither in great ftate, and buried in the vault in Cranbrooke church, in which his feveral defcendants lie deposited likewife. They bore for their arms, Azure, on a fess, or, three cinquefoils pierced, gules, between three swans heads, erafed, or gorged with coronets, gules." He had procured his lands to be difgavelled by the acts both of 31 king Henry VIII. and 2 and 3 Edward VI. and before the latter year, at least, had purchased the remainder of this manor and eftate, and becoming thus poffeffed of the entire fee of it, he built a most magnificent seat on it, the ruins of which ftill remind us of its former fplendor, and he inclosed a large park round it. He left two fons, Richard; and John, who was father of Sir Richard Baker, the English Chronicler, and from this family likewife was descended the learned John Selden, born in 1584, whofe mother was the only daughter and heir of Thomas Baker, of Rushington.⁹ Sir Richard Baker, the eldeft fon, refided at Siffinghurft, where he entertained queen Elizabeth, in her progrefs into this county, in July 1573. His eldeft grandfon Sir Henry Baker, of Siffinghurst, was created a baronet in 1611, Sir John Baker, of Siffinghurft, knight and baronet, his grandfon, the last of his name here, died in 1661, leaving only four daughters, who became his coheirs, Anne, married to Edmund Beaghan, efq. Elizabeth,

f See Viftn. co. Kent, anno 1619. Pedigree Baker.

⁸ See Biog. Brit. vol. vi. p. 3605, note [A]. Wood's Ath. vol. ii. p. 179.

to Robert Spencer, efq. Mary, to John Dowel, efq. of Over, in Gloucestershire, and Katherine, to Roger Kirkby, efq. whose respective husbands became in their rights jointly entitled to this estate.

A moiety of this eftate, as well as two-thirds of it, by the deaths of Robert Spencer, and Elizabeth his wife, f. p. and by the conveyance of Catherine, widow of Roger Kirkby, afterwards coming into the poffeffion of Edmund Hungate Beaghan, efq. (fon of Edmund above-mentioned) who refided at Siffinghurft, and bore for his arms, Argent, a chevron, gules, within a bordure, fable, bezantee, were by him paffed away by fale in 1730, an act having paffed to enable him fo to do, to the truffees of Sir Horace Mann, bart. who is the prefent poffeffor of them.

The fourth part of John Dowel, esq. came on his death in 1698, to his fon John Baker Dowel, efq. of Over, who bore for his arms, Argent, a lion rampant, within a bordure engrailed, sable." He died possefied of it in 1738, as he likewife did of the remaining third of the fourth part, which had defcended to him by the deaths of Robert Spencer, and Elizabeth his wife, f. p. in both which he was fucceeded by his fon John Baker Bridges Dowel, efq. of the fame place. At his death in 1744, he devifed his interest in this estate to the Rev. Staunton Degge, who conveyed them to Galfridus Mann, esq. whose son Sir Horace Mann, bart. being thus entitled to all the feveral interests as abovementioned in this estate, is become the possessor of the entire fee of these manors, the manfion of Sissinghurst, and the lands and effates belonging to them.

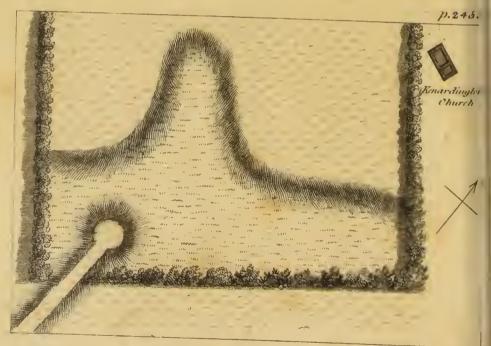
The manfion of Siflinghurst flands towards the northeast boundaries of this parish, in a fituation far from pleasant, lying low in a wet clayey soil, without profpect, and enveloped with large tracts of surrounding woodland. The house having been long uninhabited

^h See Atkins's Glouc. p. 110.





Milkhouse Chapel near Granbrowse .



View of the Fortifications at Renardington?

was let out during the late war for the confinement of the French prifoners, whence it gained the name of Siffingburft caftle, after which it became again uninhabited, and has fince been pulling down piecemeal from time to time, for the fake of the materials, fo that what is left of it is now no more than ruins. The park has been disparked many years fince. There was a chapel founded at Siffinghurst by John de Saxenhurst, which was re-edified by Sir John Baker, bart. in the reign of king Charles I. and by a deed delivered in 1627 to John Bancroft, bishop of Oxford, was devoted to the fervice of God, and dedicated, as it was before, to St. John the Evangelift; upon which it was confecrated by the bishop, with the usual ceremonies and benedictions.

MILKHOUSE-STREET is a bamlet of houses, fituated on the road from Biddenden, about a mile north-east from Cranbrooke town. At the east end of it there is a SEAT, which was for many generations the refidence of the Plumers ; W. Plumer, counfellor-at-law, died poffessed of it in 1621. His eldest son Tho. Plumer, esq. was justice of the peace, and kept his shrievalty here, and dying in 1660, lies buried in the church-yard of Cranbrooke, as do feveral of his descendants, who bore for their arms, Azure, two wings conjoined, argent, a chief, ermine, as appears by a certificate annexed to their pedigree in the Herald's office, one of whom, Thomas Plumer, gent. refided here at his death in 1769, and dying J. p. devifed it to Mr. Charles Nairn, gent. who refided here, and married Mifs Philadelphia Balderston, and his heirs fince his decease are now entitled to it.

AT THE castern corner of the road leading from this freet to Tenterden, are the remains of a chapel, which was founded and endowed by John Lawlefs, about the latter end of king Henry VI.'s reign, and dedicated to the Holy Trinity, as well for the benefit of the inhabitants of this eastern part of the parish, who in the depth depth of winter could not get to church, as for the receiving the alms, and offering up prayers for the welfare of travellers paffing this way. This chapel was fuppreffed by the act of the 37th year of the next reign of Henry VIII. for the general diffolution of all fuch chantries and other religious foundations; and the feite and revenues of it, then valued at 91. 19s. 8[‡]d.ⁱ were fold, in the 2d year of king Edward V1. to Sir John Baker, of Siffinghurft. Since which they have continued in a like fucceffion of owners with that place, down to Sir Horace Mann, bart. the prefent proprietor of them.

BETENHAM is a manor, fituated close to the northeaft boundary of this parish, and is now usually called Betnams-wood, having a fireet, or bamlet of boufes adjoining to it, at the east end of which the large manfion of it is fituated. It was a place of fome note formerly, for giving name to, as well as being the refidence of the family of Betenham. Stephen de Betenham was poffeffed of it in the reign of king Henry VI. and left three fons, from the eldeft of whom defcended those of Shurland, in Pluckley. John, the youngeft fon, inherited this manor by his father's gift, and refided here. He left three daughters his coheirs; Elizabeth, married to William More, of Benenden; Alice, to Nicholas Dering; and Thomasine, to John Fisher, of Maidstone, who became entitled to this manor in equal shares, and on a partition of their inheritance, it became the fole property of the former of them, who afterwards relided here. He was the fecond fon of Walter More, of Benenden, and left a fon Nicholas, who was of Wigmore, in Eltham, and married Clara, daughter of Nicholas Tooke, efq. of Goddenton, but he died without iffue in 1556, anno 4 queen Mary, and gave all his lands, by will, to the fons of his coufin John More, of

¹ Survey Augtn. off. See Strype's Ecclefiastical Memoirs, vol. ii. coll. p. 93.

Pluckley,

CRANBROOKE.

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Pluckley, by one of whom this manor was alienated to Sir Thomas Rowe, lord mayor in 1568, who died pofsessed of it two years afterwards, from whole second fon Sir Henry Rowe, lord-mayor, defcended the Rowes, of Shaklewell, and Muswell-hill, in Middlefex; and from the fourth Robert, was defcended Sir Thomas Rowe, ambaffador to the porte, &c. who died in 1644. Sir Thomas Rowe, lord-mayor, bore for his arms, Sable, a chevron, charged with three bezants, between as many cinquefoils; which coat was afterwards varied by his different descendants, who still retained the cinquefuil, as the principal bearing of their arms. But one of his descendants, in the reign of king James I. fold it to Mansfield, from which name it was conveyed to Hendley, in which family it continued down to William Henley, esq. of Otham, who died possessed of it a few months fince, and his heirs now poffefs it.

COURSEHORNE is a manor, fituated less than a mile eastward from the church, and is eminent for having been for above four hundred years, as appears by evidences both private and public, the inheritance of the family of Hendley, or as they afterwards spelt themfelves Henley, and in an escheat roll of the 17th of king Edward III. No. 92, Gervas Hendley, of this place, appears to have been one of the jury, on an inquisition taken after the death of Sir Richard Handloe, who it feems died poffeffed of lands at Buckhurft, in this parish. After which it continued the mansion and refidence of them, down to Sir Walter Hendley, fergeant at-law, a man of eminent repute in the reign of king Henry VIII. who was born here, having procured his lands to be difgavelled by the acts of the 2d and 3d of king Edward VI. He died in the 6th year of the latter reign, leaving three daughters and coheirs, Elizabeth, married to William Waller, efq. of Groombridge, and afterwards to George Fane, efq. of Badfell, Helen, first to Thomas Colepeper, esq. of Bedgebury; fecondly to Sir George Somerfet, and thirdly to Sir Thomas

Thomas Fane, of Burfton, and Anne to Richard Covert, efq. of Slaugham, in Suffex. Upon which this feat descended to his brother Thomas Hendley, esq. who refided here, as did his feveral defcendants, till Bowyer Hendley, having purchased Gore-court, in Otham, removed thither. His grandfon William Henley, esq. of Gore-court, died posselfested of it a few months ago, and his heirs are now entitled to it.k

BUCKHURST is an effate here, which had once owners of its own name; but in the reign of Edward III. it was poffeffed by the family of Handloe, one of whom, Sir John de Handloe, died possessed of it in the 17th year of that reign, as appears by the inquisition then taken. After this family was become extinct here, it became the property of Drayner, or Dragener, as it was fometimes fpelt, in the reign of Henry VII. Ano-ther branch of whom fettled at Smarden. They bore for their arms, Sable, a fess nebulee, between three close helmets, argent, plumed, or. Stephen Drayner poffefied it in the next reign of Henry VIII. and his descendant William Drayner fold it, in the beginning of queen Elizabeth's reign, to Alexander Couchman, in whofe descendants it continued at the restoration of king Charles II. 1 At length, after some intermediate owners it was fold to Cooke, in which name it remained till John Cooke, efq. of Swifts, in this parish, not many years ago, paffed it away by fale to Pearce, of this parish, who now posses it.

GREAT SWIFTS is a manfion fituated about a quarter of a mile north-eaftward from the end of the town, on the knoll of a hill, it was antiently the property of the Courthopes. Alexander Courthope, of this parish, died possessed of it in 1525, as appears by his will; but after this family had poffeffed it for a great length of

* See Otham, vol. v. of this hiftory, p. 516.
 ¹ See pedigree of Couchman, Viftn. co. Kent, anno 1619, and Herald's off, marked C. 16, fol. 111.^b

time, it was fold to one of the family of Cooke, a younger branch of those of Middlefex. John Cooke, esq. sheriff in 1745, resided here, and died possessed of it in 1747, bearing for his arms, Gules, three pales azure over all, three eagles. argent, crowned and garnished, or. He was succeeded in this feat by his eldest fon, of the fame name, who died in 1782. Although he left iffue, yet having, during his life-time, fold the reversion of this seat to Mr. Jeremiah Curteis, gent. of Rye, he became possessed of it, and afterwards fold it to Thomas Adams, esq, who has made great alterations in it, and now resides here.

The abbot and convent of Beyham were poffeffed of lands in this parifh, in the dennes of Swetlynden and Rodelynden, in the reign of Edward III. of the gift of John de Chivene, and John de Kaynesham, vicar of Cranbrooke; and in the 2d year of Edward III. the abbot, &c. had *free-warren* for his lands in this and other parishes in Kent and Suffex.

James Benynden, of Bettenhams Wode, in this parifh, died in 1469, as appears by his will, poffeffed of a great houfe called *Sparrowhall*, at Bethamyfwode, and a houfe called Caftetanys, lying in the denne of Bettenham, in Cranbrooke.

The archbishop, in the reign of Henry VIII. was possessed of lands here, called *Charleymore*, and Betnams wood; which were particularly excepted and referved to him in the great deed of exchange, which archbishop Cranmer made with the king in his 31st year; in which he conveyed to the king all other his lands and tenements, except advowsfons, in this parish.

CHARITIES.

JOHN ROBERTS, ESQ. of Glaffenbury, by his will in 1460, ordered, that houfing and grounds be purchafed, for feven poor men of Cranbrooke to dwell in; every poor man to have 13s. 4d. yearly, as likewife 13s. 4d. yearly to repair their houfes, his right heirs to have the election of them, who fhould be of this parifh, and if not found here, then of the parifhes adjoining; his kinfmen, if they had need thereof, to be provided before any other; other; the fame to be paid out of his manor and lands of Deryngdale, in Suffex; and he ordered, that five marcs fhould be raifed out of his goods, for feven years after his deceafe, to be difpended in the cloathing of twelve poor men and women with gowns, hoods, and coats.

MR. ALEXANDER DENCE, as appears by private evidences, about the year 1573, gave a farm in that part of this parish called *Swattenden*, now let at 141. per annum, to be distributed by the feoffees, according to their discretion, to indigent people, receiving no relief of the parish.

SIR THOMAS ROBERTS, knight and baronet, of Glaffenbury, by will gave 10l. to the overfeers of this parifh, to increase the fum of money appointed for the flock of the poor, either to buy land, or to remain for ever to that use, except their whole fum might be employed towards erecting a house of correction there, for then he would have it bestowed for that use.

THE GRAMMAR SCHOOL here, commonly called queen Elizabeth's grammar school, was founded and endowed by Simon Lynch, gent. of this parish, by deed in the year 1574, and the queen granted a charter of incorporation to it; by which it is vefted under the management of thirteen truffees, freeholders of this parifh, of which the vicar is always to be one. It is endowed with a houfe and land in Cranbrooke, and a farm at Horfemonden, the whole of the annual produce of 751. The Rev. Mr. Greenall is the prefent mafter of it. - The fchool, which bears a good reputation, is free for all the boys in the parifh, who, by a late regulation, have claffical books given them by the truftees. There are generally from twenty to thirty boarders in the mafter's houfe The family of Lynch had been refident here fome time; one of whom, William Lynche, was of this parish, and was anceftor of those of Groves, in East Kent. He died in 1480, possefied of much property in it, and was buried in the church-yard here.

MR. SAMUEL DENCE, in 1573, founded a writing-fchool here, which is at pretent endowed with a fchool-room for teaching children, a feparate dwelling for the fchoolmafter, under the fame root, and the intereft of 160l. put out by the churchwardens. And he is fuppofed to have left by will land, now of the annual produce of 181. vefted in fifteen feoffees, to be diftributed yearly among indigent perfons receiving no relief from the parifh.

 \dot{M}_{R} . SAMUEL HAYWARD, left by will in money 1001. the intereft to be diffributed equally among five poor widows receiving the facrament, now vefted in the executors of the late Mr. Thomas Hope, and of the annual produce of 41.

MR. JOSEPH WILLARD, left by will in 1770, for the benefit of the poor belonging to the Anabaptift meeting, three houfes,

veited

CRANBROOKE.

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vested in five trustees, inhabitants of this parish, and of the annual produce of 71. 18s.

The poor conftantly relieved are not more than about 135; cafually about twenty.

CRANBROOKE is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JURIS-DICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Charing.

The church is dedicated to St. Dunftan, confessor, and is very large and handfome. It confifts of three ifles and three chancels. The pillars on each fide of the middle isle are beautifully slender and well proportioned. The west end has a gallery over it, ornamented with painting. The pews are uniform, and made of wainfcot, and the pavement black and white marble. The high chancel is well ceiled, and decorated with paintings. The east window is full of fine stained glass, many of the figures of it being entire, and richly ornamented as to their drapery, &c. There are feveral shields of arms remaining in it, among which are those of Wilsford, Guldeford, quartered with Halden, within the order of the garter, and archbishop Bourchier, being those of the see of Canterbury, impaling first and fourth, Bouchier, second and third, gules, a fess beiween twelve billets, or. Archbishop Tenison, in 1710, was a benefactor in repairing of the high chancel." Against the east wall of the fouth chancel is a very high and broad pyramid of white marble, on which there is a full account of the family of Roberts, inferibed by a most pompous scheme of pedigree, with the numerous coats of arms properly emblazoned. At the weft end is a fquare tower steeple, in which are eight bells and a fet of chimes. On the weft fide of the tower were formerly carved in the ftone-work, though now decayed by time, the arms of Berham, Bettenham and Wilsford, in antient times owners of lands, as has been already mentioned, in this parish. In the fouth isle over

^m See Biog. Brit. vol. vii. p. 3929. [v]

the

the vault, in which the remains of the Bakers and their defcendants lie, is a fuperb pyramid of white marble, on which are the names and the dates of their deaths, and at the top of it their arms. It was erected by John Baker Dowel, efq. of Over, fon of John and Mary, in 1736.

In 1725, part of this church fell down, but was quickly afterwards rebuilt. It was occasioned by fome perfons digging in the vault belonging to the Baker family, by which two stones, on which one of the main pillars ftood, gave way, and the pillar cracked, foon after thirty or forty feet of the middle ille fell in, by which the pews were all crushed, and the cost to repair it was estimated at near 2020l. There is a room, with a flaircafe to it, adjoining the church, in which there is a large dipping-place, for the use of such Baptifts who are defirous of being admitted into the effablished church; but in seventy years past it has been but twice made use of for this purpose. It was provided by Mr. Johnson, vicar of this church. In this church was a chantry, founded by the will of J. Roberts, efq. of Glassenbury, in 1460, for a priest to fay mass here for ever. And he ordered that twenty pounds be laid out to remove the rood-loft, and fetting it on the high chancel And being fo confiderable a benefactor to this church, his figure was painted in the windows of the north ifle, kneeling, in armour, with his helmet lying by him, before a defk, with a book on it, and an infeription, to pray for him and his wife, and his fon Walter, and his three wives. Walter Roberts abovementioned, by his will 13 Henry VIII. directed Thomas his fon to find a priest to celebrate divine fervice at St. Giles's altar in this church, for the fouls of his father, mother, his wives, and his own; for which fervice he should have ten marcs yearly, payable by his heirs for ever, out of his lands in this parish and Goudhurft. And he gave further to this church towards the making

making of the middle isle, one half of all the timber of that work.

The church of Cranbrooke was part of the antient possessions of the see of Canterbury, to which it was appropriated in the 6th year of Edward III. with the king's licence; and the fame was afterwards confirmed by pope Clement VI. at which time there appears to have been a vicarage endowed here. The archbishop continued owner of the appropriation of this rectory, and of the advowfon of the vicarage till the reign of Henry VIII. when archbishop Cranmer, by his deed, anno 31 Henry VIII. granted the rectory, among other premises, in exchange, to that king, referving the advowfon of the vicarage to himfelf and his fucceffors. Soon after which the king fettled it by his dotation charter, in his 33d year, on his new-erected dean and chapter of Canterbury, part of whofe possessions it now remains." In 1644 Sir John Roberts was leffee, at the rent of 331. 6s. 8d. per annum. The prefent lesse is Mrs. Lawfon.

When the vicarage of Cranbrooke was endowed, I have not found; but in 1364 and 1371, the portion of the vicar was augmented, and in the latter year the prior and convent of Chrift-church, Canterbury, confirmed the confirmation of archbifhop William, of the donation of his predecessor archbifhop Simon, of 6000 of *tawod* granted to the vicar of Cranbrooke, of the tenths of *filve cedue* belonging to the church of Cranbrooke.

It is valued in the king's books at 191. 198. $4^{\frac{1}{2}}$ d. and the yearly tenths at 11. 198. 11^{$\frac{3}{4}$}d. In 1578 here were 1905 communicants. On a furvey taken in 164.8, after the abolition of deans and chapters, it appeared that there was a parfonage-houfe, an orchard, little garden, two great barns, and other buildings; and that the late

^a Augtn. off Deeds of Inrolment and Exchange, box marked A. 14^a. Ratified and confirmed by the convent, A. 14^b.

dean and chapter, in 1636, demifed to John Roberts, esq. these premises, and all manner of tithes of corn and grafs, for twenty-one years, at 331. 6s. 8d. per annum, but that they were worth, over and above that rent, 2281. 135. 4d. per annum. The leffees to repair the chancel and the market-crofs of the town.

There is no part of this parish which claims an exemption of tithes; but there is a finall and irregular modus upon all the lands in it, in lieu of vicarial tithes. There are no tithes paid fpecifically for hops, though there are upwards of fix hundred acres planted in this parish, as being included in the above-mentioned modus.

The glebe land confifts of the fcite of the vicarage, the garden, and about three quarters of an acre of meadow. There are fome old houfes belonging to the vicarage, which, when the taxes and repairs are deducted, produce very little clear income.

Anno 1314, a commission was issued for fettling a dispute between the rectors of Biddenden and Cranbrooke, concerning the bounds of their respective parishes.

CHURCH OF CRANBROOKE.

PATRONS, Or by whom prefented.	VICARS.
The Archbishop	William Eddye, A. M. Dec. 29, 1591, obt. 1616. Robert Abbot, A. M. Nov. 28.

1616, lequestered March 9, 1643.0

John Saltmarsh, in 1645.P

William Goodridge, ejected 1662.4 John Cooper, A. B. Nov. 21, 1662.

· Walker's Suff. of Clergy, pt. ii. p. 183. Wood's Ath. Ox. vol. i. p. 431, fatti p. 177. P Likewife rector of Brasted, which

he was put into by the parliament, being a bigotted enthufiall.

9 Ejected by the Bartholomew Act. Calamy's Life of Baxter.

PATRONS, Oc.

The Archbishop.

VICARS.

Charles Buck, inducted 1668, obt. 1706. John Johnson, A. M. inducted April 25, 1707, obt. Dec. 15, 1725.^r Joseph Difney, A. M. Dec. 23,

1725, obt. Aug. 3, 1777.³ Richard Podmore, LL. B. Dec. 3, 1777, the prefent vicar.^t

* See his life, Biog. Brit. vol. vii. append. p. 111. He was first vicar of Boughton Blean and Hernehill, then curate of St. John's, Margate, and vicar of Apledore, with Ebony. He lies buried in the church-yard here, close to the wall of the vestry. He was a very learned man, and published many books, fermons and treatifes.

s He fucceeded his predeceffor in the vicarage of Apledore with Ebony, and died here far advanced in years, infomuch, that the vicar, clerk, and fexton, made together the amount of 254 years; an infrance of the healthinefs of this place. The clerk; Samuel Jenner, died in 1782, æt. 96 and upwards.

t He was before vicar of Sittingborne. In Nov. 1777, a diffection paffed for his holding the vicarage of Apledore with Ebony, together with this vicarage.

FRITTENDEN

S. JUNIORIUM

LIES the next parifh north-eaflward. So much of it as is in the borough of Stephurft, is in the hundred of Barkley, and the reft of it is in the hundred of Cranbrooke. The liberty of the court of the bailiwic of the Seven Hundreds claims paramount over it, and part of it is within the manor of Hollingborne; but there are feveral other fmall manors likewife fubordinate to it. It is wholly in the division of Weft Kent.

THIS PARISH is very narrow from east to weft, and contains about feventy houses. It has an unpleasant and forlorn aspect. The foil is a deep, stiff clay, very wet and unkindly for tillage, infomuch that, in a rainy seafon, the occupiers have but little produce from their lands, which confequently keeps them very poor. The southern part of it is entirely covered with coppice wood; besides which, the same frequent, and the hedge-rows broad round the fields, which have

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quantities

quantities of large oak trees interfperfed throughout them. The roads, from the foil, except in the drieft feafons, are so deep and miry, as to be almost impassable; though it lies fo obfcure, that there is but little traffic through it. The village, which is but finall, ftands on a hill near the middle of the parish, and the church close to it. One of the streams from Cranbrooke runs acrofs the parifh north-eaftward, and turns a corn-mill belonging to David Papillon, efg. late of Acrife, and there was formerly another fouthward of it, the fcite of which is ftill called the Old Mill. Near the prefent mill, not half a mile north-weft from the village, is a green called Frittenden-brook, which the occupiers of the houfes round it ftock at their pleafure; and on the other fide of the stream is another, called Singstedgreen. Sir Horace Mann is owner of more than half of this parish.

THERE WAS formerly a family of the name of Webbe, which was refident here for many years. William Webbe was of Frittenden anno 23 Henry VI. and was defeended from Richard Webbe, who lived anno 17 Edward II. but they became extinct here about the end of the laft century, ending in a female heir Lucy, fole daughter of Thomas Webbe, efq. of this place, who married Sir William Dutton Colt, envoy to Hanover in 1692." They bore for their arms, Or, a crofs quarterly, counterchanged, gules, and fable; in the first quarter, an eagle, difplayed of the third. The feite of their manfion, which has been fome time pulled down, paffed from the heirs of this family to Page, and Mr. Stephen Page, of Maidstone, in 1777, devifed it by will to Mr. John Seager, of the fame place, brewer, the prefent owner of it.

There is a fair held here on Sept. 8, yearly, for toys, ribbons, &c.

^u See Collins's Bar. vol. v. p. 47. Heraldic Vistn. of Kent, anno 1619. Pedigree Webbe. Her. off. book D. 18. f. 5. THE MANOR OF COMDEN, alias Gomenden, is fituated in the fouth-weft part of this parifh. It was part of the antient poffessions of the priory of Leeds, where it remained till the suppression of that priory, in the 31st year of Henry VIII. when it came into the king's hands; who in his 32d year, granted it to Walter Hendeley, esq. attorney of his court of augmentation, to hold *in capite* by knight's fervice, and he, two years afterwards, alienated it to Sir John Baker, of Sissinghurst, in Cranbrooke, in whose descendants it has continued down in the same succession as that place, till it was fold, in like manner with it, to the trustees of Sir Horace Mann, bart. who is the present owner of it.

Bewper was once accounted a manor here, and, with Great and Little Ferburst, was part of the revenues of the abbey of Faversham; before which, as appears by the Testa de Nevil, it was the property of Roger de Leyborne, who owned it in the reign of Edward I. and then got the tenure of it changed from fergeantry to knight's fervice. This estate continued among the possessions of that abbey till the furrendry of it, in the 30th year of Henry VIII. when it came into the hands of the crown; but it had been demifed by the abbot and convent, in the 29th year of that reign, for ninetynine years, at the yearly rent of 2l. 19s. 3d." to Henry Wylford, in which state it then came into the hands of the crown, and was granted, fubject to that demife, in the 35th year of that reign, to Sir Thomas Moile, who, not long after, passed away his interest in it to Robert Prat, and his fon Mr. Francis Prat, in the 1ft year of queen Elizabeth, conveyed it, by fine, to Mr. Edward Bathurst, who, in the fame reign, fold it to Sir Richard Baker, of Siffinghurft, and he feems to have become entitled to the actual possession of this estate, which continued in his descendants, in the fame manner

" See Bailiffs Accounts, Augtri. off. Jacob's Faversh. p. 190.

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IIζ

as Siffinghurft, till it was alienated to the truftees of Sir Horace Mann, bart. who is the prefent owner of it.

WALLINGHURST and BUCKHURST, are two finall obfolete manors in this parifh, which, by fome means that I cannot at prefent difcover, were come into the hands of the crown in the reign of Henry VIII. who, in his 29th year, granted them to Sir Thomas Cromwell, lord Cromwell, afterwards created earl of Effex, whofe lands were *difgavelled* by the act of the 31ft year of that reign, on whofe attainder the year afterwards, they returned again to the crown, whence they were, the fame year, granted to Sir John Baker, of Siffinghurft, in whofe defcendants they continued down, with that feat, till they were fold with it, to the truftees of Sir Horace Mann, bart. who is the prefent poffeffor of them.

UPPER PEASRIDGE, alias POUND-FARM, is a manor here, which was antiently part of the extensive poffeffions of the great family of Badlefmere, in which it temained till Bartholomew de Badlefmere forfeited it, for treason, to the crown, in the 15th year of king Edward II. as appears by the inquifition, which was not taken after his death till the 2d year of Edward III. Notwithstanding this, his young fon Giles de Badlefmere found to much favour, that in the 7th year of that reign he had possession granted of his inheritance, though he was not then of age. He died in the 12th year of that reign, *[. p.** upon which his four fifters became his coheirs, the eldeft of whom marrying John de Vere, earl of Oxford, on a partition of their eftates, he in her right, became entitled to it, and died poffeffed of it in the 34th year of that reign ;y and in his defcendants this manor continued till the reign of king Henry VI. when Richard de Vere, earl of Oxford, paffed it away by fale to St. Leger, in which name it

* See an account of the Badlesmeres, vol. vi. p. 469.

^v See more of the Veres, vol. vi. of this hiftory, p. 474.

remained

remained till the reign of Philip and Mary, when it was fold to Lone, defcended from those of that name in Lancashire, in which name it remained for feveral defcents; at length it was alienated to Weston, of Cranbrooke. John Weston, clothier, of that place, died posses of it in 1694, as did his fon of the fame name, in 1714; his fon John Weston, esq. of Wilfley-green, in Cranbrooke, died posses of it a few years ago, leaving Elizabeth his wife furviving, and feveral children by her. She now resides at Upper Wilstey, in Cranbrooke, and is the present posses of this manor.

CHARITIES.

THOMAS IDENDEN, by will in 1566, gave, for the benefit of poor maids marriages, for the relief of poor houfholders, and for fuch deeds of charity as fhould be thought most needful, at the difcretion of the churchwardens and four honest men, chosen from time to time by the parishioners, a house and land, containing twenty-fix acres, now vested as above, and of the annual produce of 211.

THE ABOVE TRUSTEES purchased in 1641, of Richard Webbe, of this parish, for the use of the poor above-mentioned, a mefsuage, and close by the church-yard gate, now vested in the same trustees, and of the annual produce of two guineas.

AN ACRE OF LAND adjoining to the church yard, was given to the poor by perfons unknown, and of the annual produce of 11. 2s. 6d.

The poor relieved annually are about fixty; cafually 140.

FRITTENDEN is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JURIS-DICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Charing.

The church confifts of two isles and two chancels, having a spire steeple, in which are six bells. It is dedicated to St. Mary. In the chancel is a monument for the Rev. Henry Bagnall, rector, 1761, arms, Barry of four, or, and ermine; over all, a lion rampant, azure; and a memorial for Elizabeth, sole daughter and heir of Robert Perry, gent. of this parish, obt. 1646, æt. 17; arms, On a bend, three spears.

It

It is a rectory, the patronage of which was for fome time owned by the Bakers, of Siffinghurft, and next by the family of Webbe, of this place. William Webbe, esq. of Frittenden, was patron of it at the latter end of queen Elizabeth's reign, as was his fon Richard at the latter end of king James I. but they do not feem to have continued to long afterwards, and in the reign of Charles II. William Daines, of London, was become entitled to it. In later times it became the property of Bagnall, and Mr. Henry Bagnall, clerk, rector of this parish, died posseffed of it in 1761, leaving by Judith his wife, eldest daughter of Anthony Paull, gent. of High Halden, two daughters, Anne and Elizabeth, his coheirs, in whom the interest of it seems at this time to be vested.

This rectory is valued in the king's books at 151. 18s. 9d. and the yearly tenths at 11. 11s. 14d.

In 1578 there were communicants here one hundred and fifty fix.

CHURCH OF FRITTENDEN.

Or by whom prefented.	RECTORS.
William Webbe, gent. of Frittenden	Edward Hargrave, July 3, 1594, obt. 1619. ²
Richard Webbe, gent	Sanderfon Webbe, A. B. Dec. 23, 1619, obt. 1620. Richard Bonde, A. M. Nov. 2, 1620. William Dell, May 20, 1635. ^a Robert Clarke, obt. 1666.
Wm. Daines, gent. of London	Robert Newton, A. M. Jan. 23, 1666, obt. March 20, 1725. ^b Thomas Bagnall. A. M. Oct. 30, 1725, obt. 1726.
 He lies buried in the chancel, where his infeription remains on brafs, but partly hid under the altar-rails. Prefented by the king, being va- 	cant for <i>fimony</i> . Rym. Fæd. vol. xix. p. 772. b He lies buried in the chancel, within the altar-rails. He died æt. 85.

PATRONS.

TATRONE

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RECTORS.

PATRONS, Sc. Win. Daines, gent. of London Henry Bagnall, A. M. May 6,

1726, obt. March 28, 1761.0 Henry Frend, A.B. Oct 3, 1761, the prefent rector.

e He lies buried in the chancel, as mentioned above.

STAPLEHURST

IS the last parish to be described in this hundred, being fituated the next north-weft from that of Frittenden. So much of it as is in the north borough, the boroughs of King's Franchife and Faircrouch, or Lovehurst, is in the bailiwic of the Seven Hundreds, and hundred of Cranbrooke; and another part of it is in the hundred of Marden; all which above-mentioned is in the lower division of the lath of Scray.

The relidue of this parish is in the lath of Aylesford, viz. that part of it which is in the hundred of Eyhorne, and that part likewife called Detling borough, which contains in it fix or feven houfes, is in the hundred of Maidstone.

The liberty of the court of the bailiwic of the Seven Hundreds claims paramount over that part of this parish which is in the hundred of Cranbrooke, subordinate to which there are feveral fmall manors, or rather manor farms in it. It is within the division of West Kent.

THE PARISH of Stapleburft, though healthy like its neighbourhood, is, excepting the village of it, an unpleasant fituation, having a gloomy and dreary appearance; the country is low, flat, and miry; the houses difperfed at diftances from each other, and along the broad green swerds, and small forstals in it. The ftream which comes from Cranbrooke runs along the southern boundary of it, as the Hedcorne stream towards 120

wards Stylebridge does along the eaftern and northern parts of it. The foil is in general a wet clay, intermixed with marle at different places, and in the fouthern part of it filme fand. The high road from Maidftone over Cocksheath, and by Stylebridge to Cranbrooke and Tenterden, leads through it, being like the reft of the high roads in these parts fabricated of fand; the bye roads are equally bad, and nearly impassible as the neighbouring ones in wet weather and winter. There is but very little wood in it.

The village, or ftreet of Staplehurft, is built on each fide of the great road, at the 47th mile-ftone from London, being the only part of this parifh which can be called tolerably pleafant and dry, being fituated on the fide of a hill, from the knoll of which it continues to the bottom of it, having the church at the fouth end of it, and the parfonage-houfe juft below it. The houfes are mostly old-fashioned and large timbered; most of them shops, but there are three or four good modern built houfes interspersed among them, which stand pleafantly on the hill, having a fine view over the Weald fouthward,

The parifh contains about eighty-eight houses, and not quite a thousand inhabitants. The rents of it are about 3000l. per annum. There are two meetinghouses; one for the Baptists, the other for the Presbyterians.

At the entrance of the village, on the hill, at a fmall diftance from the high road, on the eaft fide of it, is a large antient manor-house, called *Loddenden*, fituated within the borough of its own name. It was lately the property of Mr. Edward Usborne, deceased, and now of his widow, who lives in it.

THE MANOR OF STAPLEHURST was once part of the poffeffions of the family of Fremingham, or Farningham, as they were usually called. John, fon of Ralph de Fremingham, of Lofe, died in the 12th year of king Henry IV. poffeffed of it, and leaving no iffue,

he

he by will devifed it to certain feoffees, who next year affigned it over, according to the directions of it, to John, fon of Reginald de Pimpe, and his heirs male, with remainder to Roger Isle, as being nearest of blood to him.

John Pimpe died possessed of this manor in the 9th year of king Henry V. and in his defcendants it continued down to Reginald Pimpe, efq. who, about the 12th year of Henry VII. conveyed it by deed to John Isley, elq. His grandfon Sir Henry Isley, (whofe lands were difgavelled by the act of 2 and 3 Edward VI.) together with his fon William Isley, being both attainted for the rebellion raifed by Sir Thomas Wyatt, in the Ift year of queen Mary, their lands and estates became forfeited to the crown, and Sir Henry was executed at Sevenoke; but this manor staid with the crown but a very finall time, for the queen granted it that year, together with lands here, which had been formerly belonging to the abbey of Boxley, and on the fuppreflion of it had been granted by Henry VIII. to Sir Thomas Wyatt, and come to the crown on his attainder at the time above-mentioned, to Sir John Baker, her attorney general, in whofe defcendants they continued, in a like fucceffion as Siffinghurft, already defcribed, in the adjoining parish of Cranbrooke, till they were fold in 1752 to Galfridus Mann, efq. whofe fon Sir Horace Mann, bart. is the prefent owner of them.

NEWSTED is a manor in this parifh, which was annexed to the free chapel erected here by Hamon de Crevequer, and invefted with feveral privileges; which gift, with all its franchifes, was confirmed to it in the 41ft year of Edward III.^d But this chapel, with all others of the like fort, being fuppreffed, and their revenues given to the crown, by the act paffed anno r Edward VI the king, not long afterwards, granted this

^a See the first book of composition kept in the Register's office at Rochester.

manor

CRANBROOKE HUNDRED.

manor to Sir Edward Wotton, knt. one of his privycouncil, in whofe descendants it continued down to Thomas, lord Wotton, who died in 1630, and before his death had fettled it in marriage upon his eldeft daughter and coheir married to Henry, lord Stanhope, fon and heir of Philip, earl of Chefterfield. After which, she, by her feoffees in trust, passed it away to Mr. Robert Oliver, of Leyborne, whole fon, of the fame name, leaving an only daughter and heir Juliana, fhe carried it in marriage to Edward Covert, efq. of Suffex, who likewise left one daughter and heir, and the marrying Mr. Henry Saxby, entitled him to it. Soon after which it was alienated to Hales, and Mr. James Hales, of Rochefter, in 1730, conveyed it by fale to Mr. Thomas Mercer, of Hawkhurlt, whofe fon Mr. William Mercer died poffeffed of it fome few years ago, and his fon John Dunmoll Mercer, now of Hawkhurst, is the present owner of it.

This effate coulifls of two farms, adjoining to each other, called *Great* and *Little Newfled*, the latter of which claims an exemption of tithes. On this farm are the remains of a moat, and there is fome appearance of a building having antiently flood within it.

There has not been any court held for it for many years.

HENHURST, as it is now called, was in antient times known more properly by the name of *Engehurst*, as appeared by fome old dateless deeds relating to the bounds of fome lands in this parifh, in which they were mentioned to be fituated *juxta terras Ofberti de Hengburst fupra dennam de Engburst*, and from this denne did that antient family of Enghurst, or Henhurst, take the first origin of its name, bearing for their arms, as appeared by feveral feals, for their paternal coat, *Barry*, of *fix pieces*; and having continued in posseffion of this place from the reign of Edward II. till that of Henry VI. at length Henry Henghurst, in the 23d year of it, fettled it, by his feosffees in truft, on his kinfman John Nash,

in which name it continued in the reign of Henry VII. and was then alienated to Sir William Kempe, of Ollantigh, fheriff anno 20 Henry VIII. and he died poffested of it at the latter end of that reign. His fon Sir Thomas Kempe, alienated it to Thomas Roberts, who held it of the manor of West-court, in Detling, and died possessed of it anno 5 and 6 Philip and Mary. At length one of his descendants John Roberts, alienated it to Henry Moody, who died before the middle of king James I.'s reign, and left an only daughter Sybell, who carried the manor of Henhurft in marriage to Thomas Lusher, who, before 1634, had alienated it to Samuel Hovenden, gent. who bore for his arms, Chequy, argent, and fable, on a bend, gules, three lions beads erased, or, and died soon after the death of king Charles I. by one of whofe daughters and coheirs Elizabeth, it was carried in marriage to Patrick Tyndall, gent. whole fon Thomas was poffeffed of it at the latter end of the reign of Charles II." His heirs alienated it to Mr. John Love, whole grandfon leaving an only daughter and heir, she entitled her husband Mr. John Waller to the poffession of it; but the remainder, on failure of iffue by them, is vested in her kinsman Mr. John Love, of this place.

SPILSILL-COURT WAS ONCE, as appears by antient deeds, the refidence of a family of that name, who, before the end of king Edward II.'s reign, were extinct here, and it was become the property of Stangrave, of Stangrave, in Eatonbridge; for Sir Robert de Stangrave, at his decease in the 12th year of Edward III. held fome eftate at Spilfill, but about the end of that reign the Maineys were become owners of it; in which name it continued down to Walter Mayney, fecond fon of John Mayney, efq. of Biddenden, who kept his shrievalty here in the 13th year of queen Eli-

• The above account is entirely taken from the court-rolls of Weft-court manor.

zabeth.

zabeth.^f His defcendant, in the reign of king James I. fold it to Mr. John Sharpye, clothier, who refided here, and died in 1613. His fon, of the fame name, who died in 1617, left an only daughter Frances, married to Mr. George Thomfon, of London, in whofe right he became poffeffed of it; and in his defcendants it continued till it was fold to Nicholas Toke, of Maidftone, by whofe daughter Conftance it went in marriage to Mr. William Ufborne, gent. of this parifh, defcended of anceftors of long ftanding in thefe parts, who bore for their arms, *Quarterly*, firft, and fourth, ermine, of five Jpots; fecond and third, azure, a crofs, or;^s and his fon Nicholas Toke Ufborne, gent. now of Staplehurft, is the prefent owner of this effate.

AVDHURST, ufually called *Little Aydburft*, is a manor here, lying about three quarters of a mile north-weft from the church, the manfion of which has been fome time gone to ruin. It was formerly the property of the family of Lambe, of Sutton Valence, one of whom, Thomas Lambe, gent. poffeffed it in 1692, whofe daughter and heir carried it in marriage to Thomas Peene, junior, and he fold it to Jeremy Parker, whofe defcendant Augustine Parker, in 1752, passed it away by fale to Mr. John Rawlins, of Maidstone, whofe widow Mrs. Rawlins, at her decease within these few years devifed it by her last will to Mr. George Prentice, timber-merchant, of that place, who is the prefent possible of it.

There is no court held for this manor, which is held of that of Sutton Valence, and is defcribed in the rolls by the name of *part of the denne of Adburft*.

WIDHURST, alias LOWER PAGEHURST, by which latter name it is ufually called, is a manor, fituated at a very fmall diftance fouthwest from that last described.

⁸ Pedigree of this family in the hands of Mr. Ufborne, beginning in 1405

^f Viftn. co. Kent, anno 1574. Pedigree Mayney.

It was fometime fince owned by Mayo, who devifed it by will to Mary his wife, for her life, and fhe having remarried Mr. John Philcocks, entitled him to it for that time, but on her decease it became divided in fhares among her feveral children, and they are now respectively entitled to it. A court baron is held for this manor.

LOVEHURST is a manor, which lies about a mile and a quarter fouthward from Lower Pagehurft, and is of fomewhat more confiderable account than those laft mentioned, giving name to a finall borough in this hundred. This manor was given among other premifes, in the reign of Henry II. by Robert de Thurnham, by the defcription of all his land at Lofherste, with its appurtenances, to the priory of Combwell, in Goudhurst, at that time founded by him,^h and it remained part of the possession of it till the 27th year of Henry VIII. when it was suppressed by the act then passed, as not having revenues to the clear yearly value of two hundred pounds.

This manor remained but a fmall time in the crown, for the king, in his 29th year, granted it to Thomas Culpeper, gent. to hold *in capite* by knight's fervice; but he did not continue possible of it long, for it appears by the escheat-rolls, that it was again in the crown in the 34th year of that reign, when the king granted this manor, with its appurtenances, to Sir John Gage, to hold in like manner. He fold it to Thomas Wilsford, esq. of Hartridge, whose fon, of the fame name, had possible of it in the 7th year of queen Elizabeth. Soon after which he a'ienated it to Mr. John Baker, from which name it passed in that tame reign, to Stanley; at length, after some intermediate owners, it came into the name of Johnfon, one of which, about fifty years ago, gave it by

^h See the confirmations of it in Dugd. Mon. vol. ii. p. 270.

will

will to St. Bartholomew's hospital, in London, part

of the revenues of which it continues at this time. The borough of Lovehurft has a court leet of itelf, holden at the manor of Lovehurft, and the inhabitants of it owe no fervice to the court leet for the hundred of Cranbrooke; but at this court leet of Lovehurft, a conftable for that hundred may be chofen out of this borough.

AT A SMALL DISTANCE from the fouth end of the village of Staplehurft is *Iden-green*, on which flood, till within thefe few years, the manfion of THE MA-NOR OF IDEN. This manor was formerly the property of Chiffinch, from one of which name it paffed to Brian Fauffett, efq. of Heppington, whofe fon the Rev. Mr. Bryan Fauffett fold it, about twenty years ago, to Mr. Thomas Simmons, gent. the prefent owner of it.

There was a court held for this manor about feventy years ago, on Iden-green, under an oak, and fome years afterwards in the manfion; but the oak being felled, and the houfe taken down, none has been held fince, nor probably will be again.

MAPLEHURST and EXHURST, are two manors here, which in antient times were of no finall account, the former of them being fituated within the bounds of one of those thirteen denberries which Kenewulf, king of Mercia, and Cuthred, king of Kent, gave to Wernod, abbot of St. Augustine's, Canterbury, at the time he gave to that monastery the manor of Lenham, being called in that grant *Mapulterburst*. This estate was in the reign of Edward I. in the polfession of the family of St. Leger, and Thomas de St. Leger, in the 29th year of that reign, had a grant of *free warren* for his lands at Mapelherst; and in his descendants it continued till it was at length fold to Roberts, or Robesart, one of which name, Sir Lewis

ⁱ Rot. Cart. ejus an. N. 15.

Robesart,

STAPLEHURST.

Robefart, died poffeffed of it in the 10th year of king Henry VI. How long it continued in that name, or who were the fucceffive owners of it from that time, I have not found; but in later times they both became the property of Speke, one of whom, in 1720, fold them to David Papillon, efq. of Acrife, in this county, whole fon David Papillon, efq. late of that place, is the prefent owner of it.

CHARITIES.

LANCELOT BATHURST gave by will in 1639, 150l. for the fupport of a fchoolmafter, to inftruct the fons of the poor in reading, writing, and accounts, which, with 40l. raifed by the contribution of the parifhioners, purchafed a farm, rented at 10l. per annum, which the fchoolmafter receives, and is obliged to teach ten boys for it.

MAJOR JOHN GIBBON, who was born and baptifed in this parifh, gave by will in 1707, the remaining term in three Exchequer annuities of 70l value (after the death of three relations) to the churchwardens and overfeers of this parifh, for the educating of poor boys in reading, writing, and arithmetic, and binding them apprentices to handicrafts and other trades. Philips Gibbon, efq. furvivor of the three, dying in 1762, there were then forty-two years to come unexpired, which being fold, by virtue of a decree in chancery, and the money laid out in the purchafe of three per cent. confolidated annuities, produced a dividend of 50l. per annum, which is applied by the truffees appointed by the faid court, according to the teffator's intention.

THIS PARISH is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JU-RISDICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Sutton.

The church is dedicated to All Saints. It is a large handfome building, confifting of two ifles and two chancels, having a tower fteeple, with a beacon turret at the weft end, in which are five bells. On the outfide of the fteeple, over the weft door, is a coat of arms, viz. *A lion, rampant*; on the right fide another coat, impaled, but defaced; on the left, one, being *a crofs, engrailed*, over a dormant window on the roof, on the fouth fide in the church, is a curious antient canopy or ceiling of woodwork, in fquare compartments, ments, on which are carved defigns of theers, fuch as are ufed by clothiers, and a crown, and a portcullis, &c. By the emblem of the fheers, it is fuppoled to have been put up by fome one exercifing that trade. The fouth chancel is faid to have belonged to Spilfill court, there is a tomb of Bethersden matble in it, on which were the figures of a man between his two wives, that on the left hand only remains; it probably belonged to one of the family of Mayney. In the church-yard are feveral tomb flones for the family of Love, most of the inferiptions of which are obliterated, and one for Edward Simmons, obt. 1735.

The earlieft patron 1 find of this rectory is, John Kempe, bishop of London, who died anno 4 king Henry VII. poffeffed of one acre of land in this parifh, with the advowfon of the church of Staplehurft annexed, held of the king, as of his manor of Marden, as was found by inquifition ; and that Thomas Kempe was his kinfman and next heir. He was of Ollantigh, knight, and was the bishop's nephew, and died poffeffed of it, holding it by the like tenure. His fon, of the fame name, paffed it away to Sir Richard Baker, who was poffeffed of it in 1578, and he foon afterwards fold it to Martin Culpeper, M. D. of Oxford, who, in the beginning of the next reign of king James, alienated it to Robert Newman, S. T. P. in whofe descendants it continued feveral years; but in the reign of Charles II. John Clayton, elq. was owner of it; at length, about the time of queen Anne's reign, it was fold to the mafter and fellows of St. John's college, Cambridge, part of whole possessions it remains at this time.

It is valued in the king's books at 261. 55. 11d. and the yearly tenths at 2l. 125. 7d. In 1578 there were four hundred and forty communicants here; in 1640, five hundred and eight, when it was valued at 1601. per annum.

There

There is no glebe land belonging to the rectory befide the feite of the houfe, garden, and forstal in the front of it.

In the Lambeth registers are articles of agreement between Robert Newman, clerk, D. D. rector, and his parishioners, concerning tithes in 1604; and a further order by archbishop Abbot, concerning the fame, in 1607, in the library there, among the Cart. Miscell.

There are three farms in the borough of Lovehurft, in this parish, which pay the rector a modus of one shilling, in lieu of all tithes.

CHURCH OF STAPLEHURST.

Or by whom prejented.	
Millicent, widow of faid R. New- man, pro hac wice	Robert Newman, S. T. B. April 29, 1591, obt. 1612. ^k Robert Browne, A. M. Dec. 30, 1612, fequeftered 1642. ¹ John Sloper, refigned 1645.
Robert Newman, gent	Henry Keat, A. M. Dec. 15,
	1645. Daniel Poyntell, ejected August, 1662. ^m
John Cleyton, esq	Stephen Lowton. A. M. Nov. 7, 1662, obt. 1694.
The Archbishop.	Joseph Crowther, A. M. Aug: 27, 1684. obt. 1719.
Master, Sc. of St. John's college,	John Bozviell, S. T. P. Dec. 22,
Cambridge	1710, obt. 1752." Michael Burton, D. D. March 2,
	1754, obt. March 3, 1759. John Taylor, S. T. P. Aug. 20,
	1759, obt. Dec. 29, 1784. Thomas Thompson, A. M. 1785

obt. 1786.° Henry Grove, A. M. 1786, the present rector.

RECTORS.

m Calamy's Life of Baxter, p. 286-Kennet's Chron.

n Fellow of St. John's college, and vicar of Patrixlborne.

· Head-matter of the king's fchool at Rochefter, and vicar of Hoo.

aunu:n for ever. 1 Walk. Suff. Clerg. pt. ii. p. 203. VOL. VII.

k His will is in the Prerog. office, Cant. It appears by it, that he was of

New College, Oxford, to the fellows of which fociety, preaching at St. Paul's Crofs, London, he bequeathed 101. per

PATRONS,

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THE

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THE HUNDRED OF BARKLEY

LIES the next north-eaftward from that of Cranbrooke. In the 20th year of king Edward III. it is fpelt *Berdekely*.

This hundred, which is within the lower division of the lath of Scray,

CONTAINS WITHIN ITS BOUNDS THE GREATEST PART OF THE PARISH OF

BIDDENDEN,

With the church, and part of the parifhes of BENENDEN, CRAN-BROOKE, FRITTENDEN, HALDEN, HEDCORNE, and SMAR-DEN, the churches of which are in other hundreds. One conftable has jurifdiction over it.

BIDDENDEN

IS the next parish eastward from Frittenden. That part of it which is in the boroughs of Ibornden, Wolenden, Hevenden, Omenden, Stepherst, and Wachenden, is in the hundred of Barkley; and the refidue of it, being in the borough of the Outbounds of Smithfditch, is in the hundred of Cranbrooke. The borsholder of the above-mentioned borough of Wofenden, is chosen at the court-leet held at Burham, in this county; and the borough of Wachenden has a court-leet of itfelf, holden in this parish, at which the borfholder of that borough is chosen; fo that neither of these two borsholders last-mentioned are chosen at the court-leet held for this hundred, nor do the inhabitants of them attend at that court; but at it there may be chosen a constable for the hundred out of either of these boroughs.

The

The denns of Biddenden and Spelhurst, in this parifh, are held of the manor of Shurland, in Pluckley; the liberty of the manor of Wye claims over the borough of Wachenden; and the manor of Godmersham extends into this parish, which is in the division of Weft Kent.

THE PARISH is much the fame, as to the appearance of the country, as those in this neighbourhood last-described, having some gentle rifes in it; the soil too is much the fame, having plenty of marle throughout it, the fouthern and western parts are covered with coppice woods, the large oak trees are numerous throughout it, as well there, as in the hedge rows. It is populous, containing about 2000 inhabitants, of which about a fifth part are diffenters, there are no clothiers remaining in it, though the trade formerly flourished in this equally with the adjoining parishes. The village, ufually called in like manner as most others in the Weald, the town of Biddenden, having the church and parfonage on the western fide of it, stands rather towards the fouthern part of the parish, on the high road from Tenterden to Alhford, which is here joined by that from Cranbrooke. There are three principal hamlets, which are difperfed at different parts of the parish, called Wosenden-green, Stroud-quarter, and Standen,

There is a fair, formerly held on the day of St. Simon and St. Jude, now on Nov. 8, for Welsh cattle chiefly, and another on Old Lady day.

BIDDENDEN PLACE, or, as it was afterwards ufually called, THE PLACE-HOUSE, stands at the fouth end of the town, and was antiently the refidence of an old family, who took their furname from it; after which the Mayneys were the next who fucceeded to the poffeffion of it, and refided here likewife, being, as well as that great man Sir Walter de Mayney, fo noted in hiftory both for his valour and piety, defcended from Walter de Meduana, or Mayney, who came into England

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England with the Conqueror, and, as appears by the red book in the exchequer, held twenty knights fees in this county, and appears by his arms, Or, three chevronels, (able, to have been the elder branch of this family; those of Biddenden and Linton bearing, Per pale, argent and fable, three chevronels, between as many cinquefoil, all counterchanged Sir John de Mayney refided here in the beginning of king Edward III.'s reign, as did his fon, of the fame name, who died poffessed of this feat, with other lands contiguous to it, in the 50th year of that reign; and from him it descended down to John Mayney, esq. of Biddenden, who left two fons, John, who fucceeded him here, and Walter, who was of Staplehurft, and sheriff anno 13 Elizabeth, the lands of both whom were difgavelled by the act of 2 and 3 king Edward VI. John Mayney, the eldeft fon, refided here, and was sheriff anno 7 Elizabeth, 1566, in which year he died, leaving two fons, Anthony and Walter; the former of whom was father of Sir Anthony Mayney, who, in that reign, having purchased a feat at Linton, removed thither,^P and alienated this feat to Sir Edward Henden, one of the barons of the exchequer in the reign of Charles I.9 whole arms are in the femicircular window of Grays-Inn hall, of which he was a member, being Azure, a lion paffant, between three escallop shells, or; who dying f. p. in 1662, was buried in the chancel of this church, having given it by will to his nephew Sir John Henden, sheriff in the 22d year of that reign, who refided here, as did his descendants down to William Henden; but he having, in the reign of king George I. diffipated his patrimony, pulled down the greatest part of this feat, and left the poor remains of it, confifting of only three or four rooms, and a very few acres of the old garden and park, to his fon William,

^p See vol. iv. of this hiftory, p. 367,

⁹ His will is in the Prerog. office, Cant.

and

and he sold it to the trustees of Sir Horace Mann, bart. the present proprietor of it.

ALMOST opposite the Place-house is A MANSION, formerly the feat of the Taylors, from whom it paffed to Mr. Jenkin Hague, whole nephew, of the fame name, now owns it. And at the north end of the town is another, called BIDDENDEN-HOUSE, formerly the estate of the Pattensions, who bore for their arms, Argent, on a fess, sable, three fleurs de lis, or ; in which name it continued down to Mr. Jolias Pattenson, who devised it to his eldest son of the same name. He married Elizabeth, the eldeft of the two daughters and coheirs of Felix Kadwell, efq. of Rolvenden, by whom he had Kadwell Pattenson, of the Gate-house, in Rolvenden, who died /. p. Margaret, Ellen, Jofias Pattenion, elq. now of Brooke-place, in Albford, and Mary, who married Samuel Munn, of Haftings, by whom the had Samuel, late of Athford, gent. and Ellen, married to William Jemmett, gent. of Alhford. The Pattensons bear for their arms, Argent, on a fess, sable, three fleurs de lis, or. After his death his heirs alienated it to Mr. Peter Berry, who afterwards fold it to Mr. Stephen Elmstone, the present owner of it.

THE FAMILY OF POMFRET was for feveral generations poffeffed of a good eftate in this parifh. The manfion in which they refided is a large old houfe, near the town. It formerly belonged to Edmund Steed, gent. who died in 1664, and afterwards to Vincent Quilter, by whofe daughter and heir it came, by marriage to Pomfret, in one of whofe deicendants it continues at this time. Many of them lte buried in the fouth part of the church-yard, where their tombs are yet remaining, with their arms on them, being Quarterly, argent, and gules, a bend, fable; a branch of the family of Seyliard, who intermarried with the Boddenhams, likewife refided here during the laft century, bearing for their arms, Gules, a chief, ermine.

K 3

ALLARDS

ALLARDS is an estate in this parish, which had on it an antient feat, which for many generations was the manfion of a family of the fame name, one of whom was Gervas Allard, who was admiral of the western feas in the 34th year of Edward I and in his defcendants it continued till the reign of Charles I. when Francis Allard, gent. of this place, leaving an only daughter Elizabeth, fhe carried it in marriage to Terry Aldersey, gent. of Swanton-court, in Bredgar, who died poffeffed of it in 1678, and bequeathed this eftate to his fecond fon Mr. Henry Aldersey, of Maidstone, whofe descendant fold it to Thomas Tong, surgeon, of Milton, from whom it passed by fale to Mr. John Hooker, gent. of Brenchley, and his defcendant John Hooker, elq. now of Broadoak, in that parish, is the present owner of it.

CASTWISELL is an estate here, situated at the boundary of this parish, next to Cranbrooke, which was once accounted a manor, and had in very early times owners of the fame name, as appears by fome antient deeds without date, relating to it, in which John de Castwisell is a witness at the teste of them. But before the reign of Edward IV. the Moiles were become possessed of it; in the 6th year of which Sir Walter Moile, of Eaftwell, granted to Reginald and William Sands, all those lands, tenements, rents, and fervices, which Simon Gidenden lately held of him, as of his manor of Caftwifell. His grandfon Mr. Thomas Moyle (afterwards knighted in the 29th year of Henry VIII.) conveyed it to Stephen Rogers, gent. whose descendant Mr. Jonathan Rogers owned it at the reftoration of Charles II. At length, after it had continued for some time in his descendants, it became the property of Sir Henry Fermor, bart. who died possessed of it in 1734, without lawful issue. Since which it has remained vested in the truftees of his will, for the ules mentioned in it.

LESSENDEN

LESSENDEN is an eflate here, about a mile and a half northward from the church, which was formerly the refidence of a family of the name of Boddenden, or Boddenham, one of whom, William Boddenden, died possessed of it in 1579, leaving by his first wife a fon William, who was afterwards knighted. He bore for his arms, Azure, a fess, between three chess rooks, or, and lies buried in the chancel of this church. His fifter Jane having married Bernard Randolph, of this parifh, clothier, he by that alliance became afterwards possefied of this eftate, of which he died possefied in 1628, and was buried by his wife in the chancel of this church. His eldeft fon William was of Burton, in Kennington, where his posterity afterwards remained. John, the third fon, went to Virginia, where his descendants still continue; and Edmund, the fifth fon, travelled into Italy, and took the degree of M. D. at Padua, and on his return was incorporated into the university of Oxford in 1628; afterwards he practifed phyfic at Canterbury, and dying in 1649, was buried in St. George's church there, leaving a numerous iffue, one of whom was Bernard, author of the account of the Archipelago. Herbert, the fourth fon, fucceeded him in this estate, whose grandfon Herbert Randolph, elq. was recorder of the city of Canterbury, and died possessed of Lessenden in 1724, leaving a numerous iffue by his two wives. By the first he left only two furviving children, Herbert; and Mary, who married Chriftopher Packe, M. D. By his second wife he had eight children, Thomas, D. D. late prefident of Corpus Chrifti college, Oxford; George, M. D. of Briftol; Francis, D. D. principal of Alban hall, Oxford; and Charles, bred to the law; and four daughters, of whom a further account may be feen under Aldington. They bear for their arms, Gules, on a cross, argent, five mullets pierced, sable.

Herbert Randolph, clerk, the only fon by his first wife, succeeded him here. He died in 1755, leaving iffue

iffue only by Catherine his first wife, daughter of Edward Wake, D. D. prebendary of Canterbury, one fon Herbert, and a daughter Mary. Herbert Randolph, the fon, is of Wiltschire, and is in holy orders, and married Elizabeth Adcock, of Ashford; he is the prefent possessfor of this estate.

ON THE NORTH SIDE of the parish is a feat, called IBORNDEN-HOUSE, which, with the greatest part of the denne in which it is fituated, has been, from the very beginning of the last century, the estate and residence of the family of Pattenson. Roger Pattenson, clothier, came out of Yorkshire, and purchased this estate, with several others in this and the adjoining parishes, and built three several houses in Biddenden. He died about 1638. His descendant Josias Pattenson, less two fons, Josias, late of Biddenden house, and William, the latter of whom inherited Ibornden, in which he was succeeded by his only fon Mr. William Pattenson, the present proprietor of it.

The denne of Ibornden, or Iberden, as it is fometimes fpelt, is held of the manor of Afhford. It lies in the western part of this parish, a little more than a mile north-west from the church.

AT ABOUT HALF A MILE northward from the village, is THE BOROUGH OF STANDEN, in which is a *bamlet of boufes*, on the high road; this has formerly been a place of fome note, and now belongs to Mrs. Knight, the widow of Thomas Knight, efq. of Godmerlham, for her life; remainder to Edward Auften, efq. now of Godmerlham park.

RIVER-HALL is a feat in the fouth-eaft part of this parifh, near Stroud Quarter, which has been for more than a century in the posseficition of the Beales, formerly clothiers here. Richard Beale, clothier, of Biddenden, refided here in the beginning of Charles II.'s reign, and his grandfon Mr. Richard Beale is the present owner of it, and refides in it. They bear for their

their arms, Sable, on a chevron, or, between three griffin's heads erased, argent, as many estoiles, gules.

WHITFIELD-HOUSE is near the above, taking its name from the owners of it. Thomas, fecond fon of Clement Whitfield, the fecond fon of John Whitfield, of Tenterden,' poffetfied it in king James I.'s reign, and was fucceeded in it by his fon John, who was of Biddenden, gent. and died in 1695, and in his defcendants it continued till it was fold, not many years fince, to Mr. Jenkin Hague, whofe nephew, of the fame name, now poffeffes it.

AT THE corner of this parish, among the woods, lies THE MANOR OF WACHENDEN, in the borough of its own name, which belonged to the abbot and convent of Battel, most probably at its first foundation in the reign of the Conqueror, at least they were owners of it in the reign of Edward II. as appears by the patent rolls of the 7th year of that reign; and in the church cheft here, there is an antient deed, dated anno 8 king Henry IV. wherein the abbot and convent acknowledge to have received four pounds of Thomas Brickenden, for his ferme of their manor of Wachendenne, which continued part of their revenues at the time of their diffolution, in the 30th year of Henry VIII. when it came, among the reft of their poffeffions, into the hands of the crown; whence it was granted to Sir John Baker, of Siffinghurst, one of whose descendants fold it to Henden; from which name it paffed to Sir John Norris, of Hemsted, at whose death in 1767, it came to his fon John Norris, efq. whole truffees alienated it to Thomas Hallet Hodges, elq. of Hemsted, in Benenden, who is the present posselfor of it.

A court leet is held for this manor.

⁵ See Heraldic Viftn. co. Kent, 1619.

CHARITJES.

TWENTY ACRES OF LAND, called the Bread and Cheefe Land, lying in five pieces, were given by perfons unknown, the yearly rents to be diffributed among the poor of this parifh. This is yearly done on Eafter Sunday in the afternoon, in 600 cakes, each of which have the figures of two women imprefied on them, and are given to all fuch as attend the church; and 270 loaves, weighing three pounds and an half a-piece; to which latter is added one pound and an half of cheefe, are given to the parifhioners only, at the fame time.

There is a vulgar tradition in thefe parts, that the figures on the cakes reprefent the donors of this gift, being two women, twins, who were joined together in their bodies, and lived together fo till they were between twenty and thirty years of age.— But this feems without foundation. The truth feems to be, that it was the gift of two maidens, of the name of Prefton; and that the print of the women on the cakes has taken place only within thefe fifty years, and was made to reprefent two poor widows, as the general objects of a charitable benefaction. William Horner, rector of this parifh in 1656, brought a fuit in the Exchequer, for the recovery of thefe lands, as having been given for an augmentation of his glebe land; but he was nonfuited. They are altogether of the yearly value of about 311. 105.

THOMAS TAYLOR, of Cranbrooke, by his will in 1569, gave a parcel of woodland in this parifly, upon the denne of Etilte, containing by estimation feven acres, which he purchased of John Pattynden, and ordered, that the profit that should come of it, whether it be wood or otherwise, should always be employed to the use of the poor people of this parifly; to be distributed to them by the churchwardens, at their discretion, from time to time for ever.

A fum of money, arifing from the fale of the timber on the above-mentioned land in 1733, was laid out in the purchase of a house and farm in Bredgar, of the yearly rent of Sl. per annum, by deed of feoffment.

MRS. HOOPER, of Cranbrooke, widow, in 1682, gave 201. with which was purchafed Tripe-lane houfe, and one field adjoining, of the yearly rent of one guinea, to be diffributed among twenty-one widows. The houfe is now made into two dwellings for poor people.

JAMES STONE, of Cranbrooke, in 1722 gave by will 2l. per annum, payable out of Highpoles-farm, in this parifh, to be diffributed among fixteen poor widows, or decayed houfekeepers, on the 1st of November for ever, by the overfeers of the poor.

DR. JOHN BANCROFT, rector of this parifu, and in 1732 bifhop of Oxford, gave a fet of communion-plate to this church.

A nero

BIDDENDEN.

A new workhouse has been built for the use of the poor within these few years.

The poor conftantly relieved are about ninety; cafually 36.

WILLIAM, or JOHN MAYNE, efq. of this parifh, by a deed of feoffment in 1522, founded A FREE LATIN GRAMMAR SCHOOL in it, and endowed it with a fchool-house, garden, and certain payments out of lands in this parish, Tenterden and Bethersden, of THE BIDDENDEN MAIDS. The management

The following is from a correspondent of a Morningfter, is under the Paper. The plate alluded to is not worth publishing, as it in fact tells no more than the verbal description :- this parifh, with "A short, but concise account of Elizabeth and n is mafter of it. Mary Chulkhurst, who were born together by the hips

Mary Chulkhurst, who were born together by the hips and shoulders, in the year 1100, at Biddenden, in Or of this fchool; the county of Kent, commonly called the Biddenden reifed for many Maids.

"The reader will observe by the above plate of this endowment them, that they lived together in the above state ³⁴ ole of it is now years; at the expiration of which time one of them was taken ill, and in a short time died; the surviving who is a decayed one was advised to be separated from the body of her who lives in the deceased sister, by dissection, but she absolutely refused the separation by saying these words, 'As we camees half the falary. together, we will also go together,' and in the space of it in it for fome about six hours after her sister's decease, she was taken it in it for fome ill and died also.

"By their will, they bequeated to the churchwardens of the parish of Biddenden, and their suc-IASTICAL JURIScessors churchwardens for ever, certain pieces or parcels, and deanry of of land in the parish of Biddenden. containing by estimation 20 acres, more or less, which now let at the

tower at the west end, with a beacon turret at one corner. In it are fix bells, and a set of chimes. There is a small vestry room on the north fide of the great chancel, in which lies buried Sir Edward Henden, baron of the exchequer, anno 1662, and several of the family of Randolph and Everden; in it is a memorial

* Among the Harleian MSS. in the British Museum, is a tract concerning the foundation of this school. No. 368-15.

for

for Richard Allard, alderman of Rochefter, 1593. In the north chancel there is a brais plate, fixed to the wall, for Sir William Boddenden and his wife, having the figures of them and their children, and an infcription to their memories. This chancel bel nged to the Mayneys, of whom there are monuments in it, and does now to Sir Horace Mann. The fouth chancel is ceiled with wainfcot, in pannels; at the corners of each of which are carved and painted different devices and arms; among others are the arms of the fee of Canterbury, impaling Warham, Argent, three birds volant, fable, and portcullis, &c. Alice Bedlyngfton, by her will in 1463, ordered her feotiees, out of the money arifing from the fale of a piece of land in this parish, to make a new window on the fouth fide of this church; and it appears that in the beginning of king Henry VIII.'s reign, there was a new ifle building to this church, by the feveral legacies left towards it.

On the outfide of the fleeple are three shields of arms, carved in the flone-work, viz. first, *A faltier*; fecond, *A bend*, *finister*; and third, *A fret*. In the church-yard are buried several of the family of Beale.

This church is a rectory, and was part of the antient poffeffions of the fee of Canterbury, where it ftill continues, the archbishop being the present patron of it.

It is valued in the king's books at thirty-five pounds, and the yearly tenths at 31. 10s.

In 1578 there were five hundred and forty-five communicants here, in 1640 there were four hundred, and it was then valued at one hundred and twenty pounds per annum. It is now of the annual value of about two hundred and forty pounds.

CHURCH OF BIDDENDEN.

Or by whom prefented.
Thomas Scott, esq
The Archbishop
The King.

The Archbishop.

RECTORS.

- John Whetcombe, A. M. June 10, 1579, obt. 1609.
- John Bancroft, S. T. P. April 7, 1610, obt. 1640.
- George Wilde, LL. B. Feb. 19. 1640, refigned.
- Mofes Lee, Sept. 4, 1660, obt. 1681."
- Giles Hinton, S. T. P. Jan. 23, 1681, obt. 1702."
- Elias Sydal, S. T. P. March 5, 1702, refigned 1704.
- William Trent, June 12, 1704, obt. Jan. 15, 1740.x
- Walter Walker Warde, B. D. June 9, 1740, refigned 1747.⁹ John Mather, A. M. inducted March 12, 1747, obt. 1794.

W. P. Warburton, 1794, the prefent rector.

t He was afterwards, in 1632, made bifhop of Oxford, and held this rectory in commendam. He was buried at Cuddefdon.

^a Before him William Horner was rector here, during the ufurpation. See Calamy's Life of Baxter, p. 286.

He was before vicar of Favertham.

* He lies buried in the fourh chancel here, æt. 64, where there is a monument to his memory. ⁹ In 1741 he was prefented to the vicarage of Marden, which he held with this rectory by difpenfation, and was afterwards rector of Great Chart, which he refigned for the rectory of Chiddingftone; which laft he held with that of W ithiam, in Suffex. He had been likewife rector of Hayes, and vicar of Downe, in this county.

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HUNDRED

OF

THE

GREAT BARNEFIELD,

LIES on the other, or fouthern fide of the hundred of Cranbrooke; and here it fhould be observed, that Great and Little, or East and West Barnefield, are in fact but two half hundreds, and formerly had their separate names of the *eastern balf hundred*, and the *western balf hundred of Barnefield*; which division was occasioned by their lying in two different laths.

The hundred of Great Barnefield lies in the lower division of the lath of Scray,

AND CONTAINS WITHIN ITS BOUNDS THE GREATEST FART OF THE PARISH OF

HAWKHURST,

With the church of it, and part of the parish of CRANBROOKE, the church of which is in another hundred. One constable has jurifdiction over it.

HAWKHURST

LIES the next parifh fouthward from Cranbrooke. A fmall part on the fouthern fide of it, called Hafelden, confifting of two houfes, and a fmall quantity of land to each, is in the hundred of Shoyfwell, and county of Suffex, and the refidue of it is in the county of Kent. So much of it as is in the borough of Hawkhurft, alias South Borough, or in the North Borough, is in the hundred of Great Barnefield. So much of it as is in the Eaft Borough, is in the hundred of Selbrittenden; brittenden; and the refidue in the borough of Crothall, being a very fmall part of it, is in the hundred of Cranbrooke.

The borough of Hawkhurst above-mentioned, has a court leet of itself, where the borscholder of that borough is chosen; and the inhabitants of it owe no fervice to the court leet holden for the hundred of Great Barnefield: but at that court an inhabitant of this borough may be chosen constable of that hundred; the liberty of Wye claims over this borough. It is in *the division* of West Kent.

THE MANOR OF SLIPMILL, alias MOREHOUSE, which includes the denne of Hawkhurft, was antiently effected as one of the appendages belonging to the royal manor of Wye, the liberty of which extends over the greatest part of this parish, and passed as such with that manor, in the gift made of it by William the Conqueror, to the abbey of Battel, at the first foundation of it in the year $1067.^{2}$

In the reign of king John, Odo, abbot, and the convent of Battel, granted by charter, to which there is no date, to the owners of the lands in this parifh, within the liberty of their manor of Wye, by the name of his men of Hawkhurit, *the ville of Hawkhurft*, at a certain rent in money, hens, and eggs. And afterwards the abbot and convent, anno 14 Edward I. granted to them, by the name of their tenants of Hawkhurft, all the tenements there which they held of his fee, in certain dennes therein mentioned, to hold at a yearly rent, referving fuit to their court of Wye, from three weeks to three weeks, by two men only.

King Edward II. in his 5th year, granted to the abbot and convent, a market to be held here weekly on a Wednesday, and a yearly fair for three days, on

^a See an account of this abbey, Willis's Parl. Abbies, vol. i. P. 32.

the

GREAT BANEFIELD HUNDRED.

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the vigil, the day, and the day after the feast of St. Laurence.

In which ftate this manor continued till the fuppression of this abbey in the 30th year of Henry VIII. when it came, with the manor of Wye, into the hands of the crown, whence the royalty, with the quit-rents at Hawkhurst appendant to that manor, which still continued there, was granted, by the name of the manor of Morehouse, with its appurtenances, anno 33 Henry VIII. to Sir John Baker, of Siffinghurft, to hold in capite by knight's fervice. His descendant Sir Henry Baker, knight and baronet, anno 17 king James I. conveyed his interest in it to Henry Carey, lord Hunfdon, lord of the manor of Wye, which had been granted to his grandfather of the fame name, by queen Elizabeth, in her third year. He was afterwards created viscount Rochford, and earl of Dover; soon after which he fold both the manor of Wye, and this of the denne of Hawkhurft, alias Morehouse, with their appurtenances, to Sir Thomas Finch, knight and baronet, of Eastwell, who, on the death of his mother in 1633, succeeded to the titles of viscount Maidftone and earl of Winchelsea. In his descendants these manors continued down to Daniel, earl of Winchelsea and Nottingham, who died in 1769, without iffue male, and by his will devifed them, among the reft of his eftates in this county, to his nephew George Finch Hatton, elq. now of Eastwell, the prefent polfeffor of them.

At the court baron held for this manor, now ftiled Slipmill, otherwife Morehouse, the alterations of tenancies, and the apportioning of the rents formerly paid to the abbey, and now to the proprietors of Wye manor, are prefented; two beadles are elected, to gather the rents; and a reeve is likewise chosen. All which privileges are in confequence of the grant of the 14th of Edward I. above-mentioned.

THE WHOLE PARISH of Hawkburft is fituated exceedingly pleafant and healthy. It is in length from north to fouth about four miles, and in breadth three. from east to west. It is well watered by feveral ftreams, the fouthernmoft and largeft of which, called here Kent-dyke, and the ftream itself the river Kent, or Kennet, runs into the river Rother just below Sandhurst, separating this parish from that of Salehurst, and the counties of Kent and Suffex.

This parish, till about the time of king Charles I. was divided from Salehurft, in Suffex, by a bridge, called Kent-bridge, under which this river then ran about fix rods at the narrow entering into the way beyond the prefent bridge; which old bridge being taken away, and the river being turned to run under the prefent one, the broad place between this last and the narrow place, is now accounted to be in Salehurft, in Suffex, but is really in Hawkhurft, in Kent:

The market, granted as above-mentioned, anno 5 Edward II. has been long fince difused; it was formerly kept upon the green at the moor, oppofite the feat of Elfords, where a market-crofs once flood, and near it was a small house, called St. Margaret's crofs, long fince demolifhed, in which the corn unfold was put; and this place is yet called the market place. But the fair is still held yearly, near the church, on the day of St. Laurence, August 10, and the day following, for cattle and pedlary ware. There was formerly another fair kept in this parish on St. Valentine's day, Feb. 14, in the field at the next gate beyond Moor-house, at a place where once stood a pound; but it has been a long while difcontinued.

In the hedge of Beaconfield, near Beacon-lane, leading between Fourtrowes and Foxhole, flood a beacon and watch house, long fince taken down.

There is hardly any wood in this parish, excepting in the western part, adjoining to Goudhurst, which is entirely covered with part of the Fryth woods; the foil

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foil is in general clay, abounding with marle, and in the northern part there is much fand; though few parishes have a greater diversity of foil. It is still very populous, the prefent inhabitants being computed to be about 1500, and formerly, whilft the cloathing manufacture flourished in this and the neighbouring parifhes, was much more fo. There is not one clothier left here now; but there is a worfted-maker, who conftantly employs one hundred people in spinning.

There are two principal villages, one called Highgate, built on high ground on each fide the great road leading from Lamberhurft and Stonecrouch through this parish foutheastward to Newenden and the county of Suffex, which road is joined here by another principal one from Maidstone through Staplehurst and Cranbrooke hither. On the north fide of this village are fituated the fchool and alms-houses, founded by the will of Sir Thomas Dunk, as will be mentioned hereafter. The other village, which is the more antient one, ftands about half a mile fouthward of the other, on another hill of equal height, having a deep valley between, most of which is a kind of heath or common, interspersed, the greatest part of it, with cottages and gardens to them, which makes a pleafing picturesque view from every part of both. In this latter village fland the church, and the minister's house, and at a very small distance eastward of the church, is the antient family feat, furrounded with pleafuregrounds, called ELFORDS, which once belonged to a family named Castleman, one of whom, Walter Castleman, anno 34 Henry VI. fold it to William Conghurst, one of whose descendants passed it away to Roberts, and John Roberts died possessed of it in the beginning of queen Elizabeth's reign, and lies buried in this church. His fon Edmund Roberts alienated it, in the 12th year of that reign, to Richard Boys, gent. who refided here, and died posseffed of it in 1605. He lies buried in this church, as do most of his

his descendants, in whom, resident here, this seat continued down to Samuel Boys, efq. of Elfords, who died in 1772, leaving two fons, Samuel, now of Hawkhurst, esq. who married Elizabeth, daughter of Henry Gatland; elq. of Suffex, by whom he had one daughter Elizabeth, and William, who married Elizabeth, daughter and coheir of Richard Harcourt, elq. of Wigiell. Samuel Boys, elq. the eldeft fon, fucceeded his father in this feat, and kept his fhrievalty here in 1782, and is the prefent possesfor of it. He bears for his arms, Or, a griffin, segreant, sable, but it appears by their gravestones, that they bore it within a bordure, being the fame coat as that borne by the family of this name in East Kent; though I cannot make out any connexion between them.

AT A SMALL DISTANCE further fouthward is LILS-DEN, which at leaft as early as the reign of queen Elizabeth, was the property of the Chittendens, eminent clothiers here, in which name it continued down to John Chittenden, gent. in which name it still continues.

On the great road from Lamberhurft above-mentioned, and at the weftern extremity of this parifh, is Siccoks, commonly called Seacocks beath. On this heath, but in the parish of Etchingham, in Suffex, is a feat lately belonging to the Rev. Mr. Robert Gunfley Ayerst, and on the same road, a small distance caftward, is a good house, which was formerly the property of Mr. James Pott, who in 1681 alienated it to Redford, in whofe delcendants it has continued down to Thomas Redford, efg. who now refides in it; and at much the fame diftance still further eastward, is a feat belonging to the Bakers. George Baker died possessed of it in 1740, and his fon John Baker, efq. receiver-general for the county of Kent, rebuilt it, and gave it the name of Hawkburft-lodge. He died unmarried, and by his last will devifed it to his brother Mr Geo. Baker, furgeon, of Canterbury, descended of ancestors who bore for their arms, Argent, three

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three keys, a caftle triple towered, fable. Several of whom lie buried in the church-yard here. He was fucceeded in his eftate here by John Baker, efq. of St. Stephen's, near Canterbury, who married one of the daughters of the Rev. Mr. Tatterfal, of Stretham, in Surry, and he is the prefent owner of it.

At a small distance still further eastward is the village of Highgate, in which is Hawkburst-place, formerly a feat of good account, though now only a farm-house. It has been for many years the property of the Peckhams, of Eridge, in Suffex, and now belongs to Henry Peckham, esq. and on the north fide of the road is a manfion called FOWLERS, which is particularly deferving notice, as having been the property and refidence of Richard Kilburne, efq. author of the furvey of this county, published in 1659. He was a man of some eminence in his profession as a lawyer, having been five times principal of Staples-inn, and of as worthy a character, both as a magistrate and an historian. He died in 1678, and lies buried in the north chancel of this church. The Kilburnes originally were of Kilburne, in Yorkshire, whence they came into Cambridgeshire and Essex. Richard Kilburne above-mentioned, was the youngest fon of Isaac Kilburne, of London, third fon of John Kilburne, of Saffron Walden, in Effex. They bore for their arms, Argent, a chevron, azure, between three bald cootes, proper.d Richard Kilburne, esq. left an only daughter and heir Anne, who entitled her hufband Thomas Brewer, elq. of West Farleigh, whose second wife the was, to the poffestion of it. He had by her two fons John and Philip, and a daughter married to Davis. John, the eldest, fucceeded him at West Farleigh; and Philip, the youngeft, had this feat at Hawkhurft; but he died by a fall from his horfe, unmarried, in 1721, upon which it came to his eldeft

brother

^d Their pedigree is entered in the Visitation of London, by St. George, Richmond, in 1634.

HAWKHURST.

brother John, of Weft Farleigh, who died in 1724, leaving an only daughter Jane, who furviving both her hufbands, died /. p. in 1762, and by her will devifed this feat, among the reft of her eftates, to her kinfman John Davis, D. D. fon of Davis abovementioned, who died poffeffed of it in 1766, and was fucceeded in it by his only fon Sir John Brewer Davis, knt. the prefent proprietor of it.^e

NEAR the east end of Highgate, a little to the north of the high road, lies a feat called TONGS, which was formerly the feat of the Dunks, who were great clothiers here. Simon Donke died posseffed of it in 1512, anno 4 Henry VIII. as did his descendant Thomas Duncke in 1617, and from him this feat continued down to Sir Thomas Dunk, who refided here, and dying possessed of it in 1718, was buried in the middle isle of this church, f and by his will gave it to William Richards, gent. who died poffeffed of it in 1733, leaving by Anne his wife, daughter of Mr. John Davis, gent. of this parish, one only daughter and heir Anne, who carried it in marriage to George Montague Dunk, earl of Halifax, who, referving the fee of the manfion itself only, passed the possession of it away by leafe for one thousand years, at the yearly rent of fixpence, with the fee fimple of the offices, as well as of the lands belonging to it, to Mr. Jeremiah Curteis, of Rye, and he foon afterwards conveyed his interest in it to William Jenkin, esq. who resided here, and died in 1784; fince which it has been fold by his executor to David Langton, elq. the prefent owner of it.

About three quarters of a mile northward from Tongs, lies WOODSDEN, formerly the property of the Springetts, one of whom, Robert Springett, died pof-

^e See more of the Brewers and Davis's, vol. v. p. 141.

^f There are feveral wills of this family in the Prerog. office, Canterbury.

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feffed of it in 1619, and they continued here down to John Springett, who died in 1733;^g and his fon alienated it to the Norris's, of Hemfted, in Benenden, from whom it paffed in like manner as that feat to Thomas Hallet Hodges, efq. the prefent owner of it.

CONGHURST is a manor in the fouthern part of this parish, next to Sandhurst, into which parish likewife it extends, which once was the property and refidence of a family of the fame name, whole still more antient feat, now called Old Conghurst, the moat and fcite of which are still visible, was at no great distance from it, nearer to the county of Suffex, which being burnt by the Danes, they erected a manfion here, where they afterwards refided. But in the reign of king Henry VIII. Mildred, daughter and coheir of George Conghurft, elq. of Conghurft, carried this feat in marriage to Thomas Scot, who was defcended from John Scot, of Halden, in the reign of Henry VI. His grandfon, Henry Scot, of Halden, left two fons, Henry, the eldeft, was of Halden, and anceftor of the Scots, of that place, of the parish of Hayes, and of Langley, in Beckenham; and Thomas, the fecond fon, married the coheir of Conghurft, and had two fons. From the eldeft, George, defcended the Scots, of Conghurft; and from Thomas, the youngeft, those of Sutton-at-Hone, and of London. They bore for their arms, Argent, a cross-crosset fitchee, Sable, quartered with the arms of Conghurst, Azure, three congers heads, erafed feffway, or.h Thomas Scot abovementioned, began to build this feat, but he died in 1533, and was buried in the Lady's chancel, in this church, leaving the finishing of it to Mildred his wife, after whofe death their fon George Scot fucceeded to it, and in his defcendants it continued for fome gene-

⁸ Several of their wills are in the Prerog. off. Cant.

^h There are pedigrees of Scot and Conghurft, both in the Heraldic Vifitations of 1574 and 1619. rations afterwards, till at length it was alienated to Weller, in which name it remained for fome years, and till Capt. Weller, of Rolvenden, conveyed it by fale to Ruffell, of London, whole heirs fold it to Mr. John Piper, and he is the prefent owner of this antient feat, now occupied only as a farm-houfe.

There has not been any court held for this manor for many years.

A BRANCH of the family of Courthope lived at Nettershall, in the northern part of this parish. Henry Courthope, gent. died possessed of it in 1743, and lies buried in this church. By a female heir of this name this estate went in marriage to Charles Moore, esq. who gave it with one of his daughters to John Froft, esq. and he lately sold it to John Boddington, esq. fince deceased, whose heirs are now entitled to it. The WOODGATES, lived at Henfill, of whom there are feveral tombitones remaining of them in the church-yard here. They bore for their arms, On a chevron, cotized, three trefoils slips, between three squirrels, sejant. It was purchaled of the Woodgates, by Richard Harcourt, efq. of Wigfell, and by Elizabeth, one of his daughters and coheirs, came to Wm. Boys, elq. the present poffeffor of it; and the POPES refided at Hockeridge. These Popes were a younger branch of those of Halden, and bore the fame arms, Or, two chevrons, gules, on a canton, a mullet. It is now only a small farmhouse, though it gives name to one of the dennes of the manor of Glaffenbury. It was lately the property of the Rev. Thomas Hooper, of Beckley, in Suffex, and now of Mr. William and Richard Foster. There was a branch of the family of Pix refident here a long while, who bore for their arms, Azure, a fejs between three cross-croslets, fitchee, or ; many of whom lie buried in this church ; an elder branch to those of Crayford. They had formerly large poffeffions in this parifh, and refided at a houle called Pixes-ball, in Highgate. From this family this feat was purchased by John L 4

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John Russel, gent. whose only daughter and heir Mary carried it in marriage to John Knowler, esq. recorder of Canterbury, whose two daughters and coheirs, were married, Anne to Henry Penton, esq. and Mary to William, lord Digby, who in their wives right, became entitled to it.¹

THE FAMILY OF BARRETT, from whom those of Belhouse, in Essex, descended, was possible of lands in this parish, upon the denne of Cecele, by grant from Simon de Cecele and John Retford, anno 23 Edward III.

CHARITIES.

HENRY PARSON and WILLIAM NELSON, by deed anno 22 Edward IV. conveyed to the use of this parish for ever, a meffunge and an acre of land, adjoining to the church-vard, called the church house, the rent whereof is employed towards the reparation of the church.—Kilburne, in his Survey, p. 134, fays, upon part of this land was erected an alms house, and another house, usually called the fexton's house, the fame having been, from about the beginning of king James I.'s reign, used for the habitation of the fexton.

THOMAS IDDENDEN devifed by will in 1556, feveral meffuages and lands at or near Highftreet, in this parifh, to be for ever employed for pious ufes, and are now of about the annual value of 231. 105. being vefted in the churchwardens and four other truftees, the produce of which is given away at Chriftmas yearly, in gift-money.

THOMAS GIBBON, by deed anno 15 Elizabeth, granted to truftees for ever, an annuity of 43s. 4d. per annum, out of his meffuage and three pieces of land upon the denne of Amboldefhurft, containing feven acres; which annuity was purchated of him by the parifhioners, to be employed towards the maintenance of the church.

SIR THOMAS DUNK, by will in 1718, gave the fum of 2000l. to be laid out in building and endowing a free fchool and fix alms-houfes at Highgate, for fix decayed houfekeepers, three men and three women; the fchoolmafter to receive 16l. and the alms-people 6l. each per annum. The fchool and alms-houfes were accordingly erected and endowed, by William Richards, efq. his executor; (the furplus of thefe fums, after the compleating of the buildings, being laid out in the purchafe of a

I There is a pedigree of them in the Heraldic Visitation of Kent in 1619, in MSS. C. 16, fol. 131b. farm, now let at 70l. per annum); who, to make the building and endowment more complete, added to the 2000l. about 600l. of his own money, and further by his will ordered, that a further fum, not exceeding 250l. fhould be laid out in the purchafe of lands, the income of which fhould be employed to augment the falary and penfions payable to the mafter and alms-people. In purfuance of which bequeft, George Dunk, earl of Halifax, who married Anne, only daughter and heir of William Richards, (as being the reprefentative of the executor of Sir Thos. Dunk, as perpetual vifitor) in 1753, in confideration of the faid 250l. and 70l. raifed from the fale of timber from Tilden, the eftate fettled before on this charity, conveyed to the truftees of it, and their fucceffors for ever, being the minifter of Hawkhurft, and ten others,' a meffuage and land lying near Fourtrows, in this parifh and in Sandhurft, of the yearly rent of 17l by which means the falary of the fcoolmafter was augmented to 20l. per annum, and the alms-people to that of 7l, per annum each.

the alms-people to that of 71. per annum each. WILLIAM BIRCHETT, of this parifu, appears by his will, proved 1508, to have been a good benefactor, both to the poor and church of Hawkhurft.

The poor conftantly relieved are about two hundred and fifty, cafually fifty.

THIS PARISH is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JURIS-DICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Charing.

The church, which is dedicated to St. Laurence, ftands on the fouthern fide of the village of Hawkhurft. It confifts of three ifles and three chancels. having a tower steeple, with a beacon turret, in which are fix bells. It was founded by the abbot of Battel, in the reign of king Edward III. whole arms, as well as his fon's, were in the windows of it; and the windows throughout it were filled with much curious painted glass, almost all which was demolished in the civil wars of the last century, and there are now hardly any figures left in the windows; there are two or three, much defaced, in two of them in the north ifle, and two shields, one, quarterly, first and fourth, A fword, argent; fecond and third, A crown, or. The other, Fretty, azure, fleurs de lis, or. An account of the former state of them may be seen at large in Kilburne's state of this parish in his survey. The font feems

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feems very antient, and has four shields of arms; first, A cross; second, A faltier; third, A chevron; and the fourth is hid against the pillar.

In the church are many gravestones of the family of Boys, one of John Roberts, inlaid with brais, before the pulpit; of Thomas Iddenden, 1556; of Humphry Scot, and many others; and in the church yard feveral tomb-stones for the Bakers, Davis's, Woodgates, &c.

It was formerly efteemed a rectory, and the advowfon of it was part of the poffeffions of the abbey before mentioned, the rector paying to the facrift of it five shillings yearly, as an acknowledgment; in which ftate this church continued till the suppression of that abbey in the 30th year of Henry VIII when it came into the king's hands, who, within a few months afterwards in the fame year, granted the patronage and prefentation of it to Charles Brandon, duke of Suffolk, to hold in capite by knight's fervice, * and he fold it foon afterwards to Sir William Peke, who, in the 37th year of that reign reconveyed it to the king, who fettled this rectory or parsonage as an appropriation, by his dotation charter in his 38th year, on his newerected dean and chapter of Chrift-church, in Oxford, to take place after the death of Henry Simonds, then rector of it; ordering, neverthelefs, by it, that they should prefent an able clerk to the ordinary, who should be named perpetual vicar of this church, and should bear all ordinary and extraordinary charges, except the reparation of the chancels, and that he should have a dwelling, and a yearly pension of 121. 105. 10d. and fhould pay the king yearly for his tenths 25s. 1d. and be charged with first fruits; but it does not appear that any act was done by the dean and chapter in confequence of this towards the endowment of a vicar at that time, and it has ever fince

* Rot. Efch. ejus an. pt. 7. Augtn. off. box E. 94.

been prefented to by them as a donative, and ferved as a perpetual curacy. In which flate it continues at this time.

In the year 1534, during the time this church was a rectory, it was rated in the king's books at 361. 138. 4d. but fince it has ceafed to be fo, no first fruits have been paid, and it has paid only 118. 8d. as a flipendiary. The valuation of it in the king's books, made after the above-mentioned grant of the appropriation and advowfon to Chrift-church, Oxford, is, according to the provision made then by the king in it, for the fupport of a vicar, under the notion of which it is there rated at 121. 108. 10d. and the yearly tenths at 11. 5s.

After which the dean and chapter, anno 2 and 3 Philip and Mary, granted to Sir William Peter eight pounds per annum, to be paid out of the parsonage towards the support of the vicar or incumbent; and in the reign of James I. the ftipendiary incumbent had of the dean and chapter a falary of twenty pounds per annum, the profits of the Easter book, then of fome value, fome rooms in the parfonage-houfe, called the vicarage-rooms, a fmall croft, called the vicaragecroft, and the herbage of the church-yard; all which together were of fo inconfiderable a value, that upon this living being sequestered about 1642, no one could be found who would ferve it, but the place was deftitute of a pastor for more than fourteen months; after which the parishioners were obliged to provide a minister themselves, which not being able to bear, the charge of an augmentation was procured from the state, which in a few years afterwards was likewife taken away, and the former allowance only left to the minister; which, by reason of the Easter book becoming of no value, was in 1659, at the most, but twenty four pounds per annum.

This flender income of the incumbent, induced Sir Thomas Dunk, an inhabitant of this parifh, to make

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an addition to it; which he did by his will in 1718, by which he gave 200l. to be employed with the like fum of queen Anne's bounty in the purchase of lands, in fee fimple, to the augmentation of the living of the minister of this parish, and his successors for ever; with which fums, land lying near Seacocks-heath, of about twenty pounds per annum value, was purchased, fituated in Pepper mill-lane, and at Delminden-green. And it was again augmented in 1767, by 2001. of queen Anne's bounty; to which was added 2001. more paid by Sir Philip Boteler, bart. from M1s. Taylor's legacy, and fifty pounds given by the dean and chapter of Chrift-church, Oxford ; which fums, amounting to 450l. were lately laid out in the purchafe of a fmall farm, called Roughlands, lying near the church. So that the profits of it, at the time of this donation, amounting, according to a recent certified valuation, to 271. 2s. 6d. (which arose from the penfion of twenty pounds payable by the leffee out of the parfonage and furplice-fees, the minister having no right to any tithes whatever) are now almost double to what it was heretofore, but they are yet by no means adequate to so laborious a cure of fouls.

In 1578 here were communicants fix hundred and eighty; in 1640 fourteen hundred.

The parfonage is held by leafe from the dean and chapter of Chrift-church, in Oxford, by Mr. Braborne. There was a fuit between Sir John Wildegos, leffee of the parfonage, and John Gibbon, parifhioner here, in the ecclefiaftical court, touching the manner of tithing; and Gibbon, in Michaelmas term, anno 5 Jacobi regis, obtained a prohibition thereon out of the king's bench, which was tried at Lent affizes at Rochefter that year, and a verdict was found for Gibbon, and in Eafter term following judgment was given accordingly *in Banco Regis*; and the fuggeftion and depositions are entered *Trin.* 4 *Jac. Regis.* Rot. 692.

CHURCH

CHURCH OF HAWKHURST.

PATRONS, Or by whom prefented. Dean and Chapter of Cbrist-church, Oxford.

RECTORS.

Robert Watson, obt. 1617.1 Edward Goodwin, 1617, fequeftered 1642.^m George Hall, about 1648. Ephraim Bothell, from 1657, ejected 1662." Jonathan Pleydell, 1662 to 1691. Benjamin Horner, 1692 to 1697. Richard Saunders, in 1702. John Nall, 1725 to 1727. Thomas Willis, 1727 to 1728. Thomas Glover, 1729 to 1737.º William Taswell, 1738 to 1739. William Pysing, 1739 to 1748. Richard Parry, D. D. 1748 to 1751. John Charvner, A. M. 1751, obt. 1797. Arnold French Pinkhurft, A. M.

1 Wills, Prerog. off. Cant.
m Kilb. Surv. p. 128.
n He was ouffed by the Barthol. act.
See Calamy's Life of Baxter.

• He lies buried in the high chancel. He is called vicar on his graveftone.

the prefent curate.

THE HUNDRED OF SELBRITTENDEN

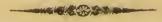
LIES the next eastward from that of Barkley. It is written in Domesday, Selebrist bundred, and afterwards in other antient records, Selebrichtindene. In the 20th year of Edward III. it is spelt Selbrightinden.

THIS HUNDRED CONTAINS WITHIN ITS BOUNDS THE PA-RISH OF

SANDHURST,

With the church, and part of the parishes of BENENDEN, HAWK-HURST, and NEWENDEN, the churches of which are in other hundreds. One constable has jurifdiction over it.

SANDHURST,



SANDHURST

IS the next parifh eaftward from Hawkhurft. The manor of Aldington claims over fome part of this parifh, as does the manor of Acrife over another part of it.

THIS PARISH lies on the fouthern edge of this county, adjoining to Suffex, from which it is separated by the ftream called the Kennet, or more ufually Kent Dyke, which rifes near Tyfehurft, in that county, and just below that place falls into the river Rother. It is near four miles from east to west, and near three from north to fouth. The foil of it in the north-east and fouthern parts of this parish is a stiff and heavy tillage land, which has underneath plenty of marle, in which parts there is much iron ore; the western part being more hilly, is a light and gravelly foil. The church ftands nearly in the centre of the parish, on the knoll of a hill, and the parfonage-houfe at no great diftance northward from it. Between the parfonage and the church is a large forstal, containing the principal part of the eftate mentioned below, called Twifden borough. It was formerly a playftool, or common play-ground for the parishioners, and a fair was kept on it; but the Turners, lords of the manor, laid claim to it, and it has been for fome time accounted their property, and now accordingly belongs to Mr. Blackburn. The great high road from the western parts of this county, through Newenden, to Haftings and the county of Suffex, leads through this parish south-eastward, on it are fituated three greens, Field-green, Cowbeach-green, and Ringlecrouch-green; on the former is a house and eftate, which has been for many years the refidence of the Wardes, who bore for their arms, In chief, a lion, rampant; in base, a cross flory, a crescent for difference; the the last of them, Mr. John Warde, died in 1778, leaving three fons and a daughter Elizabeth, married to Mr. John Collins, by whom the had a fon Mr. Edward Collins, who has fince taken the name of Warde, to whom his grandfather by will, difinheriting his three fons, gave the whole of his estates, among which were this at Field-green, and the manor of Riseden, in this parish, which formerly belonged to John, earl of Ewe, (who died in 1171); for it appears by the register of Horton priory, that he by his charter, without date, gave all his land of Rysdenne, in Sandhurft, which Goldwin held of him, to that priory ; and by another charter, Adelize his wife confirmed the fame; and by another, Canon, then prior of that house, and the convent of it, quit-claimed to Alexander de Spondenne, the property of a certain drofdenne, in the denne of Rifedene, in this parish; Mr. Edward Collins Warde is the present owner of them. The farm of Ringlecrouch, near the green of that name, was the property of Thomas Blackmore, esq. of Hertfordshire, who died in 1789, and his heirs now possels it. On this green there is a meeting-house for baptist, the congregation of which is very large ; and a little further eaftward is a capital meffuage called Frenchurst, and formerly Frinchinburst, to which formerly belonged the mill called Hope mill here, and it appears by the escheatroll anno 4 Henry VII. that Thomas Pulter then died poffeffed of a capital meffuage, called Frechinghurft, and one water-mill, called Hope-mill, in Sandhurft, held of the prior of Chrift-church, in Canterbury; the former of them belongs now to Mr. John Collins, and the latter to the earl of Thanet. And farther on the fame road is Hernden manor, belonging to John Peckham, esq. of Salehurst.

In this parish is an estate, called Silverden, belongin to the Rev. Mr. Hudfon; and in the fouth-east part of it two farms, called Upper and Lower Boxburft, the former belonging to Mr. Joseph Fowle, the latter to Mr.

Mr. Thomas Burt, both of Sandhurft; and in the weftern part of it next to Hawkhurft, is a feat, called *Downgate*, which belonged to the Turner effate, and afterwards to Mr. Blackburn.

A fair is annually held here on May 25, for cattle and pedlary wares. It was till within these few years held on Dec. 6, St. Nicholas's day, the patron saint of the church.

THE MANOR OF SANDHURST was given by Offa, king of Mercia, in the year 791, to Chrift Church in Canterbury, and was, foon after the time of the conqueror, held of the archbishop by knight's fervice, by the family of Criol; of them it was, in the reign of king Edward II. held again by Hugo de Combe, whofe fucceffor in it was John de Betherinden, whence it came to be called the manor of Sandburst, alias Betherinden, and in the east window of the north chancel here were formerly the effigies and arms of one of this family, and in Downe church, was once a memorial for John Bederenden, once citizen, woollen-draper, and chamberlain of London, who died in 1445. By a female heir of this name it came into the family of Fitzherbert, alias Finch, in which it continued till the beginning of the reign of queen Elizabeth, when Herbert, fon of Vincent Finch, who lies buried in this church," fold it, with the antient mansion of Sandburst-place, now usually called OLD-PLACE, (at prefent only a farm-houfe) to Pelham, from which name it was alienated to Fowle, who bore for his arms, Argent, a chevron gules, on a chief of the second, three mullets pierced of the first. In which one of them, Sir John Fowle, of Sandhurft, in his will, proved 1637, mentions certain lands which he had here, called the Coomes, which were his grandfather's, whereon was a houfe, fince his death built,

* His will, proved 1524, is in the Prerog, off. Cant.

which

which were held of the king by knight's fervice,^b and in his family it remained till it was paffed away to Turner, whofe defcendant Robert Turner, efq. in 1784, paffed it away by fale to John Blackburn, of London, efq. the prefent owner of it. A court baron is held for this manor.

ALDRINDEN, which lies at the north west part of this parifh was once accounted a manor of fome note here, being held of the manor of Acrife, and had owners of the fame firname, in which it continued till Roger de Aldrinden, as appears by the private deeds of it, leaving an only daughter and heir Chriftian Aldrinden, she passed it away by fale, in the 22d year of king Edward III. to John Selbrittenden, who not long after alienated it to Thomas atte Bourne, and he held it, as appeared by an old court-roll in the 1ft year of Richard II. and from him it defcended down to John Bourne, who dying in the 4th year of king Edward IV. fettled it by will on Joane his female heir, married to Thomas Allard. They had one fon, Henry, whofe fon John Allard, alienated his right in it by fale, in the 3cth year of Henry VIII. to John Twyfenden, or Twifden, gent. as the name foon afterwards was spelt, whole ancestors resided at Twis-DEN BOROUGH, upon the denne of Twilden, in this parish, a place noted for having been, in very early times, the inheritance of this family, who refided here at the time they were fliled in Latin deeds, according to the quaint language of those times, de Denna Fracta, and from them this place obtained their name, by which it is called to this day.

His descendant Mr. William Twiden, about the beginning of king James I.'s reign, fold it to Thomas Downton, esq. who died posses of it in 1622, and was buried in this church, and his descendant Richard Downton, esq. owned it at the restoration of king

^b In Heraldic Vifitation of Kent in 1619, is the pedigree of Fowle, of Sandhurft.

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Charles II. and bore for his arms, Argent, on a chief indented, fable, three goats heads, erafed. After which it paffed into the family of Dunk, and from thence to Richards, whence by Anne, only daughter of William Richards, efq. it went in marriage to George Dunk, earl of Halifax, who foon alterwards fold it to Collier, and his daughter marrying Mr. Henry Jackfon, of Haftings, in Suffex, he is, in her right, the prefent poffeffor of it.

CHARITIES.

SIR JOHN FOWLE, of this parifh, in 1632, gave by deed to the poor of it a piece of ground, with a malt-houfe on it, fince burnt down, and now called the Malt-houfe Platt, containing three quarters of an acre upon Ringlecrouch-green, on which it has a right of common. It is now let at 34s. per annum, and is vefted in truftees, the produce of which is diffributed by the directions of the donor, once in two or three years in cloaths, chiefly in gowns, to poor widows of this parifli.

THOMAS DOWNTON, ESQ. of Sandhurft, devifed by will to the poor of this parifh 101. to be lent to them by the direction of four of the fufficienteft men of it, giving fecurity for the paying of it again, at fuch time as they fhould appoint, fo to continue to the parifh for ever.

THERE IS AN ALMS-HOUSE, confifting of three or four dwellings, by whom given is not known, but fuppofed by one of the family of Fowle.

The poor conftantly relieved are about one hundred and fixty, cafually fifty.

SANDHURST is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JU-RISDICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Charing.

The church, which is dedicated to St. Nicholas, is built of fand ftone. It confifts of two ifles and two chancels, with a fquare tower, in which are five bells. It was part of the antient poffeffions of the fee of Canterbury, and continues fo at this time, his grace the archbifhop being the prefent patron of it.

It is a rectory, and valued in the king's books at twenty pounds, and the yearly tenths at two pounds. In 1578 here were communicants two hundred and eighteen, in 1640, two hundred and eighty. When it was valued at 110l.

There are about ten acres of glebe land. The parfonage-house has lately been handsomely repaired, and fitted up by the present rector Mr. Hussey.

CHURCH OF SANDHURST.

PATRONS. RECTORS Or by whom presented. Dean and Chapter of Canterbury, John Whetcombe, A. M. July 16, 1583, obt. 1609. sede vac. ,..... The Archbishop. John Simpfon, A. M. Jan. 22, 1609. William Master, S. T. P. refig. 1626. John Simpson, S. T. P. May 15, 1626.0 Thomas Buckner, S. T. B. refig. 1632. Walter Drurie, A. M. April 3, 1632, obt. 1680. Samuel Atwood, A. B. Dec. 9, 1680, obt. 1696. Charles Maude, A. M. Jan. 17, 1696, obt. 1722. Henry Hodson, A. M. Jan. 1722, refigned 1753. Henry Hodson, A. M. Nov. 16, 1753.4 William Huffey, A. M. Oct. 3, 1781, the prefent rector.e

* In 1626 a difpensation passed for his holding Aldington with this rectory. Rym. Fæd. vol. xviii. p. 874d Son of the former rector, and rector alfo of Thurnham by difpenfation. e Brother to Edward Huffey, efq. of Scotney.

THE TOWNSHIP AND PARISH OF NEWENDEN

LIES adjoining to Sandhurst eastward. It was called in Latin, Noviodunum. Lambarde fays, in Saxon. Nifeldune, that is, the low or deep valley. Leland calls it Noviodunum,

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Noviodunum, which word is framed out of the Saxon, Niwandune, and foundeth as much as the new hill.^f But it most probably took its name from its being raifed on the feite of fome more antient town, perhaps. built in the time of the Romans, of whom there are many vefigia in and about this place.

Part of this parifh is in the hundred of Selbrittenden, the reft of it, called THE TOWNSHIP OF NEWENDEN, is exempt from any hundred, having an officer of its own, called the bailiff, whofe power is much the fame here as that of high conftable in other parts of the county, and is appointed merely to prevent this diffrict merging into the jurifdiction of the hundred; and this bailiff has an under bailiff fubordinate, who is the fame as a borfholder in other parts.

AT A SMALL DISTANCE north-eaftward from the prefent village of Newenden, it is conjectured by many, among which are Lambarde, Camden, and Selden, that the station and city of the Romans stood, called by Pancirollus, in his Notitia Provinciarum, ANDERIDA, and fometimes Anderidos; by the Britons, Caer Andred, and afterwards by the Saxons, the caftle of Andred, or Andredceaster; being situated in the immense foreft which extended from hence for the space of eighty miles into Hampshire. It was called by them Andredwald; by the Britons, Coit-Andred; and now by us, the Weald. This was one of those ports where the Romans placed their castra riparensia, for the defence of the coaft against the piracies of the Saxon rovers. And here they placed a detachment of foldiers, under the command of the honourable the count of the Saxon shore, distinguished by the name of Prapofitus numeri Abulcorum; for hither at that time the river Limen, long fince called the Rother, was fufficiently navigable. After the Romans had deferted Britain, this place feems to have been still accounted a port of

⁵ See Lambarde's Peramb. p. 219. Dict. 240.

great

great ftrength by the Britons, and to have been used by them as one of their principal places of refuge, when harraffed by the Saxons. Hengist, the Saxon king of Kent, died in 488, and was fucceeded by his fon Efcus, during the three first years of whose reign there was a general truce between the Saxons and Britons; at the end of which Ella, a famous Saxon chief, who had come over from Germany, with a large company of Saxons, on the invitation of Hengist, and had placed themselves in Suffex, having received a strong reinforcement out of Germany, renewed hoftilities, and went and befieged the Britons in this their principal port of Andred-ceaster, which at length, after a vigorous defence, was taken by ftorm. But the Saxons were to much enraged at the loffes and fatigues it had occafioned them, that they put all the inhabitants to the fword, and totally demolished the city itself.^g In which defolate state it afterwards continued, a monument of curiofity to future ages, till at length it was granted, by the name of Andred, by king Offa, to Chrift-church, Canterbury.

There are two places here, by which the remains of the antient station may still be discovered; the one is called Caftle-toll, and is a raifed piece of ground, containing about twenty acres, fituated on a point of land between the river Rother and Haydon fewer, about a mile and a quarter east-north-east from Newenden church, and about two miles fouth-weft from Rolvenden. On the east fide of it are the remains of a deep ditch, and bank, which feem to have been continued quite round it.

The other lies at a small distance from the above, north-north-east, and is a piece of ground raised much higher than the former; this was encompassed with a double ditch, the traces of which are still visible in

⁸ Chron. Sax. ad an. 490. Flor. Worc. p. 545. Hen. Hunt. lib. 2. Matth. Weftm. ad an. 492.

M 3

fome

fome places, and within the innermost of them is fomewhat more than an acre of land. The fhape is a fquare, with the corners a little rounded; and at each corner, within the area, is a circular mount of earth. When Dr. Plot viewed this place in 1693, the valla were then very lofty, and he was informed by an antient countryman, who had often ploughed upon this hill, that both the mounts and the valla were then at leaft four feet lower than when he first knew the place; fo that in a process of time it is most probable they will be reduced by the plough to a plain level with the adjoining lands. The plain remains of fuch ftrong entrenchments, together with the circumstance of several Roman coins having been found from time to time in and about this place, gives no fmall weight to the opinion of those, who have placed the scite of the antient Anderida here at Newenden.

THE MANOR of Newenden was given by Offa, king of Mercia, by the name of Andred, to the monks of Chrift-church, in Canterbury, for the feed of their hogs, being in the vaft wood or foreft then called Andred, or the Weald. In the time of king Edward the Confeffor it was accounted part of the archbifhop's demens, and was held of him by one Leofric, being then taxed at one fuling, and efteemed as an appendage to Saltwood, and in the general furvey of Domefday, taken in the year 1080, it is thus defcribed, under the title of the archbifhop's lands:

In Selebrift hundred the archbiftop himfelf holds Newedene. It was taxed at one fuling. The arable land is There are twenty-five villeins, with four borderers having five carucates. There is a market of forty shillings all but five pence. Wood for the pannage of forty hogs. In the whole, in the time of king Edward the Confessor, it was worth one bundred shillings, when he received it twelve pounds, and now ten pounds, and yet the bailiff paid eighteen pounds and ten shillings.

After

After which, anno 21 Edward I. it appears that Boniface, archbifhop of Canterbury, had claimed an exemption for his tenants here from fervice in the hundred court, and from fuch taxations as were ufually made; but upon trial it was given againft him.

In which state this manor continued till the 51st year of Henry VIII. when Thomas Cranmer, archbishop of Canterbury, by deed that year, and inrolled in the Augmentation-office the year afterwards, conveyed it in exchange, among other premifes, to that king; and after the death of king Charles I. anno 16,8, the powers then in being having feized on all the royal eftates, this manor, as one of them, was fold to Hugh Peters,^h with whom it continued till the reftoration, when it returned to the crown, and remained there, till at length it was granted to the earl of Aylesford, in whom the fee of it was afterwards vested by act of parliament. His descendant Heneage Finch, earl of Aylesford, conveyed it, together with the fishery belonging to it, (which extends on the river Rother from New Barn, at the eastern extremity of this parish, to Odiarne Oak, about a mile beyond Bodiam westward) by fale in 1760 to Mr. Samuel Bishop, of Losenham, in this parish, who is the present possessor of it. A court leet and court baron is held for this manor.

LOSENHAM, ufually called Loffenham, is a manor and feat in this parifh, about half a mile north-east from the church, fituated within the township of Newenden, and within the hundred of Selbrittenden. It was antiently the feat of a branch of the family of Aucher, who were both eminent and numerous, as well in this county as in those of Effex, Suffex, Nottingham, and elsewhere, deriving their origin from Ealcher, or Aucher, the first earl of Kent, who had also the title of Duke, from his being intrusted with the military power

^h See the furvey and fale of it in Parliamentary Surveys, Augmentation-office. of this county. His descendant Walter Fitz Auger, a noble Briton, flourished at the time of the conquest, and was a good benefactor to the monks of St. Saviour's, Bermondsey. His descendant Thomas Fitz Aucher was become poffeffed of this manor of Lofen. ham, with divers other lands in Effex, in the reign of king John. His descendant Henry Fitz Aucher is in the roll of those Kentish gentlemen, who were with Edward I. in his 28th year, at the fiege of Carlaverock, in Scotland, and for his fervice there was made a knight-banneret, bearing for his arms, Ermine, on a chief, azure, three lions rampant, or. Nicholas Aucher, efq. refided at Lofenham in the next reign of king Edward II. His grandfon Henry, married first Ifabel at Towne, by whom he had Thomas, who fucceeded to Lofenham; and Robert, from whom defcended those of Westwell. And secondly Joane, daughter and heir of Thomas St. Leger, of Otterden, (remarried to Robert Capys) from whom came the Auchers, of Otterden, Bourne, and Nonington.1 At length his descendant Henry Aucher, esq. of Losenham, left an only daughter and heir Anne, who, in the reign of Henry VII. carried this manor, together with that of Woods, in this parish likewife, in marriage to Walter Colepeper, efq. of Bedgebury,* whofe grandfon Sir John Colepeper, of Wigfell, in 1628, fold them to Adrian Moore, efq. of Egham, in Surry, in whofe family they continued till they were alienated in 1702, to Mr. Nicholas Bishop, whose grandson Mr. Samuel Bishop is the present owner of them, and refides at Losenham. There has not been any court held for this manor for many years.

There is a moat round the prefent houfe, which was built in 1666. Many foundations have been dug up

fouthward

ⁱ See pedigrees in the Heralds-office, and in the Heraldic Vifitations of 1574 and 1619.

^{*} See a further account of the Colepepers before, under Bedgebury, in Goudhurst.

fouthward of the houfe, and a few years ago a ftone coffin was dug up, composed of four flat ftones, perforated with feveral holes to let the moisture through.

AT LOSENHAM above-mentioned, Sir Thomas Alcher, or Fitz Aucher, in the year 1241, being the 26th of Henry III. founded A HOUSE, OF PRIORY, dedicated to the Virgin Mary, for Friars Carmelites, or Carms, as they were commonly termed, being fo called from their being brought hither from Mount Carmel, in Paleftine; this place being most defirable to them, as they affected to take up their abode in retired and folitary habitations. The first institution of their order was in 1170; and they were likewife called White Friars from the colour of their habit. They were first brought into England in 1240, and were fettled at Alnewick, in Northumberland, and Aylesford, in this county, and the next year here, and at Brunham, in Norfolk. William Stranfield, born in Kent, a Carmelite friar here, S. T. P. of Oxford, was well verfed in the hiftory of his order, and particularly of his own house, of which he became prior, and wrote the hiftory of this monastery of Newenden, with lectures and other discourses of divinity. He died and was buried at Newenden in 1390.1 Under the patronage of this family of Aucher, whofe refidence was almost adjoining to this priory, it continued fafe till the general diffolution of religious houses in the reign of Henry VIII. in the 27th year of which it was suppressed, as not having revenues to the clear amount of two hundred pounds per annum, and was, with all its posseffions, furrendered up into the king's hands.

The feite of this priory feems to have continued in the crown till the 5th and 6th year of Philip and Mary, when it was granted to Edmund and Henry Gilberd. It afterwards paffed into the family of Colepeper, and from thence into the name of Moore, from which it

1 See Stev. Mon. vol. ii. p. 167.

was

was fold, at the fame time with the manors of Lofenham and woods, to Mr. Nicholas Bifhop, whofe grandfon Mr. Samuel Bifhop, of Lofenham, has now the property of it.

Kilburne, p. 198, fays, that in this parifh, near the priory, flood *a cafile*, which was deftroyed by the Danes in 892, and not fo much as the ruins then remained, only the memory of it was preferved by a place here ftill called *Cafile toll*.

NEWENDEN is fituated on the fouthern confines of this county, adjoining to Suffex, from which it is parted by the river Rother, which flows along the fouthern bounds of it for upwards of two miles, being the whole length of this parifh. The high road from the weftern parts of Kent into Suffex, across the river Rother, over which there is a modern bridge of three arches, built of brick, called Rother-bridge, leads through it fouth eaftward. There are but fifteen houses in the whole parish.

The village, which is but finall, confifting of a very few cottages, with the church amongst them, stands on this road, near Rother-bridge. It was built on its prefent spot in the reign of Edward I. and seems, from the many remains of foundations and wells, all round the church, especially on the north and east fides of it, to have been formerly a place of confiderable fize; and the reports of the inhabitants, from tradition, of the antient and more flourishing state of this place, are very extraordinary. The middle part of this parish, from east to west, being a narrow slip, is high ground and arable, the reft, being by far the greatest part of it, is a low flat of pasture and marsh lands, the whole of it has a most forlorn and dreary aspect, and is lar from being healthy. About a quarter of a mile eaftward from the village is a fpring of water, which is a ftrong chalybeat. It is fituated in the marshes, at a small diftance northward from the Rother. This water, with oaken

oaken leaves put into it, turned blackish; and with powder of galls, it sparkled and turned like Champaigne wine.

There are no *parochial charities*. The poor conftantly relieved are about five, cafually three.

NEWENDEN is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JU-RISDICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Charing.

The church, which is dedicated to St. Peter, ftands within the township of Newenden. It was formerly much larger, but becoming very ruinous in 1700, a faculty was procured from the archbilhop for the parifhioners, to take wholly away the fteeple and chancel, and that they might put the body of the church only in repair, and build a turret upon the top of it, to hang up one of the bells in ; and that they might fell the other two bells, with the materials of timber and stone remaining after they had made fuch repairs. All which was foon afterwards done; fo that the church is now very fmall, about fixty feet long, confifting of one ifle, and a very narrow one on the north fide of it. The chancel is a finall room, about eight feet square, on the fouth fide very dark, having the altar-rails acrofs it, being very mean, and unfitting for the purpose. There is a fine old stone font, standing on four stone pillars, with capitals of flowers and antient Saxon ornaments round the top.

Over the porch of the church was a room, with iron grates to the windows, called the gaol, and was fo to the jurifdiction of the township. It was taken down about eighteen years ago, by order of the archdeacon. Thomas Twysden, of Newenden, as appears by his will, was buried in this church-yard in 1521.

This church is a rectory, valued in the king's books at 71. 13s. 4d. the yearly tenths of which are 15s. 4d.

In 1640 this rectory was valued at fifty pounds, and the communicants here were fixty.

CHURCH

CHURCH OF NEWENDEN.

PATRONS, RECTORS. Or by whom prefented. John Tunbridge, obt. 1609. The Archbilhop. Richard White, A. M. Dec. 14, 1600. Thomas Brown, refigned 1664. Walter Collins, Jan 26, 1664. James Kay, A. M. July 18, 1668. David Maccorne, Nov. 2, 1677, obt. 1686. James Stretion, March 4, 1686, refigned 1694. Thomas Fishenden, A. M. June 10, 1694, obt. 1737." William Huddlefton, A. M. inducted Sept. 1, 1738, obt. June 8, 1743. Richard Morton, A. M. July 28, 1743, obt. October 21, 1772.ⁿ Thomas Morphett, A. M. Nov. 19, 1772, the prefent rector."

 m Likewife rector of Rolvenden.
 n He was buried within the altar-rails of this church.
 • And rector of Rolvenden.

THE HUNDRED OF ROLVENDEN

LIES the next northward from that of Selbrittenden. It is written in Domefday, *Rovindene*, and in the 20th year of Edward III. *Riolvinden*.

IT CONTAINS WITHIN ITS BOUNDS PART OF THE PA-RISHES OF

1. BENENDEN, and || 2. ROLVENDEN. And the churches of both those parishes. One constable has jurisdiction over it.

BENENDEN

BENENDEN

IS fituated the next parifh northward from Hawkhurft. That part of it which is in the borough of Benenden, is in the hundred of Rolvenden; as much of it as is in either of the boroughs of Hevenden, or Ibornden, is in the hundred of Barkley; as much as is in the North Borough, is in the hundred of Selbrittenden; and as much as is in the borough of Crothall, is in the hundred of Cranbrooke. The liberty of the court of the bailiwic of the Seven Hundreds claims over this parifh.

THE PARISH is in extent from east to west about feven miles, and about four the other way, is fituated mostly on high ground, much more fo than most of the adjoining country, which confequently makes it more pleafant, as much fo as the generality of the foil and roads will allow of. It has of late years had the improvement of a turnpike road, which leads through it from Cranbrooke towards Rolvenden and Tenterden; before which, the roads were fo deep in winter, as they still continue, excepting the above road, that within thefe fifty years Sir John Norris, whilft he refided at Hemsted, was forced to have his coach drawn to church in the common waggon track, by fix oxen, one before the other, as the only means of conveyance to it. The foil is mostly a stiff clay, having plenty of marle at different parts throughout it, and in fome parts fand. The northern boundaries of it are much covered with coppice woods; in this part is Hemfted, fituated on very high ground, exceedingly pleafant, and commanding an extensive prospect over the neighbouring country; it stands in the midst of a paddock, or park-like ground, well planted with avenues of trees; the house has been lately altered and modernized, and the moat round it filled up; the two wings have

have been pulled down, the right one, which feems to have been the gate-houfe to the more antient manfion, was of the time of queen Elizabeth; among the rub. bish of it was found a filver coin of that reign, anno 1575. It was built of brick, and had two handfome octagon towers, of a grand and stately appearance; the left wing, by the remaining form of a large circular window, feemed to have been the domestic chapel of the manfion, the centre remaining, is a fashed modern building. At a place in the park, called the Merry Tree, the ground is reputed to be the highest in all the Weald of Kent; westward of Hemsted there rifes a small streamlet, which runs on from hence towards Rolvenden, and at a small distance eastward, near it, is the hamlet of Walkhurft. The village of Benenden is fituated likewife on high ground, nearly in the centre of the parish, and is built on each fide of the beforementioned road.

At a small distance fouthward from it is the church and the vicarage; adjoining to the latter is a large green, called the Playftool, formerly used as a bowlinggreen by the neighbouring gentry, who within memory uled frequently to refort to it, and at whofe expence it was kept in order. In the fouthern part of this parifh, near the hamlet of Iden-green, is Framefarm, formerly the property of Edward Alexander, efq. of Bedford row, who married Levina, daughter of Sir Levinus Bennet, and their grandfon Richard Henry Alexander Bennet, paffed it away by fale, for which an act passed in 1764, to Sarah, viscounters Falkland, who in 1776 devifed it by will to her hufband Lucius, viscount Falkland, for life, with remainder to Francis Motley Auften, efq now of Sevenoake, who purchased lord Falkland's interest in it, and is the present owner of it.

GREAT and LITTLE alias EAST WALKHURST are two estates here which belonged to the priory of Christ-church in Canterbury, and, at the diffolution of

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the priory in the reign of king Henry VIII. were fettled by him, by his dotation charter anno 33 of that reign, on his new-erected dean and chapter of Canterbury, who are now entitled to them. At a finall diftance north-eaftward from hence, adjoining to the woods, is *Pump-bule*, formerly the refidence of a branch of the family of Gybbon, one of whom, Edmund Gybbon, efq. was a good benefactor to the free fchool in this parifh, as will be further mentioned.

The family of Sharpe refided in this parish for many generations. Many of them lie buried in the fouth porch of this church; and in the beginning of the last century, a branch of the Hendons lived here, and were clothiers of great repute.^P A fair is held here on May 15, for horses and cattle.

THE MANOR OF BENENDEN, which is fubordinate to the liberty of the Seven Hundreds, appears by the record of Domefday to have been among those posfessions which William the Conqueror gave to Odo, the great bishop of Baieux; under the general title of whose lands it is thus entered in that record:

In Rovindene bundred, the fame Robert de Romenel bolds of the bishop (of Baieux) Benindene. It was taxed at half a suling. The arable land is two carucates. In demessive there is one carucate, and four villeins, with nine borderers having two carucates. There is wood for the pannage of sive bogs, and one church. In the time of king Edward the Confessor, and asterwards, it was worth forty shillings, now sifty shillings. Oser held it of king Edward.

Upon the bifhop's difgrace about four years afterwards, this, among the reft of his effates, came to the crown, of whom it was again afterwards held by the earl of Albermarle, and of him again by a family who affumed their name from their possefilion of it. In the reign of king Edward I. John de Benendene

^p See their wills in Preg. off. Canterbury.

held

held it, as one knight's fee, of the countefs of Ewe, and she again of the earl of Albermarle; and it was held in the 20th year of king Edward III. in like manner, by another John de Benenden. In his descendants, who bore for their arms, Azure, a lobster, or, this manner continued, till by a female heir Joane de Benenden, it went in marriage to Sir William Brenchley, chief justice of the common pleas, who died pofseffed of it in 1446, as she did in 1453, f. p. and were both buried in the nave of Canterbury cathedral, in which the built and endowed a chantry ; on which this manor came into the possession of Margaret, daughter and coheir of John Brenchley, efq. by Margaret his wife, daughter and heir of Richard Golding, who had been married anno 21 Henry VI. to William Moore, esq. of this parish, who, in his wife's right became entitled to it.

This family of More, or De la More, as they were antiently written, had been feated at More-court, in Ivychurch, as early as the reign of king Henry II. and had removed from thence hither in the reign of king Edward III. on the marriage of Thomas De la More with a daughter and heir likewife of Benenden; by which alliance he became poffeffed of lands both in this and the adjoining parifhes. After which one of his descendants, most probably William Moore before-mentioned, in the reign of king Henry VI. built for his future refidence that feat here, fince called Moore-court, which, with the manor, came at length into the poffeffion of his defcendant John Moore, efq. who married Margaret, daughter and heir of John Brent, relict of John Dering, clq. by whom he had feveral fons, from the fecond of whom Edward, the prefent Earl of Drogheda, is descended. They bore for their arms, Azure, in a chief indented or, three mullets, gules. He alienated this eftate in the first year of queen Mary, to Mr. William Watts, who died poffessed of it in the 15th year of queen Elizabeth, holding ing it of the king, as of the honour of Hereford, and in his descendants it continued down till it was at length fold to Sir John Norris, of Heinsted. Since which this manor, with Moore-court, has paffed in like manner with that feat, as will be further mentioned hereafter, to Thomas Hallet Hodges, efq. of Hemsted, present owner of it.

HEMSTED is a manor here, lying in Cranbrooke hundred, Hemsted bridge dividing the hundreds of Cranbrooke and Rolvenden, which about the 20th year of Henry III. as appears by the Tefta de Nevil, kept in the Exchequer, belonged to Robert de Hemfted, who had assumed his furname from it; but his descendants did not continue long here ; for in the 7th year of Edward III. James de Echyngham, of Echyngham, in Suffex, who bore for his arms, Azure, frettee, argent, was poffeffor of it, and that year brought his action of trefpass against the prior of Christ-church, and others, for entering his close at Benenden, and cutting down his trees there. The latter pleaded, that the place where they grew was a drofden, at Knolle, in this parish, immediately holden of him; and that by the cuftom of gavelkind, the lord was entitled to the great oaks, ash, and beech; and the jury found accordingly. In the beginning of the next reign of king Richard II. Sir Robert Belknap, chief justice of the common pleas, was become poffeffed of it; but favouring too much the defigns of that prince, in the extending of his prerogative, he was, in the 11th year of that reign, attainted, and this, among the reft of his eftates, became forfeited to the crown, whence it was prefently after granted to William de Guldeford, who kept his fhrievalty at his feat here that year, and made great additions to this mansion. This family of Guldeford, or Guildford, as they were in after times frequently spelt, feem to have fettled in this county very foon after the conquest, and were eminent for the confiderable fervices they had performed for the public; the offices or truft

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truft and honor which they had conferred on them, and the noble alliances they made, by which through females delcended, among others, the Darclls, Gage's, Brownes, Walfinghams, Cromers, Ifaacs, and Ifleys. They bore for their arms, Or, a saltier, between four martlets, sable. William Guldeford, son of William before-mentioned, by his marriage with Joane, daughter and heir of John de Halden, became possessed of the inheritance of that family, and of their feat called Lambin, alias Halden, in the adjoining parish of Rolvenden, where feveral of his descendants afterwards refided. Sir John Guldeford, his grandfon, was a perfon of confiderable note in king Edward the IVth.'s reign, being comptroller of his houfhold. He afterwards espouled the cause of the earl of Richmond, for which he was, as well as his fon Sir Richard, attainted in parliament anno I Richard III. which attainders were reversed anno 1 Henry VII. and Sir John was made of that prince's privy council. He died in the 8th year of that reign, and was buried in Canterbury cathedral. Sir Richard Guldeford, his fon above-mentioned, having fled on his attainder, returned with the earl of Richmond, after whofe accession to the crown he had continued favors, as well as posts of trust and honor conferred on him, being made of that prince's privy council, and mafter of the ordnance, and in the 8th year of that reign a knight bannerei, and next year fheriff of this county, keeping his thrievalty at Halden, his father reliding then at Hemsted, in which year he was made knight of the garter, as he was afterwards comptroller of the houshold. In the 11th year of it he procured his lands to be difgavelled, by a private act then passed specially for the purpose. He bore for his arms those of his ancestors as above-mentioned, quartered with those of Halden, with two supporters, between two flags, attired proper, or, which were afterwards continued to be fo borne by his defcendants.

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He died about the year 1 500 at Jerufalem, where he had journeyed on a pilgrimage. He left by his first wife two fons, Edward, to whom he gave his feat of Halden, under which a further account of him and his posterity may be feen, and George Guldeford, efq. to whom he gave this feat of Hemsted, where he kept his fhrievalty in the 16th year of Henry VIII.⁹ His fon Sir John Guldeford, of Hemsted, procured his lands to be difgavelled by the acts of the 31ft of that reign, and the 2d and 3d of king Edward VI. in the 6th year of which latter reign he was sheriff. His eldest fon Sir Thomas Guldeford, was of Hemsted, where he had the honor of entertaining queen Elizabeth in her progress through this county on the 20th of August, 1575. And in his descendants, residents at this feat, it continued down to Robert Guldeford, efq. of Hemsted, who, anno I James II. was created a baronet. He removed from hence to Camber farm, in Suffex, and having, anno 10 queen Anne, procured an act for the fale of this manor and his other lands in this county and Suffex, he in 1718 vefted them in truftees, who foon afterwards conveyed this manor, with the manfion, and all his other lands in this county, to Sir John Norris, admiral of the British fleet, and vice-admiral of England, who had been in 1717 envoy extraordinary and plenipotentiary to the Czar of Muscovy, bearing for his arms, Quarterly, argent, and gules, a fret, or. He died in 1749, after which this manor and feat defcended at length down to his grandfon John Norris, esq. who was of Hemsted, and in 1780 procured an act to vest this estate, among others, in trultees, who fold it for the purpofes mentioned in it; afterwards to Thomas Hallet Hodges, elq. sheriff in 1786, who now refides at Hemfted, and is the prefent owner of it.

9 Anno 14 and 15 Henry VIII. an aft passed for George Guldeford, efq. to turn a road through Hemsted manor.

COMBDEN

N 2

COMBDEN, now called *Camden*, is another manor in this parish, which was antiently possessed by Fulk, fon of Ralph Bullard, who, as appears by Testa de Nevil, in the exchequer, paid aid for his land here at the marriage of Isabel, fifter to king Henry III. in his 20th year. He refided here, as did his defcendants for fome time afterwards, but in king Richard II.'s reign it was come into the poffession of the Whitfields, an antient family defcended from Whitfield, in Cumberland, one of whom was Sir Ithan de Whitfield, who in behalf of the confederate barons defended Boroughbridge against king Edward II. and in this name it continued down to Sir Ralph Whitfield, who, at his decease in the reign of Charles I. bequeathed it by will to his daughter Dorothy, and she carried it, with another small manor here, called RIPTON, in marriage to John Fotherby, elq. after which these manors passed into the family of Norris, and thence again in like manner as Hemfted above-defcribed, to Thomas Hallet Hodges, elq. the prefent possessor of them.

CHARITIES.

EDMUND GYBBON, ESQ. of Hole, in Rolvenden, gave by will in 1677, fifty fhillings per annum, to be paid out of Mr. John Elphee's effates in Rolvenden; which money is applied by the minifter and churchwardens to the use of fuch poor as take no monthly relief.

MR. JOHN GINDER, in 1712, gave 50s. per annum to be paid out of Northlands, in Salehurft, in Suffex, now the effate of Mr. George Springet, of Hawkhurft, to be difpofed of in fuch manner, and at fuch time as the before-mentioned bequefts.

A SMALL HOUSE belongs to this parifh, for poor people to dwell in; and alfo lands belonging to it, of the produce of 81. 10s. per annum, now in the tenure of John Munn, brickmaker, called Feoffee lands, the profits to be disposed of by the minister, churchwardens, overfeers, and feoffees, now vested in Thomas Hallet Hodges, efq.

Two SMALL HOUSES on Iden-green, belong to it, for poor people to dwell in, and one field, called Parifh lands, which fingle field is rented by Mrs. Munn, at 11. per annum; and the money is diffributed by the minifter and churchwardens to fuch poor as take no monthly relief. EDMUND GYBBON, ESQ. of Benenden, was the principal benefactor of a free *fchool*, in this parifu, and lands near the Beacon-hill, effimated at eighty acres, towards the maintenance of a mafter of it.

JOHN GYBBON, ESQ. of Hole, in 1707, gave by will an Exchequer annuity of 141. per annum, out of the excife of beer, &c. which expired in 1791, for a further augmentation to the faid mafter, provided he be neither vicar, curate, nor reader here; if he fhould be fo, then to the ufe of poor girls.

EDMUND GYBBON, ESQ. of Hole, gave a houfe and lands in this parifh, called *Sarnden*, effimated at 73 acres, for the maintenance of an ufher to the fchool. The feoffees of which, by the fale of the timber off the lands, purchased a houfe and lands, effimated at 16 acres, near the Beacon-hill, for an additional maintenance for the ufher.

There are now to the above-mentioned fchool a mafter and ufher, and about thirty boys, who are taught to read and write.

THOMAS BUCKLAND, in 1786, gave by will for the educating of poor male children, in money, 2001. to be vefted in the public funds, which has been fince done in the names of the minister and parish officers.

THERE ARE four inferior fchools in this parish, where the younger children are taught by women to read English.

The poor constantly relieved are about ninety-five; cafually one hundred.

THIS PARISH is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JURIS-DICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Charing.

The church, which is dedicated to St. George, confifts of three ifles and a chancel, having a tower fteeple at the weft end, with a beacon turret at the fouth-eaft corner of it.

This church was ruined by a ftorm of thunder and lightning, on Dec. 29, 1672. It was rebuilt and finished in 1678. The present steeple was built in 1715. It stood before apart on the north side of the church, at a small distance from it; being built with stone at the bottom, and the upper part with wood of curious workmanship, having a losty spire on the top of it. In the high chancel, against the north wall, is a monument, with the bust in white marble, made by Sheemaker, of Sir John Norris. In the north is a memorial memorial for dame Mary, relict of Sir Edmund Fortefcue, of Bragnam, obt. 1693, and for Edward Guldeford, efq. of Hemfted, obt. 1678, and Anne his wife, obt. 1710. In the fouth ifle a memorial for Edmund Gibbon, efq. of this parifh Walter More, lord of the manor of Benenden, by will in 1504, ordered his body to be buried in *our lady's chapel*, in this church, and gave 31. 6s. 8d. to buy a chalice of filver, and gilt, to be ufed at *our lady's altar* there, and that a yearly obit be kept in this church by him who fhould have the lordfhip of Benenden.

The church of Benenden was part of the poffeffions of the priory of Combwell, in the neighbouring parifh of Goudhurft, to which it was appropriated before the reign of Richard II. In which ftate the appropriation, together with the advowfon of the vicarage, continued till the fuppreffion of it in the reign of Henry VIII. when they both paffed into the hands of the crown, where they remained till the 34th year of that reign, when the king granted this rectory and advowfon to Sir John Gage, to hold *in capite* by knight's fervice, who paffed them away to Sir Thomas Guldeford, in whofe defeendants they continued, in like manner as Hemfted above-deferibed, till they paffed by fale with that manor to I homas Hallet Hodges, efq. of Hemfted, the prefent proprietor of them.

The vicarage is a difcharged living, of the clear yearly certified value of forty pounds, in the king's books, the yearly tenths of which are 2l. 15s. 3d. In 1640 it was valued at ninety pounds, and there were then communicants here five hundred. The vicarage is now about fifty pounds per annum value.

There is a *modus* of two-pence per acre upon land in this parish; the woodland in it is tithe-free.

CHURCH

CHURCH OF BENENDEN.

PATRONS, Or by whom prefenied.	VICARS.
The Queen, by the minority of Henry Guldeford, e/q	Walter Jones, A. M. April 1586, deprived 1608.
Sir Henry Guldeford.	Vincent Huffam, A. M. June 22, 1008, refigned 1611.
	Richard Auflen, A. B. June 8, 1611, obt. 1643.
Sarah Sharp, of Benenden, widow, hac vice.	Nathanicl Wilmot, A. B. March 22, 1643.
Sir John Henden	Joseph Oborne, ejected 1662. Nicholas Monyman, A.M. Sept.
	19, 1662, obt. 1700. John Feiherstone, refig. 1732.8
Sir John Norris.	Thomas Hudfon, Aug. 11, 1732, refigned 1739
	John Prince, A. B. May 25, 1739, obt Aug. 1741.
The Archbishop, by lapfe	Benjamin Slocock, D D. ind. Oct 17+1, refig. 1744
Sir John Norris	John Williams April 26, 1744, refigned 1761.
Dame Elizabeth Norris	Jose, h Dunne, A. B. Dec. 9, 1761, the prefent vicar.
t He was ejected by the Bartholo-	vicar, and refigned it on being pre-

mew Act See Calamy's Life of Baxfter, :. 286. See Leyidown, of which he was

ROLVENDEN

f nted to that if Becheriden.

* Afterwards rector of Ripple.

LIES the next parish eastward from Benenden. It is univerfally called, and in general spelt Rounden. The court of the bailiwic of the Seven Hundreds claims paramount over this parish.

THE PARISH of Rolvenden is pleafantly fituated, most of it in a dry and healthy country, the soil of it being much the fame as that of Benenden last defcribed. It had formerly the manifons of many respectable families refident in it, interspersed in almost every part of it,

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it, but they are now feveral of them converted into farm-houfes; the high turnpike road from thence towards Tenterden leading through it. There are about one hundred houfes and five hundred inhabitants in it. The village, with the church, ftands on high ground, nearly in the centre of the parifh, the above road paffing along the northern part of it; it is watered by two or three ftreamlets, which croffing this parifh at fmall diftances from each other, run on eaftward, and joining a ftream from Tenterden, feparate the two parifhes, and form the eaftern boundary of this of Rolvenden. There is but little wood in this parifh, what there is, being near the fouthern boundaries of it.

About half a mile fouth-eaftward from the church, on the oppofite fide of the road, is a feat called KINGS-GATE-HOUSE, which has been for fome generations in the poffeffion of the family of Weller. Alexander Weller owned it in the reign of king Charles I. and his defcendant John Weller, efq. rear-admiral of the navy, died here poffeffed of it in 1772, he gave it by will to his brother Nicholas, who died in the Eaft-Indies, and his fon Mr. Robert Weller, is the prefent poffeffor of it.

A branch of the family of *Maplesden*, clothiers, were fettled here, at the manor of Maplesden in this parish, in the reign of Henry VIII. which now belongs to John Beardsworth, efq.

THE RIVER ROTHER, which divides the parifhes of Sandhurft and Newenden from Suffex, and those of Rolvenden, Tenterden, and Apledore, from the Isle of Oxney, about the year 1736, was fo fwarved, that the proprietors of the adjoining marsh lands were obliged to purchase and cut a new channel through Wittressan level, from Maytham-ferry to Blackwall on the south side of the island, for the passage of the waters; whereupon the course of that river, for the space of sive miles or more, became inverted, and instead of running from Maytham to Smalhyth and Reading, in Ebony parish,

to

to the eaft, now runs from thence to Maytham westward, and thence goes into the new channel.

Many commiffions were iffued formerly, on the complaints of feveral of the owners of lands hereabouts, for the fafety of the marfhes in this and the adjoining parifhes, and to oblige the other refpective land owners to repair and keep the banks, &c. againft the fea, from the reign of king Edward I. to that of king Henry VI. and among others, those especially near the fea coast, between Smalhede and Mayhamme; between the latter and Newenden, and Bodiss bridge, and between Maytham and a certain place called the Pendyng, in Rolvynden and Tenterden, all which may be seen at large in Dugdale's History of Imbanking, &c. p. 40, 42, 47, 83.

SUBORDINATE to the court of the Seven Hundreds is the MANOR OF LAMBIN, alias HALDEN, which is fituated in the north-east part of this parish, and had the former of those names from the antient proprietor of it, Lambin de Langham, who held it by knight's fervice, as appears by the Testa de Nevil, in the 20th year of Henry III. His defcendants continued in the poffeffion of it till the beginning of king Edward III.'s reign, when it went by purchase into the family of Halden, who fixed their name on it, in addition to its former one of Lambin; and William, fon of John de Halden, died possessed of it in the 50th year of that reign, and lies buried in the nave of this church. His fon John de Halden died in the reign of Henry IV. and was buried near his father, leaving an only daughter and heir Joane, who carried this manor in marriage to William Guldeford, efq. of Hemsted, whose defcendants, though they continued possefied of their more antient feat of Hemsted, in the adjoining parish of Benenden, yet removed to this mansion of Halden, and made it their principal refidence, and from time to time kept their shrievalties here. At length Sir Richard Guldeford, knight-banneret and of the garter, died

died poffeffed of it about the year 1500, leaving by his first wife, two fons, Edward, to whom he gave this manor of Halden; and George, to whom he gave that of Hemsted. Sir Edward Guldeford, the eldest fon, was a man of much eminence and diffinction, being marshal of Calais, lord warden and constable of Dovercaftle. He had a fon Richard, who died in Spain, f. p. and a daughter Jane, who became her brother's heir, and married Sir John Dudley, afterwards duke of Northumberland, who in her right became entitled to this manor; which he appears to have been posselled of in the 28th year of Henry VIII. Soon after which, either by purchase or exchange, it came into the hands of the crown, where it staid some time; the mansion and park continuing in the king's own occupation; and the demeine lands of it being demiled for a term by the king to Sir John Baker, his attorney general; to whom this manor of Halden itfelf, (the fcite of the manfion, together with the demefne lands belonging to it being excepted) was granted fome years afterwards in fee. The park was disparked by Sir John Baker foon after his grant of it. In the mean time king Edward VI. in his first year, had granted the manor of Halden, with its appurtenances, late parcel of the poffeffions of Sir I homas Cromwell, earl of Effex, attainted, to John, earl of Warwick, which on his attainder in the 1ft year of queen Mary, came again into the hands of the crown, and was then granted to Sir John Baker as above mentioned Since which this manor continued in his defeendants, in like manner as Siffinghurft, in Cranbrooke, till it was at length fold with it, not many years ago, to the truffees of Sir Horace Mann, bart. who is the prefent owner of it.

There are twelve dennes which hold of this manor of Lambyns-court, alias Halden; and on the court-day there are elected twelve officers, called beadles, to collect the rents of affife or quit-rents due from them to it. These dennes lie in Rolvenden, Benenden, Sandhurft,

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hurst, High Halden, Woodchurch, Tenterden, Stone, and in Witterscham.

BUT THE SCITE OF THE MANSION OF HALDEN, alias LAMBYNS-COUR r, together with the greatest part of the demefne lands of this manor, which had been demifed for a term to Sir John Baker as above-mentioned, were afterwards granted in fee to Sir Henry Sidney, who had married Mary, eldeft daughter of John, duke of Northumberland, and he died posselled of these lands in the 28th year of queen Elizabeth. His fon Sir Robert Sidney, created earl of Leicefter. fold them, at the latter end of that reign, to Sir Thomas Smith, of London, fecond fon of Cuftomer Smith, of Weftenhanger, whole grandfon Robert Smith, elq. of Bidborough, in the reign of Charles II. alienated them to Robert Gybbon, elq. of Hole, in this parish. Since which they have continued down with that feat, in a like fucceffion of ownership, to John Beardsworth, efq. of London, who is the prefent proprietor of them.

Halden place is now only a large farm houfe, fituated about a mile and a quarter north from the church. The arms of Guldeford ftill remain, carved in ftone, on the ftables belonging to it.

THE HOLE is a feat in this parish, about a mile north-west from the church, situated within the denne of that name. It had antiently owners of that furname, one of whom, Henry at Hole, in the year 1340, demised this place by deed to his two fifters Honor and Alice. How long it continued in their descendants, I have not found; but in the reign of Henry VIII. it was become the property of Mr. Rob. Gybbon, a wealthy clothier, who then exercifed that trade here, as did his fon John Gybbon, who died posseffed of Hole in the 5th year of Edward VI. anno 1550, and there were fome of this name, who held lands in this parish as early as the year 1340. A branch of this family was of Pump-houfe, in the adjoining parish of Benenden; another of it was of Frid, in Bethersden, and ended in two

two daughters and coheirs, married to Harlestone and Chowte, and from this branch islued those of Charlton, in Bishopsborne. In the descendants of John Gybbon above-mentioned, it continued down to colonel Robert Gybbon, who was possessed of it at the latter end of king Charles I.'s reign. His fon Major John Gybbon died in 1707, and was fucceeded in it by his brother Robert Gybbon, efq. who was of Hole, where he died in 1719, leaving by Elizabeth his wife, daughter and heir of John Phillips, gent. of Middlefex, one fon Phillips, and a daughter Mary, married to James Monnypenny, elq. of this parish. Phillips Gybbon, elq. fucceeded his father in this feat, which he refided at, and died here in 1762, bearing for his arms, Azure, a lion rampant-guardant, between three escallops, argent; but in the windows of the hall at Hole, the arms of Gybbon are painted in antient glass, Or, a lion rampant, fable, charged on the shoulder with an escarbuncle, pomettee and florettee of the first; which glass was brought from the seat of Pumphouse, in Benenden, where it had been for a great length of time. Guillim. p. 359, fays, Or, a lion rampant, fable, between three pellets, was borne by the name of Gybbon, and was confirmed to Edmund Gybbon, fon and heir of Thomas Gybbon, gent. of Rolvenden, by Sir William Segar, in 1629, anno 5 Charles I. but when they altered their bearing to the prefent coat, I have not found. Phillips Gibbon left an only furviving daughter and heir, married to Philip Jodrel, efq. whom she furvived, and dying possessed of this seat in 1775, f. p. she by will gave it, among her other estates in this county, in tail to Mrs. Jefferson, who fince marrying with John Beardsworth, esq of London, he is in her right, entitled to the possession of it.

KEINSHAM, corruptly fo called for *Caffingham*, its proper name, was once accounted a manor here, and was in very early times held by a family fo called from their pofferfing this eftate, as well as much other land in this this parish, on the denne of Cassingham. William de Caffinghame held it in the reign of Henry III." in the 20th year of which he paid aid for it, together with Orloving den, another inconfiderable manor here, as appears by the Testa de Nevil, at the marriage of Isabel the king's fifter, as holding it by knight's fervice, notwithstanding which, part of it, containing one hundred and twenty acres of land, appears by other certain records to have been held at that time by the fame William de Caffinghame, of Edmund, archbishop of Canterbury, in gavelkind; for that archbishop being empowered fo to do by the charter granted by king John to archbishop Hubert, his predecessor, changed the tenure of these lands from gavelkind to knight's service. to hold to the faid William and his heirs of the archbishop and his fucceffors, by knight's fervice, and the rent of 10s. 2d. per annum, and the addition of the fame liberties as other knights had of the fee of Chriftchurch, Canterbury. He was fucceeded in this eftate by his fon Ralph de Caffinghame, who left two daughters and coheirs, Petronella, married to Nicholas Au. cher; and Benet, to Bertram de Wylmyngton, against whom the archbishop brought a fuit for cutting down his oak and beech in this and the adjoining dennes, to which they pleaded the above change of fervice, and that the owners had conftantly felled them. But the jury found that the trees were the archbishop's, and that he and his predeceffors had always felled them, without let of the owners, and had always taken amends for any trespass of this kind ; and that they had in time before, and he did then, take a moiety of the pannage in the faid woods.

There remains at this day no footfteps of this right, the reafon of which is well accounted for by Mr. Somner as follows, in his Roman Ports, p 112:—In the times of king Edward III. and Richard II the arch-

" See Regist. Abb. de Begham, cart. 204, 374.

bifhops

bishops of Canterbury and prior and convent of Christchurch refpectively, among other like lords and owners of the Wealdish dens, finding themselves aggrieved by their tenants there and others, in cutting down and wafting their woods, which on former grants they had expressly referved from their tenants to themselves, (though it is more probable their title to them was from the above-mentioned cuftom) in order to free themselves from further care and trouble on this account, entered into a composition, and for a new annual rent of affife, over and above the former fervices, by indenture of feoffment, made the wood over to them in perpetuity, either to be cut down or left fland-ing at the tenants choice. Since which the intereft of the lord fo compounding has been gone, as to the wood itself, and nothing left but this rent of affise, together with the former fervices.

And a cuftom of a contrary nature is fet up at prefent in most manors, if not throughout the whole Weald, under the name of *landpeerage*, i. e. *landozener-Jhip*; by which the owners of the lands on each fide of the highway claim to exclude the lord from the property of the foil of the way, and of the trees growing on it.

Notwithstanding the account of the coheirs of Caffingham becoming entitled to this manor, yet the family of Cassinghame was still remaining here a long time afterwards, as appears by the will of Peter Caffingham, of Rolvenden, proved anno 1 Edward IV. 1461, in which he mentions his principal message, in which he then dwelt, with his lands in this parish, upon the dennes of Casynghame and Hachysdene, and at Maythame.

Bertram de Wylmyngton above-mentioned, appears by the efcheat rolls to have died poffeffed of lands here anno 2 Henry IV. Soon after which the Mores, of Benenden, are mentioned in the court-rolls as being owners of it until the reign of Henry VIII. when when it was alienated in that reign by John More, efq. to John Gybbon, of this parifh, clothier, who by will in the 5th year of Edward VI. gave this manor, with its lands, rents, and fervices, to his fon John; from whom, in the beginning of queen Elizabeth's reign, as appears by the fame court-rolls, it went into the poffession of William de la Hay, who, in the records of that time, is faid to have held one knight's fee of the archbishop in Cassingham, in right of his wife. From this name it went, in the reign of James I. into the name of Everden, or Everinden, a branch of the Everindens, of Everinden-houfe, in Biddenden, where they are recorded by the private deeds of it to have been refident many hundred years, until the 2d year of queen Mary, when they alienated it; and thence again, in the next reign, to Munn, from whom it passed, in 1685, to Attained Smith, who gave it by will to Attained and Richard Hoare, the latter of whom having come into the possession of the whole of it, by will in 1757 fettled it on Mr. William Gibbs, the prefent posseffor of it.

The manor houle was formerly very large; but it has been most of it pulled down, fo that now it makes but a mean appearance. THE LARGEST HOUSE at this time in this hamlet of Keinsham, is one which formerly belonged to John Kadwell, eiq. of this parish, whose daughter and coheir Sarah carried it in marriage to the Rev. Thomas Chamberlaine, of Charlton, near Greenwich, who was succeeded in it by Mr. Thomas Chamberlain, his only son, the present possible of it.

There has not been any court held for this manor for many years.

GREAT MAYTHAM is a manor in the fouthern part of this parifh, which was antiently held by a family who took their name from it. Orable de Maytham, who with her fifter Elwifa, held much land in thefe parts, appears to have been possifield of it in the reign of Edward I. Soon after which it was become the property of John de Malmains, who died possifield of it it anno 10 Edward II. In the 20th year of the next reign of Edward III. the heirs of Thomas Malmayns, of Hoo, held this manor by knight's fervice. Soon after which the Carews, of Beddington, in Surry, were come into the possession of it. Nicholas Carew, efq. of that place, owned it at the latter end of the reign of Richard II. and in this name it continued till the reign of Henry VIII. when by the attainder of Sir Nicholas Carew, by act of parliament in the 31ft year of that reign, it came into the hands of the crown, whence it was granted, with other lands in this parish, immediately afterwards, to Thomas, lord Cromwell, earl of Effex, on whofe attainder next year, anno 32 king Henry VIII. it came again to the crown, and was again granted, the year after, to Sir Thomas Wyatt, to hold in capite by knight's fervice, who that fame year, with the king's licence, alienated it to Walter Hendley, efq. and his heirs. He was afterwards knighted, and made king's fergeant-at-law, and dying in the 6th year of king Edward VI. without male iffue, his three daughters became his coheirs, and this manor, by the marriage of Helen, the fecond daughter, with Thomas Colepeper, esq. of Bedgebury, became his property, whofe lands were difgavelled by the act of the 2d and 3d year of Edward VI. His grandfon Sir Anthony Colepeper, of Bedgebury, included this manor in a fettlement which he made of it in 1613; and it was fold, under the limitation of that fettlement, by one of his descendants, in 1714, to James Monypenny, esq. descended from an antient family of this name at Pitmilly, in Scotland, who bore for their arms, Vert, a dolphin erect, or. He in 1721 began the foundation of a feat here, within this manor and within the borough of Maytham, though not on the demefne lands of it, which he named MAYTHAM-HALL, which his eldeft fon Robert Monypenny, efq. finished in 1760, and resided here till his death in 1772. He died unmarried, and was fucceeded in both manor and feat by his only furviving furviving brother James Monypenny, efq. the prefent poffession of them, who now resides here. There is no house on this manor, nor any court held for it.

LOWDEN MANOR, formerly called alfo Little Maytham, as being fituated within the borough of that name, was in the reign of Edward I. held by Elwifa de Maytham, as half a knight's fee. In the 20th year of Edward III. it was in the poffeffion of the family of Aucher, for Henry Aucher then paid aid for it as holding it by knight's fervice, as did his grandfon Henry Aucher, efq. of Lofenham, in the 4th year of king Henry IV. at the marriage of Blanch, the king's fifter," and his grandfon, of the fame name, leaving an only daughter and heir Anne, she, in the reign of king Henry VII. carried this manor in marriage to Walter Colepeper, efq. of Bedgebury, whofe grandfon John Colepeper, efq. of Salehurst, in Suffex, alienated it in 1565 to John Wildgofe, gent. of that place, and his defcendant Robert Wildigos, efq. fold it in 1637 to Mary Barker, widow, who gave it by will to Samuel Sandys, of Omberfley, in Worcestershire, and he in 1663 conveyed it to George Kadwell, efq. of Gatehouse, in Rolvenden, whose descendants Felix, John, and George Kadwell, the fons under age of Thomas Kadwell, efq. becoming poffeffed of this manor of Lowden, and other lands, of the nature of gavelkind, lying in Rolvenden, Benenden, and Sandhurft. They by their guardians prayed a writ of partition, which was executed by the sheriff, and this manor of Lowden, with its appurtenances, was allotted to the eldeft of them." Felix Kadwell, esq. of this parish, dying in 1748, without male iffue, by will gave this manor, with the farm and lands called Lowden, in tail male, to his grandfon Jeremiah Curteis, eldeft fon of Samuel Curteis, gent. by Mary his wife, his eldest daughter

" Roll in the Exchequer, called the Roll of Blanch Lands.

* Cl. 565. Trin. term 1 Jac. 24i.

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and

and coheir, (who died in her father's life-time) leaving three fons, Jeremiah, before-mentioned; Samuel, and Felix Kadwell Curteis; and one daughter Sarah). Jeremiah Curteis before-mentioned, was of Rye, gent. and died *f. p.* upon which it came to his next brother Mr. Samuel Curteis, gent. now of Tenterden, who is the prefent poffeffor of it

There is no houfe now remaining on this manor; but the fcite of the antient manfion, and the moat round it, are still visible. A court baron is held for it.

FRENSHAM, as it is now ufually called, though its more proper name is Fresingham, or Fersingham, as it was fometimes written, was antiently accounted a manor, though it has long fince loft all pretenfions to one. It had been, in the 20th year of Henry III. as appears by the Testa de Nevil, in the possession of a family of the fame name. John de Frefingham, or Ferfingham, which name was afterwards contracted to that of Frencham, held it then, and paid aid for it, as holding it by knight's fervice, at the marriage of Isabel, that prince's fifter ; and in his defcendants it continued till the latter end of the reign of Edward III. when it went by fale to Northwood, though there was a family of the name of Frencham remaining here fo late as queen Elizabeth's reign, as appears by their wills in the Prerogative-office, Canterbury. In the name of Northwood it remained till that of king Edward IV. and then, as appeared by the old rolls of this manor, it was conveyed to Sir John Guldeford, of Halden, whofe fon Sir Richard Guldeford fettled it on his fecond fon Geo. Guldeford, efq. of Hemsted, whose son Sir John Guldeford alienated it to Mr. John Fowle, of Sandhurft, who gave it to his fecond fon Alexander Fowle, and he fold it to Sir Edward Hales, knight and baronet, who died possessed of it in 1654, and was succeeded by his grandson Sir Edward Hales, bart.* from one of whose

* Philipott, p. 296. See more of the Hales's under Tunstall. descendants

descendants it passed by fale to Mr. Gilbert, afterwards chief baron of the exchequer, who bequeathed it by will to Phillips Gybbon, efq. of Hole, fince which it has paffed, in like manner as that feat, to John Beardfworth, elq. the present possessor of it. This manor is held of the manor of Swanfcombe, by caffle-guard rent to the caftle of Rochefter, and is called, in the rolls of that manor, Fraxingham.

FRENSHAM, alias THE GATEHOUSE, is a feat here, fituated on Lain-green, which feems to have been once the antient manfion and fcite of the above-mentioned manor, from which it has been alienated many years fince. It was once the property of the family of Pointz. Sir John Pointz owned it in 1610. His fon Sir Robert Pointz, of Iron Acton, in Gloucestershire, K. B. sold it in 1640 to George Kadwell, efq. who had refided here as tenant to it, as had his father Thomas Kadwell, who died in 1631. This family was originally spelt Caldwell, and afterwards Cadwell; one of them, John Caldwell, was of this parish in the reign of Henry VIII. and was a great occupier of lands in this parish and Benenden, as appears by the inrolments in the Augmentation-office; they bore for their arms, Azure, a cross formee, fitchee, between eight estroiles, or. George Kadwell, efq. before-mentioned, who purchased this feat, dying in 1660, left a son Thomas Kadwell, who fucceeded him in it, and afterwards rebuilt the manfion of it, where he kept his fhrievalty for this county in 1677. He died in 1880, leaving three fons, of whom Felix Kadwell, efq. the eldeft, fucceeded him here, and died in 1748, having had a numerous iffue, of whom only two daughters furvived, who became his coheirs ; of whom Elizabeth, the eldeft, married Jolias Pattenfon, gent. of Biddenden, and Mary married Samuel Curteis, gent. of Tenterden. Josias Pattenson left several children, of whom Kadwell Pattenson, esq. the eldest, succeeded to this seat on his grandfather's death, and died J. p. in 1750, leaving his widow furviving; fince married to the Rev. Mr. Williams, but this feat, with feveral other effates in this parifh, devolved to his brother Mr Jofias Pattenfon, of Brook-place, in Afhford, who is at prefent entitled to it.

Since the Kadwells refided here, more than a third part of the house has been pulled down, and yet there is a large house remaining.

FORSHAM, alias Nether Forsham, lies in the fouthern part of this parish, and was once accounted a manor. It had formerly owners of the fame name; for Ofbert de Forshamme possessed it in the 18th year of king Edward I. Sir John de Forsham held it, as appears by old datelefs deeds, in very early times. His fucceffor Stephen de Forsham, in the 11th year of king Edward III. found a man-at-arms for guard of the fea coast; the arms they bore, appears by a deed in the Surrenden library, the feal appendant to which has three crosses, fusilly, the legend, s. STEPHANI DE FOR-SHAM. After this name was extinct here, the Northwoods fucceeded to it, and then the Guldefords, from one of whom, in the reign of queen Elizabeth, it was fold to Dyke, of Suffex; from whofe defcendants, by their truffees, it was alienated, at the latter end of king Charles I.'s reign, to Mr. Thomas Bromfield, merchant, of London; from which name it afterwards paffed to the Moyfes, in which it continued till Mary, only daughter and heir of William Moyfe, gent. of Berenden, carried it in marriage to Moyle Breton, efq. of Elmes, near Dover, who died poffeffed of it in 1735, and his grandfon the Rev. Moyle Breton, of Kennington, alienated it a few years fince to James Monypenny, efq. of Maytham hall, in this parish, who is the present possessor of it.

On this manor there were within memory, the ruins of an antient ftone ftructure, fuppofed by fome to have been the remains of a fort of fome ftrength, and by others to have been only a chapel, for the use of the antient posseffors of the mansion of it.

CHARITIES.

CHARIFIES.

JOHN GYBBON, ESQ. late of Charter-house yard, in Middlesex, by will in 1707, gave to the inhabitants of Rolvenden, three Exchequer annuities, amounting in all to 42l. per annum, in truft, for the churchwardens and overfeers for the time being, to expend in the felooling and education of boys and girls of fuch of the poor inhabitants of this parish, as receive alms, or are excuted from paying the parifh rates, and to apply the remainder, if any, in apprenticing fo many of the poor boys and girls as it would amount to. He further bequeathed two other Exchequer annuities, amounting together to 170l. per annum, to the faid inhabitants in truft, for the churchwardens and overfeers for the time being, to expend partly in the purchafe of wool, flax, and hemp, for fetting the poor to work on the linen or woollen manufacture, and paying them for the fame; and partly for clothing boys and girls of the faid poor above the age of feven years, and poor men and women of the age of fifty years and upwards. Thefe annnities, by a decree in chancery, in 1763, were converted by fale and transfer into three per cent. confolidated Bank Stock, viz. the former into 9211. 4s. and the latter into 37781. 15s. now of the annual produce of 1131. 7s 3d. and of 271. 125. 9d.

ALEXANDER WELLER, gent. in 1723, conveyed by deed of gift, a certain field called Well field, to the vicar and churchwardens of Rolvenden, and their fuccesfors for ever, in truft, that the rent of it should be applied in the first place to the cleanfing, repairing, preferving, reftoring, and upon occafion rebuilding the tombftones erected by him in the church yard here; and the remainder, if any, to be diffributed yearly on Chriftmas-day, among the poor of this parifh, not receiving alms.

Ермино Gybbon, gent. in 1677, gave an annual rent-charge of 50s. per annum, isluing out of certain lands in Kolvynden, now in the pofferfion of John Elphen, and payable yearly on the feast of St. Andrew, to be distributed by the minuster and churchwardens amongst the poor of this parish, not receiving alms.

LAURENCE PETERS, in 1777, gave by will 1001. to this parifh, the interest of it to be laid out, in the first place, to maintain the rails about his grave; and if no fuch repairs were neceffary, then to be diffributed one moiety at Chriftmas, and the other on Good Friday, in good bakers bread and good cheefe, to the poor, vefted in the vicar and churchwardens, and of the annual produce of 41.

A PIECE OF LAND, called the Well-field, containing five acres, now of the annual produce of 51. for the use and benefit of the poor, is vefted in the minister and churchwardens.

The poor relieved annually are about fifty; calually twenty.

ROLVENDEN

ROLVENDEN is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JURIS-DICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Charing.

The church, which is dedicated to St. Mary, is large and handfome, having three isles and three chancels, and a tower steeple with a beacon turret at the west end. In the east window there are remains of good painted glass. Kilburne, p. 131, says, that in the first of the five windows in the great chancel, was the effigies of Carew, efq. in the fecond, that of Sir John Guldeford; what was in the third was quite defaced; in the fourth was the effigies of Henry Aucher and Elizabeth his wife; and in the fifth that of More; all of them confiderable owners of lands in this parish. The font is of an octagon form, on which are these coats of arms : first, a bordure ; fecond, a bend engrailed; third, a faltier, between four martlets; the fourth is hidden by the pews. By a brass plate against the fouth wall of the fouth chapel of this church, it appears that it was founded by Edward Guldeford, efq. on the day of St. Tiburtius and Valerianus, martyrs, April 14, anno 1444. In this church lie buried feveral of the Gybbons's, of Hole, and the Mony-penny's. Clement Frencham was buried, as appears by his will, anno 1533, in Skott's chancel. In the church-yard are feveral tombstones of the Kadwells, and one near them for Kadwell Pattenson, anno 1750.

The rectory of this church was antiently part of the poffeffions of the eminent family of Cobham, with which it remained till at length it was given, about the beginning of king Richard II.'s reign, being then valued at fixty marcs, by John, lord Cobham, as an addition to the revenues of the college, founded by him at Cobham; which gift was confirmed by pope Urban VI. in his 10th year; and he at the fame time confirmed the appropriation of this church to the ufe of the college, on the death or the ceffion of the rector of it, referving, neverthelefs, out of the rents and profits of it, a competent portion for a perpetual vicar to ferve in it, by which he might be fitly maintained, pay his epifcopal rights, and fupport the other burthens in-cumbent on it. In which ftate this appropriation, with the patronage of the vicarage, remained till the reign of Henry VIII. when the master and brethren of the college of Cobham forefeeing their approaching diffolution, in the 30th year of it, with the king's confent, fold the fcite with all the lands and poffeffions belonging to it, to George, lord Cobham, and they were, by an efpecial claufe in the act, anno 31 Henry VIII. ex-cepted out of it to the lord Cobham and his heirs. Notwithflanding which, it appears that this church, with the patronage of the vicarage, came into the king's hands, who by his dotation charter,^y in the 33d year of his reign, lettled them both on his new-erected dean and chapter of Rochester, where they continue at this time.

By the furvey taken in 1649, after the diffolution of the dean and chapter, this parlonage appears to have confifted of a barn, house, &c. and fixty-eight acres and two roods of land, at the improved rent of 1201. per annum, let by the late dean and chapter, anno 14 Charles I. to Edmund Hamond, esq. for twenty-one years, at 71. 125. The prefent tenants of the parfonage are Mr. Thomas and James Goble. The vicarage is a difcharged living in the king's books, of the clear yearly value of forty-four pounds,

the yearly tenths of which are 1l. 115. 4d. In 1578 here were communicants three hundred and fixty. In 1640 it was valued at fixty pounds. Communicants four hundred and thirty three.

There is an augmentation of ten pounds per annum paid to this vicarage by the dean and chapter of Ro-chefter. There are about feven acres and an half of glebe land belonging to it.

y In this charter they are faid to have belonged to the late priory of Rochefter. CHURCH

CHURCH OF ROLVENDEN.

Or by whom prefented.	RECTORS.
Dean and Chapter of Rochester	William Reede, A. B. June 9, 1591, obt. 1617.
	Samuel Cooper, A. M. Oct. 9, 1617, refigned 1618.
	Thomas Higginson, June 4, 1618. Richard Gyles, ejected August,
The King, by lapfe	1662. ^z Thomas Fishenden, A. M. Feb. 16, 1687, obt. April 21,
	1737. ^a Davis, obt. August 1740. Daniel Chadfley, obt. Sept. 22, 1768. ^b
Dean and Chapter of Rochester	Thomas Morphett, A. M. 1769, the prefent vicar. ^c
 Calamy's Life of Baxter, p. 286. He lies buried in the middle ifle, and was likewife rector of Newenden. b He lies buried in this church- ward 	• He had a fecond induction to this vicarage, Jan. 1, 1773, on being pre- fented to the reftory of Newenden, which he holds with this vicarage and the charel of Smallbith

THE HUNDRED OF TENTERDEN.

THIS hundred contains within its bounds THE TOWN AND PARISH OF TENTERDEN, and part of the parish of EBENEY, containing the borough of Reading, the church of which is in another hundred.

This hundred was antiently accounted one of the Seven Hundreds, and was within the jurifdiction of the juffices of the county, from which it was feparated by Henry VI. who, on account of the impoverishment of the port and town of Rye, in Suffex, by his letters patent, in his 27th year, incorporated the town and hundred of Tenterden, by the name of *the bailiff and commonaltie of the town and bundred of Tenterden*, and granted that the fame should be a member annexed and

TOWN AND PARISH OF TENTERDEN. 201

and united to that town and port, and feparated from the county of Kent, and that the bailiff and commonalty of this town and hundred (hould have for ever, on their contributing to the burthens and exigencies of that port and town from time to time,^d many tranchifes, privileges, and freedoms, and all other liberties, freedoms, and free cuftoms which the barons of the five ports had before that time enjoyed. In which ftate this town and hundred remained till the 42d year of queen Elizabeth's reign, when the name of their incorporation was changed to that of *the mayor*, *jurats*, and *commonalty of the town and bundred of Tenterden*, by which it continues to be governed at this time.

THE CORPORATION confifts of a mayor, twelve jurats, and as many common-councilmen, a chamberlain, and town clerk; the jurifdiction of it being exclusive from the justices of the county. The mayor is chosen yearly on August 29. The election used to be in the town-hall; but that being burnt down by fome prifoners in the prifon-room over it, it was afterwards made under one of the great old oaks, which are not far from the place, on the other fide of the ftreet, where it flood. A neat and elegant hall was finished in 1792, adjoining the Woolpack Inn, in which the mayor has been elected as heretofore, and it is occafionally used as an affembly room by the inhabitants. The mayor is coroner of both the town and hundred; there is no fheriff; the commoners must be refciants, and are chosen by the mayor and two of the jurats; the jurats are all justices of the peace. They hold feffions of over and terminer, but cannot try treason. At the feffions holden at Tenterden, August 10, 1785, two men were convicted of burglary, and executed near Gallows-green the 27th following. Both the charters of this corporation being destroyed by the fire of the court-hall in 1660, an exemplification of them was procured anno 12 George III.

^d Jeake's Charters of the Five Ports, p. 69, 97, 119, 126.

The liberty of the court of the bailiwic of the Seven Hundreds, claimed a paramount jurifdiction over this hundred, till the incorporation of the town of Tenterden, and the annexing this hundred to it in the reign of Henry VI. fince which the mayor and jurats have been lords of the royalty of it, and continue fo at this time.

The parifh is divided into *fix boroughs*, each having a borfholder chofen yearly, thefe are Town Borough, Caftweafle, Borefile, Shrubcote, Dumborne, which includes all Smallhyth, and Reading, which is wholly in the parifh of Ebene.

THE PARISH of Tenterden lies too near the marshes to be either healthy or pleasant, excepting that part where the town is fituated near the northern boundaries of it, on what may be called for this country, high ground; it is about five miles across each way. The foil of it is various, the northern part being fand, towards the east it is a wet stiff clay, and towards the fouth and west towards the marshes a deep rich mould. The generality of the lands in it are pasture, but there are about one hundred acres of hop-ground dispersed in different parts of it; there is very little wood, and that mostly between the town and Smallhyth, a hamlet formerly of much more consequence, as will be further mentioned hereafter, fituated at the fouthern boundary of it, on the road into the Isle of Oxney, close to the river Rother, which feparates that part of this parish from the island. About a mile and a half eastward is the hamlet of Reading-street, built adjoining the high road to Apledore, close to the marshes below it, on the passage over the Rother into Ebeney, and the Isle of Oxney.

On Saturday, Nov. 1, 1755, between ten and eleven o'clock in the forenoon (being at the fame time that the great balon at Portfmouth was diffurbed) feveral ponds in this parifh and neighbourhood, without any fenfible motion of the earth, were greatly agitated, the the water of them being forced up the banks with great violence, fretting and foaming with a noile fimilar to the coming in of the tide, fo as to terrify many who were near them; fome of these waters flowed up three times in this manner, others circled round into eddies, abforbing leaves, flicks, &c. and it was observed that only those ponds were affected, that had springs to supply the waters of them.

THE TOWN OF TENTERDEN is fituated nearly in the centre of the parish and hundred. It itands on high ground, neither unpleafant nor unhealthy; the greatest part of it is built on each fide of the high road leading from the western parts of Kent and Cranbrooke through this parish fouth-east to Apledore. A small part of it is paved, where there is a small antient market-place, built of timber ; but the market, which is still held on a Friday, is but little frequented, only two millers, and feldom any butchers attending it. It is a well-built town, having many genteel houses, or rather feats, interspersed throughout it, among which are those of the Curteis's, a numerous and opulent family here, who bear for their arms, Argent, a chevron between three bulls heads, cabofhed; the Haffendens, who have been long refident here, and in Smarden and Halden, in this neighbourhood. Bugglesden, in the north part of Borefile borough, in this parish, was very antiently, and till within theie few years, their property and refidence. Richard Haffenden now refides in a new house, built by his father, called Homewood, at the weft end of this town, and in the fouth part of Borefile borough. They bear for their arms, Chequy, fable and argent, on a bend, /able, three mullets, or; the Staces, who have been refident here from the beginning of the laft century, as appears by their wills in the Prerogative-office, Canterbury, in feveral of which they are stiled gentlemen;

^e See their descent in the Heraldic Visitation for Kent, anno 1619, and MSS. in the Heralds-office, C. 16. f. 79. b.

the Blackmores, posseffed of Westwell house, a handsome seat at the south east end of the town, built by James Blackmore, elq. in 1711, one of whole defcendants afterwards becoming poffeffed by gift of the feat of Eriggins, in Hertfordthire, removed thither, where they have continued ever fince, and this of Westweil-house is now occupied by Mr. James Blackmore, the uncle of Thomas Blackmore, elq. of Briggins, who died possefied of it in 1789, having been thrice married. He left by his two first wives three fons and two daughters; his third wite Anne, daughter of Mr. Tatnall, of Theobalds, now furvives him. They bear for their arms, Argent, a fejs between three blackmoors heads sideways, couped at the neck, fable; and feveral others, most of whose wealth, as well as that of the inhabitants of this town in general, has arifen from its near neighbourhood to Romneymarsh, where most of them have some occupation in the grazing bufinels.

The church flands on the north fide of the town, which, with the reft of the parith, confifts of about three hundred houses, and two thousand inhabitants, of which about five hundred are different who have two meeting-houses here, one of Presbyterians, the other of Methodiffical Baptists.

At the east end of the town is *Craythorne-house*, which formerly belonged to the Bargraves, and then to the Marshalls, who fold it to the late Mr. John Sawyer, who built a new house here, in which he afterwards refided, and his affigns now posses it. A branch of the family of Whitfield had once their refidence in a large house at the east end likewise of this town. John Whitfield refided here, as did his fon Herbert, who died in 1622; they were descended from an antient family in Northumberland, and bore for their arms, *Argent, on a bend, plain, between two cotizes, ingrailed lable, a mullet, or.* At length the heirs of Sir Herbert Whitfield, fold this feat to William liam Auften, efq. of Hernden, in this parifh. Sir Robert Auften, bart. the laft of that name, refided in it, and it now belongs to his heirs, and is made use of as a boarding fchool for young ladies.

There is a large fair held in this town on the first Monday in May yearly, for cattle, wool, merchandize, and shop goods of all forts, to which there is a great refort from all the neighbouring country. Most of the road, leading from the town to Smallhyth, particularly the upper part of it, known by the name of Broad Tenterden, is faid to have been lined with buildings on each fide, and to have been the most populous part of the parish.

THERE ARE feveral places in this parish worthy notice, the first of them is HALES-PLACE, at the northwest end of this town, which was for many generations the refidence of a branch of the family of Hales, who removed hither from their original feat, of the fame name, in the adjoining parish of Halden. Henry Hales, who lived in the reign of Henry VI. was born here, and married Julian, daughter and heir of Richard Capel, of Tenterden, by which he greatly increased his estate in this parish. He had by her two fons, of whom John Hales, the eldeft, was of the Dungeon, in Canterbury, esq. and was one of the barons of the exchequer. He had four fons, Sir James Hales, one of the justices of the common pleas, who was of the Dungeon, where his descendants continued many generations afterwards; Thomas, who was feated at Thanington, whole delcendant Robert was created a baronet in 1666, and was ancestor of the prefent Sir Philip Hales, bart. Edward, the third fon, inherited this feat and his father's poffeffions in this parish; and William, the fourth fon, was of Reculver and Nackington, in this county. Edward Hales, elq. the third fon, who inherited this feat and estate at Tenterden, resided at it, and leit a son Sir Edward Hales, who was created a baronet on the 29th

29th of June, 1611. He removed his refidence from hence to the neighbouring parish of Woodchurch, in which parith he poffeffed the antient feat of the Herlackendens, in right of his wife Deborah, only daughter and heir of Martin Herlackenden, eig. of that place. His fon Sir John Hales, having married Christian, one of the daughters and coheirs of Sir James Cromer, of Tunstal, became possessed of the antient seat of the Cromers in that parish, where he refided, and died in his father's life-time, in 1639, whose son Edward Hales succeeded to the title of baronet on his grandfather's death, in 1654, whofe heir he was, and refided at Tunstal. His fon Sir Edward Hales, bart. having purchased the manfion of St. Stephen's, near Canterbury, refided there, as his defcendants have ever fince; and from him this feat and eftate at Tenterden at length descended down to his great-grandson Sir Edward Hales, bart. now of St. Stephen's, who about forty-eight years ago pulled down the greatest part of this antient feat, and fitted up a smaller dwelling or farm-house on the scite of it, which, together with the antient offices or out-buildings of the manfion still remaining, continues part of his potfeffions.

HERNDEN, formerly spelt Heronden, was once an estate of confiderable fize in this parish, though it has been long fince split into different parcels. The whole of it once belonged to a family of the name of Heronden, whose arms, as appears by the antient ordinaries in the Heralds-office, were, Argent, a heron volant, azure. At length one part of this estate was alienated by one of this family to Sir John Baker, of Sissinghurst, whose descendant Sir John Baker, knight and baronet, died possessed of it in 1661; but the capital mansion and other principal parts of it remained fome time longer in the name of Heronden, one of whom, in the reign of Charles I. alienated fome part of it, now called Little Hernden, to Short, a family whose ancestors

anceftors had refided at Tenterden for fome time. In the Heraldic Vifitation of this county, anno 1619, is a pedigree of this family, beginning with Peter Short, of Tenterden, who lived in the reign of Henry VIII. They bore for their arms, Azure, a griffin pallant, between three estoiles, or. At length one of them fold this part of it to Curteis, whole grandion Mr. Samuel Curteis is now in the posseffion of it. But the remainder of Hernden, in which was included the principal manfion, fituated about a quarter of a mile fouthward of the town, was at the fame time conveyed by fale to Mr. John Auften, the fecond fon of William Auften, esq. of this parish, and elder brother of Robert, created a baronet anno 1660. He afterwards refided here, and dying in 1655, f. p. gave it by will to his nephew Robert Auften, efq. the fecond fon of Sir Robert above-mentioned, by his fecond wife. He afterwards refided here, and had two fons, Robert and Ralph ; the eldeft of whom, Robert Auften, efq. refided here, and left three fons, William, of whom hereafter, and Edward and Robert, both of whom afterwards succeeded to the title of baronet. William Auften, elq. the eldest son, inherited Hernden, and in 1729, fuffered a recover of this, as well as all other the Kentish estates comprised in his grandfather's fettlement of them, to the use of him and his heirs. He died in 1742, and by will devifed it to Mr. Richard Righton, who afterwards refided here, and died possefied of it in 1772, and was buried, as was his wife afterwards, under a tomb on the fouth fide of the church-yard; upon which it came into the hands of his fon Benjamin Righton, esq. of Knightsbridge, who in 1782 conveyed Hernden, a farm called Pixhill, and other lands in this parish and Rolvenden, to Mr. Jeremiah Curteis, gent. of Rye, in Suffex, who finding this antient mansion, which seems, by a date remaining on it, to have been built in the year 1585, being the 28th of queen Elizabeth's reign, in a ruinous condition,

condition, pulled it down; but the fcite of it, together with the lands belonging to it, ftill remain in his pofferfion.

PITLESDEN, Or Pittelesden, as it was antiently spelt, is fituated near the west end of this town. It was once a seat of some note, being the refidence of a family of that name, who bore for their arms, Sable, a fess, between three pelicans, or, in whose possession it continued till Stephen Pitlesden, f about the reign of Henry VI. leaving an only daughter and heir Julian, she carried it in marriage to Edward Guldeford, elq. of Halden, whole descendant Sir Edward Guldeford, warden of the five ports, leaving an only daughter and heir Jane, she entitled her husband Sir John Dudley, afterwards created Duke of Northumberland, to the possession of this manor, and they, in the 30th year of Henry VIII. joined in the conveyance of it to Sir Thomas Cromwell, lord Cromwell, afterwards created Earl of Effex, who paffed it away by fale to that king, and it remained in the hands of the crown till king Edward VI. in his 7th year, granted it, with the pend of water, wear and fishery, with the dove-house belonging to it, and all its appurtenances, to Sir John Baker, one of the privy council, to hold in capite by knight's fervice, in whole family it continued till Sir John Baker, bart. of Siffinghurst, in the reign of king Charles I. conveyed it by fale to Mr. Jasper Clayton, mercer, of London. At length, after some intermediate owners, it came into the posseffion of Mr. Willjåm Blackmore, gent. of this place, who at his death devifed it to his daughter Sarah, who entitled her hufband Mr. John Crumpe, of Frittenden, to the pofseffion of it for her life, but the remainder, on her death, is vefted in her brother Mr. Thomas Blackmore, gent. now of Tenterden.

^f Philipott, p. 337. See Coll. Peer. vol. ii. p. 302.

LIGHTS,

LIGHTS, formerly called Lights Notinden, is a small manor here, which together with another called East Alberinden, the name of which is now almost forgotten, though there was a family of this name of Atherinden, or Athenden, as it was afterwards spelt, who were refident in this parish, and were, as appears by their wills, possessed of lands here called Ashenden, fo late as the year 1595. These manors belonged partly to a chantry founded in this parish, and partly to the manor of Brooke, near Wye, which was part of the possessions of the priory of Christ church, in Canterbury; in which state they continued till the reign of Henry VIII. when, on the suppression both of that priory and of the chantry likewife, they were granted by that king to Sir John Baker, his attorney-general, whole descendant Sir John Baker, of Siffinghurst, knight and baronet, died possessed of them in 1661. How long they continued in his descendants, I do not find; but the former is now become the property of Mr. William Mantell, and the latter belongs to Mr. William Children, who has lately built a houle on it, in which he refides.

FINCHDEN is a feat here, fituated on the denne of Leigh, at Leigh-green, which was formerly in the poffeffion of a family, who were anceftors of the Finch's, whole pofterity ftill continued till very lately in the poffeffion of it. They were antiently called Finchden, from their feat here; one of them, William de Fyncheden, was chief juffice of the king's bench in the 45th year of the leign of Edward III.⁵ though his name in fome old law books, which appear to be of that time, is written contractedly Finch, which probably was the original name, though I do not find any connection between this family and the defcendants of Vincent Herbert, alias Finch, feated at Eaftwell and elfewhere in this county; excepting

Bugd. orig. chron. feries, p. 50.

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that

that they bear the fame coat of arms. In later times I find William Finch, gent. of this place, died poffeffed of it in 1637, and in his direct defcendants this feat continued down to Mr. William Finch, gent. who refided in it, and died poffeffed of it in 1794, *f. p.* leaving his brother Mr. Richard Finch, of Tenterden, his next heir.

ELARDINDEN is an eftate, which was formerly of fome account here, and is parcel of the manor of Frid, or Frith, in Bethersden. It was antiently part of the possession of the noble family of Mayney. Sir John de Mayney, of Biddenden, died possession of it in the 50th year of Edward III. and in his descendants it continued till the reign of Henry VI. when it was alienated by one of them to William Darell, efq. whose descendant George Darell, efq. conveyed it by fale in the 17th year of king Henry VIII. to Sir John Hales, of the Dungeon, in Canterbury, one of the barons of the exchequer, who gave it to his third fon Edward Hales, efq. of Tenterden, in whose descendants it has continued down to Sir Edward Hales of St. Stephens, near Canterbury, the present possessor of it.

THE MANORS OF GODDEN AND MORGIEU are fituated in the fouth-weft part of this parish. The former of them was once in the possession of a family of that name, one of whom, Roger de Godden, paid aid for it in the 20th year of king Edward III. as one knight's fee, which he held here of Stephen de la Hey. Soon after which it feems to have paffed into the poffeffion of the family of Aucher. How long it continued in this name I have not feen; but in the 36th year of Henry VI. the executors of Walter Shiryngton, clerk, chancellor of the duchy of Lancaster, having founded a chantry in the chapel near the north door of St. Paul's cathedral, London, which, from the founder, bore the name of Shiryngton's chantry, they purchased both these manors towards the endowment

ment of it." These manors remained part of this foundation till the suppression of it, in the 1st year of Edward VI. when coming into the hands of the crown, they were granted by the king, the year afterwards, to Sir Miles Partridge, to hold in capite by knight's fervice, and he fold them, in the 6th year of that reign, to Thomas Argal; and from his defcendant they passed into the possession of Sir John Colepeper, afterwards created lord Colepeper, who died poffeffed of them in 1660; upon which they came to his fecond fon John, who on his elder brother's death without male iffue, fucceeded to the title of Lord Colepeper, and dying in 1719 without iffue, bequeathed these manors to his wife Frances, daughter of Sir Thomas Colepeper, of Hollingborne, who by will devifed them to her nephew John Spencer Colepeper, esq. of the Charter-house, being the last of the vast possessions of the different branches of this family dispersed over this whole county. He, in 1781, alienated them to Mr. Richard Curteis, of Tenterden, the prefent posleffor of them.

KENCHILL is a feat in this parifh, which was formerly the property of the family of Guldeford, one of whom, Sir Richard Guldeford, knight-banneret, and of the garter, poffeffed it in the reign of Henry VIII. His fon Sir Edward Guldeford, warden of the five ports, leaving an only daughter Jane, fhe carried it in marriage to Sir John Dudley, afterwards duke of Northumberland, and he, about the 30th year of king Henry VIII.'s reign, conveyed it to that king, who, in his 36th year, granted it to Thomas Argal, to hold *in capite* by knight's fervice, on whole decease his fon Thomas Argal had poffeffion granted of it, in the 6th year of queen Elizabeth. At length, after fome intermediate owners, it came into the poffeffion of Robert Clarkfon, efq. of London, who fold it in 1687 to

^h See Dugd. Hift. St. Paul's, p. 132,

Mr. John Mantell, grazier, of Tenterden, who was one of the inflances of the quick accumulation of riches from Romney-marsh; for in fourteen yearshe had acquired fufficient to become the purchafer of this and other eftates, which rented at 800l. per annum. He devifed Kenchill by will, together with the manor of East Asherinden, already mentioned before, Dumborne, and other lands in this patish, to his fon Reginald, who died possessed of them in 1743, and lies buried in this church-yard. They bear for their arms, Argent, a cross between sour marilets, lable, as borne by the family of Horton Monks, excepting, that the latter bore the crofs engrailed ; and leaving no iffue, he gave them to his nephew Mr. Edward Mantell, of Mersham, who left several sons and daughters, who afterwards joined in the fale of their respective interests in them to Mr. William Mantell, the then elder brother; by which means he became entitled to the entire fee of Kenchill, with the manor of East Asherinden, and refided at the former of them. He married Anne Marshall, of Mersham, and died in 1789, leaving iffue feveral children. The Rev. Mr. Thomas Mantell, the younger brother, re-purchafed Dumborne, of which he is now poffeffed, having married in 1788 Mils S. Horne, by whom he has one daughter.

THE HAMLET OF SWALLHYTH, commonly called Smallit, is fituated iomewhat more than three miles from the town of Tenterden, at the fouthern boundary of this parifh, clofe to the old channel of the river Rother, over which there is a paffage from it into the Ifle of Oxney. The inhabitants were formerly, by report, very numerous, and this place of much more confequence than at prefent, from the expressions frequently made use of in old writings of those *infra oppidum* and *intra oppidum de Smallbytb*; the prevalent opinion being, that the buildings once extended towards Bullen westward; no proof of which, however,

can

can be brought from the prefent flate of it, as there remain only three or four ftraggling farm-houfes on either fide, and a few cottages in the flreet near the chapel. The fea came up to this place fo lately as the year 1509, as is evident by the power then given of burying in this chapel-yard the bodies of those who were cast by shipwreck on the shore of the fea infra predictum oppidum de Smallbyth; which are the very words of the faculty granted for that purpole.

At this place A CHAPEL was built, and was foon afterwards licented by faculty from archbithop Warhani, anno 150, on the petition of the inhabitants, on account of the diftance from their parish church of Tenterden, the badnets of the roads, and the dangers they underwent from the waters being out in their way thither; and was dedicated to St. John Baptift. The words of it are very remarkable : And we William, archbilhop aforefaid, of the infinite mercy of Almighty God, and by the authority of St. Peter and St. Paul the apostles, and also of our patrons St. Alphage and St. Thomas, remit, &c.

Divine service still continues to be performed in this chapel, which is repaired and maintained, and the falary of the chaplain paid out of the rents of lands in this parish and Wittersham, which are vested in trustees, who pay him the annual produce of them, the rents of them being at this time 52l. 10s. per annum, though it is fet down in Bacon's Liber Regis, as only of the clear yearly certified value of forty five pounds. The present curate is Thomas Morphett, appointed in 1773.

CHARITIES.

JOHN WOOD, by will in 1560, gave an annuity of 40s. per annum, out of certain lands in Tenterden, now belonging to Sir Edward Hales, bart. payable to the churchwardens, towards the repair of the church; which gift is confirmed by a decree of the court of chancery; the lands being in the occupation of Richard Farby.

P 3

LADY JANE MAYNARD gave by will in 1660, thirty acres of land in Snave and Rucking, let at 241. per annum, for putting out poor children apprentices, whofe fathers are dead or otherwife difabled by ficknefs; the overplus to be given to poor, honeft and aged widows of this parifh, that have not been nor are likely to become chargeable to it.

MRS ANNE SHELTON, widow, by will in 1674, gave nine acres of land in Brookland and Brenfet, now let at twelve guineas per annum, to the vicar and churchwardens to put out one or more children, born in Tenterden, apprentices to fome honeft handicraft trade.

DAME FRANCES NORTON, widow, fifter of Judith, wife of Robert Auften the elder, of Heronden, efq. gave by deed in 1719, an eftate, of 351. per annum, in Hollingborne, for the joint benefit in equal moieties of this parifh and Hollingborne. Since which, by a commiffion of charitable ufes, in 1748 a farm of 151. per annum, in Hucking, has been purchafed and added to it; the divifion of the profits of which between them, and the application of them, has been already fully related under the defcription of the parifh of Hollingborne, in the fifth volume of this hiftory, p. 473.

AN ANCESTOR of the family of Heyman, of Somerfield, many years fince founded *the free fchool* in this town, for teaching the *Latin* tongue gratis, to fo many poor children of this parish as the mayor and jurats should think proper, who are trustees of it, and appoint the master; but at present there are no children on this foundation.

WILLIAM MARSHALL, clerk, about the year 1521, gave 10l. per ann. to be paid the mafter of this fchool, out of a meffuage and twelve acres of land, in this parifh, now belonging to Sir Edward Hales, bart. which was confirmed by a decree in the Exchequer, anno 4 queen Anne, and then in the occupation of Thomas Scoone.

JOHN MANTELL, gent in 1702, gave 2001. which was laid out in the purchasing of a piece of fresh marsh land, containing ten acres, in St. Maries, let at 101. per annum, to be paid to the master of this school.

The fouth chancel of the church is appropriated to the use of this school.

TENTERDEN is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JURIS-DICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Charing.

The church, which is dedicated to St. Mildred, is a large handfome building, confifting of two ifles and three chancels, having a lofty well-built tower at the weft

TENTERDEN.

west end, which standing on high ground is feen from the country for many miles around it. There are eight bells in it, and a fet of mufical chimes. The two ifles and chancels are all ceiled ; the north ifle is curioufly ceiled with oak and ornamented. There are three galleries in the church. On the front of the fteeple are the arms of St. Augustine's monastery, and likewife on a beam over the altar. In the north window a coat, Two chevrons, gules, on a canton, gules, a lion paffant, or. In the fouth window, at the bottom, Or, a faltier, between four mullets, fable; and another, Gules, a bend sinister azure, fretted argent. The monuments and gravestones in this church, as well as the tomb-ftones in the church-yard, are fo numerous as to be far beyond the limits of this volume. Among them are those belonging to the families of the Auttens, Curteis's, Blackmores, Haffendens, and other families mentioned before, as the modern pofieffors of estates and manors in this parish.

Thomas Petlesden, esq. by will in 1462, appears to have been buried in the chancel of St. Catherine, and gave one hundred marcs to the steeple here, to be paid out of his land, &c. as long as it was a werking.¹

Till within thefe few years there hung a beacon, (a very fingular inftance remaining of one) over on the top of this fteeple. It was a fort of ir in kettle, holding about a gallon, with a ring or hoop of the fame metal round the upper part of it, to hold ftill more coals, rofin, &c. It was hung at the end of a piece of timber, about eight feet long. The vanes on the four pinnacles were placed there in 1682. There was formerly a noted dropping ftone, in the arch of the door-way going into the bell-loft, which has ceafed to drop for many years. By the dropping of it, part of a ftone, or two ftones rather, were carried

Wills in the Prerogative-office, Canterbury.

off,

off, leaving a confiderable rift or hollow where the flones were joined. Upon the water drying in 1720, where it fell underneath, the flone hardened and grew flippery, being probably of the nature of the flelaftical water in the Peak of Derbyfhire, at Poolfhole.

There is a noted faving, that Tenter den steeple was the cauje of the Goodwin Nandy-which is thus accounted for : Goodwin, earl of Kent, in the time of king Edward the Confessior, was owner of much flat land in the eastern part of it, near the isle of Thanet, which was defended from the fea by a great wall, which lands afterwards became part of the possessions of the abbot of St. Augustine's, near Canterbury, still retaining the name of Goodwin, their former owner; and the abbot being at the fame time owner of the rectory of Tenterden, the steeple of which church he had then began building, had employed during the course of it fo much of his care and attention to the finithing of that work, that he neglected the care and preservation of that wall, infomuch, that on Nov. 3, 1099, the fea broke over and ruined it, drowning the lands within it, and overwhelming it with a light fand, fill remaining on them, the place retaining to this time the name of the Goodwin Sands, and becoming dreadful and dangerous to navigators. Thus this steeple is faid to be the caufe of the Goodwin Sands. This is the common tradition; how far confittent with truth, lo far as relates to these sands, will be taken notice of in its proper place.*

THE CHURCH of Tenterden was part of the antient possession of the monastery of St. Augustine, to which it was appropriated in 1259, on condition of a proper portion being assigned for the maintenance of a perpetual vicar of it; and the official of the archbischop, on an inquisition concerning this vicarage, made

* See Kilb. Surv. p. 263, and another flory of it in Fuller's Worthys, Kent, p. 65. his return that it then confifted in all tithes, obventions, and oblations belonging to the church; except the tithes of theaves, corn, and hay, of which latter the vicar thould receive yearly four loads from the abbot and convent, and that it was then valued at eighteen marcs and more per annum.

The abbot of St. Augustine took upon himself, about the year 1295, to constitute feveral new deanries, and apportioned the feveral churches belonging to his monaltery to each of them, according to their vicinity; one of these was the deanry of Lenham, in which this church of Tenterden was included, but this raising great contests between the archbishops and them, it ended in stripping the abbot of these exemptions, and he was by the pope declared to be subject to the archbishop's jurifdiction in all matters whatfoever, which entirely diffolved these new deanries.¹

This church had a manor antiently appendant to it, and on a quo warranto in the iter of H. de Stanton, and his fociates, juffices itinerant, anno 7 Edward II. the abbot was allowed year and wafte, and cattle called weif, in his manor of Tentwardenne among others; and those liberties, with all others belonging to the abbot and convent, were confirmed by letters of *in-Jpeximus* by Edward III. in his 36th year, and likewife the additional privilege of the chattels of their own tenants condemned and fugitive, within their manor here.

In which ftate this church continued till the general fuppreffion of religious houfes, when it came with the reft of the poffeffions of the abbey of St. Augustine, anno 30 Henry VIII. into the hands of the crown, after which the king, by his dotation charter in his 33d year, fettled both the church appropriate of Tenterden, with the manor appendant and all its rights

Dec. Script. col. 1697 et feq. See Lenham, vol. v. p. 442.

and appurtenances, and the advowfon of the vicarage, among other premises, on his new-founded dean and chapter of Canterbury, with whom the inheritance of the parfonage remains. After the death of Charles I. on the diffolution of deans and chapters, this parfonage was furveyed in order for fale ; when it appears to have confifted of one great barn, newly erected, on a close of pasture of five acres; together with all the tithes of corn within the parish; and feveral rents, out of lands and tenements in Tenterden, amounting to 26s. 8d. taken in right of the parlonage, which had been let in 1640 to Sir Edward Hales, at the yearly rent of 201. 6s. 8d. but that they were worth over and above that rent feventy-eight pounds. That the leffee was bound to repair the premiles, and the chancel of the church, and provide for the dean and officers, or pay the fum of 33s. 4d. The present lesse of it is Sir Edward Hales, bart. of St. Stephens, but the advowfon of the vicarage the dean and chapter retain in their own hands.

In 1259 this vicarage was valued at thirty marcs, and in 1342 at forty-five marcs. It is valued in the king's books at 331. 125. 11d. and the yearly tenths at 31. 75. $3\frac{1}{2}$ d. In 1588 there were communicants five hundred and eighty-fix. In 1640 it was valued at 1201. per annum. Communicants fix hundred. It is now double that value.

There is a modus claimed throughout the parish, in the room of small tithes.

CHURCH OF TENTERDEN.

PATRONS, Or by whom prefented. Dean and Chapter of Canterbury.

VICARS.

George Elye, alias Heely, April 26, 1571, obt. 1615. John Sympfon, S. T. P. Jan. 16, 1615, refigned 1619.

Walter Pargiter, A. M. July 5, 1619, obt. 1626.

PATRONS, GC. Dean and Chapter of Canterbury.

VICARS.

Isaac Bargrave, S. T. P. Jan. 30, 1626, refigned 1727.m

Richard Seliard, A. M. April 16, 1627.

John Gee, obt. 1639."

Humphry Peake, S. T. P. Oct. 18, 1639.0

..... Barnes, in 1640.P

George Haws, ejected in 1662.9 Nathaniel Collington, A. M. Nov. 7, 1662, obt. 1682.

Jonathan Maud, A. M. Feb. 27, 1682, obt. 1709.

Robert Turner, A. M. Dec. 6, 1709, obt. 1723.

Theophilus Delangle, July 31, 1723, obt. June 29, 1763.

Mathew Wallis, A. M. Dec. 1763, obt. Nov. 1771.

William Tafwell, A. M. Nov. 1771, vacated the fame year." Joseph Mathew, July 10, 1772, obt. 1796.

John Luxmore, D. D. April 28, 1796, the prefent vicar."

m In 1626 he had a difpensation to hold with it the vicarage of Eythorne. He died in 1642, dean of Canterbury, in which cathedral he lies buried.

n He was probably the fon of John Gee, minister of Dunsford, in Devonthire, and was first beneficed at Newton, near Winwick, in Lancashire, whence going to London he became a professed Roman Catholic; but at length being moved by his father's and archbishop Abbot's letters, he was reunited 10 the church of England, and lies buried in this church. He wrote several tracts. See Wood's Ath. Ox. yol. i. p. 501.

• He had been rector of Acryfe, and was afterwards preb. of Canterbury.

P Parl. Surveys, Augtu. off.

9 Calamy's Life of Baxter, p. 286. r In 1756 a difpenfation paffed for

his holding this vicarage with the rec-

tory of Snargate. Minor canon of Canterbury. He was never instituted, the dean and chapter confenting that he should exchange it with the archbishop, for the vicarage of Rainham.

t Prebendary of Canterbury, and rector of St. George the Martyr, Queen's-square, London

THE

THE HUNDRED OF BLACKBORNE

IS the last of the Seven Hundreds left undescribed, as well as the last in the Lath of Scray, lying the next north-eastward from that of Tenterden. It was antiently called likewise Blacetune.

THIS HUNDRED CONTAINS WITHIN ITS BOUNDS THE GREATEST PART OF THE PARISHES OF

1. HALDEN.

- 4. APLEDORE; and the whole of the parish of
- 2. SHADOXHURST. 3. KENARDINGTON.

5. WOODCHURCH.

And the churches of those parishes, and likewife a part of the parifles of BETHERSDEN, SMARDEN, and WAREHORNE, the churches of which are in other hundreds. One conftable has jurifdiction of it.

HALDEN.

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USUALLY called High Halden, to diffinguish it from the manor of Halden, in Rolvenden, of eminent account, and in antient records written Hathewolden, lies the next parish north eastward from Tenterden. So much of it as is in the borough of Omenden, is in the hundred of Barkley, and the refidue in this hundred of Blackborne. The court of the bailiwic of the Seven Hundreds claims over part of this parish, and the manor of Lambyn, alias Halden, over other parts of it.

THE PARISH of Halden is fituated very obscurely, in as unpleasant a part as any within this county; it is about three miles long and two broad, and has about one hundred houses in it. It is so little frequented as hardly to be known beyond its own neighbourhood. The village is nearly in the centre of the parilh

parish, with the church and parfonage close to it on the east fide. The foil is a deep stiff clay. The turnpike road from Tenterden to Bethersden and Ashford, leads through it, which, as well as the reft of the roads throughout it, are hardly paffable after any rain, being fo miry, that the traveller's horfe frequently plunges through them up to the girths of the faddle; and the waggons finking to deep in the ruts, as to flide along on the nave of the wheels and axle of them. The roads are all of great breadth, from fifty to fixty feet and more, with a breadth of green fwerd on each fide; the hedges being filled with oak trees, whole branches hang over to a confiderable extent, and render the furface near them damp, and the prospect always gloomy. In fome few of the principal roads, as from Tenterden hither, there is a stone causeway about three feet wide, for the accommodation of horse and foot paffengers; but there is none further on till near Bethersden, to the great distress of travellers. When these roads become tolerably dry in fummer,: they are ploughed up and laid in a half circle to dry, the only amendment they ever have. In extreme dry weather in fummer, they become exceedingly hard, and by traffic fo fmooth as to feem glazed, like a potter's vessel, though a fingle hour's rain renders them fo flippery, as to be very dangerous to travellers. The country here is low, flat and dreary, and very wet and miry, as is this whole hundred and the country northward of it, as far as the quarry hills; the farm-houses and cottages are thinly scattered about, and meanly built of timber and plaister. There is a great deal of oak coppice wood interspersed throughout the parish, having many fine large trees of the fame kind in them.

At the west end of the village is a house, called Halden-place, now belonging to Mr. James Blackmore, of Tenterden. Brickhill house, in this parish, was for many years the seat of the Pauls, who bore tor

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for their arms, Argent, two bars, azure, a canton, fable, feveral of whom lie buried in this church-yard; the last of them, Mr. Anthony Paul, died in 1758, without male islue, and his eldest daughter and coheir Judith carried it in marriage to Mr. Henry Bagnall, rector of Frittenden, on whose death in 1761, it became vested in his two daughters and coheirs; one of them married Mr. H. Frend, rector of Frittenden, and the other Mr. Bowles, of Linton, and they are now entitled to it. Cranton-bouse, in the north west part of it, now belongs to Mr. James Haffenden, gent. of Tenterden, and there were formerly more gentlemen's seats in this parish, all which are fallen to decay, and there is not one now residing in it.

There is a large moat north-westward from the church, which seems very antient; but there has never been any bricks, or any other marks of a building having been here. The land of it was purchased of the late Mr. James Haffenden, by the Rev. Mr. Hodson, of Sandhurst.

Edward Jordan, a learned phyfician, was born here, and died in 1632.<sup>a</sup>

THERE ARE *feveral fubordinate* MANORS within this parifh, but there are no courts held for any of them. One of them is TIFFENDEN, formerly written *Tepindene*, fituated in the fouthern part of this parifh, and was antiently of fuch note as to be recorded in Domefday, which very few eftates in these parts of the Weald were. It was then part of the posses of the general title of whose lands it is thus entered in it :

In Blacheburne hundred, Hugo de Montfort himself holds half a yoke in Tepindene, which Norman held of king Edward, and it was taxed at half a yoke. There are two villeins, with half a carucate. It was alwoys worth, and is worth one hundred pence.

<sup>2</sup> See Wood's Ath. vol. 1, col. 578.

Hugo

Hugo de Montford, before-mentioned, was the son of Thurstan de Bastenberg, a Norman, who accompanying the Conqueror, was with him at the fatal battle of Haltings, and for his fervices was rewarded with many lordfhips in different counties, and among them with this of Tepindene. Robert his grandson, in the 12th year of the reign of William Rufus, favouring the title of Robert Curthofe, in oppolition to king Henry I. to avoid being called in queftion, he obtained leave to go on a pilgrimage to Jerulalem, leaving his possellions to the king; by which means this manor came into the hands of the crown. How it patfed from thence afterwards, I cannot find; but in much later times it came into the posieffion of the the family of Austen, of Tenterden, in which it remained till Sir Sheffield Auften, bart. about forty years ago, alienated it, together with a farm in Woodchurch, and a confiderable quantity of woodland, to Sir Windham Knatchbull, bart. of Mersham, whose uncle and heir Sir Edward Knatchbull, bart. of that place, afterwards, as fuch, became poffeffed of it, and his fon of the fame name is the present owner of it.

The scite where the antient mansion stood, is still visible, with a large moat round it, but there has been no house on it for a great length of time.

THE OLD HOUSE, formerly called HALDEN-HOUSE, is fituated at a fmall diftance northward from the church, which, though it was the habitation of the Scots, of Halden, yet feems to have been the property of the Maneys, one of whom, Sir Anthony Maney, of Linton, appears to have demifed to John Scot, of this place, his capital houfe, with the park and lands belonging to it, in this parifh and Betherfden, for a term of years, with a covenant of renewal for a further length of time, at forty marcs per ann. John Scot before-mentioned, died poffeffed of this feat in the 21ft year of king Henry VI. His grandfon

fon Henry Scot, of Halden, died here in 1512, and was buried in the church porch, bearing for his arms, Argent, a cross-plate, fitchee, sable. He left two fons, of whom Henry, the eldeft, succeeded him at Halden; and Thomas, the fecond fon, marrying the daughter and heir ot Conghurst, of Hawkhurst, inherited that feat, where his pofterity remained many years. Henry Scot, the eldeft ion, from whom defcended those of Hayes and Beckenham, resided here in the reign of king James I. and in his descendants it continued till Raynold Scot fold this feat, foon after the death of king Charles I. to Sir Edward Hales, knight and bart. whofe descendant Sir Edward Hales, bart. fold it to John Jorden, and he alienated it in 1673, to Mr. Thomas Narshall; feveral of which name lie buried in this church. At length Mr. John Marshall, gent. of Tenterden, having mortgaged it to the Rev. Ralph Drake Brockman, he took possession of it. I hey died in 1781, within a few days of each other; but letters having paffed between them, which were confidered in law, as binding upon the heirs of the former and the executors of the latter; the equity of redemption and fee of this estate was conveyed, in 1782, by Thomas and William, the fons and coheirs of John Marshall, before-mentioned, to Mr. Brockman's executors, and his son, James Drake Brockman, elq. of Beechborough, is the prefent owner of it.

HALES-PLACE is an antient well-timbered manfion, fituated about a mile eaftward from the church, and is eminent for having been the original feat of the family of Hales, in this county. Nicholas Hales was refident here in the reign of Edward III. as were his defcendants till about the reign of Henry VI. when they removed to the adjoining parifh of Tenterden. After which it feems to have continued in this family till it was at length fold to Waterman, in whole defcendants

### HALDEN.

fcendants it remained down to Mr. Richard Waterman, who lately refided in it.

### CHARITIES.

A FIELD OF THREE ACRES, called *the Poons field*, in this parifh, of the annual produce of 21. 6s. has been applied for the use of the poor from time immemorial.

A PIECE OF LAND at Apledore, the rent of which was regularly received and applied to the use of the poor till 1725, fince, which the rent has been neither received nor acknowledged, but is of the annual produce of 25.6d.

ONE MR. TILDEN founded A CHARITY SCHOOL here. The land with which it is endowed lies in Biddenden, of the value of 201. per annum, and is vefted in ten truftees. There are about fifty fcholars, of whom about fifteen are boarders, who are taught reading and writing. The poor children of the parifh are taught gratis.

The poor conftantly relieved are about fifteen, cafually thirty.

HALDEN is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JURIS-DICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Charing.

The church, which is dedicated to St. Mary, confifts of two ifles and three chancels. The fteeple is at the weft end, the bottom of which is in form, five parts of an octagon, which part of it is built of upright timber planks, fet clole to each other; the upper part is fhingled, with a pointed top, it was built in king Henry the VIth.'s reign. There are five bells in it.

It is a rectory, and is part of the antient poffeffions of the fee of Canterbury, his grace the archbithop being the prefent patron of it. It is valued in the king's books at 191.4s.7d. the yearly tenths being 11.18s.  $5^{\frac{1}{2}}d$ .

In 1578 here were communicants two hundred and twenty-fix. In 1640 it was valued at eighty pounds per annum. Communicants eighty. It is now in most years of the yearly value of 1601, and in some 2001. There are five acres of glebe land.

### CHURCH OF HALDEN.

PATRONS, Or by whom prefented. The Archbishop......

#### RECTORS.

Paul Chapman, A. M. May 19, 1596, refigned 1600.

William Lawrie, A. M. July 26, 1600, obt. 1626.

Richard Taylor, A. M. Feb. 20, 1626.<sup>b</sup>

John Craford, clerk, obt. 1683.

John Walker, clerk, A. M. June 15; 1683. obt. 1689.

Abraham Walter, A. M. July 1, 1689, obt. 1712.

Francis Jeffrys, LL. B. Nov. 8, 1712, refigned 1713.

Thomas Payne, A. M. Oct. 19, 1713, obt. 1759.°

Benjamin Burridge, Oct. 29, 1759, obt. March 17, 1780. Daniel Wilcox, A. M. Sept. 8, 1780, the prefent rector.

• He lies buried in the high chancel. See Walker's Suff. of the Clergy, pt.ii p. 378.

c He had been chaplain to the Englith factory at Constantinople, and was archdeacon of Brecknock. He was the fon of William Payne, D. D. rector of St. Mary's, Whitechapel, and prebendary of Worcefler.

### WOODCHURCH

IS the next parifh fouth-eaftward from Halden, and is within the court of the bailiwic of the Seven Hundreds, which claims paramount over the denne of Ilchenden, being a great part of it; though the manors of Apledore and of Wye claim over fome parts of it.

THIS PARISH, which flands rather on high ground, is about five miles in length from north to fouth, and three miles and an half in breadth. The foil of it is in general a fliff clay, though in the fouthern part of it

it there is fome light land, inclining to fand. It is exceedingly covered, throughout most of it, with oaken coppice wood, and the face of the country here, as well as the roads, are much like those of Halden, last defcribed. The village is near the centre of the parifh, built mostly round a green, with the church on the north-weft fide of it, and the parsonage-house. In the fouth-west part of the parish is Shirley-house and farm, which formerly belonged to the family of Clarke, and afterwards to the Harlackendens, from whom it was purchased by Anne Blackmore, widow of John Blackmore, esq. of Tenterden, who died in 1717; and their grandfon Thomas Blackmore, elq. of Hertfordshire, now owns it, with other adjoining estates in this parish. Below this farm fouthward is a large tract of marshes, called Shirley, or Sherles moor, being about three miles in length and two in breadth, lying in Woodchurch, Apledore, Eboney, and Tenterden, containing 1245 acres, and is what is called the Upper Levels, the waters of which few through Scots-float into Rye harbour. It is allowed to be the richest land for fatting cattle in all these levels. It belongs to feveral different proprietors, among whom Sir Edward Hales, bart. Thomas Blackmore, elq. the dean and chapter of Canterbury, Richard Curteis, and the heirs of William Henley, esqrs. are the most considerable.

Sir Edward Hales, bart. and Richard Hulfe, efq. are leffees of the dean and chapter of Canterbury, for lands in this level, which formerly belonged to the priory of Chrift-church there.

About three quarters of a mile northward from the church, is Redbrooke-ftreet, at which formerly refided a family named At-hale, poffeffed of lands in this and the neighbouring parifhes.

THE MANOR OF TOWNLAND, alias WOOD-CHURCH, is *Jubor dinate* to that of Apledore, and was part of those lands and effates affigned for the defence of 228

of Dover-caftle, to the constable of which it was allotted, and made a part of his barony, which was ufually stiled from him, the Constabularie, being held by him of the king in capite by barony, by the fervice of maintaining a certain number of foldiers from time to time for the defence of the caftle. Of him and his heirs this manor was held in capite by the fervice of ward to the caftle. Ralph de la Thun held this manor and other lands in Woodchurch, by the above fervice, in the 43d year of Henry III. in which year he died possessed of it, and from him it acquired the name of Thunland, or Townland, as it was afterwards called. After him Richard de Tunland became poffessed of it, whose grandion John Ate Towneland paid aid for it in the 20th year of Edward III. and in his descendants it continued down to Thomas Townland, who died possefield of it in the 7th year of Henry IV.<sup>d</sup> After which it paffed by fale into the family of Norton, whence it was fold, about the beginning of king Henry VIII.'s reign, to the prior and convent of Leeds, who were then possessed of it, as appears by the receipt in the exchequer anno 8 of that reign, Mich. Rot. 35; and it remained part of their possessions till the diffolution of the priory, in the 31ft year of that reign, when it came into the hands of the crown; from whence it was granted that year to Thomas, lord Cromwell, earl of Effex, on whofe attainder next year, this manor, among the rest of his estates, became forfeited to the crown, where it flaid but a fmall time, for the king, in his 36th year, granted it to Sir Thomas Moile, chancellor of his court of augmentation, who in the 4th year of Edward VI. alienated it to Thomas Ancos, who afterwards fold it to Thomas Lucas, gent, who died posses of it in the 3d year of queen Elizabeth, hold-

<sup>d</sup> T<sup>\*</sup>here are divers inquifitions taken on their deaths, viz. anno 6 Edward III. anno 47 Edward III. anno 9 Richard II. ing it in capite by knight's fervice. He was defcended from William Lucas, gent. of Alhford, who is recorded in Fuller's hiftory, among those gentry who were returned as fuch, and qualified to bear arms, by the commissioners anno 12 Henry VI. By the inquisition taken after his death, it was found, that Thomas Godfrey was his nephew and next heir. He died in the 7th year of that reign, and was fucceeded by his brother James Godfrey, who two years afterwards alienated it to Mary, the widow of Sir John Guldeford, of Hemsted, who in the 19th year of that reign fold it to John Shellie, whole fon John Shelley, elq. of Michelgrove, was created a baronet in 1611; and in his descendants, baronets, this manor continued till the reign of Charles II. How long it continued in this name, I do not find ; for it was now become but of very little note. At length, after some intermediate owners, it became the property of Mr. Gabriel Richards, and fince his decease of Mr. William Evans, the prefent poffeffor, who refides in it.

THE PLACE-HOUSE, Or Woodchurch-house, is a seat fituated at a small diffance eaflward from the church, and was the habitation of a family who took both their furname and original from it. Anchitel de Woodchurch was poffeffed of it about the time of the Conqueror, and gave for his arms, Gules, three swords, erested in pale, argent. His grandfon Roger de Woodchurch, is the first that is mentioned in the antient deeds, without date, of this eftate, and his grandfon Sir Simon de Woodchurch, is in the register of those Kentish gentlemen who accompanied king Edward I. in his victorious expedition into Scotland, where he was knighted, with many others of his countrymen. But in him the name, though not the male line, de. termined; for by matching with Sulan, daughter and heir of Henry le Clerk, of Munfidde, in the parish of

See likewife Chauncy's Herts, p. 534.

Q 3

Kingsnoth, who brought a large inheritance into his family; his fucceffors, out of gratitude to those who had added fo much splendour, and annexed so plentiful a revenue to their name, altered their paternal appellation from Woodchurch to Clerke; and in feveral of their deeds subsequent to this match were written, Clerke, alias Woodchurch. He left two fons, Simon, who died without male iffue; and Clerke Woodchurch, heir to his mother's lands, as well as to his elder brother at this place, on his failure of male iffue; which latter left a son Peter Clerke, alias Woodchurch, who inherited this feat on his father's death, and in his descendants it continued down to Humphry Clarke, for fo they then wrote their name, who refided at Buckford, in Great Chart. He fold this feat, with the estate belonging to it, to Martin Harlackenden, efq. of this parish, whose successor Walter Harlackenden refided here in the reign of James I. and his descendant Geo. Harlackenden, elq. of Woodchurch, fold it to Winifred Bridger, widow, and Laurence her fon, the latter of whom at his death devifed it to his fon John, who dying f. p. his fifter Mrs. Winifrid Bridger, of Canterbury, fucceeded to it, and dying in 1776, unmarried, by will gave it to the Rev. William Dejovas Byrch, of Canterbury, and Elizabeth his wife. He died in 1792, and the in 1798, having furviving issue an only daughter Elizabeth, fince deceased, who married Samuel Egerton Brydges, esq. of Denton, who is now in his late wife's right become entitled to it.

Great part of this house has been pulled down, and the remainder of it makes but a very mean appearance, and is inhabited by several different persons.

HENDEN is an estate in this parish, which from having had for a length of time the same owners as that last-described, was once almost accounted an ap-

<sup>1</sup> See Viftn. co. Kent, 1619. Collins's Bar. vol. i. p. 280.

pendage

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pendage to it. This place is fupposed (for there are no records existing of it) to have been the original feat of the Hendens, who were in much later times feated at Biddenden-place, in this neighbourhood, as has been mentioned before, where they continued till within these few years. How long they remained posseffors of it, cannot therefore be traced; but in the reign of king Richard II. the Capells, of Capellscourt, in Ivychurch, were become owners of it; in the 15th year of which reign Richard Capell died poffeffed of it. At length, after it had continued in his descendants for some generations, it went by the marriage of a female heir into the family of Harlackenden, of this parish, where it remained till Deborah, daughter and heir of Martin Harlackenden, entitled her hufband Sir Edward Hales, knight and baronet, to the poffession of this estate, together with others in this parish and neighbourhood, and in his descendants it has continued down to Sir Edward Hales, bart. of St. Stephen's, the prefent owner of it.

HARLACKENDEN, ufually called Old Harlackenden, fituated within the borough of that name (which extended likewife over part of the adjoining parifh of Shadoxhurft) was for fome hundred years the patrimonial demesnes of that name and family, as appeared by a tomb in this church, the inteription on which, long fince obliterated, fhewed that one of them lay interred there foon after the conquest. Philipott fays, the proportion and shape of the characters were much like those in use in the reigns of king Henry IV. and V. which he thinks was occafioned by this tomb having been renewed by one of this perfon's fucceffors and descendants in one of the above reigns, and the former one might have been in old characters, fuitable to the time in which it was first erected. There are none now remaining on it. Kilburne fays, it was for William Harlackenden, anno 1081. They bore for their arms, Azure, a fess, ermine, between three lions heads

heads erased, or; which arms were painted in an upper window of Grays-Inn hall, and appeared to have been of long flanding there. In his defcendants, relidents here, many of whom lie buried in this church, this feat continued down to Thomas Harlackenden, efq. of Woodchurch, who procured his lands to be difgavelled by the acts of 31 Henry VIII. and 2 and 3 Edward VI. He died in 1558.8 At length his descendant George Harlackenden, efg. of this place, alienated it to Winifrid Bridger, widow, and Laurence her fon, whofe heirs, in the 9th year of queen Anne, procured an act to veft it in truffees, as d they accordingly fold it, in 1711, to dame Sarah, widow of Sir Paul Barrett, fergeant at law. She died that fame year, and by the limitation in her will,<sup>h</sup> this effate devolved to her grandfon Sir Francis Head, bart. fon of her first husband Francis Head, efq. who died poffeffed of it in 1768. After which his widow, lady Head, by virtue of her jointure, came into the poffeffion of it. She died in 1792, and it then devolved to the daughters and coheirs of her late hufband Sir Francis Head, and to their heirs, in the like proportions as the Hermitage, in Higham, and his other effates in this county, in which ftate it remains at prefent.<sup>i</sup>

HENHURST is an effate in the north-east part of this parish, which formerly belonged to a family of the fame name, whose more antient feat was at Henhurst, in Staplehurst, of which this was but a younger branch. They were likewise often written in old deeds both Henhurst and Enghurst, and continued owners of this place until the reign of king Henry VII. and then Sir Thomas Henghurst dying without issue male, his

<sup>8</sup> See Philipott p. 370. Harl. MSS. No. 433-259. Wood's Ath. vol ii. col. 841.

<sup>h</sup> See more of her, vol. vi. p. 440.

<sup>i</sup> See more of the family of Head, and the coheirs of Sir Francis, under Higham, vol. iii. p. 489.

daughter

daughter and fole heir carried it in marriage to Humphry Wife, whofe daughter and heir Agnes entitled her hufband Mr. Robert Mafter to the poffeffion of it, who bore for his arms, *A lion*, *rampant*, *bolding in bis paws an efcallop fhell*. His fon Mr. Thomas Mafter refided here, but his fon Giles Mafter quitted this refidence and removed to Canterbury, where he died in 1644. At length it defeended to Sir Harcourt Mafter, alderman of London, who became poffeffed of it for the term of his life, by the will of his father's eldeft brother's daughter, Mary Mafter. He died in 1648. Since which it has continued in his defeendants, one of whom, Harcourt Mafters, efq. of Greenwich, owns it at this time.

HENGHAM, now usually called Great Hengham, corruptly for Engeham, its original name, lies enveloped by woods, about a mile and an half northward from Woodchurch. It was once accounted a manor, and was in early times poffeffed by a family of the fame name, who refided at it, and were ftiled fometimes Engham, alias Edingham, in antient deeds, relating to their posseffions in different parts of Romney marsh, the latter being probably their original name, and the former one an abbreviation of it." Alanus de Engham refided here in the reign of king John, and married the daughter of Townland, of this parish, as did his descendant Moses de Engham, alias Edingham, who by marriage with Petronell, daughter of Alan de Plurenden, greatly increased his effate in Woodchurch; and probably of kindred to this family was Odomar Hengham, esq. who died in 1411, and lies buried in the body of Canterbury cathedral. They bore for their arms, Argent, a chevron, fable, between three pellets; on a chief, gules, a lion passant, guardant, or. A branch of this family became possessed of Singleton, in

\* Philipott, p. 371. There are pedigrees of this family both in the Heraldic vifitations of 1574 and 1619.

Great Chart, where they rebuilt the manfion, and afterwards refided; but the last refidence of the Enghams, in this county, was at Gunfton, where they flourifhed till the beginning of this century. At length Robert Engham, of Woodchurch, leaving two daughters his coheirs, this manor, about the latter end of the reign of Henry VIII. was carried in marriage by Mary, the eldeft of them, to Thomas Isley, who leaving five daughters his coheirs, Mary, married to Francis Spelman; Frances, to William Boys, efq. Elizabeth, to Anthony Mason, esq. Anne, to George Delves, esq. and Jane, to Francis Haut, efq. they, in right of their respective wives, became jointly entitled to it. This occasioned a partition of this estate, which was afterwards called by the name of Great and Little Heng. bam; the former having the antient manfion and manor annexed to it. This part was afterwards alienated to William Hales, efq. of Nackington, who poffeffed it in the reign of king James I. and in 1640, paffed it away by fale to Thomas Godfrey the younger, efq. of Lid, who conveyed it to Clerke, whence it was fold in the reign of king Charles II. to John Grove, gent. of Tunstall, whose descendant Richard Grove, esq. of London, who died unmarried in 1792, by will devifed it to Mr. William Jemmett and Mr. William Marshall, the former of whom, on a partition of his eftates, became the fole proprietor of it, and continues fo at this time. A court baron is held for this manor.

THE OTHER PART of this manor, now called *Little Hengham*, which lies adjoining to it fouthward, is now the property of the heirs of Abbot, the Whitfields, and the Combers.

PLERYNDEN, now corruptly called *Plunden*, is fituated in the north-weft part of this parifh, in the midft of a wood, and in the denne of the fame name. It had in early times owners, who took their furname from it, and continued fo till Petronell, daughter and heir

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#### WOODCHURCH.

heir of Alan de Plerynden, who bore for his arms, Per chevron, in chief, two mullets, in bafe, a martlet, as they appear, carved in stone, on the roof of Canterbury cloyfters, carried it in marriage to Mofes de Engham, in whole delcendants it remained till Vincent Engham, in the reign of queen Elizabeth, passed it away by fale to William Twyfden, efq. of Chelmington, whofe defcendant Sir Thomas Twyfden, bart. of Roydon-hall, in East Peckham, about the beginning of queen Anne's reign, fold it to Mr. John Hooker, of Maidstone, who died poffeffed of it in 1717, and deviled it to his fecond fon John, of Broadoak, in Brenchley, gent. who dying unmarried in 1762, devifed it to his youngeft and only furviving brother Stephen Hooker, gent. of Halden, and he alienated it to John Children, elq. of Tunbridge, whofe fon George Children, efq. of that place, is the present owner of it.

#### CHARITIES.

RICHARD BROWNE, late of Woodchurch, by will in 1562, gave to the poor of this parifh a rent charge of 4l. 10s. per annum. on every Trinity Sunday for ever, out of a meffuage called Webbes, in this parifh, of the clear annual produce of 3l. 8s.

SIR EDWARD HALES, of Woodchurch, by deed in 1610, gave to the poor yearly rents out of a farm, called the Legg farm, in Kenardington.

PHEBE GOBLE, of Woodchurch, by will in 1692, gave to the poor 2l. per annum, to be paid by her heirs for ever, out of a farm, called the Bonny Cravat, in Woodchurch, (now an alehoufe) the first Sunday after Old Lady-day.

THERE IS A SCHOOL, for reading and writing, fupported by contribution, in this parifu.

The poor constantly relieved are about ninety, cafually 45.

WOODCHURCH is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JU-RISDICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Linne.

The church, which is dedicated to All Saints, is large and handfome, confifting of three ifles and three chancels, with a fpire fteeple, fhingled, at the weft end, in which hang fix bells. The windows in the high chancel 236

chancel are finall and elegant. There are fome very finall remains of good painted glass. In this chancel is a ftone, with the figure in brafs, of a prieft praying, and infcription for master Nicholas de Gore, in old French; and another ftone, with infeription in brafs, for William Benge Capellanus, obt. 1437. In this church are many tombs and gravestones of the family of Harlackenden, which have already been mentioned before. In the fouth chancel there is a handfome tomb, of Bethersden marble, for Sir Edward Waterhous, chancellor of the exchequer, and privy counfellor to queen Elizabeth, in Ireland, third fon of John Waterhous, efq. of Whitechurch, in Buckinghamshire, obt. s. p. 1591, his arms on his tomb, Or, a pile engrailed, sable, quartered with other coats. Kilburne fays, in the east window of this chancel, were the arms of Ellis; and in the east window of the north chancel, were feveral effigies of the Clerkes; and in the north window of it, those of William Harey; all long fince gone. The font in this church feems very antient, being of Bethersden marble, square, and standing on four pillars.

This church was part of the antient possefilions of the fee of Canterbury, and continues fo at this time, his grace the archbishop being the present patron of it.

It is a rectory, valued in the king's books at 261. 13s. 4d. and the yearly tenths at 21. 13s. 4d. In 1640 it was valued at one hundred and ten pounds. Communicants three hundred and forty-nine. In 1729 at two hundred and thirty pounds per annum.

Among the Lambeth MSS. is a decree of archbishop Peckham, concerning the tithes of Woodchurch, anno 1281.<sup>1</sup> There are about two acres of glebe land.

<sup>1</sup> See Ducarel's Repertory, p. 122.

CHURCH

# CHURCH OF WOODCHURCH.

PATRONS, Or by whom prefented. The Archbishop.

#### RECTORS.

- John Baueroft, S. T. P. refig. 1633.<sup>m</sup>
- Edward Boughan, A. M. prefented April 13, 1633, and in 1640.<sup>n</sup>

Stephen Mun, obt. April 1684.

Thomas Huxley, S. T. B. May 1684, obt. 1685.

John Love. A. M. Oct. 1685, obt. 1688.

Henry Hughes, inducted Jan. 1689.

Henry Hughes, obt. 1704.º

Edward Brooke, Sept. 30, 1704, obt. Feb. 28, 1729.

John Geekie, LL. D. March 3, 1729, refigned 1730.P

Herbert Randolph, A. M. 1730, obt. Sept. 1, 1755.9

Nicholas Carter, S. T. P. Sept. 1755, obt. Oct. 23, 1774.

John Courtail, inducted April 6, 1775, the prefent rector.

• Son of the former.

P He refigned this rectory for Chevening. See Southfleet, vol. ii. p. 440. and Chevening, vol. iii. p. 126.

q Alfo rector of Deal, and one of the Six Preachers in Canterbury cathedral, where he lies buried.

r In 1755 he had a difpenfation to hold this rectory with that of Ham, and was likewif: perpetual curate of Deal chapel. He was father of the jufity celebrated and learned Mrs. Elizabeth Carter.

· And vicar of Burwash, in Suffex, by dispensation.

m He was confectated bifhop of Oxford June 10, 1632, and dying in 1640, was buried at Cuddefdon. See Rym 1 cd. vol. xix. p. 544. LeNeve's Fafti, p. 228.

R See an account of him in Wood's Ath. Ox. vol. ii. p. 188. Rym. Fæd. vol. xix. p. 544. Walker's Suff. of the Clergy, pt. ii. p. 203. He acted in this parifh as a juffice of the peace, for which he was petitioned againft by Pretbyterian inhabitants, anno 1640, and removed from this benefice; but was reftored again on the rettoration. S-e Ruthworth, vol. v. p. 169. He was author of feveral works, a lift of which is in Wood's Ath. - THEN OF MIT.

# SHADOXHURST

IS the next parifh eaftward. So much of it as is within the borough of Old Harlackenden, is in the hundred of Blackborne, and lower division of the lath of Scray, and weftern division of this county, and within the bailiwic of the Seven Hundreds. A small part on the northern fide of it, confisting of only three houses, is in the hundred of Chart and Longbridge, upper division of the lath of Scray, and in the eastern division of this county; and the refidue, on the foutheast fide of it, is in the lath of Shipway, hundred of Ham, and eastern division likewise of this county.

The court of the bailiwic of the Seven Hundreds claims paramount over the greateft part of this parifh, and the manor of Tinton over fome of the fouthern part of it.

This parish is but little frequented, being very obfcurely fituated in a low flat country, the whole of which is much covered with coppice woods, which makes it very dreary and unpleasant. The foil is a deep miry clay, and the roads are much the fame and equally bad as those of Halden and the intermediate country. The village is fituated nearly in the centre of the parish, round a green, with the church at the fouth east end of it. There are about twenty two houses in the parish, and the rents of it are about three hundred pounds per annum.

THE MANOR OF SHADOXHURST is fubordinate to the court of the bailiwic of the Seven Hundreds. It was antiently the inheritance of a family called Forftal, and fometimes written At-Forftal, who were of no mean extraction in this county; for in feveral antient deeds John and Richard At-Forftal are mentioned among the witneffes to them, and it is probable they were poffeffors of this manor, though the private deeds belonging

belonging to it are of no longer date than the reign of Henry V. in the 3d year of which John Forstal passed this manor away by deed to Stokys, vulgarly called Stokes, in whofe defcendants it continued many years, until it was at length fold to Avery Randolph, who had an estate likewise about Burham, near Maidstone ;' and from whole fon Edward, about the beginning of queen Elizabeth's reign, it went by fale to Sir John Taylor, who, in the 25th year of queen Elizabeth, passed it away to John Taylor, efq. of Wilfborough, whole anceftors had relided at Homestal, in this parish, as early as the reign of Henry III. from whom defeended those of this name of Romney, Wilshorough, Maidstone, and other places in this county, and those of Ireland likewife. They bore for their arms, Argent, on a chief, fable, two boars beads, couped of the first." From John Taylor above-mentioned, this manor came down to Sir Thomas Taylor, bart. of Maidstone, fo created in 1665, whole only fon of the fame name died under age, on which his truttees, under his will, fold it to John Cooke, efq. of Swifts, in Cranbrooke, who by will devifed this manor, with the reft of his eftate in Shadoxhurft, to be fold tor the benefit of his younger children, in purluance of which it was fold to Sir Charles Molloy, of Greenwich, who had married Ellen his eldeft daughter. He died possessed of it in 1760, f. p. and deviled it by will to Charles, the second fon of George Cooke, efq. of Lincolns-inn-fields, who has fince, purfuant to his uncle's will, taken on him the name of Molloy, and is the prefent poffeffor of it.

CRIOLS-COURT, now ufually called Crayals, is an estate in this parish, which was once the patrimony of the eminent family of Criol, and was one of the feveral feats of theirs in this county, which took their name

from

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>t</sup> His will, proved in 1561, is in the Prerog. off. Cant. <sup>w</sup> There is a pedigree of this family in the Heraldic Vifitation of 1619.

from them. Bertram de Criol died posseffed of it in the 23d year of king Edward I. and his fon John dying In the 34th year of that reign J. p. left Joane his fifter his next heir, then married to Sir Richard de Rokeste. His eldeft daughter and coheir Agnes, married Thomas de Poynings, and by it entitled that family to this among the great inheritance which devolved to her in right of her mother; and in their descendants this estate continued down to Sir Edward Poynings, a man much in favour with king Henry VII. and VIII. under both of whom he enjoyed many important offices of truft and honor. Though he left feveral natural children, yet it being found by the inquisition taken after his death in the 14th year of the latter reign, that he died not only without legitimate isfue, but without any collateral kindred, who could make claim to his effates; this, among others of them, escheated to the crown," whence it was granted by Henry VIII. to Mr. William Taylor, gent. of Shadoxhurft, after whole death, anno 16 of that reign, without male iffue, it came at length by entail to John Taylor, of Winchelsea, who left an only furviving daughter and heir Anne, who marrying Mr. William Whitfield, gent. of Patrixborne, entitled him to this estate of Criols-court; from whom it was, about the beginning of king Charles I.'s reign, alienated to More, and thence not many years afterwards to Thomas Taylor, esq. owner of the manor of Shadoxhurst, as before-mentioned, and afterwards in 1664, created a baronet. Since which it has defcended, in the like feries of ownership with that manor, to Charles Cooke Molloy, efq. the prefent proprietor of them.

MINCHEN-COURT, vulgarly fo called, but in old records written *Minikens-court*, is an eftate here, which was formerly part of the poffeffions of St. James's, af-

\* See more of the Criols, Rokefles, and Poynings, vol. ii. of this hiftory, p. 143, 151.

terwards called St. Jacob's hospital, in Thanington, almost adjoining to the suburbs of Canterbury, founded before the reign of king John, for leprous women, of which one Firmin, if not the founder, was at least a confiderable benefactor to it, at whofe requeft, in the beginning of that reign, this hospital, and its possessions, with the confent of archbishop Hubert, were taken under the custody and protection of the prior and con-vent of Christ-church, in Canterbury.\* This hospital was not diffolved till the 5th year of king Edward VI. notwithstanding which, this estate of Minchen court had been long before that alienated from it, and in the very beginning of Henry VIII.'s reign was become vefted in the crown; for that king in his 2d year granted it to Robert Tatteshall, esq. to hold of his manor of East Greenwich by fealty only; and from him immediately afterwards it came by purchase to Sir Edward Wotton, whose grandfon Thomas, lord Wotton, dying in the 6th year of king Charles I. his four daughters became his coheirs; of whom Catherine, the eldest, carried this estate in marriage to Henry, lord Stanhope, fon and heir of Philip, lord Chefterfield;" upon whose death she became again possessed of it; a d quickly after transferred it by fale to Mr. Thomas Harfleet, of Canterbury. How it passed asterwards, I cannot find; but in the year 1703, by the foreclosure of a mortgage, it came into the poffeffion of Mr. John Courthope, whose descendant Alexander Courthope, esq. of Horsemonden, dying unmarried in 1779, by will gave this among the rest of his estates in this county to his nephew John Cole; efq. of that parish, the prefent owner of it.

CLAYPITS is a manor fituated in the eastern part of this parish, near Bromley-green, which was formerly

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<sup>\*</sup> See more of this hospital and its foundation, in Battely's Somner, p. 41; pt. ii. and p. 173. y See more of the Wottons and Stanhopes, under Boughton

Malherb, vol. v. of this hiftory, p. 400, 403.

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in the poffeffion of the family of Hall, of Kennington. Sir Wm. Hall, of that place, died poffeffed of it in the reign of king James I. and was fucceeded in it by his eldeft fon Nevil Hall, efq. who owned it at the reftoration of king Charles II. After which it paffed by fale into the family of Twyfden, of Eaft Peckham, baronets, one of whom alienated it not many years ago to Mr. John Horne, who by will devifed it to his wife Mrs. Catherine Horne, of New Romney, for life. It was afterwards, in 1787, fold to William Deedes, efq. of St. Stephen's, whofe eldeft fon of the fame name, at Hythe, is the prefent poffeffor of it, together with the adjoining *manor of Bifhopfwood*.

#### CHARITIES.

ROBER'T FARLEY gave to the poor of this parifu, by will in 1590, 105. yearly for ever, out of a piece of land here, called Checquers.

MICHAEL POONETT, by will in 1604, gave a piece of land, called Bishopfcroft, to the poor for ever, now of the annual produce of 30s.

The poor constantly relieved are about fifteen, cafually ten.

SHADOXHURST is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JU-RISDICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Limne.

The church, which is dedicated to St. Peter and St. Paul, is a very fmall mean building, confifting of one ifle and one chancel. At the weft end is a wooden building, with a finall turret, in which hang three bells. The whole feems in a ruinous flate.

In the north windows of the ifle are fome remains of good painted glafs; in one of them are two figures crowned, in one copartment, and in the other a prieft kneeling, offering a cup to another figure, who is fitting and crowned. In the other window is the Virgin Mary, and an angel with *ave Maria*. And there are fome little remains of painted glafs in the eaft window of the chancel.

Sir

Sir Charles Molloy, captain of the Royal Caroline yacht, lies buried under a tomb in this church yard; but there is a fuperb and elegant monument of white marble, with his buft, and the figure of a boy weeping over it, and different emblems of war round him, erected to his memory, against the north wall of the chancel. In the church, on each fide of the chancel, are hung up his banners, fword, helmet with his creft, &c. He bore for his arms, Argent, a lion, rampant, between three trefoils slipt, sable. In the chancel is a memorial for John Sewell, rector, anno 1591.

This church is a rectory, and has been long part of the poffeffions of the crown, and remains fo at this time, the king being the prefent patron of it.

It is now a difcharged living, of the clear yearly value of thirty-eight pounds, the yearly tenths of which are 15s. 3<sup>1</sup>d. In 1578 here were communicants feventy-nine. In 1640 there were fixty, and the yearly value of it was feventy pounds.

There was an old writing, with feveral of the parifhioners hands, by which they acknowledged eightpence in the noble due to the rector of Shadoxhurft, for all acre wood ; and Sir Roger Twifden, in his treatife concerning the Weald, fays, it is to be observed that the usual paying of tithe-wood in any parish, or in many, does not make it due, if it can be shewed that the parishes paying stand in the Weald. And further fays, that he himfelf has known the rector of Shadoxhurft to claim tithe wood in fome cafes, and quotes the above writing in confirmation of it. But there has not been, for a long time, any tithe paid for wood in this parish.

This rectory was augmented in 1767 by the governors of queen Anne's bounty, with two hundred pounds, in consequence of an addition of the like fum from Mrs Urfula Taylor's legacy, paid to them by Sir Philip Boteler, bart. with which fums were purchased

R 2

#### BLACKBORNE HUNDRED.

purchased lands in Shadoxhurst of fixteen pounds per annum.

The glebe land confifts of three small woods, containing together about nine acres.

#### CHURCH OF SHADOXHURST.

RECTORS

|     | Or by   | whom presented. |
|-----|---------|-----------------|
| The | Grozun. |                 |

PATRONS,

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73. 5

| Willia                | m Bal | dwin, | S.T.  | <b>P</b> . | Jul | y |
|-----------------------|-------|-------|-------|------------|-----|---|
| 20,                   | 1617, | obt.  | 1626. |            |     |   |
| the set of a set of a |       |       |       |            |     | - |

- William Stone, May 20, 1626, refigned 1631.
- Charles Hutchenson, A. M. Sept. 20, 1631, refigned 1636.<sup>2</sup>
- William Langley, A. M. July 30, 1636, refigned 1639.<sup>a</sup> Nicholas Gent, Feb. 15, 1639.<sup>b</sup>
- Timothy Wilfon, A. M. Aug. 18, 1676.°
- Ifaac Satur, A. B. Nov. 24, 1690, refigned 1717.
- John Lamb, April 1, 1717, ob. Dec. 1733.d
- Henry Bagnal, jun. A. M. 1734, obt. 1761.<sup>e</sup>
- Blemell Pollard, Aug. 4, 1761, obt. 1764.

Robert Polhill, July 13, 1764, the prefent rector.

this church, where he has a monument to his memory.

• And rector of Frittenden, by difpenfation in 1737.

f And vicar of Goudhurst, by difpensation that year.

#### c He was then rector of Kingfnoth.

d He lies buried in the chancel of

3 Ibid. vol. xx. p. 137.

b Ibid. p. 398.

#### KENARDINGTON.

THE next parish fouthward from Shadoxhurst, a small part of the parish of Woodchurch only intervening, is Kenardington, frequently called and written for shortness, *Kenarton*, a name supposed to be taken from one

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one Cyneward, the Saxon owner of it. Most part of it is in the hundred of Blackborne, and the refidue, being the south-east part of it, in the hundred of Ham, east division of the county, and within the liberty of the justices of the corporation of Romney Marsh. The manor of Apledore claims over the southern part of this parifh.

This is a fmall parish, lying at the edge of Romney Marsh, the church here dividing the marsh from the upland, or Weald of Kent. The western and northern parts of it are covered with coppice woods. The greatest part of it, together with the village and church, is fituated upon high ground ; but the fouthern part of it is low, and within the levels of the Marsh. Below the hill on which the church stands, and adjoining to it fouth-east, are the remains of some antient fortifications, of earth, with a breaft-work thrown up, and a finall circular mount; and in the adjoining marsh below it, is another, of a larger fize, with a narrow ridge or caufeway feemingly leading from one to the other.

Thefe works feem to have been thrown up during the wars between king Alfred and the Danes, perhaps about the year 893, when a division of them failed up the river Limenc, or Rother, and entrenched themfelves in the adjoining parish of Apledore.

THE MANOR OF HORNE, alias KENARDINGTON, was part of those lands affigned for the defence of Dover castle, to John de Fienes, who was constable of that important fortrefs, and together made up his barony, which from him was called the Constabularie, being held by him in capite by barony, by the fervice of maintaining a certain number of foldiers for the defence of that castle, and of him and his heirs this manor was held in capite by castle-guard fervice from time to time. In the reign of king John it was fo held by the family of Normanville, or de Normania. His defeendant Sir Thomas de Normanville, died in the 31th year of king Edward I. poffeffed of this manor, with that of Cockride,

Cockride, in Billington, which he held in capite by knight's fervice, together with the advowfon of the church,<sup>g</sup> which, on his death without iffue male, came to his only daughter and heir Margaret, who afterwards married Sir William de Bafing, and entitled him to this cflate, as well as a large inheritance in Rutlandshire. He was a descendant of Solomon de Basing, who was sheriff of London in the last year of king John, and of Adam de Bafing, loid-mayor of London anno 36 Henry III. whofe habitation was where Blackwell-hall now ftands, and from whom the ftreet, and ward thereto adjoining, had the denomination of Bafinghall-ftreet and Bafing ward; and feveral of them were afterwards sheriffs of London. He was one of those Kentish gentlemen who accompanied the abovementioned king in his victorious expedition into Scotland, where he was knighted with many others of his countrymen, and was theriff in the 7th and 8th years of Edward II. bearing for his arms, Azure, a cross, cru/uly voided, a baton, gules. His descendant Sir John Baling afterwards became at length poffefied of it, and died f. p. in the 24th year of Henry VI. upon which Alice his fifter, married to Thomas Mackworth, elq. of Mackworth, in Derbyshire, became his heir. and entitled her hufband to her inheritance both here and in Rutlandshire, on part of which, the manor of Normanton, he and his descendants afterwards refided, bearing for their arms, Party, per pale indented, fable, and ermine, a chevron, gules, or. His great grandfon, George Mackworth, about the beginning of king Henry VII.'s reign, alienated his interest in this manor and advowfon to Wife, whofe defcendant Thomas Wile, in the 24th year of Henry VIII. conveyed them to Roger Home, whofe anceftors had refided at a feat of their own name in the adjoining parish of Apledore ever fince the reign of king John, their manfion there

8 Rot. Eich. ejus an. N. 37.

being

being called from them Hornes-place. One of them, Ralph de Horne, was one of the recognitores magnæ assign, or justices of the great affize, in the reign of king John, perfons of no finall account before the inflitution of justices of the peace. His defcendant William Horne, of Hornes-place, was one of the confervators of the peace in the 1st year of king Richard II. They bore for their arms, Argent, on a chevron, gules, between three bugle horns, fable, as many mullets, or. At length his descendant Henry Horne, eso. dving in the 7th year of queen Flizabeth, anno 1565, lett an only daughter and heir Benet, afterwards married to Richard Guldeford, gent. fon of Sir John Guldeford, of Hemfted, by his fecond wife, who in her right became possefield of them, h but being indicted for not taking the oath of fupremacy to the queen, they fled the realm and were attainted of treafon, and their lands became forfeited to the crown, their attainder, among others, being confirmed by act of parliament, where they feem to have remained till the death of the latter in 1597; he dying at Roan, in France, in 1586, and fhe at Bruffels in 1597, and were both buried at those places, when the queen granted the fee of this manor and advowson that year, to Walter Moyle, gent. of the Middle Temple, London, who died J. p. in 1599, and was fucceeded in this eftate by his nephew Capt. Robert Moyle, whose grandson John Moyle, esq. of Buckwell, leaving an only daughter and heir Mary, fhe carried it in marriage to Robert Breton, elq. of the Elmes, near Dover, i whofe, grandfon Moyle Breton, esq. of Kennington, dying possessed of it a few years ago, left two fons his coheirs in gavelkind, the Rev. Moyle Breton, of Kennington, and Mr. Whitfield Breton, and they are now jointly as fuch entitled to

Two acts paffed relating to the fale of this estate, one anno 13 George I. and the other anno 3 George II.

this

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> See Rot. Efch. 16 and 18 Elizabeth.

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this manor, with the advowfon of the church of Kenardington.

There is a fee farm of forty pounds per annum, payable out of this manor. It is one of the lord/hips of Romney Mar/h, which entitles the owner to fit as one of the lords there, for the management of the walls and the fewers within it.

#### CHARITIES.

MARGARET Lowes, of this parish, in 1557, gave to the poor 405. per annum, out of twenty-eight acres of land called the Plummer-land, between the feasts of All Saints and Christmasday; and 55. on the same days, out of the Smith farm, in this parish.

A PERSON UNKNOWN gave by deed half an acre of woodland in this parifh, now of the annual produce of 7s.

ANOTHER UNKNOWN PERSON gave three quarters of an acre, called Church-land, in this parish, now of the annual produce of 125.

The poor constantly relieved are about forty-five, cafually fifteen.

THIS PARISH is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JURIS-DICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Limne.

The church, which is dedicated to St. Mary, is a fmall mean building, confifting of one ifle and one chancel, having a fmall pointed turret at the weft end, in which hangs one bell. There are no inferiptions in it. The font in this church is remarkably mean, being composed of brick and tile only.

This church was formerly much larger, but having been burnt by lightning in 1559, the prefent one was erected out of the ruins of the former, the foundations of which are flill visible, especially those of another isse on the north fide of it; Roger Horne, lord of this manor, being a good contributor, if not at the whole charge of the building of it.

This church is a rectory, the patronage of which has always been accounted an appendage to the manor of Kenardington, and it continues fo at prefent, being in the joint patronage of the Rev. Mr. Moyle Breton and Mr. Whitfield Breton, lords of that manor.

It is valued in the king's books at 12l. 1s. Old. and the annual tenths at 11. 4s. 14d. In 1578 here were communicants eighty-two. In 1640, eighty feven, and it was then valued at fixty pounds per annum.

Among the Lambeth MSS. is a composition between the prior, &c. of St. Martin, Dover, and the rector of this parish, on account of tithes within the bounds of this parish and those of Apoldre, in the 2d year after archbishop Becket's death; and another between those parishes, on the like account, in 1228.

#### CHURCH OF KENARDINGTON.

| PATRONS,<br>Or by whom prefented. | RECTORS.                                                        |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| The Queen.                        | Laurence Collinson, A. B. Dec. 5,                               |
|                                   | 1590, obt. 1623.                                                |
| William Style, efq. and Mary his  | Richard Briftowe, A. M. July 5,                                 |
| wife, hac. vice.                  | 1623, refigned 1632.                                            |
| Robert Moyle, gent                | Richard Lightfoot, A.B. Oct. 23,                                |
|                                   | 1632, refigned 1663.                                            |
| Thomas Godfrey, efq. and Mary     | John Collington, A. M. Feb. 4,                                  |
| his wife                          | 1663, obt. 1682. <sup>k</sup><br>Samuel Pratt, clerk, March 10, |
| Thomas Godfrey, esq               | 1682, refigned 1693.                                            |
|                                   | Gideon Maude, A. M. Feb. 26,                                    |
|                                   | 1693 <sup>1</sup>                                               |
|                                   | Richard Tyfoe, A. M. obt. June                                  |
|                                   | <b>6</b> , 1746. <sup>m</sup>                                   |
| Moyle Breton, esq.                | Curteis Whitwick, A. M. OA.                                     |
|                                   | 27, 1746, obt. 1753."                                           |
|                                   | Robert Brcton, LL. B March 6,                                   |
| WI' C. I Dest in south            | 1754, refigned 1768.°<br>Moyle Breton, S. T. P. Feb. 5,         |
| Whitfield Breton, gent            | 1768.                                                           |
| Himfelf patron.                   | Ibid. 2d induction, Dec. 22,                                    |
|                                   | 1777, the prefent rector.                                       |
|                                   | ,,,,                                                            |
| k Before vicar of Godmersham.     | o In 1754 a difpensation passed for                             |
| 1 And rector of Hothfield.        | his holding Boughton Aluph vicarage                             |
| m And reftor of Ludidown.         | with this rectory.                                              |

n Vicar of St. Mary Bredin, Canterterbury, and rector of Bonnington.

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#### APLEDORE

LIES the next parifh fouth-weftward, and is the laft to be deferibed in the lower division of the lath of Scray and weftern division of the county; though it should feem, by the entry in Domesday, that it was antiently accounted in the lath of Shipway, or Limowart, as it is there called. That part of it which is upon the Rhee wall, to Redhill, is in the liberty of the town and port of New Romney, and the jurifdiction of the justices of that town and port; and the refidue of it is in this hundred, fome fmull part of which is in the liberty of Romney Marsh, and jurifdiction of the justices of that corporation.<sup>p</sup>

It was written by the Saxons, *Apuldre*, in Domefday, *Apeldres*, and now and for a long time fince, *Apledore*, and takes its name from its low and damp fituation near the channel, which formerly flowed up to it from the fea.

THE SITUATION of Apledore was formerly very different from what it is at prefent, having been in antient time a maritime town, to which the fea flowed up, and large fleets frequently navigated; but the river Rother, or Limene, as it was then called, having long fince directed its courfe from this channel, it has been for ages paft left dry and deftitute, both of falt and frefh water, and covered with paftures and cattle, the ftream of it flowing by a far different one into the fea; the only water near it at this time being the fmall rivulet or dyke, which paffes between the main land and the Ifle of Oxney, at the eaft end of which it now runs, juft below Apledore, and encompaffing the eaftern fide of that ifland, where, though an inconfiderable ftream,

<sup>p</sup> Kilb. Survey, p. 12. See Somner's etymology of Apledore, in his Rom. Ports, p. 65. it takes the name of Apledore channel, and paffing the White Kemp fluice, flows into Rye haven, where it meets the fea.

This river Rother, or Limene, inftead of its prefent courle, formerly flowed by Newenden to Maytham, and fo along by Smalhyth and Reading between the main land and the Ifle of Oxney to the town of Apledore, where, inftead of turning its courfe to the fouthward, as it does now, towards Rye haven, it kept on clofe by Apledore ftill eaftward, along by where the Rhee-wall now is, where the remains of the old trench, in which this river flowed between Apledore and Old Romney, being about four miles, is plainly traced, being of large extent and breadth, though long fince become dry and converted into pafture ground.

This river did not forfake its antient courfe all at once, but at times and by degrees, as appears by the continued means taken to prevent it, as well as against the inundation of the fea, fo early as king Henry I's time; and there happened one not long afterwards, which is mentioned both by Matthew Paris and Weftminster. The former, in his relation of this violent rage and ferment of the fea, in 1250, and the inundations confequent, fays, that at Winchelsea above three hundred houfes, and fome churches, were by its violence overturned; but the very year in which this change of course happened, appears to have been in the 15th year of Edward I. when, as Camden fays, the fea, raging with the violence of winds, overflowed this tract, and making a dreadful destruction of people, cattle, and houfes, caufed this river to forfake its old channel, and opened a new and nearer way, as at prefent, into the fea at Rye. And though every means were used afterwards by frequent commissions to view and fee to the repair of these broken walls, yet by future tempests, one of which in particular happened in the 8th year of Edward III. all thoughts of the river's ever returning to its old channel, feem to have been given given up; and three years afterwards, the king by his letters patent granted this old trench or channel, leading from an arm of the fea, called Apuldre, towards the town of Romene, to the different owners of the foil, with licence for them to obftruct, dam, and ftop it up, as it had by reafon of the fands and other matter flowing in, been fo filled up, that fhips could not pafs by it; and reciting, that there was another trench leading from the faid arm to Romene, lately made by force of the fea, by which fhips paffed to that town, as they had before ufed to do by the former one, and was more proper and fufficient.<sup>9</sup>

Whilft the river continued navigable to this town in its antient state, the Danes, in the time of king Alfred, anno 893, with an intent to plunder this country, entered the mouth of it, and went up this channel with a fleet of two hundred and fifty fail of ships as high as Apledore, to which at that time the Weald, or great foreit of Andred, extended itself eastward. There are ftrong appearances remaining to support this opinion; and that the tract of land called the Dowles, in the fouth-east part of this parish, nearer to Romney, a further notice of which will be taken hereafter, was once covered with wood ; among others, that the dean and chapter of Canterbury have a parcel of land in the weftern part of the Dowles, which are faid in the records of that church to lie in Apuldore wood; and that at the depth of from three to fix feet, there have been frequently found in different parts of this tract of land, oak leaves, acorns, birch, and willow, and the stalks of brakes, &c. in high prefervation, and likewife large trees of various kinds and fizes, lying in different directions, and fometimes across one another; and what is worth observation, they appear to have been cut

<sup>9</sup> Dugd. Imb. p. 44. Somn, Roman Ports, 56. Reg. Roff. p. 678. Somn. Cant. p. 147. Willis's Mitred Abbeys, vol. j. p. 240, 243.

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down with an ax or fharp inftrument, and not with a faw; ftrong proofs that these Dowles were once part of the forest before-mentioned, and covered with trees and wood.

At Apledore the Danes entrenched themselves on the feite of a small half-built fort, inhabited by a few boors, which they demolished, together with the village, and built one of a larger fize and strength, and kept their rendezvous here' for fome time. What became of this castle asterwards, I do not find; but it is probable that it was ruined by the French in 1380, who then burnt this town, and tradition reports, that on the ruins of this castle the prefent church was built; and the fituation of it renders it very probable.

THE SOIL of this parish is for the greatest part moorifh, boggy, and fenny; though fome of the upper or northern part of it is fandy, with fome coppice wood on it. It is about two miles and an half in length, and about two in breadth. It contains forty-eight houses, and three hundred and twenty inhabitants, and near two thousand acres of land. The village is fituated very low, close to the marshes in the southern part of it, near a quarter of a mile from the eaftern part of the Iffe of Oxney, with the church ftanding close on the eastern fide of it. The houses are but meanly built, and mostly inhabited by graziers, lookers, and fmugglers. The vast quantity of marshes which lie contiguous and come close up to it, make it very unhealthy, and this is rendered much more fo, by a large tract of fwamp, called the Dowles, lying about a mile fouth eaftward from the village, within the marsh; they are about two miles long and more than one wide, containing about four hundred acres. One part of it is hardly ever free from water, unless for a month or so at the end of a very dry fummer; the other part has fome few fpaces of found ground, but is wholly overflowed during the

? Roman Ports, p. 51. See Sax. Chron. anno 393.

winter, and in a year when fodder is fcarce, or the feafon backward, is of great fervice to the farmers, for the grafs, having no want of rain, fprings early, and in great plenty, and affords excellent feeding for the larger flock. There are fome thoughts of draining this tract of land, which, if it can be effected, will render it a moft fertile and valuable parcel of pafture, the foil of the whole of it appearing to be very rich. The large quantity of ftagnating waters continually on this tract of land, which is almost an entire fwamp, engenders fuch noxious and pestilential vapours, as fpread fickness and frequent death on the inhabitants of this and many of the adjoining parishes for fome distance round it; the fickly countenances of them plainly discovering the unwholefome air they breath in.

King Edward III. in his 32d year, granted to the prior and convent of Chrift-church, in Canterbury, a weekly market at their manor here, which has been long difufed, and a yearly fair on the 11th of January. There are now two fairs held annually here, on Jan.11, and June 22.

THE PLANT, called morfus diaboli, floribus albis et fubrufis, or devils bit, with white and blufh coloured flowers, grows about Apledore.

THE MANOR OF APLEDORE was in early times poffeffed by one Eadfy, a prieft, who, on his turning monk, had licence granted him by king Cnute, and Ælgife his queen, in the year 1032, to difpofe of it as he pleafed, and he accordingly gave it to the convent of Chriftchurch, in Canterbury ;<sup>s</sup> and it remained part of the poffeffions of that church at the time of the conqueft ; and when archbifhop Lanfranc foon afterwards divided the revenues of his church, Apuldore, in this divifion, fell to the fhare of the monks, and was allotted for their fubfiftence, or *de cibo eorum*, as the record of the

<sup>s</sup> See Somner's Gavelkind, p. 213. Thorn. Chron. in Dec. Script. col. 2223.

monastery

#### APLEDORE.

monastery mentions it. In Domesday it is thus entered, under the title of Terra monachorum Archiepi, i. e. the land of the monks of the archbishop.

In Limowart lath, in Blacheborne hundred, the archbishop himself bolds Apeldres. In the time of king Edward the Confessor it was taxed at two fulings, and now for one. The arable land is eight carucates. In demesne there are three carucates, and thirty-jeven villeins, with forty-one borderers having eleven carucates. There is a church, and fix fisheries of three shillings and four-pence. There are two acres of meadow, and wood for the pannage of fix bogs. In the time of king Edward the Confellor, and afterwards, it was worth fix pounds, now fixteen pounds and seventeen shillings and fix-pence.

In the 10th year of Edward II. the prior of Canterbury obtained a charter of free-warren for his manor of Apuldre among others. Thomas Goldstone, prior of Chrift-church, in king Henry the VI.th's reign, among other beneficial acts to his convent, wholly rebuilt the court lodge of Apledore, with its offices, which had been burnt down." After which it continued part of the poffeffions of this priory till its diffolution in the 31ft year of Henry VIII. when it was furrendered into the king's hands, who by his dotation charter, in his 33d year, fettled it on his new-founded dean and chapter of Canterbury, with whom the inheritance of it faill remains.

A court leet and court baron is held for this manor yearly, by the dean and chapter, which claims over all this parish, excepting fuch part of it as is in the borough of Great Kenarton, and extends itfelf over the two boroughs of Townborough and Hothborough, the borsholders of which are there chosen, and not at the court leet held for the hundred of Blackborne ; nor do the inhabitants of thefe boroughs owe any fervice to the court leet of that hundred, only at that court a

· See Willis's Mitred Abbeys, vol. i. p. 246.

constable

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conftable may be chofen out of either of thefe boroughs for that hundred." The court-lodge, together with the demefne lands belonging to it, have been from time to time demifed by them on a beneficial leafe for a term of years. The Digges's were formerly leffees of them, afterwards the Culpeper's, then the Weftrow's, from whom the intereft of the leafe paffed to the Hulfe's, with whom it ftill continues; the prefent leffee being Richard Hulfe, efq. of Blackheath.

HORNES-PLACE, or Hornes farm, as it is now called, is an estate in the north-east part of this parish, the manfion of which was for a great length of time the refidence of a family of that furname, and continued for till they removed to the adjoining parish of Kenardington in the reign of Henry VII. on their purchasing that manor, on which they likewife fixed their name. Michael Horne, who was sheriff anno 7 Henry IV. held his fhrievalty here, and probably it may be his tomb now remaining under an arch in the fouth chancel of this church, though now much funk into the ground. At length this family, as has been related before, ended in a female heir Benet, daughter of Henry Horne, efq. who carried this eftate in marriage to Richard Guldeford, gent. who being attainted, this, among the reft of his lands, were confifcated to the crown, and the queen foon afterwards granted Hornesplace, in Apledore, with the lands belonging to it, to Philip Chute, efq. captain and standard bearer at Bullein, who afterwards refided here, and in his defcendants it continued down to Sir George Choute, or Chute, bart. who dying in 1721 f. p. gave it with the reft of his eftates, by will, to Edward Auften, who afterwards fucceeded on the death of Sir Sheffield Auften to the title of baronet. He refided at Boxley abbey, where he died in 1760, and by his will devifed it, in

" Kilb. Surv. p. 13. Among the Harl. MSS. in the British Mufeum, are several custumal & tenent de Apledore ad Eccl. Cant Spett. No. 1006. like manner with that feat and the reft of his effates, to his coulin John, fon of Nicholas Amhurft, efq. who was afterwards of Boxley abbey." He fold his intereft in this with the other effates adjoining, devifed to him as above-mentioned, for the term of his life, to William Dunning, efq. who is now in the poffession of them.

This eftate is now called Great Horne, to diffinguish it from an eftate called Little Horne, in the adjoining parish of Kenardington. Great Horne seems, from the extensive foundations, and the quantity of stones dug up, to have been very considerable. The only part of the antient structure now remaining is, what was the chapel, which adjoined to the mansionhouse, and seems to have been once an elegant and uniform building; underneath it is a vault, in which there is a well.

FRENCHAY is a manor here, which had once, as appears by old evidences, owners of that furname, but it was more noted for having had the family of Haut for its owners, from the reign of king Edward III. until that of king Henry VIII. when Jane, the youngest daughter and coheir of Sir William Haut, of Bishopfborne, entitled her hufband Sir Thomas Wyatt, of Allington-castle, to it, who was attainted in the first year of queen Mary. He left a fon George, who in the 13th year of queen Elizabeth was reftored in blood by act of parliament, and in the 24th year of that reign had a grant of this manor from the queen. He was fucceeded in it at his death, in 1624, by his eldeft fon Sir Francis Wyatt, who paffed it away by fale in the next reign of king Charles I. to Thomas Floyd, or Fludd, esq. of Gore court, in Otham, who in the year 1636 alienated it to Sir Edward Hales, knight and baronet, of Tunstall, in whose descendants it has conti-

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nued

<sup>\*</sup> See a further account of Sir Edward Auften, and his devife of his effates, and the entails created under his will, under Boxley, vol. iv. p. 339.

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nued down to Sir Edward Hales, bart. of St. Stephens, the prefent owner of it.

The abbot and convent of St. Augustine, were in the reign of king Henry III. anno 1247, possefield of lands here, in the demession of Horyngbroke and Sherle moor, consisting of marsh and woodland. In which year the controvers between that abbot and the prior and convent of St. Martin, Dover, who had the appropriation of this parish, concerning the tithes of these lands, was settled; that so long as the abbot, &c. held them in their own hands, they should be free from tithes; but that whenever they were let to ferme, that then the prior and convent of Dover should receive them as of the tenants who occupied them, and not as of the estate, with this referve, that the portion of sheaves and rents of money belonging to the abbot, should remain to him freely without tithes.\*

There are no *parochial charities*. The poor conftantly relieved are about fixty, cafually fixteen.

APLEDORE is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JURIS-DICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Limne.

The church, which is dedicated to St. Peter and St. Paul, ftands on a knoll of ground clofe to the eaftern fide of the village, and, by report, was erected on the feite of the antient caftle, demolifhed by the French in 1380, probably within a very finall time afterwards, the ruins furnifhing many materials for the building of it. Before this the church, by report, ftood in a field adjoining to Redhill bridge, which is about midway between Apledore and Reading, on the road leading to Tenterden, the field where it ftood being called Churchfield at this time. The prefent building is but a mean one, confifting of three ifles and three chancels, with a fquare tower at the weft end, which feems more antient than the reft of the church. In it hang fix bells and a

\* Decem. Scriptores, col. 1895.

fmall

finall one. The font is an octagon, on which are three coats of arms; firft, *A crofs*; fecond, *Two keys in faltier*; third, *Three fwords in the fame manner*. On the fleeple at the weft end, on the outfide over the door, on the north fide, *A crofs*; in the middle, France and England; and on the fouth fide, Canterbury impaling Warham. Henry Goulding, of Apledore, who lies buried in the fouth pace, was, by his will, in 1569, a good benefactor to the fabric of it; as was Thomas Knelle, who was buried in our Lady's chancel. In the fouth chancel is an antient tomb, remaining under an arch, now much funk into the ground, fuppofed to be one of the family of Horne.

This church formerly belonged to the priory of St. Martin, in Dover, to which it was given by archbishop Langton, in the beginning of king Henry III.'s reign, and was not long afterwards appropriated to it, together with the appendant chapel of Ebene; both which were confirmed by the chapter of Christ-church, in Canterbury, with the deduction of a competent portion of fixteen marcs to the vicar of it, for his maintenance.<sup>y</sup>

This church, in the 8th year of king Richard II. was valued at twenty pounds, and in this ftate it continued till the diffolution of the above priory in the 27th year of Henry VIII. when this priory, whofe revenues did not amount to the clear yearly value of two hundred pounds, was fupprefied, and, together with all its poffeffions, became vefted in the crown; after which that king, by his indenture in his 29th year, granted both the appropriation and advowfon of the vicarage, to archbifhop Cranmer, and his fucceffors, part of whofe poffeffions they remain at this time.

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The leffees of this parfonage feem to have been the fame as of the demefnes of the manor mentioned before. The prefent leffee is Richard Hulfe, efq. The

y See Ducarel's Repertory, p. 27.

vicarage

vicarage of the church of Apledore, with the parochial church or chapel of Ebeney annexed, of which the archbifhop is patron, is valued in the king's books at twenty-one pounds, and the yearly tenths at two pounds. In 1640 it was valued at one hundred pounds. Communicants in Apledore one hundred and fifty, in Ebeney eighty.<sup>2</sup>

The leffee of the rectory has been paid, time out of mind, four fhillings per acre for wheat, and two fhillings per acre for Lent corn, in lieu of all rectorial tithes. The vicar receives fix-pence per acre for all uplands, and twelve-pence an acre for all moor lands in the parifh, whether fowed or not, which is fuppofed to be in lieu of all vicarial tithes, and to comprehend the tithe of hay likewife.

Among the Lambeth archives are feveral litigations concerning tithes, between this church and those of Bruckland, Snargate, and Kenardington; and a composition between the abbot and convent of St. Augustine, and the prior and convent of St. Martin, concerning tithes of lands in Horingbroke and Sherle, anno 1247. See Ducarel's Repertory, p. 29.

### CHURCH OF APLEDORE, with the CHAPEL OF EBENEY annexed.

| PATRONS, |                       |  |  |  |
|----------|-----------------------|--|--|--|
|          | Or by whom preferred. |  |  |  |
| The      | Archbishop.           |  |  |  |

#### VICARS.

John Walfall, S. T. P. March 5, 1590, refigned 1608.<sup>2</sup> Samuel Walfall, S. T. B. Feb. 8, 1608, refigned 1611.<sup>b</sup> Robert Newman, S. T. P. Feb. 1, 1611, obt. 1612.

<sup>2</sup> See Augtn. office, deeds of purchafe and exchange, box D. 75. a Prebendary of Chichefter, one of

<sup>a</sup> Prebendary of Chichefter, one of the Six Preachers in Canterbury cathedral, and rector of Eafling, and died in 1617. Lel. Coll. vol. v. p. 210. <sup>b</sup> Son of the former. He afterwards commenced S. T. P. was rector of Wilburgham Parva, in Cambridgefhire, and mafter of Benet college in 1617. Lel.Coll. ibid.

| PA | TR | ON | s, | Sc. |
|----|----|----|----|-----|
|----|----|----|----|-----|

The Archbistop.

The King. ....

The Archbishop .....

c He appears to have continued vicar in 1639. He had been a convert from the church of Rome, and was of the family afterwards poffeffed of Aldington, in Thurnham, in this county.

d Buried in this church.

e Afterwards rector of Wittersham, by dispensation. He died at St. Stephens, near Canterbury, to which he VICARS.

Richard Sheldon, S. T. P. Nov. 27, 1612.°

John Richards, in 1646.

John Vaughan, in 1655.d

Francis Drayton, Jan. 17, 1660, obt. 1607.°

John Johnson, A. M 1697, obt. Dec. 15, 1725.

Joseph Difney, A. M. April 19, 1726, obt. August 3, 1777.<sup>g</sup> Richard Podmore, LL. B. Dec. 3, 1777, the prefent vicar.<sup>h</sup>

had retired a few years before his death.

f And vicar of Cranbrooke by difpenfation.

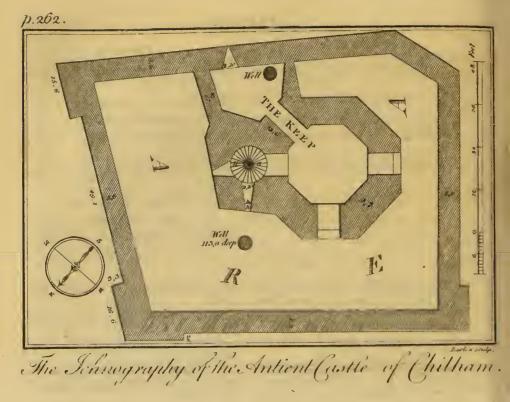
g Likewife vicar of Cranbrooke by difpenfation.

h In 1777 a difpenfation paffed for his holding this vicarage with that of Cranbrooke.



S 3

THE



# THE LATH OF SHIPWAY

AS the next eaftward from that of Scray. It is fometimes fpelt, though corruptly, Shepway, and is called in the Book of Domefday, *Limowart* and *Linnuartleft*. It is wholly within the division of Eaft Kent,

AND CONTAINS WITHIN ITS BOUNDS THE FOLLOWING HUNDREDS:

- 1. FELBOROUGH.
- 2. WYE.
- 3. CALEHILL.
- 4. CHART and LONG-BRIDGE.
- 5. LONINGBOROUGH.
- 6. FOLKESTONE.

HEANE.
 STOWTING.
 BIRCHOLTFRANCHISE.
 STREET.
 WORTH.
 NEWCHURCH.
 HAM.
 14. ALOES-

| 14. ALOESBRIDGE.       | 1 16. LANGPORT, and |
|------------------------|---------------------|
| 15. ST. MARTINS POUNT- | 17. OXNEY.          |
| NEY.                   |                     |

And likewife the CORPORATIONS of ROMNEY MARSH, FOLKE-STONE, LID, NEW ROMNEY, and HYTHE.

THE FOUR HUNDREDS OF Felborough, Wye, Calebill, and Chart and Longbridge, with the township of Ashford, were once efteemed part of the Lath of Scray, but they have been long fince feparated from it, and accounted as part of this lath.

The neutral bundred of Bircholt Barony, fo stiled in antient records, from its being exempt from the jurifdiction of any lath whatever, being furrounded by those parishes which are included in this lath, will be defcribed in courfe with those lying adjoining to it.

# THE HUNDRED OF FELBOROUGH,

WRITTEN in Domesday, Feleberge and Ferleberge, lies the next adjoining hundred eastward to that of Faversham.

| 11 | CONTAINS | WITHIN | TS BOUNDS | THE PARISHES OF    |
|----|----------|--------|-----------|--------------------|
|    | CHILHAM. |        | 1 4. Goi  | DMERSHAM, and part |

T. CHILHAM. 2. MOLASH.

of 5. CHALLOCK.

3. CHARTHAM.

And the churches of those parishes. Two constables have jurifdiction over it. Seve the Ser

CHILHAM / 4 ..... LIES upon the river Stour, about fix miles fouthward from Canterbury. It is called in Domesday, Ja Cilleham; in Saxon, Cyleham; which fignifies the cold place; and fome think this place was antiently called Julbam, or Julibam, i.e. the village or dwelling of Tulius, S 4

#### FELBOROUGH HUNDRED.

Julius, in regard to Julius Cæfar, the Roman emperor, who had feveral conflicts with the Britons in and near it.

THE PARISH of Chilham is fituated exceedingly pleafant, in a fine healthy part of the county, about fix miles fouthward from Canterbury, and nine from Ashford, the high road leading through it, a little below which the river Stour runs along the eastern part of the parish, on which there is a corn mill, long known by the name of French Mill, belonging to Mr. Wildman, and on the height above it the noted mount of earth, usually called Julliberries grave. On an eminence, almost adjoining to the opposite or west fide of the road, is the village, built moftly on the fummit of the hill, round a fmall forftal, having the church and vicarage, a neat modern built house, on the north fide of it, and the antient caftle, with the flately manfion and park of Chilham. On the opposite fide from which there is a most beautiful view over the spacious Ashford vale, through which the river Stour directs its courfe; a vale which comprehends within it a most beautiful scene, ornamented with feats, parks, towns, and churches, in the various parts of it, bounded by the majeftic tower of Ashford church in front, the fine down hills, the fummits of which are well cloathed with foliage on one fide, and the extended range of Wye and Braborne downs on the other, all together forming a most rich and luxuriant prospect.

The parifh is nearly circular, between three and four miles acrofs. The ground in it is very unequal and hilly, the foil of the hills being moftly chalk, and the vales clay. There is fome coppice wood in the fouth weft part of it towards Molafh, where it becomes, among the hills, which are bold and romantic, a barren and flinty country. About a mile northward from Chilham church is the common, or fmall heath, called Old Wives lees, over which the branch of the turnpike road goes which leads for the Afhford road abovementioned to Faverfham. Near the lees is Lower Emfin,

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Emfin, and adjoining the Blean woods. There are about one hundred and twenty houfes, and feven hundred and twenty inhabitants in this parifh.

The market mentioned to be granted below, has been difused time out of mind, and the fair on the Affumption has likewise been long difused, but there is one held here yearly on Nov. 8, for cattle, &c.

THE MANOR OF SELGRAVE in Faversham, having fallen to Sir Dudley Diggs, by escheat, and being also purchased by him of the heir of Sir Christopher Cleve, he, by a codicil to his will in 1638, devised it to charitable uses, ordering that it should be let to some tenant, who should pay over and above the quit-rents, twenty pounds per annum; and fo foon as that fum should be raifed, then that the lord of Faversham, or in his absence, the mayor, with the advice of four of the jurats, and the lord of Chilham, or in his absence, the vicar of Chilham, with the advice of four of the best freeholders, should chuse a young man, and a young maiden, of good conversation, between the ages of fixteen and twenty four; and thefe two young men and two young maidens, on the 19th of May yearly, should run a tye at Chilham, and the young man and young maid who fhould prevail, fhould each of them have ten pounds.

This running is ftill kept up; feveral young men and maids run at Old Wives-lees, in this parifh, yearly on the firft of May, and feveral others at Sheldwichlees on the Monday following, by way of trial; and the two which prevail at each of those places run for the above-mentioned ten pounds on Old Wives-lees, on the 19th of May, among a great concourse of the neighbouring gentry and inhabitants, who constantly affemble there on this occasion.<sup>1</sup> The late Mr. Heron, as lord of Chilham, endeavoured to put an end to this diversion, but found it out of his power.

<sup>i</sup> See vol. vi. of this history, p. 482.

CAMDEN

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CAMDEN fays, it was the current opinion among the inhabitants, that Julius Cæsar encamped here in his second expedition against the Britons, and that thence this parish acquired its name of Julbam, i e. Julius's station, or house ; and if he mistook not, they had truth on their fide.<sup>k</sup> Meaning this to be the place where Cæsar, in his Commentaries, says; that having marched about twelve miles he difcovered the Britons, who were advanced to the banks of a river, and began from a rifing ground to oppose the Romans and give them battle : but being repulsed, they retired to a place fortified both by art and nature in an extraordinary manner. Camden surely seems to be mittaken here; for this place is full fixteen statute miles in a direct line from Deal, which is nearly seventeen miles and a quarter by the Roman estimation; too great a difference, we must suppose, for Cæsar to be mistaken in. It is more probable, that this was the place where the Britons, the next day after the attack, which they under the command of Caffivelaun, had made on the Romans, immediately after Cæfar's return from fortifying his camp, had posted themselves, on the hills at fome distance from the Roman camp, and haraffed from thence their cavalry and attacked their foragers under C. Trebonius, rushing on them fo fuddenly from all parts, as even to fall in with the legions and their standards. If their post for this purpose was here, the fpot of it must have been at Shillingheld wood, where there are large and extensive remains of strong fortifications and entrenchments, and where the Romans afterwards, from the works already made there, and the eligibility of its fituation, placed one of their castra stativa, or more lasting encampments, to which probably the scite, where the antient castle of Chilham stands, might be an exploratory fort.

\* Camd. Brit. p. 238. Lamb. Peramb. p 306.

In

In the conflict before-mentioned between the Romans and Britons, Quintus Laberius Durus, the tribune, was flain, and is fuppofed to have been buried under the long barrow of earth upon the chalk-hill, close on the fouth-east fide of the river here, near French Mill, almoft midway between Swerdling-downs and Shillingheld, and declining towards the latter. This is now vulgarly called Julliberries grave, and is supposed to take its name from him, and to be a corruption from the words Jul. Laber. or Julii Laberius, i. e. the grave of Julius's tribune Laberius. It is in its prefent state, from north to fouth, one hundred and forty-eight feet, and in breadth forty-five feet. At the north end it has been cut away to dig for chalk, and has been reduced perhaps forty or fifty feet, or more. Archdeacon Battely, in his Antiq. Rutup. fays, it was more than one hundred and eighty feet long, more than forty broad, high feven or eight, rifing to the fummit in like fhape as our prefent graves, and placed in length east and west, and differing from them only in fize. Heneage, earl of Winchelfea, a nobleman curious and well versed in the knowledge of antiquities, searched by digging into this barrow, but found nothing to afcertain its origin, whether it was Roman or Saxon, whether it belonged to Laberius, or Cilla, from whom this village is by fome fuppofed to take its name.

The prefent keep or caftle of Chilham has not the leaft remains of Roman antiquity visible in or about it. The conftruction of the whole is plainly Norman, composed of flint, chalk, and much asheler Caen stone mixed with them. It is of an octagon form, with a square building on the east fide, in which is a wooden circular staircase. It is three stories high, the uppermost of which seems to have had the grandest apartments on it; but there are no door-ways, arches, windows, or pillars left of its time of building, to form any judgment of its original state; the ivy, with which it is venerably covered, and the modern uses it has 268

has been altered and fitted up to, having difguifed and altered every part of it. There are two wells in it, one filled up with rubbifh, the other now ufed for the fupply of the manfion. The whole area within the ditches is eight acres, and is of an oval fhape. The keep or caftle ftands clofe to the north-weft fide of it, on an eminence, below which the ditch is very deep, and the fide of it almost perpendicular. From the top of the caftle there is an extensive view of the country for many miles round, excepting towards the fouthweft, where the adjoining hills rife much above it.

CHILHAM was of eminent account in the earlieft times, and from its fituation was most probably, in the time of the antient Britons, fortified, and held by them as a place of ftrength against the Romans, who had feveral encounters in and near it with them; and afterwards, when that nation had gained a more permanent footing in this island, was more strongly fortified by them, and made use of as one of their castra stativa, or more lasting encampments; and many Roman remains have been from time to time discovered in it, in the fpot where the present mansion of the castle now ftands, with the plain appearance of a much more antient building under the foundations of it. This appeared when Sir Dudley Digges pulled down the old manfion of Chilham, and dug the foundations deeper for the prefent house, when the basis of a much more antient building was difcovered, and many culinary vessels of the Romans were found at a confiderable depth. After the Romans had deferted Britain, the Saxon chiefs feem to have kept poffeffion of it, and to have had a fortress or castle on or just by the scite of the prefent one; and in the time of the heptarchy, Widred, king of Kent, who reigned at the latter end of the 7th century, refided at it, and made it a place of

<sup>1</sup> An engraving of the ichnography of it is added to this volume.

much greater strength and defence ; and Bede notices that the villæ regiæ of the Saxons were mostly placed upon or near the places where the Romans had before made their stations and principal fortified encampments. After which, as this kingdom made but an inconfiderable figure, historians have made little mention of the feveral princes who reigned, or their transactions in it, fo that there is no following account of this place till the invalion of the Danes, who in one of their in. curfions, probably in either the year 838 or 851, in both which they took and plundered Canterbury, facked and demolished this castle, which seems after this to have remained defolate till the time of the Conqueror; though the feite and domains belonging to it appear by the record of Domesday to have been, in the reign of king Edward the Confession, in the possession of Sired de Cillcham, a noble Saxon, who had large poffettions in different parts of this county, and was in the battle of Haftings, on the fide of king Harold, by which he forfeited this estate to the Conqueror, who soon afterwards granted it to his half-brother Odo, bishop of Bajeux, under the general title of whofe lands it is thus entered in the book of Domesday :

In Feleberge bundred, Fulbert holds of the bishop, Cilleham. It was taxed at five fulings. The arable land is twenty carucates. In demesse there are two carucates, and thirty eight villeins, with twelve cottagers having twelve carucates. There is a church, and fix mills and an half, of fix pounds and eight shillings, and two fisheries of seventeen pence, and pasture of eighteen shillings and seven pence.

In Canterbury city there are thirteen houses belonging to this manor, paying fifteen shillings, and nine acres of meadow. Wood sufficient for the pannage of twenty bogs. In the time of king Edward the Confessor it was valued at forty pounds, and afterwards at thirty pounds and forty shillings. Sired held it of king Edward.

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Four

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Four years after which, on the bishop's difgrace, Chilham, among the reft of his poffeffions, became forfeited to the crown. After which this place was given to Fulbert, the former tenant of it before-mentioned, and with other lands then granted to him, made up together the barony of Fulbert, or Fobert, as it was vulgarly called from him, being held of the king in capite by barony, the tenant of them being bound by his tenure to maintain a certain number of foldiers from time to time for the defence of Dover cattle, on which account he took the name of De Dover, making Chilham the caput baronia, or chief feat of this barony, thence called THE HONOR OF CHILHAM," on which the other manors which comprehended it were dependant, which word bonor, in antient times, ulually fignified the lordship or fee of an earl or baron, and in process of time, honor and barony came to be used as words of the fame import; fo that what is faid of an honor, is allo to be underftood of a barony created by the king himfelf, the chief lord of the whole realm, and could be holden immediately of no other lord. He died in the reign of king Henry I. His descendant Robert de Dover, died, as it feems, before the 6th year of king John's reign, posseffed of this castle and honor, and wasfucceeded by Roefe his daughter and heir, during whofe time that king came and refided at Chilham caftle, in order to treat of a reconciliation with archbishop Langton. She married first Richard, ion of Roger de Chilham, afterwards called Richard de Dover; fecondly, Richard lé Fitzroy, natural fon of king John, and lastly, William de Wilton. By inquisition taken after her death, anno 56 Henry III. she was found to die possessed of the manors of Chilham, Northwood, Kingston, and Rudelingweald, all belonging to the barony of Chilham, to which barony

" See Lamb. Peramb. from pat. anno 15 Johan, p. 1, m. 8.

were

were appendant the five churches of Rudelingweald, Kingston, Northwood, Charlton, and Hothfield, in this county. Richard de Dover, her son, died afterwards s. p. and John, earl of Afceles, or Athol, in Scotland, son of Isabel his fister, by David de Strabolgie, earl of Athol, was found to be his heir; though her fecond hufband Alexander Baliol, in her right, took possession of this castle and manor, which by the courtefy of England he held during his life. She died at Chilham in 1292, and was buried in the undercroft of the cathedral of Canterbury, where her monument yet remains, with her effigies lying at full length on it, and three shields of arms, two of them, three cinquefoils, two and one; and the other, the arms of the life of Man. He died in 1305, anno 34 king Edward I. and it appears that he had fummons to parliament among the barons of this realm on his possession of this barony, and in right of it, as he had leveral times afterwards, the writs being directed, Alex. de Balliolo Dno de Chilham." And in the 19th year of the above reign, he and his wife Isabel, obtained a grant of a market here, on a Tueiday weekly, and a fair on the Aflumption of the bleffed Virgin Marv.

John, earl of Athol, above-mentioned, having been guilty of leveral acts of treafon in the wars of Scotland, against king Edward I. was in the 34th year of that reign, hanged at London, and in order to make his punishment exemplary and public, in proportion to the greatness of his birth, he was hanged upon a gallows fifty feet high, and taken down when half dead, and beheaded, and his body thrown into the fire; a punishment fo inhuman, as rarely to be practifed in this kingdom,° and his lands were confilcated

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>n</sup> See Dugd. Bar. vol. i. p. 462, 525. Rymer, tom. ii. p. 74, 248, 343.

Camden, p. 238. Dugd Bar. vol. ii. p. 95.

to the crown, where this caftle and manor flaid till king Edward II. in his 5th year, granted the fee of it, together with the hundred of Felebergh, among other lands, to Bartholomew de Badlesmere, who, from his greatness and possessions was stiled, the rich lord Badlesimere of Ledes; but in the 15th year of that reign, having joined with the difcontented barons, and refusing queen Isabel entranceinto his castle of Leeds, his lands were feized, and he himfelf, being foon afterwards taken, was executed. Upon which the king, in regard of the eminent fervices of David de Strabolgie, son of John, earl of Athol, before-mentioned, granted him that year, being his 15th, for the term of his life, the caftle, manor, and honor of Chilham, part of the possiessions of Isabel de Dover his grandmother; and on his being reftored to the poffeffion of this honor, he was frequently fummoned among the barons of this realm, by reafon of it, to parliament." On his death, anno 1 Edward III. they reverted again to the crown, whence they were granted the next year, to Giles de Badlesinere, son of Bartholomew above mentioned, the process and judgment against his father having been reversed, and two years afterwards he had a grant of free-warren in all his demeine lands here and elsewhere, and a confirmation of the grant of the market and fair in his manor of Chilebam. He died f. p. in the 12th year of that reign, leaving his four fifters his coheirs; and upon the division of their inheritance, Margery, the wife of William, lord Roos, of Hamlake, had this caftle and manor, among others, affigned to her for her share of it. At length his descendant Thomas, lord Roos, afterwards becoming a firm friend to the house of Lancafter, was attainted anno 1 Edward IV. and this caftle and manor, among the reft of his estates, became confiscated to the crown, where it did not re-

P See Dugd. Summ. to Parliament, Preface.

main

main long, for the king that year granted it to Sir John Scott, of Scotts hall, one of his privy-council, for the term of his life, who in the 16th year of that reign, had a confirmation of the market and free-warren, and in the 22d and 23d year of it he had an exemplification of all the various liberties in Chilham and Whitstaple. He died in 1485, anno 3 king Richard III. and then it again returned to the crown; where it feems to have continued till it was granted by king Henry VIII. to Thomas Manners, lord Roos, afterwards created earl of Rutland, who in the 30th year of that reign conveyed it back again, by fale, to that king, by the defcription of the honour, caftle, lordship, and manor of Chylham; with all its rights; members, and appurtenances,<sup>9</sup> all which the king, in his 32d year, granted to Sir Thomas Chene, treasurer of his houshold and warden of the five ports, to hold to him and his heirs male in capite, by knight's fervice; and in the 4th year of Edward VI. he had a grant from the king of the fame, to him and his heirs, by the like tenure. He refided here during the former reign, having added much to the grandeur of the buildings, but afterwards preferring his manor of Shurland, in the Ifle of Shepey, for his future refidence, he pulled down the greatest part of this seat of Chilham, and removing the materials to Shurland, completed a noble manfion there, at which he refided afterwards ; and Lambarde, in his Perambulation, fays, that in Leland's time, (who died in 1552) the building here at Chilham was not only commodious for use and beautiful for pleasure, but ftrong for defence and refiftance, and continued fo till the materials were removed to Shurland. His only fon Henry, afterwards knighted and created lord Cheney, of Tuddington, anno 3 Elizabeth, levied a fine of all his lands, and in the 10th year of it fold this caftle and manor to Sir Thomas Kempe, of Wye, whole fon

<sup>9</sup> Augtn. off. deeds of purchase and exchange, box A. 35. VOL. VII. T of of the fame name, of Ollantigh, leaving four daughters his coheirs, Anne, married to Sir John Cutts; Dorothy, to Sir Thomas Chicheley; Mary, to Sir Dudley Diggs, and Amy, to Sir Henry Skipwith; they, in right of their wives, became entitled jointly to this effate, and the three others foon afterwards conveying their refpective fhares, Sir Dudley Diggs and his lady became poffeffed of the entire fee of it.

Sir Dudley Diggs pulled down the antient manfion of Chilham, and on entire new foundations began to erect the present magnificent structure, which seems to have been finished for his relidence about the year 1616. He succeeded in 1637, to the office of master of the rolls, and dying here in 1638, was buried in the church of Chilham. He was descended from Roger de Mildenhall diEtus Digge, who lived in the reign of king John, whofe fon John Digge lived in the reigns of king Henry III. and Edward I. and having founded the house of the Friars Minors, in Canterbury, lies buried there, bearing for his arms, Gules, on a cross, argent, five eagles displayed, sable. James Digges, his descendant, marrying two wives, his issue by his first, fucceeded to the family poffessions and feat of Diggescourt, in Barham, under the defcription of which a further account of them may be feen; by his fecond wife he had one fon Leonard Digge, the famous mathematician in the reigns of king Edward VI. and queen Mary, whose grandson was Sir Dudley Digges above-mentioned, a man of eminent abilities, and author of several political discourses, whose character is well drawn up in his life, printed among the Oxford writers in Wood's Ath. Oxon." in which he fays, after many encomiums on his public and private virtues, that the wifest men reckoned his death among the public calamities of those times. He left feveral fons

<sup>r</sup> Vol. i. col 618. See his fpeeches in parliament among the Harleian MSS.

and

and daughters, of whom Thomas Digges, efq. the eldeft fon, fucceeded him here, and in the 1ft year of king James I. levied a fine of the barony of Fobert; otherwife called the honor and cafile of Chilbam, with appurtenances, and of the manors of Chilham, Herft, and Juvenis, alias Young. He died in 1687, leaving feveral children, of whom Sir Maurice Digges, the eldeft fon, was created a baronet in 1665, who died f. p. in 1666, in his father's life-time, as did his other fons, /. p. all but Leonard the youngeft, who remained at his father's death the only furviving fon and heir, and afterwards refided at Chilham castle, of which he died posseffed in 1717. John Digges, esq his eldest fon, poffeffed this eftate, and dying f. p. in 1719, was fucceeded in it by Col. Thomas Digges, his brother and heir, who in 1724, conveyed the honour, manor, and caftle of Chilham, with its appurtenances, and the feveral manors, lands, and premises posseffed by him in this and the adjoining parishes, to Mr. James Colebrooke, of London, who died poffeffed of them in 1752. He left three fons, the eldeft fon, Robert Colebrooke, esq. married first Henrietta, eldest daughter of lord Harry Powlet, fince duke of Bolton, who died f. p. and fecondly, Elizabeth Threfher, who is still furviving, but /. p. He died in France in 1784, and was deposited in the family mausoleum adjoining to Chilham church. James, the fecond fon, left two daughters his coheirs; Mary, married to John Aubrey, efq. and Emma, to Charles, earl of Tankerville. He was first knighted in 1759, and that year created a baronet, with remainder to his brother George, late an eminent banker, who on his death in 1761, succeeded to the title of baronet, and became chairman of the East-India company, and is still surviving. Robert Colebrooke, efq. the eldest fon, succeeded him here, and refided at Chilham caftle, which, together with the honour, manor, and caftle, and the feveral other eftates purchased by his father, as above-mentioned, he alienated

nated in 1775, under the authority of an act of parliament, to Thomas Heron, efq. of Newark upon Trent, who was heir male of the Herons, of Bokenfield, in Northumberland, of that family, which held the land-barony of Heron by antient feoffment, and of the family of the Herons, of Ford-caftle, who were barons by fummons. He was the fon of Robert Heron, the fon of John and Jane Crayle, who died at Newark in 1753, and was buried at Weftborough, near Newark, leaving four fons and two daughters. Of the fons, John died at Villeneuve St. George, near Paris, in 1753, leaving only two daughters; Thomas was the next eldeft furviving fon, and the purchafer of Chilham caftle, who had by Anne his late wife (eldeft daughter of Sir Edward Wilmot, bart.) one fon Robert, of Lincolnshire, who married Amelia, second daughter of Sir Horace Mann, bart. and two daughters, Anne and Elizabeth. Robert was rector of Shawell, in Leicesterfhire, and vicar of Basingthorpe, in Lincolnshire; and the youngest fon Richard, being in 1777 appointed principal-secretary to the earl of Buckinghamshire, lord-lieutenant of Ireland, was sworn of his Majesty's privy council in that kingdom, and in 1778 was created a baronet of Great-Britain, with remainder to Thomas Heron his brother, and his heirs male. They bear for their arms, Gules, three herons, argent." Mr. Heron afterwards refided at Chilham caftle, to which he made confiderable additions and improvements, and afterwards in 1792, conveyed this feat, with the eftate belonging to it, to Thomas Wildman, efq. who is the prefent poffessor of it, and now relides at Chilham caftle.

<sup>s</sup> A continuation of his pedigree from the Herons of Bokenfeld; the original whereof, figned by Robert Heron the father, is now remaining in the Herald's office; book 3d, D. 14, p. 95 and 96. And in 1771 his fons, the above-named Thomas, Robert, and Richard, entered in the College of Arms, a continuation of their pedigree; the original of which, figned by them, is now in that office, in book marked 6th, D. 14, p. 83, 84.

A court

A court leet and court baron is held for the manor of Chilham; at which the feveral rents due from the denberries in the Weald are likewife collected, the tenants holding them in foccage tenure. The manors and lands now held of the honour of Chilham by knight's fervice, are the manors of Huntingfield, Shillinghelde, Kyngefton, Denton, Eftewer, Herfte, Luddenham, Wetherlings, Northecourt, Colebridge, Tappington, Dyvynne, Placy, Yonge, Much Hougham, Little Hougham, Goddiflande, Sibberfton, and Maxton. The royalty of it, on the river Stour, extends from Shalmsford bridge to the bounds of Godmerfham parifh.

THE MANOR OF YOUNGS, called in antient Latin records Juvenis, alias Young, the houfe of which is fituated a little more than a mile fouth-westward from the church, was part of those lands granted to Fulbert de Dover, for the defence of Dover castle, as has been already mentioned, and made up together the barony of Fobert. Of him this manor was again held of that barony by knight's fervice, by owners who feem to have given name to it. William Juvenis, alias Yonge, held it by the above tenure, as did his defcendant Richard Juvenis afterwards in the reign of king John. After this name was extinct here, this manor came into the poffettion of the Everings, one of whom, Thomas Evering, held it in the reign of Edward III. Soon after which the family of Beverley, feated first at Harbledown, and afterwards at Fordwich, became owners of it. In which name this manor continued till at length it was alienated by George Beverley, in the 4th and 5th years of Philip and Mary, to Robert Barley, in whole defcendants it continued till about the middle of queen Elizabeth's reign, when it was fold to Fleet, defcended from those of Fleet, in the Isle of Thanet, who quickly afterwards paffed it away to

Rot. Efch. ejus an. pt. 14, 15.

Shepheard,

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Shepheard, whole descendant Richard Shepheard, clerk, died possessed of it about 1638, leaving two daughters, Mary and Ruth, his coheirs, who became entitled to it in undivided moieties." Ruth, the youngest, having married John Browne, they joined in the fale of their share of it to Anthony Hammond, elq. of St. Albans, who afterwards relided here, having married Anne, daughter of Sir Dudley Digges, by whom he had several children christened at Chilham whilft he refided at this manor-houfe, which at that time was a large manfion, though now reduced to a farm-house. Mary, the eldest coheir, afterwards dying unmarried, John Browne above-mentioned fucceeded, in right of his wife, to her moiety of it, and he and Mr. Hammond became joint possessors of it, and afterwards, about the year 1653, joined in the fale of it to Thomas Digges, efq. Since which it has continued in the fame owners that the honour of Chilham has, and as fuch is now the property of Thomas Wildman, elq. of Chilham castle. A court baron is held for this manor.

HERST is a manor here, fituated on the fouth east fide of the Ashford road, adjoining to the manor of Esture and Godmersham, which was likewise part of those lands granted to Fulbert de Dover, and made up part of his barony, as before-mentioned, of which it was held by knight's fervice, by a family who took their name from it. John de Herste held this manor in the 2d year of king John, as did his descendant Hamo de Herste in the reign of Edward II. and in the 20th year of Edward III. on the aid then levied, the heirs of John de Herste were charged for it, as being held by knight's fervice, as of the castle of Chilham. How long this name continued here I do not find ; but the next owners that I meet with, were the Darells,

" Court rolls of Chilham, from which most of the following account is taken.

and in the 30th year of Henry VIII. Thomas Darell, efq. of Scotney, held this manor of the honour of Chilham. His fon Thomas Darell, efq. alienated it to Philip Chute, efq. whofe fon Thomas, before the middle of queen Elizabeth's reign, alienated it to Sir Thomas Kempe, of Wye; who likewife purchafed the honour and caftle of Chilham. Since which the manor of Herfle has continued in the fame fucceffion of ownerfhip with it, and is now as fuch the property of Thomas Wildman, efq.

There was a fmall turret in Dover caftle, adjoining to Caldercotts tower, which belonged to the owners of this manor to defend and repair.

ESTURE, vulgarly called Efforier and Effuart, fo called from its fituation on the river Stour or Sture, is a manor in the fouth part of this parish, adjoining to Godmersham, which was likewife another part of those lands given to Fulbert de Dover, and became part of his barony of Chilham, or Fobert, as it was afterwards called from him, of which it was held again by knight's fervice, by a family of its own name. Stephen de Esture held it in the reign of king John, as did his descendant John de Esture, who lived here in the reigns of king Henry III. and Edward I. as appears by feveral antient deeds, without date, belonging to it. At length John de Esture leaving an only daughter and heir, she carried it in marriage to Thomas de Valoyns, who, in right of his wife, paid aid for it, in the 20th year of Edward III. being held as of this caftle of Chilham. Soon after which it came into the poffeffion of the family of Apulderfield, of Otterpley, in Challock, a younger branch of those of Badmangore, in Linsted, in which it continued till by a female heir Isabel it went in marriage to John Idelegh, whofe descendant William Idelegh leaving likewife an only daughter and heir Agnes, she ent tled her husband Christopher Ellenden, owner of Ellenden, in Seafalter and Bleane, to it, and from him this manor

manor defcended to Thomas Ellenden, whofe daughter and heir Mary, about the reign of Henry VIII. marrying Edward Thwayts, he became in her right posseffed of it, and in the 31st year of that reign had his lands difgavelled, by the act then patied for that purpose. He died anno 4 Edward VI. and his grandfon Thomas Thwayts, whole name is spelt Twayts, alias Twatts, in the escheat rolls, anno 7 Elizabeth; the arms of whole family were formerly in the windows of this church, being Argent, a crofs, fable, fretty, argent; quartered with Sable, a lion, rampant, crowned, or, fold this manor, about the middle of that reign to George Moreton, elq. who refided here, being descended from those of Milborne St. Andrews, in Dorfetshire. George Moreton above-mentioned, had three fons; Sir Robert, the eldeft, was a captain in the Netherlands, and posseffed this manor, where he afterwards refided, and lies buried in Chilham church, as does Anne his wife, daughter of Sir Henry Finch, and fifter of John, lord Fordwich, by whom he had two fons, George and Albert, and a daughter Mary, who all died *f. p.* She was the widow of Levin Pal-mer, fon and heir of Sir Henry Palmer, of Howletts. Sir Thomas, the fecond fon, was a colonel in the army, and left a fon Thomas; and Sir Albert, the third, was fecretary of flate to king Charles II. and married Elizabeth Apfley, by whom he had no iffue." They bore for their arms, Quarterly, gules and ermine; in the dexter, chief and finister, base, each a goat's head erased, argent, attired, or. Sir Robert Moreton, of Efture, the eldest fon, died in 1637, and was fucceeded by his fon George Moreton, efq. who, about the year 1642, alienated this manor to Sir Nathaniel Finch, king's fergeant-at-law, who bore the fame arms as the Finch's, of Eaftwell, as appears by them in the

\* Aubrey's Antiquities of Surry, vol. i. p. 39, and pedigree of Moreton in Herald's office.

windows

windows of Grays Inn hall, under which he is fliled fergeant to queen Henrietta Maria. He was succeeded in it by his kinfman John, lord Finch, baron of Fordwich, who died possessed of it in 1661, f. p. leaving his widow Mabella, daughter of Sir Charles Fotherbye, dean of Canterbury, lurviving, who after-wards by his will became possessed of this manor for her life. She died in 1669, and on her death it came, by the lord Finch's will, to Anne, lady Morgan, his niece, on whofe death it came by his entail of it to his niece Elizabeth, wife of Sir Thomas Modyford, knight and baronet, late governor of Jamaica, who bore for his arms, Ermine, on a bend, azure, a mullet, argent, between two garbs, or ; and he in her right became entitled to it, and dying about the year 1692, it defcended to his fon, of the fame name, and on his death, by the limitations in lord Finch's will, to Anne Modyford, Mary and Richard Oldfield, and William and Charles Bowles, who about the year 1734 alienated it to Thomas May, efq. of Godmersham, who afterwards took the name of Knight, and died poffeffed of it in 1781, as did his only fon and heir Thomas Knight, efq. of Godmersham, in 1794, and his widow Mrs. Catherine Knight, now of the White Friars, in Canterbury, is the present owner of it.

OLD WIVES LEES is a manor fituated in this parifh, on the fouth fide of the lees, about a mile eaftward from the church. It is now ufually called Oldslees, but its more antient and true name was Oldwoods-lees, as appears by various deeds belonging to it, fome of which are very antient and without date, and was fo called from a family of that name, who continued owners of it till the reign of Henry VI. when the daughter and heir of John Oldwood carried it in marriage to Payne, in whofe defcendants it continued down to William Payn, who refided here, and dying in 1594, lies buried in this church, bearing for

# FELBOROUGH HUNDRED.

for his arms, Parted per saltier, sable, and argent, a lion rampant, counterchanged.\* He left four daughters his coheirs, and upon the division of his eftates among them, this manor was allotted to Mary the eldeft, as the feat of her father, then married to Mr. Thomas Cobbe, the fon of Martin Cobbe, of Limne, fourth fon of Thomas Cobbe, of Aldington, in Henry VIII.'s reign, who in her right became possessed of it, and afterwards refided here; and in his descendants, who most of them lie buried in this church, it continued down to Mr. Thomas Cobbe, of Chilham, who alienated it in the beginning of this century to Thomas Belke, D. D. who died possessed of it in 1712, and by his will devifed this effate, among others, to his niece Mary, daughter of his brother Anthony, who in 1713 married Mr. Bryan Bentham, gent. of Chatham," whose eldest fon Edward afterwards became poffeffed of it, and in 1772 conveyed it by fale to John Garlin Hatch, of Deal, afterwards of Canterbury, who in 1776 alienated this manor to Thomas Heron, elq. of Chilham castle, as he again did to Thomas Wildman, elq. the present owner of it.

DINGLEY, alias BORELAND, is a fmall manor, fituated in *the borough of Boreland*, in this parifh, the houfe of it lying about three-quarters of a mile northeaft from the church, which in the reign of king Henry VIII. was in the pofferfion of Sir Matthew Brown, whofe fon Sir Anthony appears by the king's receiver's roll, in the Augmentation-office, to have been pofferfied of it in the 30th year of that reign.<sup>2</sup> After this name was extinct here, it came into the pofferfion of Auften, one of which name, Matthew Auften, died pofferfied of it about the year 1640; it

\* See pedigree of Payne, Vifitation co. Kent, 1619.

<sup>y</sup> See more of them, vol. vi. of this hiftory, p. 491.

<sup>2</sup> The account of this manor is taken from the court-rolls of that manor,

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afterwards descended down to Thomas Austen, who in 1681 alienated it to Sir John Fagg, bart. who at his death devised it to his second fon Charles Fagg, esq. whose great-grandfon the Rev. Sir John Fagg, bart. of Chartham, is the present possession of it.

Ensinge, otherwise Lower Ensinge, is another fmall manor here, fituated within the borough of Northerne, the house being about a mile and a quarter north-east from the church, which was formerly in the possession of a family of the name of Enfinge, one of whom, Robert Enfinge, in the 30th year of Henry VIII. was in possession of it, and then held it by knight's fervice of the manor of Chilham, and in one of the windows of Chilham church were formerly the arms of Enfing, Sable, three fivords erect, two and one, argent, pomels, or. After this it came into the family of Petit, in which it continued till about the year 1640, when it became divided into moieties, one of which continued in the name of Petit, whence it came to Belke, in which it remained till Anne Belke, widow, at her death in 1734, devifed her interest in it by will to her relation Mrs. Elizabeth Master, widow, who in 1744 purchased of Richard Grant the other moiety, and then became posseffed of the entire fee of it. She died about the year 1759, and by her last will devised this manor, with the lands belonging to it, to Sir Henry Oxenden, bart. the present owner of it.

SHILLINGHELD is a manor here, fituated about a mile north-weftward from the church, adjoining to Selling, and was once of eminent account, though now almost funk into obfcurity. The mansion of it flood, for there hath not been any remains of one left time out of mind, in the wood still known by the name of *Sbillingbeld wood*, being part of a farm called *Stone-flyle*, in Selling. In this wood there still appear among the various intrenchments thrown up in and about

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about it, evident marks of large buildings having once been erected in it.

It was part of those lands granted to Fulbert de Dover, for the defence of Dover-castle, as has been mentioned before, and made parcel of his barony of Chilham, called likewise from him the barony of Fobert; of which it was held again by knight's fervice, by owners who took their furname from it. John de Shyllyngheld held it in the reign of king John, as did his descendant Guido de Shillyngheld in that of king Edward II. and on the aid levied in the 20th year of Edward III. his heirs paid aid for it. After which it came into the poffeffion of John Clerke, who held it, as appears by the escheat-rolls, at his death in the 41ft year of that reign ; but soon after that Edmund Mortimer, earl of March, was become possefied of it; and he died possessed of it in the 5th year of king Richard II. when it was found by inquifition that he held it of the king in capite. as of his caftle of Dover. His two grandfons, Edmund and Roger, both died f. p. and by the inquisition taken after the death of the latter, anno 3 Henry VI. he was found to die possession of this manor, and that Richard, duke of York, fon of Anne his fifter, was his next heir. He fucceeded accordingly to this manor. But he was flain anno 39 Henry VI. in the battle of Wakefield, fought against the house of Lancaster ; and yet the inquisition after his death, by reason of the confusion of those times, was not taken till the 3d year of king Edward IV. when the king was found to be his eldeft fon and next heir ;" in which the duke is faid to have died possessed of this manor, which in fact was not fo; for the year before his death, a long attainder had paffed against him, and others, with the forfeiture of all their hereditaments. About the middle of king Edward IV.'s reign, Cicely, duchefs of York, his wi-

<sup>2</sup> See more of the Mortimers, vol. ii. of this hiftory, p. 225.

dow,

dow, the king's mother, feems to have come into the poffeffion of this manor, of which the died poffeffed anno 10 king Henry VII. and it remained in the hands of the crown till king Henry VIII. granted it in his 29th year to Thomas Hawkins, elq. of Boughton, and he had again in the 35th year of that reign new letters patent of it, to hold of the king in focage. Since which it has continued in his detcendants to the prefent time, Thomas Hawkins, efq. of Nath, in Boughton, being now owner of it, as well as of the adjoining farm of *Stone-ftyle*, in Selling.

DANE, ufually called Dane-court, is a manor in this parish, fituated about three quarters of a mile weftward from Chilham church. It was antiently the patrimony of Thomas de Garwinton, of Welle, in Littleborne, and he held it, as appears by antient court-rolls, in the reigns of king Edward I. and II. His great-grandchild William Garwinton, of Welle, dying f. p. in the 11th year of Henry IV. Joane Garwinton was found by inquifition to be his coufin and next of kin, and she having married Richard Haut, a younger branch of those of Bourne, he, in her right became entitled to it. His fon Richard lived in the reign of Henry VII. and left an only daughter and heir Margerie, who carried it in marriage to William Ifaak, whole descendant Edward Ifaak, in the beginning of queen Elizabeth's reign, alienated this manor to Mr. Edward Hales, the third fon of Edward Hales, elq. of Tenterden, who, as appears by a date now remaining on this house, rebuilt it in 1580, and refided in it. He died in 1586, and was buried in this church. His fon Edward refided at Faversham, where he died in 1634, leaving his four fons, Edward, Thomas, James, and John, his coheirs in gavelkind, who in 1635 conveyed this manor, with its appurtenances, to Robert Dixon, of Chilham, yeoman, and he in 1650 conveyed it to Robert Sprakeling, gent. of Boughton Aluph, descended from those of St. Laurence, in the Ifle

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Ifle of Thanet, being of a younger branch of them. In whofe defcendants it continued down to Robert Sprakeling, gent. who in 1743 conveyed it to James Colebrooke, efq. of Chilham-caftle, after which it paffed, in like manner with the honor of Chilham, to Thomas Heron, efq. who fold it to Thomas Wildman, efq. the prefent poffeffor of it.

DENNE is a manor which lies at the north weft extremity of this parifh, and feems to have had the fame owners formerly that the above-defcribed manor of Dane had, and continued fo till Robert Dixon, owner likewife of that manor, alienated it to Clement, whofe defcendant Richard Clement, gent. devifed the manor of Denne by his will, about the year 1736, to his daughter Catherine, wife of Bryan Taylor, gent. after whofe death it was, in 1785, conveyed by fale, under a decree of the court of chancery, to Cyprian Rondeau Bunce, gent. of Canterbury, who afterwards alienated the fame to Mr. James Finch, of that city, the prefent owner of it. A court baron is held for this manor.

## CHARITIES.

HENRY PEMBLE, gent. of Chilham, by will in 1599, gave to the poor 10l. with which was purchased a piece of land, containing an acre and an half, in Chilham, which was conveyed in truft, for the churchwardens to bestow the profits yearly upon poor people, who should dwell in this parish.

WILLIAM FOGGE, gent. of Chilham, by will in 1616, gave to the poor 10l. to be laid out in the purchafe of land; which, in confequence of a decree by the commiffion for charitable ufes in 1627, was laid out in the purchafe of one acre and an half of land, which was conveyed in truft to the churchwardens, for the ufe of the poor of this parifh.

THOMAS PETIT, ESQ. of St. George's, Canterbury, by his will in 1626, devifed 50l. to be difpoled of to young married people for ever, the pooreft, as near as might be, of each of the four parifhes of Chilham, Chartham, the parifh where he flould die, and Chiftlet, to be nominated by the feveral ministers, churchwardens, and overfeers of the poor respectively; and that no controverfy might be, how many of each parifh should be appointed, he willed, that the commission, or othicial of the diocefe of Canterbury, should from time to time direct how many poor couples couples of young married people of each of the parifhes refpectively fhould enjoy this gift; and he ordered that when the truftees originally named, fhould be reduced to five, they were to convey this land to other feoffees, of this parifh, fo that there fhould always be ten feoffees.

SIR DUDLEY DIGGS, by a codicil to his will in 1638, charged his lands in Chilham with 201. per annum, to be paid every 25<sup>th</sup> of March, to the churchwardens, for the yearly repair of the little burying-place he had then built; and that then on the 19th of May, they fhould give to the young men of Chilham, who fhould ring a peal in remembrance of him, 20s. for their dinner; which done, whatever fhould be left, fhould be diffributed between 20 poor men, 20 poor women, and 20 poor children of Chilham, as took no allowance from the common purfe; to be nominated by the advice of the lord of the manor, the vicar of the church for the time being, and the fleward of the court, or fome one of them.

The churchwardens and overfeers of the poor of this parifh, for the fum of 50l. purchafed one parcel of land, called Badlef. mere land, in Selling, containing five acres; and another piece, called Womens knole, in Chilham, containing two acres, to the use of the poor of this parish for ever.

A FIELD in Chilham, containing one acre and a quarter, belongs to this parish; but by whom given, or to what use, is unknown.

JOHN FINN, in 1702, fold to the churchwardens all his intereft for feveral long terms of years, in a houfe and orchard, containing half an acre, in truft for this parifh, for the relief of the poor of it. After which, the houfe becoming fo decayed and ruinous, as to be no longer in a condition to be fupported, the parifhioners rebuilt it at a confiderable expence, and kept their poor in it till 1736, when James Colebrooke, efq. of Chilham caftle, in confideration of the terms and premifes being affigned to him, conveyed to truftees, for the ufe of the parifh, a piece of ground, fituated near Burgoine lane, in this parifh, on which he had erected for this purpofe, a range of buildings, containing eight rooms or different dwelling for the poor of it to dwell in, and to be difpofed of from time to time afterwards, in like manner as the other houfe and land was directed to be difpofed of.

LEWIS GOLD, who lived fervant with Robert Colebrooke, efq. at Chilham caffle, by his will in 1785, gave to this parifh 201. to be laid out at interest for the benefit of the poor of it for ever.

The poor constantly relieved are about fifty, calually forty.

CHILHAM is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JU-RISDICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Bridge.

The

The church, which is dedicated to St. Mary, is a handsome building, confifting of a body and twoifles, all covered with lead, and a high chancel, with two chapels, one of which is dedicated to St. Anne, on the fouth fide; there was a chantry on the north fide, now pulled down, with a transept, all covered with tile. It has a tower fteeple at the west end, on one corner of which is a beacon turret, which till of late was covered with a small spire. There are fix bells and a clock in it. The steeple was built about the year 1534, as appears by a legacy towards the building of it. In the chancel is a monument for Margaret, fister of Sir D. Digges, wife of Sir Anthony Palmer, K. B. obt. 1619. He lies buried here, within the altar-rails, obt. 1630. A memorial for Anne St. Leger, mother of Sir D. Diggs, obt. 1636, and leveral memorials for the Fogges. In the body of the church are memorials for the Cumberlands, Paynes, Cobbes, Belkes, and Bates; in the north transept, for Masters, Petits, Spracklyns, and Cobbe; and in the fouth one for Dixon. There were formerly in the windows the arms of Enfing and Thawyts, as has been already mentioned, and of Ross and Honywood. In the chapel on the fouth fide of the chancel, probably that of St. Anne, is the burial vault built by Sir Dudley Diggs, for himfelf and family, and referred to by his will, in it many of this family lie buried; and in the chapel is a monument for Mary Kempe, lady Digges, wife of Sir Dudley, with her genealogy and that of Digges, and another for Sir D. Digges himfelf, 1638; and on the north fide, probably where the old chantry above-mentioned was, is a circular mausoleum, with a cupola at top, built by the Colebrooke family for their use.

The church of Chilham was antiently an appendage appurtenant to the honor and manor of Chilham; but fo early as the reign of king Stephen it was feparated from it, and in the pofferfion of William de de Ipre, who in 1153 gave it to the priory of Throwley, which was confirmed by king Stephen that year.<sup>b</sup>

This religious houfe was an alien priory, eftablished as a cell to the Benedictine abbey of St. Bertin, the capital of Artois, in Flanders, from whence a certain number of monks, who were mostly foreigners, and removeable at pleasure, were fent over, with a prior at their head, who were little more than flewards to their fuperior abbey, to which they returned the revenues of their possible annually; for which reafon, during the wars with France, as their revenues went to support the king's enemies, these kind of houses were generally feized, and restored again upon the return of peace.

In the 8th year of king Richard II. this church of Chilham was valued at forty pounds, at which time it was become appropriated to this cell, and a vicarage was endowed in it. In which fituation both parlonage and vicarage remained till the general suppression of the alien priories throughout England, in the 2d year of Henry V. when this of Throwley was, among others, fuppteffed, and it feems to have remained in the hands of the crown till king Henry VI. in his 22d year, fettled it on the monastery of Sion, founded by his father. With which this church and vicarage continued till the general suppression of religious houses, this of Sion being one of those greater monasteries diffolved by the act of 31 Henry VIII. by which all fuch, together with their poffeffions, were given to the king. This parlonage and vicarage thus coming into the hands of the crown, the king in his 32d year, granted the rectory of Chilhami, together with the chapel of Molash, and the advowsion of the vicarage of the church of Chilham, with all their ap-

<sup>b</sup> The charters of this gift and confirmation were till lately in the treafury of the abbey of St. Bertin, as were feveral others relating to this church.

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purtenances, together with the manor of Chilham, to Sir Thomas Chene, in manner as has been already mentioned ;° whofe only fon and heir Henry, lord Cheney, of Tuddington, in the 3d year of queen Elizabeth levied a fine of all his lands, and foon afterwards feems to have alienated a moiety of the parfonage of Chilham, with all the tithes and emoluments belonging to it, arifing on the east of the high road leading from Godmersham, through Chilham town to Faversham; and they are now the property of the Rev. Sir John Fagg, bart. The great tithes of the chapel and parish of Molash seem to have been alienated by him at the fame time, as will be further mentioned hereafter; but the other moiety and remainder of the parsonage of Chilham, with all the tithes arising in the parish, on the other or west fide of the above-mentioned high road, together with the advowfon of the vicarage of Chilham, with the appendant chapel of Molash, was alienated by him, together with the honor and caftle, in the 10th year of queen Elizabeth, to Sir Thomas Kempe, fince which they have paffed together in manner as has been more fully mentioned before, in a like fucceffion of ownership down to Thomas Wildman, efq. the prefent poffeffor of this part of the parfonage, and patron likewife of the advowion of the church of Chilham.

The vicarage of Chilham, with the chapel of Molash, is valued in the king's books at 131. 6s. 8d. and the yearly tenths at 11. 6s. 8d. In 1578 here were communicants three hundred and fifty nine. In 1640 it was valued at eighty-nine pounds. Communicants three hundred and seventy-feven. It is now worth two hundred pounds per annum.

IT HAS BEEN mentioned, that there was A CHAN-TRY on the north fide of this church. It was endowed with twenty-two acres of land, as appears by the roll

? Rot. Efch. ejus an. pt. 7. Ibid. pt. 1.

## CHILHAM.

in the Augmentation-office, of 30 Henry VIII. This chantry was *diffolved* by the act of the 1ft year of king Edward VI. The laft incumbent of it, John Caftelyn, was living anno 1553, and had then a penfion of fix pounds.<sup>d</sup>

By the furvey of chantries in the above office, taken in the 2d year of king Edward VI. it appears that Robert Pell gave a house and garden in Chilham, on condition that the flipendiary priest there should live in it.

There was in 1349 A CHAPEL in the caftle of Chilham, called the free chapel of the bleffed Virgin Mary, of which Margery, lady Roos, daughter of Bartholomew, lord Badlefmere, and widow of William, lord Roos de Hamlake, was patronefs, and accordingly that year, at her prefentation, the fee of Canterbury being then vacant, one Ofbertus was admitted by the prior and chapter of Chrift-church, perfonally to ferve as a perpetual chaplain in it.

## CHURCH OF CHILHAM, with the CHAPEL OF MOLASH annexed.

| PATRONS,<br>Or by whom prefented. | VICARS.                                                     |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| Sir Thomas Kempe                  | Ezechias Fogg, gent. 1568, obt<br>Sept. 22, 1622.           |
| Sir Dudley Diggs                  | Thomas Jackfon, S. T. P. ind<br>Dec. 17, 1624.              |
| Thomas Diggs, efq                 | William Belke, A. M. ind. Oct.<br>21, 1646, refigned.       |
|                                   | Sampson Horne, A. M. ejected<br>1662. <sup>f</sup>          |
|                                   | Robert Cumberland, A B. ind.<br>Feb. 2, 1663, obt. March 9, |

1711.8

d Willis's Mitred Abbeys, vol. li. p. 104.

• He lies buried in the chancel, and is called gentleman on his gravettone. He is there faid to be defeended from the Fogges of Ripton. He was poffeffed of effates in this parith, where his pofferity, many of whom lie buried in this church, continued many years afterwards.

f Ejected by the Bartholomew A&. See Kennet's Chron. and Calamy's Life of Baxter, p 286.

E He lies buried in this church.
 PATRONS.

PATRONS, Oc.

Leonard Diggs, esq. .....

James Colebrooke, esq. .....

Robert Colebrooke, esq. .....

John Key, patron for this turn. ...

h He was likewife rector of Warehorne, and was buried in this church.

1 Brother of Sir Wyudham Knatchbull, bart. and was chancellor and prebendary of Durham. He rebuilt the prefent vicarage-houfe.

#### VICARS.

Richard Bate, A. B. inducted Oct. 9, 1711, obt. March 4, 1736.<sup>h</sup>

Wadham Knatchbull, LL. B. ind. March 8, 1739, obt. Dec. 1760.<sup>1</sup>

Philip Francis, A. M. inducted June 22, 1761, refig. 1762.<sup>k</sup> Jarvis Kenrick, A. B. inducted July 1762, the prefent vicar.

k He was alfo reftor of Skeyton, in Norfolk, and refigned this vicarage for the reftory of Barrow, in Suffolk. He was author of the tranflation and commentaries on Horace, a tranflation of Demofihenes, and feveral other learned works.

## MOLASH

IS the next parifh weftward from Chilham; it is a parifh which lies very obfcurely among the hills, being little known, and having very little traffic through it. The village, which is ftraggling, is fituated near the weftern boundaries of it, the parifh of Wye joining clofe up to it. The church ftands clofe on the north fide of the village; there are about fifty houfes, and two hundred and fixty-five inhabitants, the whole is much covered with coppice wood, moftly beech, with fome little oak interfperfed among it; the country is very hilly, and the foil of it very poor, being moftly an unfertile red earth, mixed with abundance of flints.

There is a fair held here on the 16th of July yearly, formerly on the Monday after St. Peter and St. Paul.

THE HONOR OF Chilham claims paramount over this parifh, *fubordinate* to which is THE MANOR OF BOWER, alias FLEMINGS, which is fituated in the borough of Godfole, northward from the church, it took

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the latter of those names from the family of Fleming, who were once the possessions of it; one of whom, John de Fleming, appears by a very antient courtroll of this manor, to have been owner of it, and in his defcendants it probably continued for fome time; but they were extinct here in the reign of Henry VI. in the 24th year of which, as appears by another antient court-roll, it was in the polfession of John Trewonnalle, in which name it continued down to the reign of king Henry VIII. and then another John Trewonnalle alienated it to Thomas Moyle, efq. afterwards knighted, and he owned it in the 30th year of that reign; and in his defcendants it remained till the reign of king James I. when it was alienated to Mr. Henry Chapman; at length his descendant Mr. Edward Chapman leaving three fons, Edward, Thomas, and James Chapman, they became posseffed of it as coheirs in gavelkind, and afterwards joined in the fale of it to Christopher Vane, lord Barnard, who died in 1723, leaving two fons, Gilbert, who fucceeded him in the north of England; and William, who poffeffed his father's feat at Fairlawn, and the reft of his eftates in this county, having been in his father's life-time created viscount Vane, of the kingdom of Ireland. He died in 1734, as did his only fon and heir William, vifcount Vane, in 1789,  $\int p p^{1}$  who devifed this manor, among the reft of his effates in this county and elsewhere, to David Papillon, esq. late of Acrile, the present possesfor of it.

WITHERLING is a manor in this parifh, fituated likewife in the borough of Godfole. In the antient records of Dover calle, this manor is numbered among those estates which made up the barony of Fobert, and was held of Fulbert de Dover, as of that barony, by knight's service, by a family of its own

<sup>1</sup> See a further account of the family of Vane, in vol. v. of this hiftory, p. 48.

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name.

name. Robert de Witherling appears to have held it in the reign of king John, as one knight's fee, by the fame tenure ; in whose descendants it continued down to the reign of king Henry VI, when Joane Witherling was become heir to it, and then carried it in marriage to William Keneworth, whofe fon, of the fame name, paffed it away in the reign of Henry VII. to John Moile, of Buckwell, who died poffeffed of it in the 15th year of that reign, as appears by the inquifition taken after his death, and that it was held of Dover caftle. His fon John Moyle fold this manor, in the 4th year of Henry VIII. to Hamo Videan, defcended of a family of good note in this county. There is mention made of them in the Parish Regifter, from the first year of it, 1557, to the prefent time; but they have been decayed a long time, and their possessions difpersed among other owners; but there is still a green in this neighbourhood, called from them Videan's, (by the common people Vidgeon's) forflal. In his defcendants it continued till the reign of king Charles II. when it was conveyed, by a joint conveyance, from that name to Mr. Tho. Thatcher, whofe daughter Mary carried it in marriage to Mr. Henry Bing, of Wickhambreux, whole ion John Bing<sup>m</sup> fold it to Mr. Edward Baker, for the fatisfying his fifter's fortune, whom the latter had married ; and on his dying inteftate, this manor descended to his four fons, Thomas Baker, clerk, Edward, Henry, and Bing Baker, who joined in alienating it, about 1771, to Thomas Knight, efq. of Godmersham, whole only fon and heir of the same name died possessed of it in 1794, f. p. and by will devifed this manor to Edward Austen, esq. then of Rowling, but now of Godmersham, who is the present owner of it. A court baron is held for this manor.

<sup>m</sup> See more of the Thatchers and Bings, vol. v. of this hiftory, P. 558, 559.

CHILES?

CHILES, alias SLOW-COURT, is a fmall manor in this parish, which some years fince belonged to the family of Goatley, which had been fettled here from the time of queen Nary. One of them, Laurence Goatley, died poffeffed of it in 1608. He then dwelt at his houfe in this parish, called Bedles, and was lefsee of the parsonage. Searles Goatley, esq the last of this family, was brought from Maidftone a few years ago, and buried in this church. Laurence Goatley devised this manor to his third fon Laurence, one of whole descendants passed it away to Moter, and in 1661 Alice Moter, alias Mother, of Bethersden, sold it to John Franklyn, gent. of this parish, whose daughter carried it in marriage to Thomas Benson, of Maidstone, and he in 1676, by fine and conveyance, paffed it away to Robert Saunders, gent. of that town, as he again did in 1703 to Efther Yates, widow, of Mereworth, whole executors in 1716 conveyed it to David Fuller, gent. of Maidstone, who dying s. p. devifed it in 1751 by will to his widow Mary, who at her death in 1775, gave it to her relation, William Stacy Coast, esq. now of Sevenoke, the present proprietor of it.

## CHARITIES.

SIMON RUCK, gent. of Stalisfield, and SARAH his wife, by indenture in 1672, in confideration of 35l. granted to Thomas Chapman, gent. and John Thatcher, both of Molafh, a piece of land containing three acres, called Stonebridge, in this parifh, for the ufe, maintenance, and relief of the poor of this parifh for ever.

THOMAS AMOS, yeoman, of Ofpringe, by will in 1769 gave rool. in truft, to be laid out in the public funds, and the dividends to be yearly paid, on the day of St. Thomas the Apoftle, to the churchwardens, to be diffributed to the most necessitous poor of Molash; which, with other money of the parish was laid out in the purchase of 1251. three per cent. reduced Bank Annuities.

The poor conftantly relieved are about nine, cafually twenty. five.

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THIS PARISH is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JURIS-DICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Bridge.

The church, which is dedicated to St. Peter, is a fmall mean building, confifting of one ifle and one chancel, having a pointed turret, fhingled, at the weft end, in which are three bells. There are feveral memorials of the Chapmans in this church, and in the isle is a stone, inscribed Pulvis Chapmannorum, under which is a vault, wherein feveral of them lie. In the chancel there is an antient graveftone, coffin-fhaped, with an inteription round, in old French capitals, now, through time, illegible. The font is antient, having on it, Gules, three right hands couped, argent; a crefcent for difference. In the Parish Register, which begins in 1558, are continual entries of the Videans, Goatleys, Franklyns, Thatchers, Chapmans, Moyles, and Wildish's, from that year almost to the prefent time. It is efteemed only as a chapel of eafe to Chilham, and as fuch is not rated feparately in the king's books.

The great tithes or parlonage of this parish were formerly a part of the rectory or parsonage of Chilham, and as fuch belonged to the alien priory of Throwley, on the suppression of which, anno 2 king Henry V. they were given to the monaftery of Sion, which being diffolved by the act of 31 Henry VIII. they came, with the reft of the poffeffions of that house, into the king's hands, whence the parsonage of Chilham, which included this of Molath, was granted next year, together with the honor and cafile, and other premises, to Sir Thomas Cheney, whole fon Henry, lord Cheney, alienated the whole of them in the 10th year of queen Elizabeth, to Sir Thomas Kempe, of Wye, who in the 21ft year of that reign , alienated the parfonage or great tithes of this parifh to William Walch, who held the fame in capite, and he that year fold it to John Martyn, who as quickly paffed

paffed it away to Richard Tooke, whofe defcendant Nicholas Tooke, in the 25th year of that reign, conveyed it in 1633, by the defcription of the manor of Molath, and all the glebes and tithes of this parifh, to Sir James Hales, in which name it continued fome time, till it was at length fold to Sir Dudley Diggs, who devifed it to his nephew Anthony Palmer, efq. whofe brother Dudley Palmer, efq. of Gray's Inn, in 1653, was become owner of it. It afterwards belonged to the Meads, and from them came to Sir Thomas Alfton, bart. of Odell, in Bedfordthire, who lately died poffeffed of it, and his devifees are now entitled to it.

This church being a chapel of eafe to that of Chilham, conflitutes a part of that vicarage, the vicar of it being prefented and inflituted to the vicarage of the church of Chilham, with the chapel of Molafh annexed.

In 1585 here were communicants one hundred and twenty-fix. In 1640 there were only forty communicants here.

# CHARTHAM,

CALLED in Domesday, *Certeham*, lies the next parish eastward from Chilham. The greatest part of it is in the hundred of Felborough, and some small part of it, viz. the manor of Horton, in the hundred of Bridge and Petham.

THE PARISH of Chartham is pleafantly fituated, a great part of it in the fertile vale of paftures through which the river Stour takes its courfe, between a continued feries or range of lofty hills, over which this parifh extends; the high road from Canterbury to Afhford leads through it, moftly on high ground, from which there is a moft pleafing view of

of the vale and river beneath, as well as of the oppofite hills, whofe fummits are cloathed with the rich foliage of the contiguous woods. Though the foil in the valley is rich pasture, yet the hills are poor and barren, those rising from the vale are chalk, further on they are a cludgy red earth, mixed with flints, much covered with coppice woods, and a great deal of rough land, with broom and heath among it, bordering on a dreary country. The parish is large, and is fuppofed to be about twelve miles in circumference. It contains about ninety-feven houfes, and five hundred inhabitants. The village of Chartham is fituated close on the fide of the river Stour, the houses of it are mostly built round a green, called Charthamgreen, having the church and parsonage on the south fide of it. On this green was till within these few years, a large manfion houfe most of which being burnt down, the remains have fince been known by the name of Burnt-boufe. It was formerly the refidence of the Kingsfords, feveral of whom lie buried in this church, whofe arms were, Two bends, ermine. At length William Kingsford, efq. in 1768, fold it to William Waller, who alienated it in 1786 to Mr. Robert Turner, as he did again to Allen Grebell, efq. who fold it in 1795 to Mr. John Gold, the pre-fent owner of it. Near it is a handfome modern-built house, formerly the property and refidence of Dr. John-Maximilian Delangle, rector of this parish and prebendary of Canterbury, and from him ufually named the Delangle house. He died possessed of it in 1729. It was late the property of John Wotton, elq. who died in August, 1798, and devifed it to Mary, the wife of Benjamin Andrews; gent. of Stouting, for her life; and after her decease to Thomas Wotton, gent. of the Tile-lodge farm, in Sturry, and his heirs for ever. On the river Stour here, is a paper-mill, belonging to the dean and chapter of Canterbury. In 1763, William Pearlon, the leffee by will, gave this leafehold

leasehold estate to his wife Sarah for life, remainder to his fon Thomas Pearfon, his executors, &c. Sarah Pearson renewed the lease in her own name in 1765. In 1766 Thomas Pearson fold the lease to his brother James Pearlon absolutely, after the death of their mother, and of the faid Thomas Pearlon, and Elizabeth his wife, or any after taken wife, without iffue of the faid Thomas. In 1767 the faid Thomas Pearfon and Elizabeth, fold all their intereft in the premiles to David Ogilvy. In the fame year the faid Thomas and James affigned the premifes to the faid Ogilvy, by way of mortgage, redeemable by James if Thomas died without iffue. In 1768 James became a bankrupt. In 1789, Sarah and James being both dead, Ogilvy renewed the leafe in his name. In 1792 Ogilvy, Thomas Pearlon, and the furviving affignces, under James Pearson's commission, affigned the premises absolutely, to Edward Pain, paper-maker, of Chartham, (fon of Leeds Pain, decealed) who now holds the lease, and occupies the estate.

That part of this village on the oppofite fide of the river Stour, is called Rattington, being in the borough of that name. The northern part of this parish is mostly high ground, and covered with woods, extending almost up to the high Boughton road to London, through which the boundaries of it are very uncertain, from the different growths of the high wood in them; and there have been feveral contells relating to the bounds in this part of the parish, on account of the payment of tithes to the rector of Chartham; the lands without the bounds of it on the north fide being exempt from all tithes whatever, as being within the king's antient forest of Blean, now ufually called the ville of Dunkirk. Among them are the two hamlets, called Chartham hatch and Bovehatch, vulgarly Bowhatch; and near the foriner a large hoath, the foil of which is fand and gravel, and, from the poornels of it, but of little value. This hoath,

hoath, as well as the lands near it, called Highwood, both claim, as I am informed, an exemption from paying tithes, as part of the manor of Densted.

Among the woods at the north-weft boundaries of the parifh, is a houfe and grounds called *the Fi/hponds*, which, though now gone to ruin, were formerly made and kept at a large expence, by Samuel Parker, gent. the grandfon of Dr. Parker, bifhop of Oxford, and rector of this church, who refided here. It is now in the joint poffeffion of Mrs. Bridges, of Canterbury, and William Hammond, efq. of St. Alban's, in this county.

About a mile west from Densted, in the northwest part of this parish, is a stream of water, called *the Cranburne*, which is a strong chalybeate. It rifes among the woods on the fouth fide of the high London road, running through the fish-ponds beforementioned, and thence into the river Stour, near Whitehall, a little below Tonford.

On the opposite fide of the valley, close to the river Stour, is the hamlet of Shalmsford-ftreet, built on the Afhford high road, and the bridge of the fame name, of ftone, with five arches, repaired at the expence of the hundred of Felborough, over which the abovementioned road leads; and at a fmall diftance above it is a very antient corn-mill, called Shalmsford-mill, formerly belonging to the prior and convent of Chriftchurch, and now to the dean and chapter of Canterbury. There are two more hamlets on the hills of the fouthern parts of this parifh, one at Myftole, and the other at Upperdowne, near it, behind which this parifh reaches fome diftance among the woods, till it joins Godmerfham and Petham.

There is a fair annually held at Chartham on St. Peter's day, June 29.

On the chalky downs, called *Chartham Downs*, adjoining the fouth fide of the Afhford road, about four miles from Canterbury, being high and dry ground, with with a declivity towards the river Stour; there are a great number of *tumuli*, or *barrows* near, one hundred perhaps of different fizes near each other, this fpot being defcribed in the antient deeds of the adjoining eftates by the name of Danes banks. Several of them have at times been opened, and the remains of bodies, both male and female, with various articles of trinkets, &c. have been found in them. Beyond thefe, on the contiguous plain, called Swadling downs, ftill more fouthward, there are three or four lines of intrenchments which crofs the whole downs from eaft to weft, at different places, and there is a little intrenchment in the road, under Denge wood, a little eaftward above Julliberies grave.

Various have been the conjectures of the origin of these barrows, some have supposed them to have been those of the Britons, stain in the decisive battle with Cæsar, under Cassivelawn, others that this place was the sport appropriated for the burial of the Roman garrison at Canterbury, whilst others suppose them to have belonged to the Danes, who might be opposed here in their attempts to pass the river Stour, in their further progress into this island.

In the year 1668, in the finking of a new well at Chartham, there was found, about feventeen feet deep, a parcel of ftrange and monftrous bones, together with four teeth, perfect and found, but in a manner petrified and turned into ftone, each as big as the fift of a man. These are supposed by learned and judicious perfons, who have seen and confidered them to be the bones of some large marine animal, which had perished there; and it has been by some conjectured," that the long vale, of twenty miles or more, through which the river Stour runs, was formerly an arm of the sea

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Mr. Somner, in "Chartham News," printed in Phil. Tranf. No. 272, and in Battely's Somner, p. 186. Dr. Wallis in Phil. Tranf. N. 275.

(the river, as they conceive, being named Stour from *aftuarium*); and laftly, that the fea having by degrees filled up this vale with earth, fand, and coze, and other matter, ceafed to difcharge itfelf this way when it broke through the ifthmus between Dover and Calais. Others have an opinion, that they were the bones of elephants, abundance of which were brought over into Britain by the emperor Claudius, who landed near Sandwich, who therefore might probably come this way in his march to the Thames, the fhape of thefe teeth agreeing with a late defcription of the grinders of an elephant, and their depth under ground being probably accounted for by the continual wafhing down of the earth from the hills.

IN THE YEAR 871, duke Elfred gave to archbishop Ethelred, and the monks of Christ-church, the parish of Chartham, towards their cloathing, as appears by his charter then made, or rather codicil; and this gift of it was confirmed to them in the year 1052, by king Edward the Confessor; and it continued in their possible for at the time of taking the general furvey of Domessday, in the year 1084, in which it is thus entered, under the title of *Terra Monachorum Archiepi*, i. e. lands of the monks of the archbishop, as all lands belonging to that monastery were.

In Feleberg bundred, the archbishop bimself holds Certeham. It was taxed at four sulings. The arable land is fourteen carucates. In demessione there are two, and sixty villeins, with sisteen cottagers, having sisteen carucates and an half. There is a church and one servant, and sive mills and an half of seventy shillings, and thirty acres of meadow, and wood for the pannage of twenty sive hogs. In the time of king Edward the Confessor, and when he received it, it was worth twelve pounds, now twenty pounds, and yet it pays thirty pounds.

The poffeffions of the priory here were after this augmented by Wibert, who became prior in 1153, who reftored to it the great wood of Chartham, containing

taining forty acres, which the tenants had long withheld. After which, in the reign of king Edward I. THIS MANOR OF CHARTHAM, with its appurtenances, was valued at thirty-four pounds,° at which time there appears to have been a vineyard here, plentifully furnifhed with vines, belonging to the priory, as there were at feveral of their other manors; and in the 25th year of the fame reign Robert Winchelfea, archbifhop of Canterbury, having fallen under the king's difpleafure, difmiffed moft of his family, and lived privately here at Chartham with one or two priefts, and went almoft every Sunday and holiday to preach in feveral of the adjoining churches.

King Edward II. by his charter in his 10th year, granted and confirmed to the prior of Chrift-church, *free-warren* in all his demelne lands in this manor among others, which he or any of his predeceffors had acquired fince the time of his grandfather, fo that the fame were not within the bounds of his foreft.

The buildings on this manor were much augmented and repaired both by prior Chillenden, about the year 1400, and by prior Goldston, who about the year 1500 rebuilt the prior's stables here and his other apartments with brick. This manor continued part of the possession of the priory till its diffolution in the 31st year of Henry VIII. when it was surrendered into the king's hands, with whom this manor did not continue long, for the king settled it, among other premises, in his 33d year, on his new-erected dean and chapter of Canterbury, part of whose inheritance it still continues.

A court leet and court baron are regularly held for this manor by the dean and chapter, but the courtlodge and demelnes of the manor are demiled by them on a beneficial leafe. At the time of the diffolution, anno 30 Henry VIII. Thomas Thwayts was

· Battely's Somner, pt. ii. append. p. 50.

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lesse of it. John Baker, esq. of St. Stephen's, near Canterbury, is the present lesse.

THE DEANRY is a large antient feat, fituated adjoining to the court-lodge, being part of those posseffions belonging to the late priory of Christ-church, in Canterbury, and was formerly the capital manfion of their manor here, being made use of most probably as a place of refidence and retirement for the prior himfelf; and it was most probably to this house that archbishop Winchelsea retired, as has been mentioned before, in king Edward the Ift.'s reign, whilft under that king's displeasure. In which flate it remained till the diffolution, when it came, with the adjoining meadows belonging to it, among the reft of the poffeffions of the priory in this parish, into the hands of the crown, and was next year fettled by the king on his new-crected dean and chapter of Cauterbury; after which it feems to have been allotted to and made ule of in like manner as it was by the priors before, by the deans of Canterbury, for their country refidence; in particular dean Bargrave refided much at this manfion, in the windows of which his arms, with the quarterings of his family alliances, in feveral shields, remained till within these few years. The confusion of the times which immediately followed his death, preventing the refidence of any dean here, this manfion feems to have fallen into the hands of the chapter, who foon afterwards leafed it out, with a refervation of a part of the yearly rent to the dean and his fucceffors; and it has continued under the like demifes to the prefent time, though there have been feveral attempts made by fucceeding deans to recover the poffeffion of it to themfelves. The Whitfields were for fome length of time leffees of it, afterwards the Lefroys, then Mr. Lance, and after him Mr. Coaft, who greatly augmented and improved this manfion, and refided in it till he fold his interest in it

to

to John Thomson, esq. and he conveyed it in 1797 to William Gilbee, efq. the present lesse of it.

There was a large chapel belonging to this manfion, which was taken down in 1572.

DENSTED is a manor, fituated among the woods in the northern part of this parish, next to Harbledown, in the ville of its own name, part of which extends into that parish likewise. It was antiently part of the eftate of the family of Crevequer, and was given in the 47th year of Henry III. by Hamo de Crevequer, to the priory of Leeds, founded by one of his anceftors, which gift was confirmed, together with the tithes of Densted, to the priory at leveral different times, by the feveral archbishops, and by the priors and convent of Chrift-church,<sup>p</sup> and the revenue of it was increased here in the 8th year of king Richard II. when Robert Bovehatch being convicted of felony, was found to have held fome lands at Denfted, which upon forfeiture were granted by the king to it. The prior and convent continued owners of this manor, with those other lands here, and in king Henry the VIIIth.'s reign, demised it for ninety-nine years to Paul Sidnor,<sup>9</sup> in which flate it remained till their diffolution in the 32d year of that reign, when it came, with the reft of their poffeffions, into the king's hands, who granted it in his 37th year, with all the tenements called Densted, belonging to this manor, to John Tufton, efq. to hold *in capite* by knight's fervice, who, about the 3d year of king Edward VI. alienated his interest in it to Richard Argall, whose descendant John . Argall fold it, about the beginning of king James I.'s reign, to Sir John Collimore, of Canterbury, who in 1620, conveyed it to truftees, to be fold for the payment of his debts; and they conveyed it to Thomas Steed, esq. who in the reign of king Charles I. passed it away to Sir Thomas Swan, of Southfleet; in whofe

P Regift. of Leeds priory. See hereafter under Harbledown.
9 The leafe is in the Augmentation office.

X

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descendants

descendants it continued, till at length the widow of Sir William Swan, at her death, devifed it, among his other estates, alike between his and her own relations, one of whom marrying John Comyns, efq. afterwards knighted, and chief baron of the exchequer, he became in her right possessed of this manor, being descended from the Comyns's, of Dagenham, in Effex, in which county he refided, and bore for his arms, Azure, a chevron, ermine, between three garbs, or. On his death in 1740, he devifed it to his eldeft nephew and heir John Comyns, esq. of Highlands, in Effex, (son of his brother Richard, ferjeant at law) who died poffeffed of it in 1760, leaving by his fecond wife, an only fon, Richard-John Comyns, efq. whofe heirs conveyed it by fale to Thomas Lane, efq. one of the masters of chancery, who died possessed of it in 1773, on which it defcended to his two fons Thomas and William, and the former having purchased the latter's interest in it, died, leaving his widow furviving, who is now in the possession of this estate for her life ; but the reversion of it in fee, after her death, is vested in the younger brother above-mentioned, Mr. William Lane, gent. of London.

A court baron is held for this manor.

The lands belonging to this manor confift of about four hundred acres; the whole of which, excepting feven acres in Highwood which are titheable, is fubject only to a composition yearly to the rector of Chartham, in lieu of all tithes whatever.

HOWFIELD is a manor in this parifh, lying in the north-eaft part of it, adjoining to Toniford. It was formerly fpelt in antient records both Haghefelde and Hugeveld, and was part of the pofferfions of the priory of St. Gregory, most probably at its foundation in 1084. However that be, this manor was confirmed to it, among the reft of its pofferfions, by the name of Haghefelde, together with the mill of Toniford, by archbifhop

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archbishop Hubert, who died in 1206; and in this ftate it remained till the reign of Henry VIII. when, by the act passed in the 27th year of it, this priory was fuppreffed among other religious houses, whose revenues did not amount to the clear yearly value of two hundred pounds, Chriftopher Hales, efq. afterwards knighted, and attorney-general, being then leffee of this manor, under a leafe for ninety-nine years, from the prior and convent; and he had that year a grant from the king of it in fee, with all privileges and immunities belonging to it, to hold by fealty only. Sir Chriftopher Hales was likewife mafter of the rolls, being the fon of Thomas Hales, A. M. fecond fon of Henry Hales, of Hales-place, whole eldeft fon John was anceftor of the Hales's, of the Dungeon, in Canterbury, Tenterden, and other parts of this county. He left three daughters his coheirs, who became jointly entitled to this manor, with a tenement called Bovehoth, and other lands in Chartham. At length the whole interest of it, on a division of their estates, was assigned to the youngeft daughter Mary, who entitled her hufband Alexander Colepeper, efq. to it. He left an only daughter by her, Anne, who carried it in marriage to Sir John Culpeper, of Wigfell, and he alienated it to the family of Vane, or Fane, in which it was in the year 1638, and in the year following Mary, counters dowager of Weftmoreland, widow of Sir Francis Fane, earl of Weftmoreland, joined with her fon Mildmay, earl of Westmoreland, in the fale of it to William Man, efg. of Canterbury, afterwards knighted, whole anceftors had been fettled there from the beginning of king Henry VIII.'s reign. They bore for their arms, Or, a chevron, ermines, between three lions, rampant guardant, fable; and there were of this name of Man, who were aldermen of the ward of Westgate in that

r Dugd. Mon. vol. ii. p. 374.

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city,

city, as early as king Edward III.'s reign.' He in 1688, with his fon William Man, efq. conveyed it to John Denew, gent. of Canterbury, whofe anceftors were antiently written De New, and bore for their arms, Or, five chevronels, azure; whofe grandfon John Denew, efq. dying in 1750, f. p. devifed it by will to his wife Elizabeth, and fhe at her death in 1761, gave it to one of her late hufband's fifters and coheirs, Elizabeth, married to Mr. Edward Roberts, of Chrift's hofpital, London; their eldeft fon Mr. Edward Roberts died poffeffed of it in 1779, leaving three fons, Edward, George, and William, when it devolved to his eldeft fon Edward-William Roberts, who fold it in 1796 to George Gipps, efq. of Harbledown, M. P. for Canterbury, who is the prefent owner of it.

The demessive lands of this manor claimed and enjoyed an exemption from all manner of tithes till almost within memory; but by degrees tithes have been taken from most of them, and at present there are not more than twenty acres from which none are taken.

SHALMSFORD-STREET is a bamlet in this parifh, built on each fide of the Afhford road, near the river Stour, and the bridge which takes its name from it, at the weftern boundary of this parifh. It was antiently called *Effamelesford*, and in the time of the Saxons was the eftate of one Alret, who feems to have loft the poffeffion of it after the battle of Haftings; for the Conqueror gave it, among many other poffeffions, to Odo, bifhop of Baieux, his half brother, under the general title of whofe lands it is thus entered in the record of Domeíday:

In Ferleberg hundred, Herfrid holds of the fee of the bifhop, Estamelesford. It was taxed at half a juling. The arable land is one carucate. In demessive there is one carucate, and three villeins, with one borderer having one carucate. There are three servants, and eight acres of meadow. In the time of king Edward the Confessor it

' See pedigree of Man in Vifitation co. Kent, anno 1619.

was valued at fixty shillings, and afterwards forty shillings, now fixty shillings. Alret held it of king Edward.

Four years after the taking of the above furvey, the bishop of Baieux was difgraced, and all his lands and poffeffions were confiscated to the king's use. Soon after which this estate seems to have been separated into two manors, one of which was called from its fituation,

THE MANOR OF SHALMSFORD-STREET, and afterwards, from its poffeffors, the manfion of Bolles, a family who had large poffeffions at Chilham and the adjoining parishes. At length, after they were become extinct here, which was not till about the beginning of the reign of queen Elizabeth, this manor came into the name of Cracknal, and from that in the reign of king James I. to Michel, one of whole defcendants leaving two daughters and coheirs, one of them married Nicholas Page, and the other Thomas George ; and they made a division of this estate, in which some houses and part of the lands were allotted to Thomas George, whofe fon Edward dying f. p. they came to Mr. John George, of Canterbury, who fold them to Mr. Wm. Baldock, of Canterbury, and he now owns them; but the manor, manor-house, and the rest of the demesne lands were allotted to Mr. Nicholas Page, and devolved to his fon Mr. Thomas Page. He died in 1796, and devifed them to Mr. Ralph Fox, who now owns them and refides here. The court baron for this manor has been long difused.

ON THE OPPOSITE SIDE of the road, about twenty rods from the bridge, flood an antient feat, which was taken down about thirty-five years ago, though there is a malt houfe remaining on the feite of it, which has evident marks of antiquity, and of its having been once made use of as part of the offices belonging to it. In the windows of the old house were feveral coats of arms, that most frequent being the coat and creft of Filmer, with a crescent for difference. This feat, with the lands belonging to it, was for a great length of time owned  $X_3$  by

310 by the Mantles, and continued fo till Mary Mantle carried it in marriage to Mr. Stephen Church, of Goodnestone, the present owner of it.

THE MANOR OF SHALMSFORD BRIDGE was the other part of the bishop of Baieux's estate here, defcribed as above in Domefday, and was that part of it which was by far of the most eminent account, and was fo called not only to diftinguish it from that last-mentioned, but from its situation near the bridge of this name over the river Stour, on the opposite or west fide of it next to Chilham, in which parish much of the lands belonging to it lie. It was antiently accounted a member of the manor of Throwley in this county, as appears by the inquifition taken after the death of Hamo de Gatton, owner of that manor in the 20th year of king Edward I. when Roger de Shamelesford was found to hold it as fuch of him by knight's fervice. His defcendant William de Shalmelesford, who poffessed it in the beginning of the reign of Edward II. leaving an only daughter and heir Anne, fhe carried it in marriage to John Petit, who refided here, and died before the 20th year of the next reign of king Edward III. bearing for his arms, Gules, a chevron, between three leopards faces, argent. In his descendants, who refided at Shalmesford, this manor continued down to Thomas Petit, esq. of Canterbury, who died possefied of it in 1625,' leaving his three sisters his coheirs, who became entitled to this manor in undivided thirds. They were married afterwards, Catherine to Michael Belke; Elizabeth to Giles Mafter, of Woodchurch; and Dorothy first to William Master, fecondly to John Merryweather, and thirdly to Parker, of Northfleet. Michael Belke above-mentioned, whofe anceftors were originally of Coperham-Sole, in Sheldwich, having purchafed another third of this manor, became entitled to two thirds of it, which continued

" Their pedigree is in the Vifitations of Kent for 1574 and 1619. Several of their wills are in the Prerog. off. Cant.

in his defcendants down to Dr. Thomas Belke, prebendary of Canterbury, who died in 1712, and his heirs fold them to Mr. Hatch, of that city, who was before poffeffed of the other third part of this manor, which he had under his father Mr. John Hatch's will, who had purchafed it of one of the defcendants of Mr. Thomas Petyt, before-mentioned, and thus became entitled to the whole property of it. He died in 1761, and by will devifed it to his great nephew, Mr. John Garling Hatch, of Chartham, who fold it to Mr. Jofeph Saddleton. He died in 1795 inteftate, leaving Elizabeth his widow, and Jofeph their only fon, who are the prefent owners of it.

MYSTOLE is a handsome well-built seat, fituated on the green of that name, in the fouth-west part of this parish, about a mile and an half from the church of Chartham. It was built by John Bungey, prebendary of Canterbury, who was rector of this church, and married Margaret Parker, the archbishop's niece, by whom he had feveral fons and daughters. He bore for his arms, Azure, a lion, paffant-guardant, or, between three bezants," and dying here possessed of it in 1596, was buried in this church. His eldeft fon Jonas Bungey fucceeded him here, and in his defcendants it continued till it was at length fold to Sir John Fagge, of Wiston, in Suffex, who was created a baronet on Dec. 11, 1660. But before this purchase, there were those of this name fettled in this parish, as appears by their wills, and the marriage register-book in the Prerogative-office, Canterbury, as early as the year 1534, in both which they are shiled gentlemen. He left a numerous family, of whom only three fons furvived; Sir Robert, his successor in title; Charles, who will be mentioned hereafter; and Thomas, anceftor of John Meres Fagge, esq late of Brenset. Sir John Fagge died in 1700, and by will devifed this feat of Mystole,

" See his pedigree in Viftn. co. Kent, anno 1619.

with

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with his other effates in this and the adjoining parifhes, to his fecond fon Charles Fagge, elq. of Canterbury, before-mentioned, who continued to bear the family arms, being Gules, two bends, vaire. His only furviving fon Charles Fagge, efq. refided here, and married Elizabeth, youngest daughter of William Turner, esq. of the White Friars, Canterbury. His fon Sir William Fagge, bart. refided at Mystole, and married Elizabeth, daughter of Abraham Le Grand, gent. of Canterbury, who died in 1785. He died in 1791, having had one fon John, and two daughters, Helen, married to the Rev. Mr. Williams, prebendary of Canterbury, but fince removed to Winchefter; and Sarah to Edwin Humphry Sandys, gent. of Canterbury. He was fucceeded by his only fon the Rev. Sir John Fagge, bart. who married in 1789 Anne, only daughter and heir of Daniel Newman, efq. of Canterbury, barrister-at-law, and recorder of Maidstone. He now refides at Mystole, of which he is the present possesfor.

HORTON MANOR, fometimes written Horton Parva, to diffinguifh it from others of the fame name in this county, is a manor in that part of this parifh which lies within the hundred of Bridge and Petham. It has by fome been fuppofed to have been once a parifh of itfelf, but without any reafon; for it was from the earlieft times always effected as a part of the parifh of Chartham.

At the time of taking the furvey of Domefday, about the year 1080, this manor was part of the pofieffions of Odo, bifhop of Baieux, the Conqueror's half-brother, under the general title of whofe lands it is thus entered in it, being then accounted within the bounds of the adjoining hundred of Felborough :

In Ferleberge bundred, Anstrid bolds of the bishop, Hortone. It was taxed at half a fuling. The arable land is one caruccte. There is in demessive ... and thirteen villeins having half a carucate. There is one servant, and two mills of one marc of filver, and eight acres of meadow.

dow, and one bundred acres of coppice wood. In the time of king Edward the Confessor it was worth forty shillings, afterwards thirty shillings, now one bundred shillings. Godric held it of king Edward.

On the bishop's difgrace, about four years afterwards, this manor, among the reft of his poffeffions, was confilcated to the crown, and was granted thence to the family of Crevequer, of whom it was held by that of Northwood, of Northwood, in this county. John de Northwood died possessed of it in the 14th year of Edward II. In whole descendants it continued down to Roger de Northwood, whofe widow Agnes entitled her fecond hufband Chriftopher Shuckborough, elq. of Warwickshire, to the possession of it, and they afterwards refided here. He bore for his arms, A chevron, between three mullets, pierced. She died in the 6th year of king Henry IV. anno 1404, and he alienated it three years afterwards to Gregory Ballard, whofe descendant Thomas Ballard, kept his shrievalty here anno 31 Henry VI. and dying in 1465, lies buried in St. Catherine's church, near the Tower. Robert Ballard was found by inquifition anno 14 king Henry VII. to hold at his death this manor of the king, as of his honor of the caftle of Dover, by the fervice of one fparrow-hawk yearly. They bore for their arms, Sable, a griffin rampant segreant, ermine, armed and membered, or. At length it defcended down to Nicholas Ballard, who in the 4th year of Philip and Mary, passed it away to Roger Trollop, efq. and he fold it, in the 2d year of queen Elizabeth, to Sir Edward Warner, then lieutenant of the tower, who died poffeffed of it in the 8th year of that reign, holding it of the king in capite by knight's fervice. Robert Warner, efq. was his brother and next heir, and fold it, in the 16th year of that reign, to Sir Roger Manwood," chief baron of the exchequer, whofe fon Sir Peter

Manwood,

<sup>\*</sup> See more of him under St. Stephens, alias Hackington.

Manwood, K. B. in the reign of king James I. alienated it to Christopher Toldervye, esq. who resided here, and dying in 1618, *f. p.* was buried in Ash church, near Sandwich, bearing for his arms, *Azure*, *a fejs*, or, *in chief*, *two cross crosses of the second*. By his will he devised it to his brother John Toldervye, gent. of London; on whose death likewise *f. p.* it devolved by the limitations in the above will to Jane his eldest fister, then married to Sir Robert Darell, of Calehill, who in her right became entitled to it, and from him it has at length descended down to Henry Darell, esq. of Calehill, the prefent owner of this manor.

The chapel belonging to this manor is ftill ftanding, at a fmall diftance fouth-weft from the houfe. It had more than ordinary privileges belonging to it, having every one the fame as the mother church, excepting that of burial, and its offices. It confifts of one ifle and a chancel, with a thick wall at the weft end, rifing above the roof, and fhaped like a pointed turret, in which are two apertures for the hanging of two bells. It has been many years difused as a chapel, and made use of as a barn.

This chapel, like many others of the fame fort, was built for the use of the family refiding in the mansion of the manor, which being, as well as the ceremonies of the religion of those times, very numerous, rendered it most inconvenient for them to attend at the parish church, at fo great a diftance, in all kind of feafons and weather. But after the reformation, when great part of fuch ceremonies ceafed, and the alteration of the times not only lessened the number of domestics, but even the refidence of families, by degrees, at these manfions; thefe chapels became of little ufe, and being maintained at the fole charge of the owners of the eftates on which they were built, they chose rather to relinquish the privilege of them, than continue at the expence of repairs, and finding a priest to officiate in them.

In the reign of king Richard II. there was a great conteft between John Beckford, rector of Chartham, and Chriftopher Shuckborough, lord of this manor, concerning the celebration of divine offices in this chapel; which was heard and determined in 1380, before the archbifhop's official, that all divine offices might be celebrated in it, exceptis tantum defunctorum fepulturis et exequiis. Thefe were more than ordinary privileges; it being ufual, even in chapels which had the right of fepulture granted to them, to oblige the inhabitants to baptize and marry, and the women to have their purifications at the mother church.

There is a composition of 6l. 14s. paid by the occupier of this manor, to the rector of Chartham, in lieu of all tithes whatever arising from it.

#### CHARITIES.

THERE are no charities or alms houles belonging to this parifh, excepting the legacy by the will of Thomas Petit, efq. of Canterbury, in 1626, to this parifh, Chilham, and St. George's, Canterbury, jointly for the benefit of young married people for ever; a full account of which has been given before, under. Chilham, p. 141.

There is a *fchool* lately fet up in this parifh, for the teaching of children reading, writing, and arithmetic.

The poor conftantly relieved are about forty-five, cafually 60.

CHARTHAM is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JURIS-DICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Bridge.

The church, which is dedicated to St. Mary, is a large, handfome building, of one ifle and a chancel, with a crofs ifle or transept. It has a tower steeple at the west end, in which are five bells and a clock. Befides other monuments and memorials in this church, there are in the chancel memorials for the Kingssords; for Margaret, daughter of Sir Samuel Peyton, knight and baronet, wife of Thomas Osbern, esq. obt. 1655; for Jane, daughter of Arthur Barham, esq. wife of Thomas Osbern, esq. obt. 1657; several for the different

ferent rectors, and a monument for Dr. Delangle, 1724; a large grave-stone with the figure of a man in his armour, crofs-legged, with his fword and fpurs, in full proportion, inlaid in brafs, with his furcoat of arms, viz. Three wheat-skreens, or fans, being for one of the Septvans family; and on the north fide is an antient tomb, under an arch hollowed in the wall. In the north crofs isle is a grave-ftone, which has been very lately. robbed of its brasses, excepting the impalements of one coat, being the arms of Clifford. It had on it the figure of a woman, with an infcription for Jane Eveas, daughter of Lewys Clifforht Squyre, obt. 1530. The chancel is very handfome, and there has been fome good painted glass in the windows of it, of which there are yet fome fmall remains. In the fouth chancel the family of Fagge lie buried; in it there is a monument for the late Sir William and his lady, and a most fuperb monument of excellent fculpture and imagery, having the figures in full proportion of Sir William Young, bart. and his lady; Sarah, fifter of Sir William Fagge before-mentioned, who died in 1746, æt. 18, in the fame year in which she was married He died in the Weft-Indies in 1788, and was brought over and buried befide her, and the above-mentioned monument which had laid by in the church ever fince her death was repaired and placed here.

The church of Chartham was part of the antient poffefions of the fee of Canterbury, and continues fo at this time, his grace the archbishop being the present patron of it.

In a terrier of 1615, it appears there was then here a parfonage-houfe, barn, gardens, and meadow, in all about two acres; certain clofes containing thirty-eight acres, and a little piece of wood-land adjoining to it; fome of which glebe-land has fince that time been loft, the rector now enjoying not more than thirty acres of it. Part of the parfonage-houfe feems very antient, be-

ing built of flint, with ashlar-stone windows and doorcases,

#### CHARTHAM.

cafes, of antient gothic form. It was formerly much larger, part of it having been pulled down, by a faculty, a few years ago.

An account of the lands in this parifh, which claim an exemption of tithes, has already been given before, under the defeription of the respective lands, as well as of the chapel of Horton, and the composition for tithes from that manor.

This rectory is valued in the king's books at 411. 55. 10d. and the yearly tenths at 41. 25. 7d. In 1640 it was valued at one hundred and twenty pounds. Communicants three hundred. It is now worth about three hundred and fifty pounds per annum.

#### CHURCH OF CHARTHAM.

| Or by whom prefented. | RECTORS.                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| The Archbinop         | John Millys, alias Warham, ad-<br>mitted April 18, 1554, obt.<br>Jan. 16, 1565. <sup>x</sup><br>John Bungey, A. M. collated<br>Jan. 16, 1565, obt. Nov. 20,<br>1596. <sup>y</sup> |
| The Queen, by lapfe   | Martin Fotherbye, S. T. B. col-<br>lated June 10, 1596, vacated<br>1618."                                                                                                         |
| The King, jure preg   | James Cleland, S. T. P. ad-<br>mitted Oct. 7, 1618, obt.<br>1627.3                                                                                                                |

\* He had been a monk of Chriftchurch, and was one of the prebendaries of that church afterwards, mentioned in the foundation-charter of the dean and chapter there. In 1557 he was rector of Ringwold: See Regift. Parker and Rym. Fred. vol. xv. p. 382.

<sup>1</sup> He was first collated to a prebend of Christ-church, Canterbury, in 1567. Regist. Parker. He refigned the rectory of Lambeth in 1577. Register Grindal. <sup>2</sup> Regift. Whitgift. He was chaplain and kinfman to archbithop Whitgift, by whom he was collated to a prebend of Canterbury in 1596. He held the reftory of Aditham with this of Charthem, till his promotion to the fee of Salitbury.

\* Regift. Abbot. He held the rectory of Old Romney with this of Chartham.

PATRONS,

## 318 FELBOROUGH HUNDRED.

PATRONS, &c.

RECTORS.

- The Archbishoh. .....
- The King, Sede vac. .....
- The Archbishop.
- The King, jure preg. .....
- The Archbishop.

b Regift. Abbot. He was dean of Canterbury. See Walker's Suff. of Clergy, pt. ii. p. 5. Wood's Ath. v. i. f. p. 190. After his death, that impudent knave Richard Culmer, commonly called in contempt, *Blue Dick*, got poffeffion of this rectory. See fome account of this man, Wood's Ath. v. i. f. 245.

c Ruthworth, part iii, vol. ii. p. 330, 338. Ath. Oxon. vol. ii. p. 407, f. 68. In the Archdeacon's Regift. he is faid to be prefented by the honorable and venerable the fupreme court of parliament, the true and undoubted patrons; which is the first mention I find of the gentry as patrons.

d He was an inoffenfive man, though a Preibyterian. He was chaplain to the earl of W urwick, by whole intereft he obtained this rectory, and when ejected retired to the earl's houfe. He frequently affirmed in difcourfe, that he made 2801, per annum of this rectory.

e Regift. Juxon. He was in 1660, prebendary of Canterbury, and miniiter of St. Mary's, Dover. He preached a fermon in 1632, at the funeral of

- Ifaac Bargrave, S. T. P. admitted June 5, 1628, obt. 1642.<sup>b</sup>
- Edward Corbett, A. M. June 13, 1643, refigned 1646.°
- Thomas Woodruff, A. M. inftituted Oct. 3, 1646, ejected 1660.<sup>d</sup>
- John Reading, S. T. P. July 28, 1660, obt. Oct. 26, 1667.
- Samuel Parker, S. T. P. collated Nov. 6, 1667, vacat. 1686.<sup>f</sup>
- James Jeffreys, S. T. P. admitted Nov. 12, 1686, obt. Sept. 4, 1689.<sup>8</sup>
- Henry Wharton, A. M. collated Sept. 19, 1689, obt. March 5, 1694.<sup>h</sup>

Sir Ifaac Wake, who was buried in Dover caftle. He held the rectory of Cheriton with this of Chartham, and lies buried in this church. Ath. Ox. p. 574, vol. ii. p. 496.

p. 574, vol. ii. p. 406. f Regitt. Sheldon. He was afterwards rector of Ickham, Prebendary of Canterbury, and archdeacon, and on Oct. 17, 1686, confectated bithop of Oxford. Sce Ath. Ox. vol. ii. p. 814.

g Brother of iord chancellor Jeffreys. He was likewife rector of Eastchurch, and prebendary of Canterbury. He died at Rochester, and was buried in the Martyrdom of Christ-church, Canterbury. See Ath. Oxon. vol. ii. f. p. 222.

h Alfo vicar of Minster, in Thanet. He was buried in Wethninster abbey. See Wood's Ath. vol. ii. p. 874. Biog. Brit. vol. vii. p. 4197. His will is in the Prerog off. Cant. in which may be feen his benefactions to Caius college, Cambridge, and Wortted church, in Norfolk. The above catalogue of rectors, down to himfelf, was drawn up by him.

PATRONS,

PATRONS, &c.

The Archbishop. .....

1 He was likewife prebendary of

Canterbury, and lies buried in the

chancel of this church. See before.

George's, Canterbury, by difpenfation

in 1760.

k He was fuspended June 19, 1742, and this rectory sequestered. <sup>1</sup> He was likewise rector of St. RECTORS.

John M. Delangle, S. T. P. collated June 28, 1695, obt. 1724.<sup>i</sup>

George Fawler Tillefley, LL. B. inftituted Dec. 26, 1724, ob. 1759.<sup>k</sup>

- Thomas Forster, A. M. inftituted June 15, 1759, obt. Sept. 13, 1764.
- John Fowell, S. T. P. Oct. 10, 1764, the prefent rector."

m He had been before rector of Old Romney and of Hunton, and in 1765 a difpendation paffed for his holding the rectory of Bishoptborne with the chapel of Barham, with this of Chartham. He is likewife rector of the funecure of Eynsford.

### GODMERSHAM

LIES the next parifh fouth-weftward from Chartham, and is written in antient records, Godmerscham; and in Domesday, *Gomerscham*.

IT LIES in the beautiful Stour valley, a fituation healthy and pleafant to the extreme, the river Stour glides through it from Afhford, in its courfe towards Canterbury; Godmerfham houfe and park are the principal objects in it, both elegant and beautiful, the Afhford high road encircles the eaft fide of the park, along which there is a funk fence, which affords an uninterrupted view of the whole of it, and adds greatly to the beauty of this elegant fcene, and leads through the village of Godmerfham clofe to it, the whole village which contains about twenty houfes, belongs to Mrs. Knight, excepting one houfe, as does the greateft part of the parifh, excepting the lands belonging to the dean and chapter of Canterbury. There are about twenty

twenty more houses in the parish, and about two hundred and forty inhabitants in all. The church, and vicarage, a neat dwelling, pleafantly fituated, stand at a small distance from the village, on the left fide of the road, with the ancient manor-houfe near the former, clofe to the bank of the river; the meadows in the vale are exceeding fertile, the uplands are chalk, with fome gravel among them, the hills rife high on each fide,. those on the west being the sheep walks belonging to Godmersham-house, the summits of which are finely cloathed with wood, at proper intervals; the oppofite ones are the high range of uninclosed pasture downs of Wye and Braborne. Among thefe hills, in the eastern part of the parish, is the feat of Eggerton, fituated in a wild and bleak country of barren lands and flints.

At the fouthern boundary of the parish, on the Ashford road, is the hamlet of Bilting, part of which is in Wye parish. There was a family of this name who once refided here, as appears by their wills fo early as 1460. Richard Mocket, gent of Challock, died in 1565, poffeffed of the manor of Biltyng-court, in Godmersham, which by his will he directed to be fold. At length this effate of Bilting came into the poffession of the Carters. Thomas Carter, gent. of Bilting, fecond fon of George Carter, gent. of Winchcombe, died poffeffed of it in 1707, f. p. After which it at length came to his nephew Thomas Carter, gent. of Godmersham, who dying in 1744, left two daughters his coheirs, the eldeft of whom Mary, marrying Mr. Nicholas Rolfe, of Ashford, he became in her right possessed of her father's eftate at Bilting. After which it became the refidence of Mrs. Jane, the fifter of the late Mr. Knight, and after her death in 1793, of Thomas Monypenny, elq. who afterwards removing from hence fold it in 1797, to Mr. Richard Sutton, who now refides at it.

There is no fair, nor is there any one alebouse within this parish.

From the high road above mentioned, which runs along the lower fide of the western hills there is a most pleasing view over the valley beneath, in which the various beautiful objects of both art and nature combine to make it the most delightful prospect that can be imagined.

BEORNULPH, king of Mercia, in the year 822, gave Godmersham to Christ church, in Canterbury, to the use of their refectory and cloathing, at the request of archbishop Wlfred, L. S. A. that is, Libere ficut Adi-Sham, endowed with the fame liberties and privileges that Adisham, which had been given to that church, originally was. But it appears afterwards to have been wrested from the church, and to have been again reftored to it by archbishop Egelnoth, who made a new grant of it in the year 1036, having purchased it of duke Sired, for feventy-two marcs of pure filver, for the use of the monks in Christ-church; in whose poffeffion Godmersham remained at the taking the general furvey of Domesday, in which it is entered as follows, under the general title of Terra Monachorum Archiepi, i. e. the lands of the monks of the archbishop, as all the lands belonging to the monastery of Christ-church were.

In Feleberg hundred, the archbishop himself holds Go-merscham. It was taxed at eight sulings. The arable land is twelve carucates. In demessive there are two, and fixty villeins, with eight cottagers, having seventeen ca-rucates. There is a church, and two servants, and one mill of twenty five shillings, and twelve acres of meadow. Wood for the pannage of forty hogs. In the time of king Edward the Confessor, and when he received it, it was worth twelve pounds, now twenty pounds, and yet it pays thirty pounds.

In the 7th year of king Edward I. the prior claimed a fair here, on the day of St. Laurence, which was al-lowed; and king Edward III. in his 38th year granted to the prior another fair here on the Thursday and Friday in every Whitfun-week, together with a market ţQ

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to be held here on a Tuefday weekly. In the 10th year of king Edward II. the prior obtained a charter of free-warren for this manor; about which time it was, with its appurtenances, valued at thirty-fix pounds. The priors of Canterbury frequently refided at the manor-houfe here, which appears by the prefent flate of it to have been a manfion large and fuitable to their dignity. Prior Chillenden, at the latter end of king Richard II.'s reign, made large additions and repairs here, as did prior Sellyng in that of Edward IV. The house is lituated on the bank of the river, a small diftance northward from the church. It appears to have been a very large manfion formerly. The old hall of it is yet remaining, with the windows, door-cafes, and chimney of it, in the gothic ftile. Over the porch, at the entrance of the house, is the effigies of the prior, curioufly carved in flone, fitting richly habited, with his mitre and pall, and his crofier in his left hand, his right lifted up in the act of benediction, and his fandals on his feet. This, most probably, represents prior Chillenden, above mentioned, who had the privilege of wearing those ornaments, granted to him and his fuccesfors by pope Urban, and repaired this manfion as before related. In which state this manor continued till the diffolution of the priory in the 31ft year of king Henry VIII. when it came, with the reft of the poffeffions of the monastery, into the king's hands, who in his 37th year, granted the manor, rectory, and advowfon of Godmersham, in exchange for other premises, to the dean and chapter of Canterbury, in pure and perpetual alms, at the yearly rent of 101. 1s. 8d." being then valued at 80l. 11s. in exchange for which they gave the king feven valuable manors in this and other counties; Canterbury college, in Oxford, and other premises, a scandalous bargain of plunder, like most others of the king's making; and yet in the deed it is

" Deeds of Purch. and Exch. Aug. off. box E. Kent 37.

faid

faid to have been made through his most gracious favor. Since which this manor has remained part of their possession to the present time.

The court-lodge, with the demefne lands of this manor, are let to Mrs. Coleman, who refides in it, on a beneficial leafe, but the manor itfelf, with the profits of the courts, &c. the dean and chapter retain in their own hands. A court baron is regularly held for it.

THE MANORS OF FORD AND YALLANDE WERE ANtiently part of the inheritance of the family of Valoigns, one of whom, Robert de Valoigns, died polfeffed of them and much other land in this neighbourhood, in the 19th year of king Edward II. and in his defcendants they continued till the latter end of king Edward III.'s reign, when Waretius de Valoigns leaving by his wife, daughter of Robert de Hougham, two daughters his coheirs, one of them, married to Thomas de Aldon, entitled her hufband to thefe manors as part of her inheritance; and in this name of Aldon they continued for fome space of time. At length they became the property of Auften, or Aftyn, as they afterwards spelt their name, and they continued posseffors of it, till Richard Aftyn, gent. of West Peckham, conveyed them, with all lands and tenements called Halton, in Godmersham and other parishes, to Thomas Broadnax, gent. late of Hyth, though there were defcendants of that family, who wrote themfelves gentlemen, remaining here in the beginning of king George I.'s reign, as appears by their wills in the prerogative-office. He afterwards refided at Ford-place, as his descendants, possessor of these manors, afterwards did, without intermission, to Thomas Broadnax, esq.° who in the 13th year of king George I. anno 1727, purfuant to the will of Sir Thomas May, and under the authority of purliament, changed his name to May, and in 1729 kept

° Several of their wills are in Prerog. off. Canterbury.

his

Y 2

his fhrievalty here. In 1732 he rebuilt this feat, and in 1738, purfuant to the will of Mrs. Elizabeth Knight, widow of Bulltrode Peachy Knight, efq. (who was her fecond hufband, her first being William Knight, esq. of Dean, in that county); and under the authority of another act, he again changed his name to Knight, and in 1742 inclosed a park round his feat here, afterwards called Ford park, which name it feems fince entirely to have loft, this feat and park being now ufually called Godmersham park. Thomas May Knight, efq. beforementioned, died here, far advanced in years, in 1781, a gentleman, whose eminent worth is still remembered by many now living; whose high character for upright conduct and integrity, rendered his life as honorable as it was good, and caufed his death to be lamented by every one as a public lofs. He married Jane, eldest daughter and coheir of William Monk, eiq. of Buckingham in Shoreham, in Suffex, by whom he had feveral children, of whom only four furvived to maturity, Thomas, his heir, and three daughters, who died unmarried. Thomas Knight, efq. the fon, fucceeded his father in eftates, and was of Godmersham, the feat and park of which he greatly improved. He married Catherine, daughter of Dr. Wadham Knatchbull, late prebendary of Durham, and died in 1794, f. p. leaving her furviving. He bore for his arms, the coat of Knight, vert, a bend fusilly, in base, a cinquefoil, argent, quartered with nineteen others; the fecond being, Broadnax, or, two chevronels, gules, on a chief of the second, three cinquefoils, argent; and the third, May, gules, a fess between three billets, or. By his will Mr. Knight gave this feat, with the park, the manors before-mentioned, and the lands belonging to it, to his widow Mrs. Catherine Knight, for her life, with remainder to Edward Auften, efq. of Rolling-place. She afterwards refided here, but removing to the White Friars, in Canterbury, she gave up the possession of Godmersham houfe

house and park to Edward Austen, esq. before-mentioned, who now refides at it.

EGGARTON is another manor, fituated on the oppofite fide of the river, at the fouth-east boundaries of this parish, among the hills, near Crundal. It was an. tiently the eftate of the noble family of Valence, earls of Pembroke. Aymer de Valence, earl of Pembroke, held this manor at his death in the 17th year of king Edward II. He died f. p. and John, fon of John de Haftings, by Ifabel his wife, one of the earl's fifters, and John, fon of John Comyn, of Badenagh, by Joane, another of his fifters, were found to be his coheirs; and upon the division of their estates, John de Hastings the fon feems to have become wholly poffeffed of it. He died f. p. next year, leaving Joane, wife of David de Strabolgie, earl of Athol, and Elizabeth her fister, fisters and coheirs of John Comyn, of Badenagh, his next of kin. David de Strabolgie, earl of Athol, before-mentioned, died poffeffed of this manor, as appears by the inquilition taken after his death, in the ift year of Edward III. leaving it to his fon of the fame name, who in the 7th year of Edward III. by deed fettled it on his kinfman Sir Henry de Hills ; which gift was confirmed by the countefs his widow, in the 20th year of that reign. Gilbert de Hills, who lies buried in this church, with the marks of his figure in armour on his grave-stone, was a person of eminence in the age in which he flourished, and from him and Sir Henry de Hills, iffued many worthy fucceffors, who were proprietors of this manor till the reign of queen Elizabeth, when it was fold to Charles Scott, efq. eldeft fon of Sir Reginald Scott, of Scotts-hall, by his fecond wife, His grandfon Thomas Scott, esq. of Eggarton, left a fon Thomas, who died f. p. and a daughter Dorothy, married to Mr. Daniel Gotherfon, who in her right at length became possessed of this manor, " though not

P See pedigree of Scott, Viftn. co. Kent, 1619.

without

without several contests at law by some collateral claimers to it. He afterwards sold it to Sir James Rufhout, bart. who had been fo created in 1661, and bore for his arms, Sable, two lioncels paffant, guardant, within a bordure engrailed, or. He died in 1697, and by his will devifed it to truftees, to fell for payment of his debts, which they accordingly foon afterwards did, to Peter Gott, efq. of Suffex, whofe arms were, Per faltier, argent and fable, a bordure counterchanged. His defcendant Maximilian Gott, efq. refided at Eggarton, where he died in 1735; upon which this manor, with the reft of his effates in this county and in Suffex, came to his three fifters, Elizabeth, Mary, and Sarah; and on the death of the former, the two latter became entitled to the whole fee of it, as coparceners; Mrs. Sarah Gott ufually refiding at this manfion of Eggarton. Mary Gott died in 1768, and by will devifed her moiety of her eftates to Henry Thomas Greening, gent. of Brentford, in Middlefex, who afterwards, by act of parliament, affumed the name of Gott. Sarah Gott, the other fifter, died at Eggarton, in 1772, and by will devifed her moiety of her eftates to the children of William Western Hugessen, esq. of Provender, deceased, to be equally divided between them.9 Mr. Hugesten left three daughters his coheirs, of whom the two furviving ones, Dorothy, was afterwards married to Sir Joseph Banks, bart. and K. B. Mary, to Edward Knatchbull, efq. now Sir Edward Knatchbull, bart. who in their wives right became entitled to one moiety of this eflate, they afterwards, together with Henry-Thomas Gott, esq. before-mentioned, possesfor of the other moiety, joined in the fale of the entire property of this manor to Thomas Knight, efq. of Godmersham, who purchased it for the residence of his

9 See the fuit in chancery concerning this effate in Browne's Cafes of Appeals to Parl. anno 1774, v. vii. p. 70. Filmer verfus Gott and others.

### GODMERSHAM.

fifter Jane, fince deceased. He died in 1794,  $\int p$  and by his will gave this feat, with the estate and manor, to Edward Austen, esq. before-mentioned.

#### CHARITIES.

MARTIN MAYE, yeoman, of Godmerfham, ordered by will in 1614, that his executors fhould pay to Thomas Scott, gent. and five others therein mentioned, 1001 on condition that they fhould enter into a bond of 2001. to his executors, to fettle 81. per annum towards the maintenance of twenty of the pooreft perfons houfeholders, in Godmertham, that from time to time fhould be there dwelling; which fum fhould be a perpetual payment of Ss. per annum to' each of them. This charity is now vefted in Mrs. Knight.

THOMAS SCOTT, ESQ. of Canterbury, by will in 1635, devifed the houfe which he lately built in Godmerfham, and ten perches of land adjoining to it, to fuch poor perfons, born and living in Godmerfham, as the heirs of his body, and for want of fuch heirs as the right heirs of his kinfman, Sir Edward Scott, K. B. fhould nominate from time to time, for ever. And if fuch heirs fhould neglect fuch nomination, for the fpace of three months, then that the churchwardens for the time being, fhould nominate in their room; and if they or he fhould fail to nominate, within one month, then that the archbifhop of Canterbury fhould in fuch cafe nominate from time to time. And he willed one other houfe, with its appurtenances, which he had lately built in Godmerfham, adjoining to that before limited, and 10 perches of land adjoining, in like manner as the other before-mentioned, with like nomination and limitation; and fo from time to time for ever. This charity is now loft.

THOMAS CARKERIDGE, of Maidftone, by will in 1640, devifed all thofe lands and tenements which he bought in Wye, Godmerfham, and Crundal, to William Cooper and his heirs for ever, he paying out of them 61. per annum, to the overfeers of the poor of the parifh of Wye, 31. and to the overfeers of the parifh of Godmerfham, the other 31. for ever; and he willed that this 61. fhould be every year beftowed to cloath four poor widows, two of Wye, and two of Godmerfham; and if there were not fuch poor widows, then to cloath other poor women, each of them to have five yards and an half of good country kerfey, to make a peticoat and a waiftcoat, and fo much lockram or other country cloth as would make every of them two fmocks, and every of them a pair of hofe and a pair of floes And he willed that this cloth and other things be given to thofe poor women the firft Thurfday in November every year; with power to diffrain

diftrain in any of his lands lying in Wye, Godmerfham, and Crundall, &c. until the fame thould be paid accordingly.

JOHN FINCHE, gent. of Limne, by will in 1707. devifed his meffuage, tenement, and lands, containing 36 acres, in Bilting, and his metiuage and tenement, and feven acres of land, and 9 acres of woodland, in Wye, Godmersham, and Crundall, and all those his fix eowshares, lying in a meadow called Laines, between Ollantigh and Tremworth, in Wye and Godmerfham, and a piece of meadow-ground ealled Temple-hope, adjoining, in Wye and Crundall, to the ministers, churchwardens, and overfeers of the parifhes of Wye and Godmersham, and their fucceffors for ever, in truft, that the minister, &c. of Wye, and their fucceffors, flould difpofe of the rents and profits of that land which lay in Wye, as is therein mentioned; and that the minifter, &c. of Godmersham, and their fucceffors, should dispose of the rents and profits of that land, with its appurtenances in Godmersham and Crundall, to fix of the poorest and eldest people of Godmerfham, or any other, half-yearly for ever. But that there fhould be paid out of the rents and profits of his last-mentioned lands, 40s. yearly upon Chriftmas-day for ever, without any deduction, to poor people of the like fort, being men; that is to fay, 20s. to each of them yearly for ever. And further, that if any of the truftees, the ministers, &c. of these pariflees, should at any time alter, contradict, or mifapply thefe charities, or the rents and profits of the effates, that then the devise to such parifh, the minister, &c. of which had fo done, should ceafe and determine. And he willed that none of the faid charities fhould be diffributed to any other poor, but fuch as fhould be members of the church of England, as then by law established. This charity is now of the annual produce of 24l. 1s. 6d. and produces on an average 181. per annum.

The prefent alms-houfes in Godmerscham-street, were erected by the father of the last Thomas Knight, esq. on the ground before devised to the parish. The building contains dwellings for eight poor people.

There is a *fchool* here, for reading and writing, fupported by the voluntary benefaction of Mrs. Knight, in which about 20 children are daily taught.

The poor conftantly relieved are about nineteen, cafually as many.

THIS PARISH is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JURIS-DICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Bridge.

The church, which is dedicated to St. Laurence, is a plain building, confifting of a body and a chancel, having

having a square low tower on the north fide of the body, on which was formerly a steeple. There are five bells in it. The chancel is large and handfome. There were formerly eight stalls in it. On three of the upright end-boards of these stalls were these letters and date : P An. Dom. 1409, in memory of Thomas Chillenden, prior A. D. 1409, for the use of the prior and monks of Chrift church, when they came to refide at their manor here, and the other clergy who might be prefent at divine fervices, the like as they had ufually in other churches where they had manors. On the fouth fide of the church was formerly a chantry, which was dedicated to St. Mary, as appears by the will of William Geffrye, chaplain of it in 1517, who directed to be buried in it on the fouth fide. It was suppressed in the 1st year of king Edward VI. There was a house and garden belonging to it in Godmerfham-ftreet. This chantry has been rebuilt, and is now made use of as two large pews, for the use of the owners of the manfion houfes of Ford and Eggarton. Underneath these pews, which are raised confiderable higher than the level of the pavement, are vaults for the owners of these houses. In that of Eggarton lie many of the Hilles's, Scotts, and Gotts; and in that of Forde, feyeral of the Broadnax's. The two monuments now against the fouth wall of the body of the church, for Thomas Carter and James Christmas, were formerly in the chantry, on the pulling down of which, they were removed hither. In the body of the church, near the steeple, is another vault for the Broadnax's, which is quite full, and the entrance closed up; and in the body of the church there are feveral grave-stones of them, the infcriptions of which are gone. In the church-yard, close to the wall of Mr. Knight's pew, is a fmall vault, built by the late Mr. Knight's father, in which he lies, with his wife and daughter Anne; and leaving only room for one more in it, in which his fon was afterwards buried.

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The church of Godmersham, with the chapel of Challock annexed to it, was antiently an appendage to the manor of Godmersham, and as such was part of the possessions of the priory of Christ-church, in Canterbury, to which it was appropriated in the 21ft year of king Richard II. anno 1397, with the king's and pope's licence, towards the support of the fabric of their church, to which archbishop Arundel confented; for which the prior gave up to him the advowfon of the two churches of St. Vedaft and Amand, and St. Michael, Crooked-lane, London." After which the rectory and advowfon of the vicarage of this church remained with the priory of Chrift church till its diffolution, in the 31st year of Henry VIII. when they were, with the manor of Godmersham, and the rest of the possefions of that priory, furrendered into the king's hands, where they remained till the 37th year of that reign, when the king granted the manor, rectory, and advowion of the vicarage of Godmersham, as has been already mentioned, to the dean and chapter of Canterbury, in exchange for other premises, with whom the rectory remains at this time. But the advowfon of the vicarage of Godmersham, with the chapel of Challock appendant to it, is now in the patronage of his grace the archbishop of Canterbury.

In the year 1254, Hugh de Mortimer, rector of this church, confirmed the exemption of the manor of Godmerlham, belonging to the prior and convent of Chriftchurch, from the payment of fmall tithes arifing from it; with a faving to the right of his fucceffors.

Before the appropriation of this church archbishop Sudbury had in 1330, endowed a vicarage here, which with the chapel of Challock, is valued in the king's books at 91. 35. 9d. and the yearly tenths at 185. 4<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>d. It is exempt from the jurifdiction of the archdeacon.

<sup>r</sup> Pat. 21 Richard II. N. 9. Tan. Mon. p. 200. Battely's Somner, append. p. 24. In 1640 here were communicants two hundred and forty-three, and it was then valued at fifty pounds. In 1649 the parfonage was valued at one hundred and twenty pounds per annum.

There is a penfion of ten pounds to the vicar yearly paid out of the parfonage.

# CHURCH OF GODMERSHAM.

| PATRONS,<br>Or by whom prefented.                                                                                                                                            | RECTORS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| The Archbishop                                                                                                                                                               | James Vernon, obt. 1623.<br>Edward Wild, A. M. inducted<br>obt. 1624.<br>Thomas Hull, A. M. inducted<br>1624.                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Tho. Pordage, efq. of Rodmersham.                                                                                                                                            | William Branch, obt. 1625.<br>William Jewell, February S,<br>1625.<br>Robert Ferguson, ejected 1662. <sup>5</sup><br>John Wricht, obt. 1662                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Sir Edward Hales, knt. and bart.                                                                                                                                             | John Wright, obt. 1662.<br>John Whight, A. B. May 30,<br>1662.<br>John Collington, in 1664.<br>Daniel Butler, A. B. inducted<br>1664.                                                                                                                                                                                |
| The Archbishop.                                                                                                                                                              | <ul> <li>Daniel, obt. 1675.</li> <li>Richard Mun, A. M. inducted<br/>July, 1675, obt. April 23,<br/>1682."</li> <li>James Christmas, A. M. obt.<br/>Jan. 27, 1713."</li> <li>Arthur Ashley Sykes, A. M. Feb.<br/>7, 1713, religned 1714."</li> <li>John Gough, A. M. August 13,<br/>1714, obt. Oct. 1731.</li> </ul> |
| <ul> <li>He was ejected by the Bartholo-<br/>mew Act. Calamy's Life of Baxter,</li> <li>p. 286.</li> <li>t He refigned ithis for the rectory<br/>of Kenardington.</li> </ul> | was removed to its prefent place, against<br>the fouth wall of the body of the<br>church. He was likewise rector of<br>Ulcombe.<br>* An account of the life and wri-                                                                                                                                                 |

" He lies buried in the chancel.

w He was buried in the chantry; on the fouth fide of this church, on the

There is a monument for him against

pulling down of which his monument

the fouth wall.

\* An account of the life and writings of this learned divine was publifhed in 1785, by John Difney, D. D. Dr. Sykes died Nov. 23, 1756, æt. 73, and was buried in St. James's church, Weftminfler.

#### FELBOROUGH HUNDRED.

| FATRONS, GC.               | RECTORS.                                            |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| rchbishop.                 | Samuel Pegge, A. M. Dec. 1731,                      |
|                            | refigned 1753.                                      |
|                            | Aden Ley A. B. March, 1753,<br>ab* Dire. 3. 1766.y  |
|                            | Le P. h. A. B. April 1767,                          |
|                            | refigure inty 1767.                                 |
|                            | Francis D July 1767, re-                            |
|                            | figned 1 71.4<br>Her. y Goodrick. A B. Jan. 1772,   |
|                            | refigned June 1772.                                 |
|                            | Peirce Dod, A. M. July 1, 1772,                     |
|                            | refigned 17-8.                                      |
|                            | Francis Whitfeld, A. M. 1778,<br>the prefeat vicar. |
|                            | the forth vital.                                    |
| lifs huried in the chancel | wife m Que of Manlton and afterwards                |

y He lics buried in the chancel.
z He was half-brother to Sir Narborough D'Aeth, bart. He was like-

wife referret Enolton, and afterwards refigned this vicarage on being prefented to Eythorne.

## CHALLOCK

- CAR CO BAKE

LIES the next parifh weftward from Godmerfham. It is, the greateft part of it, in the lower half of the hundred of Felborough, and the reft in that of Wye. The manor of Godmerfham claims over the former, in which the Lees, the eaflern and fouth-eaftern parts of this parifh are included; and the liberty of Wye manor claims over the remaining part in the latter hundred. There are two boroughs in this parifh, those of Pested and Challock.

THIS PARISH lies on high ground, in a healthy, though rather an unfrequented country. The foil is in general poor and barren, the upper part of it is covered with flints, and the reft of it a ftiff clay. In the middle of the parifh is a large common, called Challock lees, fo called from the Saxon word *lefwe*, which fignifies a pafture, which extends itfelf, in two branches, near two miles in length. At the end of the lees is the principal village, in which is a good houfe, called the Clock-

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The A

Clock-houfe, from a fquare tower and clock in it, adjoining to the house; it belongs to, and is inhabited by Mr. Thomas Young, who fome years ago erected a windmill near it, for grinding feeds, the first of the kind erected in these parts. In 1779, a flash of lightning, which was inftantaneoufly fucceeded by a very loud clap of thunder, fet fire to this mill, and it was burnt down, but it was immediately afterwards built up again. Nearly at the oppofite part of the lees is another hamlet of houses, where it is called Lorendens forstall; in the whole there may be upwards of fixty houses in it. On the fides of this parish, (excepting the fouth) there are great quantities of coppice wood ; great part of that on the north and weft parts being called Longbeech-wood, which contains about eleven hundred acres, most of which is within the bounds of this parifh, and belongs to the archbishop, Sir Edward Dering, bart. being leffee of it. Archbilhop Parker, in 1570, was fued in the court of exchequer, for felling some part of this wood, under pretence of its being the queen's, and the council determined it in his favor; yet the archbishop was obliged to relinquish his right to it; but archbishop Whitgist, on his first advancement to the fee, found fuch favor with the queen as to recover the poffeffion of it, and turned out Sir James Crofts, who then held it under the crown." The church stands at the bottom of the hill, along which there are feveral very large fand-ftones, about three quarters of a mile from the village, and close adjoining to the pales of Eastwell-park, the greatest part of which is within this parish. The high turnpike road from Faversham through Sheldwich to Ashford, crosses this parish. Before the prefent trust was created by parliament for this road, the old road through this parish went still more fouthward close to the park; but the last lord Winchelsea procured it to be turned more to

<sup>2</sup> See Strype's life of archbishop Parker, p. 314.

the north, and rather than have his farm cut through by the new making of it, as was intended, gave the woodland to the public, in order for it to be made where it now goes; as does another branch of it along the north fide of it, from Faversham to Charing and the Weald of Kent. At Blacks-forstall, in this parish, the ground is so exceeding high, that both the seas may be seen from it; that is, on one fide, the Thames' mouth, and on the other, the harbour before Rye.

William the Conqueror, on his foundation of the abbey of Battel, in Suffex, granted a fair to it, to be held in that part of this parifh in the hundred of Wye, on the day of St. Cofinus and Damian, Sept. 27, for one day; the privileges and profits of which belonged to the abbey at the fuppreffion of it, in the 30th year of king Henry VIII. when it came, with the manor of Wye, to which it feems to have been an appurtenance, into the hands of the crown, and was afterwards, from time to time, granted as fuch with that manor; George Finch Hatton, efq. of Eaftwell, the prefent lord of Wye manor, being now the proprietor of this fair as appurtenant to it. This fair is now held, by the alteration of the ftile, on the 8th of October yearly, and is accounted a great fair for the fale of cattle of all forts.

OTTERPLEY is a manor here, the manfion of which has been for many years pulled down, and the feite and demefnes of it, which lay near Eaftwell, included in the upper park there, which was formerly from it called Aperfields garden. This was one of the feats, of which there were feveral in this county, belonging to the antient family of Appulderfield, called by contraction, Apperfield, whofe original arms, *Ermine*, a fefs vaire, cr, and gules, as well as their augmentation, granted by king Richard I. to Henry de Apulderfield, Sable, a cro/s, or, voided of the field, are in feveral places on the roof of Canterbury cloifters, and in the windows of feveral churches in that city. Henry de Apulderfield, who

who refided at Apulderfield, in Cowdham, was poffeffed of it in the reign of Henry III. and is faid to have had a grant anno 38 of that reign, of a market and fair at his manor of Otterpley, but if ever they were held, they have been long fince disused. His descendant Henry de Apulderfield held his shrievalty at Otterpley, in the 50th year of king Edward III. being the last of that prince's reign. From him it paffed to Richard, lord Poynings, who died possessed of it in the 11th year of king Richard II. His grandfon Richard left a fole daughter and heir Eleanor, who married Sir Henry Percy, afterwards earl of Northumberland, and he in her right became afterwards poffessed of this manor. How long it continued in his defcendants I have not found; but in the reign of king Henry VII. it was become the property of Moyle, whole defcendant Sir Thomas Moyle, of Eastwell, chancellor of the court of augmentation, dying in 1560, without male islue, Catherine his daughter and coheir carried it in marriage to Sir Thomas Finch, of Eastwell, whose fon Sir Moyle Finch, of Eastwell, having in 1589 obtained licence to inclose his grounds in Eastwell and the adjoining parifhes, for a park, this manor and the fcite of the antient manfion of Otterpley, were included by him within the pale of it, in that part of it called the upper park, near Eastwell, and the mansion of it, pulled down. Since which it has continued in the fame fucceffion of ownership with that park and manor, down to George Finch Hatton, efq. now of Eastwell, the prefent proprietor of it.b

LORRINGDEN AND DEAN are two manors in this parish, the former of which is written in antient deeds, *Lourding*, alias *Lurdingden*, and was formerly possified by a family of that name, the place on which it stands being yet called Loringdens forstal; and Philipott

<sup>b</sup> See a further account of the owners of this manor under Eaftwell.

fays,

fays, that there was a tradition very frequent among the country people in these parts, that Loringden was once the manfion of gentlemen of this name, one of whom had a combat with one of the Apulderfields, of Otterpley, about the building of a chapel in the valley, which was pretended by Loringden to have been erected on his land. The latter manor antiently belonged to owners likewife of its own name, who stiled themselves from their refidence here, as appeared by feveral antient deeds without date, At-Dean, and fometime A-Dean, and at last Dean. When the Loringdens left their poffessions here, I cannot find; but from the earliest deeds remaining, which reach no higher than the reign of king Henry IV. that manor was become the property of Cadman, a family which had been long before refident in this neighbourhood, and who in the reign of Henry VI. became, by purchase from the Deans, likewife poffeffed of the manor of Dean.

These manors continued in the family of Cadman till the beginning of king James I.'s reign, when by a fole daughter and heir Mary, they went in marriage to William Plumer, gent. of Cranbrooke, who died in 1622, and by will devifed them to his fecond fon, William Plumer, who was likewife of Cranbrooke, and he afterwards alienated them to Peers, one of whofe descendants John Peirs, at his death in 1685, devised these manors by will to his only daughter and heir Elizabeth," who entitled her hufband Thomas Brifley, of this parish, to them. Their two sons, William and Thomas Brifley, fucceeded to them as coheirs in gavelkind; and on a division of their inheritance, the latter became possessed of the whole property of these manors, which he conveyed in 1737 to Mr. Edward Watts, of Bersted, who on his death devised them to

<sup>c</sup> There is a pedigree of this family in Viftn. co. Kent, 1619. <sup>d</sup> Several of their wills are in the Pierog. off. Cant. Richard Pierce, for fo he fpelt his name, died here. his great-nephew Mr. Edward Watts, gent. of Gravefend, the prefent owner of them.

There were formerly feveral families of good account refident in this parish, and posseffed of confiderable eftates in it for a long feries of years, the Lewknors refided at Bod/head, in this parifh. Richard Lewknor was refident here in the reign of queen Elizabeth, as was his fon William; foon after which this eftate came into the posieffion of the Moyles, by one of whom it was laid into Eastwell park. The house is on the west fide of the avenue leading from Challock lees to Eastwell house. They bore for their arms, Azure, three chevrons, argent, an annulet for difference. The Gyles's, who had been long fettled in this county, and were owners of Lords, in Sheldwich, as early as Richard II. refided here, but they are now extinct. Several of them lie buried in this church, and their wills are in the Prerogative-office, Canterbury. The Hawkers, as appears by their wills in the fame office, were fettled here as early as the reign of king Edward IV. and that they were refident here till the middle of the last century. The family is, I believe, now extinct, the last of them being Mr. Gibbon Hawker, gent. of Sittingborne, who died unmarried fome years ago; they bore for their arms, Sable, a havek flanding on a perch, argent. And the Thurftons, written likewife in their feveral wills, Thurstyn and Thurstan, likewife were refident here as early as king Edward IV.'s reign, when they were poffetfed of eftates here called Baylis, Propchauntis, and Parvocke. Several of them lie buried in this church and churchyard, the last in 1632; foon after which they became extinct here, their arms being, Argent, on a bend, gules, three mullets, or. The families of the Gyles's, Hawkers, and Thurftans, had continued intermarriages one with the other, as appears by their wills, all of whom have been removed from hence many years.

YOL. VII.

CHARITIES

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#### CH ARITIES.

THOMAS BAKKE, of Challock, by will in 1485, ordered poffeffion to be delivered to the guardians of the church of Challock, and to ten or twelve principal or fenior men of the fame, of and in his two tenements called Bretts and Haiors, with eight acres of land in this parifh, to hold for ever, with a renewal of the feoffment. And he ordered that the guardians fhould ever provide one good fermour to hold the premifes of them, in the name of the church, and of the money received thence, and he ordered certain fervices to be performed in this church.

WILLIAM OURE, yeoman, of Challock, by will in 1618, devifed to the poor of Peft-ftreet, in this parifh, after the manner of Almefland, two acres of land called Priecraft, provided it fhould be always occupied by thofe who fhould occupy his then dwelling-houfe at Peft-ftreet, who fhould yearly for ever pay to the poor, as a rent, five bufhels of wheat yearly for ever, to fuch poor as by his feoffees fhould be appointed, with power of diftrefs, &c. on non-payment. And if it happened that his feoffees at any time fhould die, or leave the parifh, that then the churchwardens and overfeers fhould have the like authority to order it for the poor.

A house and two acres of land, near the church, feemingly the above-mentioned land, was heretofore allotted to the parish clerk's use, who lived in it; but that being burnt down about 12 years ago, the overfeers, &c. have taken the land, and applied the profits to the general use of the poor of the parish.

The poor constantly relieved are about twenty; cafually the fame number.

THIS PARISH is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JURIS-DICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Bridge.

The church stands at the boundaries of the hundred of Felborough, part of the church-yard, being in the hundred of Wye. It is faid to have been founded by one of the family of Apuldersfield, and confists of three iss, a high and a north chancel, having at the west end a tower steeple embattled, with a beacon turret at the fouth-east corner, in which hang four bells. There are several memorials in this church for the Gyles's, Hawkers, and Thurstans. In the north chancel, on the fouth fide, there is a plain flat tomb, very antient; and on the north fide, a low plain tomb, coffin-shaped; and on the pavement, an antient graveftone of the like shape, with five or fix letters, in French capitals, remaining on the upper fide, but illegible. There has been much good painted glass, as appears by different fragments in the windows. In the north ifle still remain the arms of Apulderfield, Ermine, a bend vaire, or, and gules ; and in the east window of it a shield, 1st and 4th, as above; second, Azure, fretty, argent; third, Azure, a lion rampant-guardant, double tailed, or. The north chancel is now repaired by the parifh. Part of one of the isles is faid formerly to have belonged to the Lewknors to repair. In the churchyard are fix yew-trees, of a remarkable large fize. The leffee of the parlonage now repairs the chancel; but in the endowment of the vicarage, the repair of it was allotted to the vicar.

The church of Challock is effected only as a chapel of eafe to that of Godmersham, and as such is not rated separately in the king's books.

The parfonage or great tithes of this parifh, like that of Godmersham, was parcel of the possession of the priory of Christ church, in Canterbury, and on the diffolution of it, in the 31st year of king Henry VIII. came into the hands of the crown, where it staid till queen Elizabeth, in her 3d year, exchanged it, among other premises, with archbisshop Parker, when it was valued at 141. 13s. 4d. per annum. Since which it has continued to this time parcel of the possession of the see of Canterbury. Mr. John Hilton, of Sheldwich, is the prefent leffee of it.

This church being a chapel of eafe to that of Godmersham, constitutes a part of that.vicarage, though it had a separate endowment,<sup>e</sup> and the vicar of Godmersham is presented and instituted to that church, with the chapel of Challock annexed. It is separated from

· Liber. Dict. Berthona in Thefau. Ecclæ Christi, Cant. fol. 225.

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the jurifdiction of the archdeacon. Archbishop Juxon, in conformity to the king's letters mandatory, anno 15 Charles II. augmented this vicarage with a pension of ten pounds per annum, to be paid by the lesse of the parsonage. The lesse of the parsonage claims all tithes in this parish, (except turneps, hops, potatoes, gardens, and of lands pastured, which belong to the vicar) and are worth to him about twenty-fix pounds per annum. There are no tithes payable from woodland in this parish.

In 1588 here were communicants one hundred and feventy-feven. In 1640, only one hundred and twenty.

## THE HUNDRED OF WYE

LIES the next hundred fouthward from that of Felborough,

AND CONTAINS WITHIN ITS BOUNDS THE PARISHES OF

1. WYE. 2. CRUNDAL.

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4. BOUGHTON ALUPH; and 5. EASTWELL.

2. BROOKE.

And the churches of those parishes; and likewife a part of the parishes of BRABORNE, CHALLOCK, WALTHAM, and WEST-WELL; the churches of which are in other hundreds. Two conftables have jurifdiction over it.

That part of Waltham within this bundred, includes the manor of Ethmerfield; and that part in Westwell includes the manors of Dean and Beamonston.

W Y E

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LIES the next parish eastward from Challock. It is spelt in Domesday, and other antient records, Wy.

THE PARISH lies in a healthy country, great part of it being in the fertile Ashford vale; the fine pasture

down

down hills of Wye and Braborne bound the eaftern fide of it, as does another range of hills on the oppofite fide, the tops of which are fkirted by the large extent of woodland, called King's and Challock woods, over which, for near two miles, this parish reaches westward almost to the church and village of Molash. It contains about two hundred and thirteen houses, and fourteen hundred inhabitants; the rents of it are about 4500l. per annum. The foil of it is various, the hills above-mentioned, as well as the vale between in the northern part of it, are mostly chalk; the rest of it a red cludgy earth, much intermixed with flints, a wet unpleasant foil; the meadows near the river are very fertile and rich. The town of Wye, in which the fine tower of the church is a confpicuous object, ftands in the vale on the river Stour, which directs its course through the parish in its way to Canterbury; over it here is a stone bridge of five arches, built in 1630, in the room of the former wooden one, at the charge of the county; the river is plentifully stowed hereabouts with pikes. The town, which stands low and damp, and from that and its foil an unpleasant fituation, is a neat well-built town, confifting of two parallel and two crofs ftreets, the whole unpaved. There is a large green in it, built round, on one fide of which is the church and college clofe to it, and on the other a houfe, which was once the gaol to the manor-court, but long fince difused.

There is a tradition, that the town once flood in the valley, which lies between Wye-down and Crundal, where the hamlet of Pett-ftreet now is, about which there are still remaining feveral deep difused wells, and this place is still called Town borough, whereas that in which Wye town ftands is called Bewbridge-borough. About half a mile weftward from the town is a pleafant feat, called Spring-grove, built by Thomas Brett, esq. of this parish, in 1674, who afterwards resided in it. This family of Brett refided at the adjoining parish of Kennington,  $Z_3$ 

Kennington, before they removed to Wye parish, and bore for their arms, Or, a lion rampant, gules, between fix cross croslet, sable; the first of them mentioned here being Gregory Brett, who died in 1541, and with his descendants to the present time, lies buried in a vault in the middle isle of this church, over which there is a ftone, with the descent of them to the present time. One of them, Thomas, of Spring-grove, was LL. D. a very learned divine, who had the rectories of Betfhanger and Rucking, both which he refigned in 1714, his confcience not permitting him to take the oaths then imposed by government. He died in 1743, having had by Bridget his wife, daughter of Sir Nicholas Toke, of Chart, twelve children, of whom only one fon and two daughters furvived. The fon Nicholas Brett, clerk, died in 1776, having married Rebecca, daughter and coheir of William Brandon, by whom he had two fons Thomas and Nicholas, and a daughter Rebecca. Thomas Brett, esq. the eldeft fon, fucceeded at length to this feat. He married the daughter of Thomas Kynafton, efq. of the Grove, in Wythiam, and is the prefent owner of Spring-grove, at which he refides.

The fouth part of the parifh below the town, is full of fmall inclofures, and the foil deeper. In it is a hamlet, called *Witherfden*, formerly accounted a manor, in which there is a well, which was once famous, being called St. Euftace's well, taking its name from Euftachius, abbot of Flai, who is mentioned by Matt. Paris, p. 169, an. 1200, to have been a man of learning and fanctity, and to have come and preached at Wye, and to have bleffed a fountain there, fo that afterwards its waters were endowed, by fuch miraculous power, that by it all difeafes were cured. Hence the parifh extends itfelf further fouthward by a narrow flip, between Brook and Braborne, to Nacolt-wood, once reputed likewife a manor, and the tile-kiln of that name.

Almost one half of the parish now belongs to Mr. Sawbridge, his estate here being greatly increased by

his

his father's late purchase of the estates of Bond Hopkins, efq. which confift of Wye-court, Harvile, Coldharbour, Wye-downs, and Nacolt, in this parish; they formerly, I conjecture, belonged to Wye college, and afterwards to the Kempes; they were bought in chancery by John Hopkins, efq. commonly called from his rapacity, Vulture Hopkins, who died immenfely rich in 1732, and devifed his eftates fo as not to be inherited till after the fecond generation, then unborn; but the court of chancery fet the will alide, and gave his estates to his heir-at-law, from whom they descended to the above-mentioned Bond Hopkins, elq. In the northern part of it stands the stately mansion of Ollantigh, close to the river, which is here beautifully formed by art to ornament it. Adjoining are the park-grounds, containing near fix hundred acres, which extend almost as far as Wye town; and the eaftern part of the ridge of hills called Wye-downs, the chain of which reaches to the fea-fhore at Folkestone. On the summit of the hill, at the eastern extremity of this parish, is Fanscomb-beech, a tree visible to all the country round, to a great distance; near it was formerly a cottage, of the fame name, now pulled down, and the lands laid into Mr. Sawbridge's park grounds. Alfo near it is Fannes wood, now a cottage, and belonging to him likewife. Both these were formerly esteemed manors of good account. The manor of Fannes, alias Fanscombe, formerly belonged to the mafter of the Savoy, now to St. Thomas's hospital, in Southwark, and that of Fannes wood, formerly the property of the Kempes, to Mr. Sawbridge.

The high road from Canterbury to Afhford leads along this parifh, about half a mile diffance weftward from Ollantigh, on higher ground from whence there is a fine view over the vale beneath and the oppofite downs, including the manfion and grounds of Ollantigh, and the town and church of Wye, which it leaves in its. courfe at the fame diffance.

Z 4

It is by fome fuppofed that the Romans had a highway through this parifh, which went on towards Lenham, and fo to Aylesford; and the feveral remains of that nation dug up on Tremworth-down, in the adjoining parifh of Crundal, on the fide of it next to this parifh, will ferve to ftrengthen this conjecture. Wye had formerly a market on a Thurfday, granted to the abbot of Battell, which was held in the time of king Henry VIII. It was held in Leland's time, who calls it *a pratie market townelet*; but it has been for fome time difufed. The two fairs formerly held here on St. Gregories day, March 23, and on All Souls day, Nov. 2, are now held on May 29 and Sept. 3, yearly, for Welch cattle, ftock, &c.

There were formerly feveral families of good account refident in this town and parish, the Finch's, lived at Wye-court, defcended from those of Sewards, in Linsted, a younger branch of the Finch's, of Eastwell; the Swans, removed hither from Lyd. Francis Swan, efq. refided here, his houfe being in the town of Wye, at the latter end of Henry VIII.'s reign. They bore for their arms, Azure, a chevron, ermine, between three fwans, proper; the Twifdens, one of whom, Roger Twifden, gent. was of Wye, had a leafe of the fcite of the manor of Wye, and other premifes here, from the abbot of Battel, anno 25 Henry VIII. and the Haules, who were antiently written De Aula sive Haule, in Latin deeds, likewife refided here for feveral generations, till they removed to Maidstone in king James the Ist.'s reign, where George Haule, efq. of Maidstone, died in 1652. Elizabeth his daughter, and at length fole heir, married Sir Thomas Taylor, bart. of that parish. They bore for their arms, Or, on a faltier, five muliets of the field.

In this parish Major George Somner, brother to the antiquary, was killed in an engagement with the rebels, in 1648.

ON THE PLACE where the famous and decifive battle between king Harold and William, duke of Normandy, was fought in 1066, the Conqueror in the next year began to build a noble abbey, named from that event, Battell abbey ; in Latin records, Abbatia de Bello ; the royal founder endowing it with exemptions and privileges of a very extraordinary nature, and with many manors and good eftates; among which was this ROYAL MANOR OF WYE, with all its appendages, being of the demeines of his crown, as the grant expreffes it, with all liberties and royal cuftoms, as well here as in Dengemarsh, which belonged to the court of Wye, f as freely as he himfelf held it, or as a king could grant it. Accordingly it is thus entered in the record of Domefday, under the title of land of the church of Battell, or De Labatailge, as there spelt.

The abbot of St. Martin, of the place of Battle, holds the manor which is called Wi, which in the time of king Edward the Confessor, and now, was and is taxed at seven sulings. The arable land is fifty-two carucates. In demesne there are nine carucates, and one hundred and fourteen villeins, with twenty-two borderers, having feventeen carucates. There is a church, and seven servants, and four mills of twenty-three (hillings and eight pence, and one bundred and thirty three acres of meadow, and wood for the pannage of three hundred hogs. In the time of king Edward the Confessor it was worth no more than twenty pounds and one hundred shillings, and fix shillings and eight pence; when he received it. one hundred and twenty-five pounds, and ten shilling of the twenty in ore; " now one hundred pounds by tale; and if the abbot had had fac and foc, it would have been worth twenty pounds more.

<sup>f</sup> See Dugd. Mon. vol. i. p. 315. Selden's Titles of Honor. p. 637. The original grant is among the Harl. MSS. in Brit. Muf. <sup>g</sup> Ore was a nominal money among the Saxons. It is often mentioned in Domefday as of the value of 20d.

Ralf

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Ralf de Curbespina holds one denne and one yoke of the land, of the sockmen of this manor, and pays by custom six pence. Adelulf two parts of one suling, and pays twelve pence; and Hugo de Montfort has two yoke, and pays three hundred eels and two shillings; and in the time of king Edward the Confessor, they paid both sac and soc.

Of the twenty-two hundreds, there belonged to this. manor, fac and foc, and all forfeitures, which of right belonged to the king.

For fuch was the dignity of this manor, which then confifted of *feven fulings*, or hides of land, that, as the antient book of this abbey expressed it, with its own hundred, it had jurisdiction over twenty-two hundreds and an half, which belonged to its court.

The grant of king William was confirmed by his fon king Henry I. with feveral other liberties and privileges; and king Henry III. in his 56th year, by his letters patent granted to this abbey further ample li. berties, and among them for the pleas of all the tenants of it, to be held before their own steward. All which, with the grant of other liberties, were confirmed by charter of inspeximus, by king Henry IV. in his 13th year; h and as a mark of royal favour to it, king Edward II. after the burial of his father, and before his own coronation, in his first year, held the folemnity of a whole Chriftmas at the manor-house of Wye, and it appears that this place was afterwards frequented by feveral great perfonages, among others, John de Langeton, chancellor of the realm, landed at Dover, anno 27 Edward I. from the court of Rome, and delivered to the king his feal, in his chamber at Wye. Henry VI. was here in the month of March, in his 7th year, as was Humphry, duke of Gloucester, protector of the realm, in the 8th and 9th

<sup>b</sup> Stev, Mon. appendix, vol. ii. p. 169.

year of that reign.<sup>1</sup> In which flate this manor continued till the suppression of the abbey in the 30th year of Henry VIII. when it came, with the reft of the poffeffions of it, into the king's hands, where this manor flaid till king Edward VI. in his 5th year, granted the manor, rectory, and advowfon of the vicarage of Wye, two tithe-barns, and the tithes themfelves, to Edward, lord Clinton and Saye, to hold in capite by knight's fervice, but he kept them only a few months; when he re-conveyed them back again to the king, where this manor remained till queen Elizabeth, in her first year, granted it, by the name of her royal manor of Wye, together with Aldons, Dods, Wefture, and Bromford, in this parish, Shottenton in Westwell, and the manor of the vicarage of Wye, with other lands belonging formerly to the abbey of Guifnes, in Flanders, as will be more particularly mentioned hereafter, to her kinfman Henry Carey, lord Hunsdon, to hold in capite by knight's service. His grandson Henry, earl of Dover, soon after the year 1628, alienated this manor and the premises abovementioned to Sir Thomas Finch, knight and baronet, of Eastwell; fince which they have, in the like fucceffion of ownership as that manor, descended down to George Finch Hatton, elq. now of Eastwell, the prefent possessor of them.

A court leet and court baron are regularly held for this manor.

There used formerly to be held here, on every Monday three weeks, a court of record, for determining all actions, real, perfonal, and mixt; but this has been fometime difused. The liberty of the royal manor of Wye extends over the boroughs of Henwood, alias Hewit, in Ashford; of Snodehill, in Bethersden, and of Wachinden, in Biddenden; over all Boughton Aluph; the borough of Cocklescombe, in Braborne;

<sup>i</sup> See Rym. Fæd. vol. x, p. 413, 459, 472.

all Brooke; part of the church-yard, the fair-place, and fuch other part of Challock as is not in the manor of Godmersham; part of Chilham; the borough of Frisley, alias Abbots Franchise, in Cranbrooke; all Crundall and Eastwell; part of Godmersham; the denne of Romeden, in Halden ; the boroughs of the town, in Haftingleigh; of Hawkhurst, alias South-borough, in Hawkhurst; part of West Hyth; all Kingtnoth; the borough of Dengemash, in Lid; part of Mersham and Molash; the borough of West Kingfnoth, in Pluckley; part of Rucking; the yoke of Develand, being all Sevington ; the denne of Crepredge, in Tenterden; the borough of Towne, in Waltham; part of Warehorne; the borough of Shottenden and Deane, in Westwell; the borough of Henwood, in Wilfborough; the denne of Plurenden, in Woodchurch, and all Wye.

OLLANTIGH, the noble manfion of which is fituated near the river Stour, at the north-weft boundary of this parish, in the reign of Edward I. was in the poffeffion of Ralph Kempe, whofe grandfon Sir Roger Kempe, dying *f. p.* Thomas, his younger brother, be-came his heir, and dying in 1428, left two fons, the youngest of whom became cardinal of the church of Rome, and archbishop of Canterbury, who built an oratory or chapel at this manfion, and was founder of the college in this parish. The eldeft fon inherited Ollantigh, and left two fons, of whom Thomas, the youngest, was bishop of London. The eldest left one fon, Sir Thomas Kempe, K. B. he new built this manfion of Ollantigh, where he kept his thrievalty anno 8 and 21 Henry VII. and 4 Henry VIII. He died in 1520, and in his descendants, several of whom were theriffs of this county, and lie buried in this church and its cemetery, who bore for their arms, Gules, a fess between three garbs, or, a bordure engrailed of the second, it continued down to Sir Tho. Kempe, whofe lands were difgavelled by the acts of 31 king **H**enry

Henry VIII. and 2 and 3 Edward VI.\* But on his death in 1607, without male iffue, his four daughters and coheirs, Dorothy, married to Sir John Cutts; Anne, to Sir Thomas Chicheley; Amy, to Sir Henry Skipwith, bart. and Mary, to Sir Dudley Digges, entitled their respective husbands jointly to this estate, which they foon afterwards conveyed to Sir Timothy Thornhill, who foon afterwards refided here. He was defcended from John Thornhill, of Tunford, in Nottinghamthire, whofe fon Richard was of Bromley, in Kent, efq. and purchated lands in Bredhurft and Rainham, of lord Cheney, in queen Elizabeth's reign, as has been already mentioned under thole parifhes. They bore for their arms, Gules, two bars gemelles, argent; a bend of the last; on a chief of the second, a tower triple towered, azure. In his posterity this feat continued down to Major Richard Thornhill, of Ollantigli, who in the 4th year of queen Anne, obtained an act for vefting this and other eftates in truftees, to be fold for payment of his debts. This Major Thornhill was the perfon, who in 1711, fought a duel with Sir Cholmley Dering, bart. in Tothill-fields, Westmin fter, in which Sir Cholmley received a wound, of which he died the fame day. His truftees accordingly fold this feat and effate of Ollantigh, with feveral other eftates in this county, foon afterwards to Jacob Sawbridge, elq. one of the directors of the South Sea Company in the memorable year 1720. He died in 1748, bearing for his arms, Or, two bars, azure, each charged with a barrulet dauncette, argent, a chief indented of the fecond. He left three fons, John, of whom hereafter; Jacob, who was of Canterbury, and married Anne, fifter of Thomas Knight, efg. of Godmer-

\* This defcent of Kempe is taken from a manufcript in the poffeffion of the late Thomas Knight, efq. of Godmertham, from a book in the Heralds-office, marked H. 2. Kent; the Stem. Chich. and other authorities,

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sham. They both lie buried in Crundal church. By her he had a fon Jacob, a colonel in the army; and Catherine, married to T. Heron, efq of Chilham; and John-Elias, who was of Canterbury, efq. and died unmarried in 1789; the eldeft fon John Sawbridge, elq. fucceeded him in his eftates, and refided at Ollantigh, where he died in 1762, leaving by Elizabeth his wife, daughter of Mr. George Wanley, banker, of London, two fons, John, who was of Ollantigh, and Wanley, who was vicar of Stalisfield, and refided at Otterden, where he died unmarried in 1796, and two daughters, Mary, who married Stephen Beckingham, elq. of Bishopsborne; and Catherine, who married Geo. Macaulay, M. D. and afterwards Mr. Graham. He was fucceeded here by his eldeft fon John Sawbridge, efq. who refided here, and from the great alterations and elegant improvements to this stately feat of Ollantigh, might with great propriety be called the second builder of it. He was chosen in three fuccessive parliaments for the city of London, of which he was an alderman, and lord-mayor in 1775. His first wife was Mary, only daughter of Sir Orlando Bridgeman, bart. who died f. p. His fecond was the youngest daughter of Sir Wm. Stephenson, alderman of London, by whom he had three fons, John, who died at Caen, in Normandy, in 1707, æt. 21, unmarried; Samuel-Elias, who became his heir, and Wanley, and one daughter. He died in 1795, and was brought to Wye, and there buried with his anceftors. He left his wife furviving, and was fucceeded in this feat, and the reft of his eftates, by his eldeft furviving fon Samuel-Elias Sawbridge, elq. who married the daughter of Brabazon Ellis, efq. of Widdial hall, in Effex. He is the present possessor of this feat of Ollantigh, but at present refides at Otterden, in this county.

HINKSELL is a manor here, fituated in the hamlet of Bilting, which lies on the high road from Canterbury

bury to Afhford, partly in this parish, and partly in that of Godmersham; but the scite of it, called DEAL PLACE, is in that of Wye. It once belonged to a fa-mily of the name of Bilting, or Belting, as they were fometimes spelt. John Beltyng, in his will, anno 1460, mentions his house and lands of Dele, which continued in his descendants down to William Bil. ting, in the reign of queen Elizabeth, but he dying f. p. Arthur Franklyn and Richard Videan, gentlemen, were found to be his heirs ; and upon the partition of his estates, this was allotted to the former, who afterwards refided at it, and died posseffed of it in 1601. This family of Franklyn was originally of Chart Sutton, John Franklyn refided there, and in his will, proved anno 1500, ftiles himfelf gentleman; and from him descended those of Wye, Badlesmere, Maidftone, Sittingborne, and other parts of this county. They bore for their arms, Argent, on a bend, gules, three lions heads erased, or, between two dolphins of the fecond; confirmed by William Harvey, clarencieux.1 Arthur Franklyn above-mentioned, by his laft will devifed this eftate to his three fons, Arthur, John, and James Franklyn; the former of whom, together with John and Thomas, fons of the two latter, joined in the fale of it to their kinfman Thomas Carkeridge, of Maidstone, who died f. p. and was buried at Maidftone, being the fon of Gervas Carkeridge, of Godmersham, descended from ancestors settled for some time at Cranbrooke. They bore for their arms, Argent, on a fess, engrailed, sable, three quaterfoils, or." He by his will in 1640, gave it to his nephew William Cooper, of Maidstone, and his descendant alienated it to John Farnaby, elq. of the precincts of Christ-church, in Canterbury, the fon of Thomas

<sup>1</sup> There is a pedigree of them in Vistn. co. Kent, anno 1574, and several of their wills are in the Prerog. off. Cant.

" Pedigree of Carkeridge in Vistn. co. Kent, anno 1619.

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352 Farnaby, the noted grammarian, by his first wife; by the fecond are descended the Farnabys, late of Sevenoke, baronets. John Farnaby, by his will in 1673, gave it to his eldeft fon Thomas, whole fon James Farnaby fold it to Edward Filmer, efq. who fucceeded to the title of baronet on the death of his father Sir Robert, in 1720, and his fon Sir John Filmer, bart. of East Sutton, dying f. p. in 1797, by his will gave this eftate to his younger brother the Rev. Edmund Filmer, rector of Crundal, who is the prefent possesfor of it.

THE MANOR OF ALDONS, the fcite of which is now called PERRY-COURT, is fituated about a mile and an half fouth-weft from Bilting, on the Afhford road. It was to named from the family of Aldon, possefiors of it, who were likewise owners of several eftates in other parts of this county, one of them, Thomas de Aldon, was possessed of it in the 43d year of king Edward III. and from him it paffed to Sir Robert Belknap, who was owner of it in the 10th year of king Richard II. How long it continued in this name, I do not know; but it afterwards became the eftate and refidence of a family named Pyrie, afterwards called and written Perry ; and though they poffetfed it but a finall time in comparison of the Aldons, who were of much greater note in this county, yet from their refidence at it, the house of it gained the name of Perry-court, which it still retains. Of the heirs of Geoffrie de Pyrie this manor was purchased by cardinal archbishop John Kempe, in the beginning of king Henry VI.'s reign, and he in the 10th year of it fettled it among other premises, on his new founded college of Wye, with which it flaid till the diffolution of it in the 36th year of king Henry VIII. when it came into the hands of the crown, whence it was granted that year to Walter Bucler, elq. fecretary to queen Catherine, to hold in capite by knight's fervice, who in the 38th year of that reign alienated it 10

to Sir Maurice Dennis, and he, in the first year of queen Mary, fold it to William Damsell, esq." afterwards knighted, who bore for his arms, Ermine, on a cross engrailed, sable, a tower, between four mullets, iffuing from as many cre/cents, argent. He died before the 25th year of queen Elizabeth, leaving his four daughters his coheirs, one of whom marrying Burfton, on the partition of their eflates, he became entitled to this manor, which was alienated by his defcendant, about the beginning of king James I.'s reign, to John Moyle, elq. of Buckwell, whole fon Capt. Robert Moyle, of that place, fold it to Thomas Finch, earl of Winchelfea, who died poffeffed of it in 1639, and in his defcendants this manor continued down to Daniel, earl of Winchelsea and Nottingham, who at his death in 1769, devifed it, among his other eftates in this county, to his nephew George Finch Hatton, elq. now of Eastwell, the present owner of it.

RAYMONDS is a manor in this parish, fituated about a mile fouthward from Wye bridge, which was not only the feat, but gave furname to a family, who were for a great length of time flewards to the abbot and convent of Battell, for their lands near this place; and it is probable that it was once the original flock, from which the Raymonds of Effex, Norfolk, and other counties, derived their extraction. This family was extinct here before the 36th year of Henry VIII. when Roger Kingefland held it of the manor of Perie. It afterwards passed into the name of Back, in which it continued till Robert Back, almost within memory, conveyed it to the executors of Fenner, of Alhford, who left three daughters, Mary-Frances; Sarah, who intermarried with Mr. George Smith, of Faversham, and Priscilla; and upon the division of their eftates, this manor was allotted to Mr. Smith, in right of his wife Sarah, and he lettled it on one of

<sup>n</sup> Rot. Efch. ejus an. pt. 14.

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his daughters, on her marriage with Mr. Collet Mawhood, who alienated it to George Carter, elq. of Kennington, whole fon, the Rev. George Carter, of Kennington, is the prefent owner of it.

THERE WAS a manor in this parish called GER-MANS, formerly possible by a family of the fame name, afterwards the property of the Hawker's, of Challock, and then of the Dryland's, the late Mr. Brett called the above the manor of Snatts, alias Germans, and faid he met with another manor here called the manor of Dyton's, about the time of Edward IV. lying near the boundary of this parish, towards Cruidall.

CARDINAL, ARCHBISHOP JOHN KEMPE, beforementioned, was the fon of Thomas, younger brother of Sir Roger Kempe, whose ancestors, as has been mentioned before, had been settled at Ollantigh, in this parish, for some generations; a knightly family, the honor of knighthood having been constantly conferred on the eldeft son of it till the death of Sir Thomas Kempe in 1607, when his great eftate was by his daughters transferred to other families. The archbishop was born in this parish in 1380, and was of Merton college, Oxford, and of which he was fellow, and became LL. D. He was afterwards archdeacon of Durham, dean of the arches, vicar-general to archbishop Chichele, and not long afterwards made by king Henry V. on his conquering Normandy, chief justiciary of that province; all which he feems to have kept at one time, and till, in 1419, he was confecrated bishop of Rochester. In 1421 he was tranflated to Chichester, where he did not continue long, for the latter end of that year he was translated to London, and in 1424 to York. In 1427, anno 4 king Henry VI. he was made lord chancellor, and in 1452 translated to Canterbury, where he fat till his death in 1454. In 1439, being then archbishop of York, he was made cardinal priest, with the title of St. Balbina.

bina, and on his promotion to Canterbury, a cardinal bilhop, with the title of St. Rufina. Our hiltorians are very (hort in their accounts of this great man; fcarce any have done more than barely to mention his name; but, without doubt, his abilities were very great, otherwife it is improbable he could have arrived at the highest preferments both in church and state; for, as the author of the Antiquitates Britannia, observes, his executing the offices, to which he was first preferred, fo admirably, was the cause of his still higher promotion. He was munificent in his works of charity, in particular to the divinity fchools and to Merton college, in Oxford; and the university had fuch grateful remembrance of it, that a particular day was appointed there, to folemnize the memory of him and his nephew John Kempe, bifhop of London, on which they were fliled the two Mecanas's of the university. Besides which, he beautified the collegiate church of Southwell, and laft of all he founded and bountifully endowed the COLLEGE OF WYE, intending it for the celebrating of divine fervice, and for the education of youth in this parish, in the 10th year of king Henry VI. whilst archbishop of York, he obtained the king's licence for that purpole,° and afterwards, by his inftrument under his great feal, in 1447, being the 26th year of that reign, converted the parish church of Wye into a college, to confist of a proper number of chaplains and priefts to adminifter daily in it; one of which should be called the mafter or provoft of the college of St. Gregory and St. Martin, to have the government over the others ; and for them he caufed a college to be built adjoining the parish church-yard, on his own ground. After which he gave them a fet of statutes, and endowed it with sufficient estates in this parish, and others in this county, for their support and maintenance. In which

° Dugd. Mon. vol. iii. pt. 2, p. 191.

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ftate this college remained till the reign of king Henry VIII. when Edward Bowden, the provoft, and the fellows of it, by their inflrument under their common feal, dated Jan. 19, in the 36th year of that reign, furrendered it, with all its poffeffions, into the king's hands,<sup>p</sup> at which time the revenues of it were worth 931. 2s. o<sup>‡</sup>d. per annum. The feite of the college of Wye remained in the

hands of the crown only a few months, when the king granted it, with other poffessions lately belong-ing to it, to Walter Bucler, esq. secretary to queen Catherine, being then valued, including the tenth at 681. 128 5#d. to hold in capite by knight's fervice. He alienated it, in the 38th year of that reign, to Sir Maurice Dennis, and he in the first year of queen Mary fold it to William Damsell, eig. afterwards knighted. In which year there was a furvey taken of the fcite of the college, as well as the reft of the effates of it, in which there is the following description of it. The college was built four-fquare, the over part timber, the nether part ftone, adjoining to the east fide of the church-yard of Wye, faving the hall of it, which is all ftone, covered with flate, in length forty feet, and in breadth twenty-three. At the upper end of the hall is a parlour, ceiled with old wainfcot, twenty feet square, with a chamber over it of like fize; the reft of the lodgings on that fide, little chambers, both above and beneath. By the parlour is a fair cellar, to lay in wine, and at the end of the hall, a kitchen, with a fair well in it; the buttery, larder, and other offices on that fide, over them are two large chambers, the one ceiled. At the entry of the gate, on the right hand, a fair chapel, with feats and altar of wainfcot, on the left hand, the porter's lodge. Behind the parlour is a garden-plot, of one rood, well walled with

<sup>p</sup> See Rym. Fœd. vol. xv. p. 67. The original is in the Augmentation office.

stone. On the back of the hall are the bakehouse, brewhouse, stables, barns, and other houses, all well covered with tile. Sir William Damfell left four daughters and coheirs, who in the next reign of queen Elizabeth, became entitled to it; but how it paffed afterwards, I have not found; though before the latter end of the last century it was become the estate of Sir George Wheler, prebendary of Durham, who died in 1724, and by a codicil to his will, gave the ficite and buildings of the college of Wye to the mafter of the grammar-fchool there, and to the mafter and miftrets of the Lady Joanna Thornhill's charity-fchool, and their fucceffors for ever, for their habitations; and lands and tenements adjoining, to the value of fourteen pounds per annum, for keeping the buildings of it in repair.

ARCHBISHOP KEMPE intending his college here for the instruction of youth in the knowledge of grammar, as well as for the celebration of divine fervice, took good care in his statutes for the government of it, that this part of his intention should have its proper effect. In THIS SCHOOL all scholars were to be taught gratis, both rich and poor, in the art of grammar, (unless a present was voluntarily made, and except the ulual offerings of cocks and pence, at the feast of St. Nicholas). The grammar master was to be a graduate in the fame, or fome other faculty, and he was to have liberty to inftruct scholars privately, out of fchool hours, and to take pay for it, io that he did not neglect the school. In which situation the school remained at the diffolution of the college, in the 36th year of king Henry VIII. when it became, with that, likewife suppressed. However, the king took some care for the revival of it; for in his grant that year, of the rectories of Bocton Aluph, Bren.et, and Newington, and the advowfons of the vicarages of them, and the vicarage of Wye, parcel of the possessions of the late college here, to Walter Bucler; there was a provifo,

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provifo, among other things. that he, Walter Bucler, and his heirs, should at all times provide and main tain a fufficient schoolmaster, capable of reaching boys and young lads in grammar, without fee or reward, in this parish; and he was to pay him, out of the revenues of these premiles, the falary of 131. 6s. 8d. yearly. But he neglecting to perform thele condi-tions, the tchool continued unprovided for, and his grant became forfeited on that account to the crown, in consequence of a commission of enquiry, taken anno 35 of Elizabeth, for that purpose. And another commission was had, and inquisition taken, in the 24th year of king James the Ist.'s reign, by which it was found, that Walter Bucler had not fulfilled the conditions of his grant, by which the crown was entitled to refume the effates again. Upon which account, king Charles I. in his 2d year, granted all of them to Robert Maxwell, efq. and his heirs for ever; provided that they fhould provide and maintain fuch a schoolmaster, and pay him sixteen pounds yearly. After which the king, in his 5th year, made a new grant of them to him, on the like conditions, in confideration of his fervices, at the like rent; and that if the falary of fixteen pounds was not paid in the whole or in part, within thirty days after it was due, he was to forfeit four pounds, over and above the payment due, and fo for every month after, fo long as it should continue unpaid, with the usual power of diffres, &c. Which falary to the master continues to be paid by the possefior of the vicarage of Wye, George Finch Hatton, eig. who is the prelent patron of it. And a further benefaction, towards this school, was added, befide the gift of the college itfelf, and the buildings and lands already mentioned, by Sir George Wheler, who died in 1724, and by his will gave ten pounds a year, out of a farm called Skinners, as an exhibition, to a boy chosen out of the charity school of lady Johanna Thornhill's foundation, and educated in this grammargrammar-school of Wye, to be sent to Lincoln college, in Oxford. But his ion, the Rev. Granville Wheler, oblerving that in the course of almost forty years, no boy had been fo educated, augmented it by deed to twenty pounds per annum; and ordered, that if no fuch boy should be fo educated, it should be given to any boy of this parish, or in default, to any other, provided he was educated at this fchool.

The mafter of it, befides the above penfion of fixteen pounds per annum, has that half of the college allotted for his refidence which contains the fouth fide of it. The whole of it has been lately thoroughly repaired and beautified by the truftees of it, and now makes a very handsome appearance. The Rev. Philip Parsons is the present master of it.

The school-room is an antient stone building, feemingly of the time of the foundation of the college, ftanding adjoining to the church-yard, close to the road. The Wheler benefaction was put under the management of seven trustees, the late Daniel, earl of Winchelfea, John Sawbridge, efq. of Ollantigh, and five vicars of the neighbouring parishes. It was till of late, under the care of John Sawbridge, esq. of Ollantigh, and the Rev. Wanley Sawbridge his brother, as heirs and fucceffors to their late father, and the Rev. Mr. Pegge, late vicar of Godmersham, all now deceased, who found such difficulty in their applications to renew this truft, that in all probability it will not be very foon renewed again.

Lady Johanna Thornhill, of Ollantigh, by her will In 1708, among other charitable bequetts to this parish, gave the refidue of her estate to her executors in truft, that they fhould apply it to the use and benefit of the poorest fort of children of the town of Wye, for their improvement in learning. With it the executors purchased a farm in Wye and in Romney Marsh, of ninety-seven pounds per annum, out of which a schoolmaster and mistress are paid, who teach the poor

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poor children gratis. This, with the reft of her charitable bequefts, was fettled by the court of chancery,

The other half, or north fide of the college, is allotted for the mafter and mistress of this school, for their refidence, as well as to teach school in. This beneficial institution, so greatly to the advantage of this parish, is in a very flourishing state, there being at present more than one hundred boys and girls taught in it.

The mafter of the English boys school has a falary of thirty pounds per annum, for which he is to teach every poor boy in the parish reading, writing, and arithmetic, from the age of eight years to twelve. The mistress of the girls school has twenty pounds per annum, for which so instruct every poor girl in the parish in reading and needlework, and they are to attend the master of the boys school two hours in the day, to be taught to write.

#### CHARITIES.

WILLIAM GERMAN, of Wye, by will in 1479, gave to truftees, two acres and one rood of land in truft, to lay out 20d. for the health of his foul, and the refidue in repairing of the church. This is now let at 21. 10s. per annum.

It was certified by archbifhop Parker, to the privy council in 1562, that there was a poor-houfe at Wy, called *le almefhoufe*, without a foundation, permitted, maintained, and upholden by Sir Thomas Kempe, only upon his charitable zeal; in which lived certain poor people of alms. It ftands on the bank in Boltfhill, and is now in fix tenements, and has been for many years difpored of by the veftry.

ROBERT SERLYS, S. T. B. by will in 1567, gave his tenement, called Puntowes, to three poor people, to be placed there by the churchwardens. This was afterwards called *Serles's hofpital*, and was exchanged fome years ago by the parish, for the prefent workhouse.

RICHARD DRILAND, ESQ. of Wye, by will in 1606, gave to the poor of Wye his quit-rents of 5s. per annum, or thereabouts; and two acres of woodland in Kingfwood.

RICHARD HALKE the younger, of Wye, by will in 1578, gave 95. per annum to the use of the poor, and repairs of the church.

WILLIAM MORRIS, by will in 1612, gave 40s. per annum to the poor of this parifh, out of lands at Nackolt.

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**THOMAS** WOOD, gent. of Wye, gave by will in 1612, a ter mement in the town of Wye, for the ufe of the poor. A family is placed there by the veftry. He gave also 101. per annum to be lent to two poor tradefmen.

HENRY HAULE, ESQ. of Maidftone, by will in 1622, devifed to the overfeers of Wye, 20l. to be employed upon fome hemp, flax, wool, or other fuch matters, to employ the poor children and aged perfons of the parifh, in work; fo that out of the increase of it, they should have fome recompence for their labours, and yet the principal fum or stock referved whole.

THOMAS CARKERIDGE, of Maidftone, by will in 1640, gave out of lands lying at Bilting, in Wye, Godmersham, and Crundal, 6l. per annum; to the overleers of the poor of this parish, 3l. and to those of Godmersham the other 3l. for ever, to be every year bestowed to cloath four poor widows, two of Wye and two of Godmersham; and if there were not such poor widows, then to cloath other poor women; and he ordered that the cloathing should be given on the first Thursday in November yearly, with power of distress, &c. This is regularly distributed.

REYNOLD GOATLEY, ESQ. left by will in 1641, a large filver flaggon for the use of the communion.

ROBERT COLE, ESQ. by deed in 1653, fettled 100l. and ordered that out of the intereft fhould be paid 40s. yearly to a preacher for two fermons on the 30th of January, on certain texts therein fpecified, and that the remainder fhould be diftributed in bread. To which fum the parifh have fince added 20l. and have laid it out in the purchase of fix acres of land in Braborne.

THOMAS KIPPS, by will in 1680, gave 20s. per annum out of his lands in Great Chart.

WILLIAM BRETT, of Kennington, by will in 1704, gave 20s. per annum out of a tenement in Wye, to cloath a poor boy.— This house has been fince purchased by the parish, and is in two tenements, being fituated near the workhouse. It is inhabited by two poor families.

JOHN FINCH, gent. of Lympne, by will in 1707, gave his farm and lands, containing 105 acres, (now let at 751. per annum,) in St. Nicholas at Wade, in Thanet, to the minifters, churchwardens, and overfeers of the parifhes of St. Nicholas and Wye, in truft, that the yearly rents and profits fhould be yearly diffributed to eight of the eldeft, pooreft, and moft honeft, induftrious and labouring men of each of thefe parifhes, or any other parifh (that is to fay, 16 in all) that never received any relief from them. And he devifed his meffuages, lands, and appurtenances, containing 45 acres, in Wye, (now let at 621. per annum) to the minifter, churchwardens, and overfeers of Wye, in truft, that they fhould diffribute the rents and profits half yearly yearly for ever, unto five of the eideft and pooreft widows of the parish, who had never received relief of that or any other parifh. And he gave his tenement and lands, containing 36 acres, at Bilting; and his tenement, and 16 acres of land, in Wye, Godmersham, and Crundal; and his fix cowshares, lying in a meadow called Laines, in Wye and Godmersham; and a piece of ground, called Temple-hope. adjoining to Wye and Crundal, to the ministers, &c. of Wye and Godmersham, in truft, that they of Wye should dispose of the rents and profits of that land, with its appurtenances, which lay in Wye, to fix of the pooreft and eldeft labouring people of Wye, who never had received relief of that or any other parish, half-yearly for ever. · LADY JOANNA THORNHILL, by will in 1708, gave 1001. to truftees, to difpose out of the interest 40s. to the minister to preach a fermon upon Good Friday in the forenoon, annually; 30s. to be equally diffributed between three poor men and three poor women, that fhould attend divine fervice on that day, and the remainder to be laid out in bread, to be given to the poor on Easter-day. Also the profits of 500l. to poor housekeepers, in fums not exceeding 30s. to each family, nor lefs than 20s. Thefe two fums of 1001. and 5001. were laid out in the purchase of an estate at Sevington, which is now let at 24l. per annum, 5l. a year is allotted to the purposes for which the interest of the 100l. was given; and the refidue is distributed purfuant to the will, on every Easter Monday annually. And the refidue of her estate fhe gave to her executors in truft, that they fhould apply the fame to the benefit of teaching the poor children of this parish gratis; the particulars of which have been mentioned before, under the account of her fchool, commonly called Lady Thornhill's fchool, in this parifh.

WYE is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JURIS-DICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Bridge.

The church, which is dedicated to St. Gregory and St. Martin, flands at the north-weft corner of the town of Wye, and was built by cardinal Kempe, when he founded the college of Wye in the reign of king Henry VI. being a handfome, large building, with three ifles and as many chancels, and a high fpire fteeple in the middle, which flood on four lofty arches, fupported by a like number of large pillars. The great chancel was made choir fashion, wainfcotted, and feated round for the members of the new col-

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lege. The north chancel was appointed for the burying-place of the Kempes, owners of Ollantigh; and in the fouth chancel the parishioners of the better fort were interred. According to tradition, it ftood antiently on a little hill just at the entrance into the town from the river, and which is now called Boltshill, but was removed to this place, where it now flands, by the cardinal. In 1572, the steeple was burnt by lightning, and though it was foon afterwards rebuilt, under the care of Gregory Brett, then churchwarden, who was a great contributor to the expence of it; for which the parishioners granted to him and his heirs, a vault, in the middle ifle, for their burial; yet in 1685 it fell, and beat down the greatest part of the middle chancel, almost all the two fide ones, and the east end of the body of the church, by which all the monuments in the north chancel, of the Kempes, and Thornhills, of Ollantigh, were wholly deftroyed, and the tombftone which lay over the cardinal's father and mother, broken to pieces, whole epitaph is preferved by Weever, p. 274. The fragments of several of the old tombstones lay for several years afterwards scattered about the church-yard, and fome statues and parts of monuments lay at the lower end of the church; but they have fince been removed and there are now none remaining. After this, the remaining part was inclosed with boards, at the east end, to make it fit for divine fervice, and the reft lay in ruins till the year 1701, when a brief was procured for the rebuilding of it, and within a year or two afterwards it was begun, the remainder of the old chancels was taken down, and only the prefent finall chancel built up at the eaft end, in the room of that where the choir was, and a tower steeple on the fouth fide, between the chancel and the body of the church, with battlements, and four pinnacles with gilt vanes on them. The prefent building is small, but neat. It consists of three isles, the middle one having an upper ftory and range of windows.

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windows. There is only one fmall chancel, new built, circular at the eaft end, which does not reach near fo far as the old one, which extended feveral feet further, Mr. Chamberlain Godfrey's monument, in the church yard standing, as is faid, where the altar formerly did. Towards building the steeple and chancel, the lady Joanna Thornhill, the prebendaries of Canterbury, and others, were contributors, and Richard Thornhill, efq. gave the pavement of the chancel. In the fteeple are eight bells and a clock, which were completed in 1774. The only memorials of any time remaining, are three in the body of the church, viz. two for the Bretts, and one having the figures, in brafs, of a woman between her two hufbands, and underneath of feveral children, and at bottom an infeription, beginning John Andrew Justus, Thomas Palmer q; venuslus, &c. In the chancel is a memorial for Mrs. Catherine Matchem, daughter of George Finch, gent. of this parish, obt. 1713; a monument over a vault, in which lie Agnes and Mary Johnton; the former died in 1763, the latter in 1767, they were defcended from Sir Robert Moyle, of Buckwell; and a monument for lady Joanna Thornhill, daughter of Sir Bevill Granville, fecond wite of Richard Thornhill, efq. of Ollantigh, commander of a regiment of horse railed at his own charge, obt. 1708.

This church, appurtenant to the manor of Wye, was given, with it, to the abbey of Battel at its foundation by the Conqueror, and was appropriated to it before the year 1384, being the 8th year of king Richard II. In which ftate it continued till the reign of king Henry VI. when cardinal Kempe obtained the king's licence to purchase the advowson of the vicarage of the abbot of Battel, and settled it on his newfounded college here, as will be further mentioned hereafter; but the rectory appropriate of Wye remained part of the possession of the abbey till its diffolution in the 30th year of king Henry VIII. when

it

it came into the king's hands, where this rectory ftaid till king Edward VI. in his 5th year, granted it and the manor of the vicarage, together with the two tithebarns and the tithes themfelves, all parcel of the late monaftery of Battel, to Edward, lord Clinton and Saye, who reconveyed them back again to the king, within a month afterwards.

The rectory of Wye, with the barn and tithes of Craphill, in this parish, which tithery is very small, contifting mostly of woodlands, and lying adjoining to Molash and Challock, (the other corn tithes and premises above-mentioned being granted elsewhere) remained in the hands of the crown, till queen Elizabeth, in her 3d year, by her letters patent, granted them, the former being of the yearly rent of 261. 135. 4d. and the latter of 11. 6s. 8d. to archbilhop Parker, in exchange for other premifes, and in his fucceffors they have continued to this time, his grace the archbishop of Canterbury being now poffeffed of them. Samuel-Elias Sawbridge, elq. of Ollantigh, is the prefent leffee of this rectory. In 1684 the parlonage of Wye was affeffed to the church and king's tax at one hundred and five pounds yearly rent. THE OTHER CORN TITHES, mentioned above to have been granted elsewhere, which confisted of the town barn and the corn tithes belonging to it, extending into Crundal and Waltham, came into the poffeffion of the Finch's, earls of Winchelsea, and are now the property of George Finch Hatton, elq. The tithes of Fannes, in this parish and Crundal, belonged to the priory of Stratford Bow, in Middlefex, and on the fuppreffion of it in the reign of Henry VIII. were granted by that king to Sir Ralph Sadler, to hold in capite.

THE MANOR OF THE VICARAGE OF WYE remained in the crown only till the 1ft year of queen Elizabeth, who then granted it, with the royal manor of Wye, and other premifes and lands here, to her kinfman Henry, lord Hunfdon, to hold *in capite* by knight's 366

knight's fervice, whole grandfon Henry, earl of Dover, foon after 1628, alienated them to Sir Thomas Finch, of Eaftwell, afterwards earl of Winchelfea, whole defcendant Daniel, earl of Winchelfea and Nottingham, in 1769, deviled them to George Finch Hatton, elq. of Eaftwell, the prefent owner of this manor.

CARDINAL KEMPE, on the foundation of the college here, in order to prevent any difference which might happen between the mafter of it and the vicar of Wye, had the king's licence to purchase the advorvsfon of the vicarage from the abbot of Battel, and to give it to his mafter and chaplains, who had leave to appropriate it to themfelves; with whom this advowion and appropriation remained, as part of the possessions of the college, till the furrendry of it in the 36th year of Henry VIII. when it came into the hands of the crown, and was granted, with all its rights and appurtenances, that year, with the college and other premites here and elsewhere, to Walter Bucler, esq. to hold in capite, and in his grant was a provilo, that he should always provide two curates, one to be called the head, and the other, the inferior curate, to administer the facraments and divine fervice in the church, and to take the cure of fouls in the parifh, to whom he was to pay, out of the rents of the premifes therein granted, all which had tormerly belonged to the college, to the head curate nine pounds, and to the other eight pounds half-yearly, or within one month after. But he neglecting to perform these conditions, the cure remained unprovided for, and the grant became forfeited to the crown. After which, Robert Maxwell preferred a petition to king James I. for a grant of such estates as Walter Buckler before had in his grant, and offering to pay, of his own accord, forty pounds per annum to one curate here, instead of the

9 Dugd. Mon. vol. iii. pt. 2, p. 192.

feventeen

feventeen pounds to the two, as before stipulated; upon a committion of enquiry it was found, that for the space of twelve years, there had been no curates appointed, nor any falary paid according to the proviso in the patent. After which, king Charles I. in his 2d and 5th years, made two feveral grants of the same premises, among which was the vicarage of Wye, to the beforementioned Robert Maxwell, with a proviso, that he should at all times provide and maintain a sufficient curate to ferve in this parish church, to take the cure of fouls, and fhould pay him yearly fifty pounds, by halfyearly payments, with penalty of forfeiture, and power of entry and diffress for the sum of 121. 10s. for every month during which this falary, or any part of it, should be in arrear over and above thirty days after either of those times of payment. The premises granted as before-mentioned, confilted of the rectories and churches of Bocton Aluph, Brenfet, Newington, and the vicarage of Wye; the latter of which passed afterwards into the family of the Finch's, earls of Winchelfea, in whom it continued down to Daniel, earl of Winchelfea and Nottingham, who in 1769 devifed it to George Finch Hatton, efq. of Eaftwell, the owner of the appropriation of this vicarage, and patron of the perpetual curacy of Wye church.

The premifes in the grant as above-mentioned, are now in different hands. Brenfet and Newington parfonages, are in the poffeffion of James Drake Brockman, efq. who pays annually from them twenty-one pounds to the curate of Wye. The parfonage of Bocton Aluph belongs to the Rev. Moyle Breton, who pays twenty pounds, and the remainder of the falary is paid by George Finch Hatton, efq. as owner of the vicarage of Wye.

This curacy is now of the yearly certified value of 50l. 10s. 3d. In 1578 here were communicants five hundred and fifty feven.

CURATES.

### CURATES.

Thomas Jackfon, 1595. Richard Shepherd, 1623. Ambrofe Rickman, 1640. Thomas Swan, 1648. Thomas Ferrers, 1654. William Belke, 1656.3 Jeremy Dodson, 1662. Samuel Smith, 1675. George Gip/1s, 1681. W. M. Newar, 1706, obt. 1729.

r He was afterwards prebendary of Canterbury and rector of Ivychurch.

- 8 Afterwards preb. of Canterbury.
- \* Prebendary of Canterbury, and

John Wilkinson, 1729. Heneage Dering, A. M. 1743. Wm Whitmell, 1743. Heneage Dering, S. T. P. 1754, refigned the fame year t John fon Towers, A. M O.G. 27, 1754, refigned 1761." Philip Parfons, A. M. 1762, the prefent curate."

rector of Milton, in Buckinghamshire. u He refigned on being appointed master of Tunbridge fchool.

w And mafter of Wye fchool.

# CRUNDAL

LIES the next parish north-eastward from Wye. It appears by the register of Leeds abbey, that this parifh was likewife once called Dromwad, which name I conjecture to be the fame now called Tremworth; in which register it is faid, that Dromwad and Crundale is one and the fame parish ; Dromewida & Crundale funt una & eadem villa; and in another place mention is made de Ecclesia de Dromwæd.

It is but a fmall parish, containing within it not more than twenty-four houses; it is an out of the way fituation, having little or no traffic through it. The hills are very frequent in it, and exceedingly barren; the foil is in general chalk, covered with quantities of flints. The country here is very healthy; it is exceeding cold, and has a wild and dreary appearance, great part of it confifts of open downs, molt of which are uncultivated, those on the eastern fide lying on the high ridge of hills adjoining to Wye downs. In the middle of the parish there is some coppice wood, and still more at the north-east boundaries of it.

There are two finall freets or hamlets, one in the valley, called Danord, corruptly for Danewood-ftreet; the

the other eaftward from it, on the hills called Soleftreet, which is the principal one, where there is a fair for toys and pedlary held yearly on Whit Monday. Close at the end of the former, in the valley, stands the parfonage, a genteel habitable dwelling, and on the hill, about three-quarters of a mile from it the church. About a mile westward, over the hill, is Little Ollantigh, belonging to Samuel-Elias Sawbridge, esq. fituated on the downs, this is but a modern name, given to it when the late Mr. Jacob Sawbridge, by his brother's permiffion, refided at it. It lies among Mr. Sawbridge's park grounds, the land within the inclosure of it being made into gardens for the feat of Ollantigh, and the house for the habitation of the gardeners, and others. Beyond this the downs reach still further westward, the whole of them being ulually called Tremworth downs, from the manor of that name, the house of which is fituated on the weftern bounds of this parish, in the bottom, almost clofe to the river Stour. The old manfion has been moated round, and many fragments of the arms of Kempe are fill remaining both in the windows and carvework of the wainfcot and timbers of the houfe. It had formerly a domeflic chapel belonging to it, fome of the walls of which are still standing.

ON TREMWORTH DOWN, near the fummit of the hill, about three-quarters of a mile from Crundal, there is a hollow road, on each fide of which there have been found many remains of a Roman |epulture; the first discovery of which was made in the year 1703, in the waggon road, where, by the defcent of the hill, it was worn hollow, and another was again made in 1713, by the then earl of Winchelfea, affifted by the Rev. Mr. Forster, rector of this parish, who were fo fuccessful as to meet with feveral skeletons, bones, skulls, &c. of perfons full grown, as well as children, and many urns, pans, and bottles of lead, coloured and fine red carths in graves, the fides and ends of which VOL. VII. Bb

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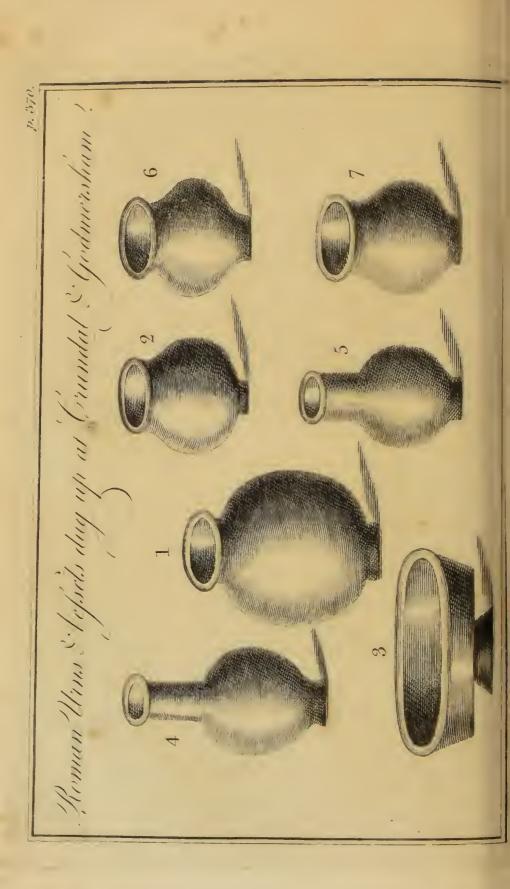
which were firm close chalk in its natural undifturbed ftate, the earth near the skeletons being stained with bluess of mould, occasioned no doubt by the corruption of the bodies.

But before this there had been taken up about the year 1678, a much larger urn than any found afterwards, in digging for fand on the range of the hill eastward from Crundal, though in the parish of Godmercham. This was fo large, that it might well have been thought one of those family urns, such as Morton describes in his History of Northamptonshire, from Meric Cafaubon's notes on Antoninus, being big enough to hold half a bufhel ; but there was neither alhes nor bones in it, nor any thing elfe, but a shallow earthen pan, refembling that marked (3) below, with another little urn or pot flanding in the midft of it, of fine red earth, and having fome letters on it. It was covered with a flat, broad ftone, and fenced round with a wall of flint, to defend it from external injuries. A plate is here given of feveral of the urns and veffels found as above-mentioned."

The late Rev. Brian Faussett, of Heppington, in 1757 and 1759, dug very fuccessfully at this place; and in the leveral graves which he opened, found numbers of urns, offuaries, pateræ, and lacrymatories, both of Roman earthen ware and of glass, of different fizes and colours, as red, lead-colour, dark-brown, and white, with the names of the different manufacturers on many of them. He found likewife feveral female trinkets, and a coin of the younger Faustina, wife of the emperor Marcus Aurelius, who died in

\* The dimensions of them were as follows, No. (1) was about 44 inches high; No. (2) the least of all, 3, 1 line; No. (4) was 5 1 inches high, the diameter of the orifice within, 1 1 inch, and of the foot without, 1 inch. No. (6) was 3 4 inches high, the diameter at the top, from out to out, 3 25 inches, and that of the bottom, 2 25. No. (7) was in height 4 inches, the diameter of the top, from out to out, 3-5-; the bottom, 1-9.





177 after Chrift; and what was very fingular, the skeletons, of which he found feveral, all lay with their feet to the fouth-west. From the circumstance of finding in fome graves, urns with burnt ashes and bones in them, and in others fkeletons, it appears that this had been a common burial-place for lome length of time; and the finding of the above mentioned coin proves it, without doubt, to have been Roman. Mr. Fauffett thought it to have been the place of fepulture for fome few families, or at most for only two or three of the neighbouring villages. In one place near the graves, from the quantity of black mould in one particular place, different from the reft of the foil near it, he imagined that fpot might have been made use of as their ustrina, that is, where the funeral pile was placed to burn the bodies of the dead. All the above remains of Roman antiquity difcovered by him are now in the valuable collection of his fon Henry Godfrey Faussett, efq. of Heppington.

THE ROYAL MANOR OF WYE claims paramount over this parifh, *fubor dinate* to which are THE MANORS OF CRUNDAL AND HADLOE, which, with the reft of this parifh, were parcel of the honor of Clare, belonging to the noble family of Clare, earls of Gloucefter, of whom they were held by the family of Handlou, afterwards written Hadloe, whole feat here was called by their name. John de Handlou poffeffed these manors in the reign of king Henry III. and died anno II Edward I.\* poffeffed of large estates in this and the counties of Oxford, Buckingham, and Gloucester. His fon, of the fame name, in the 1st year of king Edward II. had a charter of *free-warren* in all his demesne lands at Crondale, Tremeworth, Vanne, and Athenedene. He died in the 20th year of king Ed-

\* See Dugd. Bar. vol. ii. p. 61, 62; and vol. ii. of this hiftory, p. 187. 372

ward III. leaving Edmund his grandfon his heir, who possefied his estates here : but he died /. p. in the 32d year of it, and his two fifters, Margaret, then married to John de Apulby, and Elizabeth to John de la Pole, became his heirs to all his eftates here, and elfewhere, they fold thele manors foon afterwards to Waretius de Valoins, who was before possessed of Tremworth, and other large eftates in these parts. He died without male iffue, and his two daughters became his coheirs, one of whom married Sir Francis Fogge, grandfon of Otho, who came out of Lancathire into Kent, and the other, Thomas de Aldon, who, on the division of their estates, became possessed of these manors of Crundal and Hadloe; and in his defcendants they continued till they were at length, by a female heir, carried in marriage to Heron, of Lincolnshire, who, in order to purchase other estates nearer to him in that county, passed away these manors, with the reft of her inheritance in this parish, to Sir Thomas Kempe, of Ollantigh, whole descendant Sir Thomas Kempe dying in 1607, without male isfue, his four daughters became his coheirs, one of whom, Mary, married Sir Dudley Diggs, and on the partition of their inheritance, he became in her right entitled to them, and foon afterwards alienated them to Jeremy Gay, of London; from which name they fome years afterwards were alienated to John Whitfield, gent. of Canterbury, whole fecond fon Robert Whitfield, of Chartham, about the beginning of king George II.'s reign, paffed them away by fale to Humphry Pudner, elq. of Canterbury, whose daughter, and at length fole heir Catherine, carried them in marriage to Thomas Barrett, esq. of Lee, in Ickham, who died posseffed of these manors in 1757, leaving Catherine his wife furviving, who then became entitled to them. She died in 1785, upon which they came, by deed of fettlement as well as by her will, to her only fon and heir Thomas Barrett, efq. of Lee, who within a few months afterwards

afterwards exchanged them, for Garwinton, in Littleborne, with Thomas Knight, elq. of Godmersham, whole fon of the same name dying in 1794, f. p. gave them, together with the estate of Little Winchcombe, in this parish likewise, by will, to Edward Austen, elq. of Rowling-place, now of Godmersham, the eldest fon of the Rev. George Austen, rector of Steventon, in Hampshire, who continues the present proprietor of them. A court baron is held for these manors.

Crundale-house is fituated at a small diffance foutheastward from Danord-street. The scite of Hadloe manor is at a small distance still further southward. The house of which has been down time out of mind; but there was a barn on it, called Hadloe-barn, remaining till within these few years, which has been lately likewise pulled down.

WINCHCOMBE is an eftate in this parifh, which in very early times was the property as well as refidence of the family of Carter, ancestors to those of this name now refiding at Canterbury, who, according to tradition, were fettled here as early as the reign of king Edward II. and in the reign of king Henry VI. Thomas Carter, gent. of Crundal, was returned in the lift of those gentlemen of this county, who were entitled to bear the antient arms of their anceftors, which were, Azure, two lions rampant, combatant, or; they continued posseffors of this feat, till at length Mr. George Carter, within memory, alienated it to Mr. Thomas Curteis, whole fon William dying f. p. by will gave it to his wife Juliana, remarried to William Fenton, esq. of Maidstone, and again on his death, to William Harvey, phyfician, of Maidstone. She died in 1768, f. p. and by will devifed it to her furviving husband for his life, on whole death in 1779, it became by her will the property of her fecond hufband's nephew, Mr. Fenton, who now owns it.

THE MANOR OF TREMWORTH, called in antient Latin deeds, Dromwad and Dromwida, was formerly of

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of fuch eminent account, that the whole parifh was called by that name, and in fome of them it is fa d, that Dromwide and Crundale was one and the fame parifh; and in others, afterwards when, the above name grew into difufe, Crundale is frequently mentioned as lying in Tremworth.

THE MANOR OF VANNE, or VANNES, was likewife of fome note in the time of the Conqueror, being defcribed in the record of Domefday, under the title of the lands belonging to Odo, bifhop of Baieux :

Adam holds of the bishop, Fanne. It was taxed at half a fuling. The arable land is one carucate and an half. In demessive there are two carucates, and three villeins, and three servants, and a church, and thirteen acres of meadow. Wood for the pannage of ten bogs. In the time of king Edward the Confessive it was worth four pounds, and asterwards twenty shillings, now four pounds. Hugo de Montfort holds from thence as much as is worth twenty shillings.

Which last mentioned land is thus mentioned under the general title of Hugo de Montfort's lands, further on in the fame furvey :

..... and as yet Adam has one denne, which lay in Fane manor. There are two borderers, paying thirty pence. It is and was worth separately five shillings.

About four years after the taking of the above furvey, the bifhop of Baieux was difgraced, and all his poffetfions were forfeited to the crown, foon after which the feignory of thefe manors was granted by it to the family of Clare, earls of Gloucefter, of whom they were again held by the family of Valoigns. Ruallon de Valoigns poffeffed both thefe manors at the latter end of king Stephen's reign, as did his defcendant Allan de Valoigns in the next reign of king Henry II. who refided at times both at Tremworth, and hepton, in Afhford. He was fheriff from the 30th year to the end of that reign, and is frequently written in the Pipe-rolls, Valoigns of Tremworth. Waretius

Waretius de Valoyns, for fo the name was then written, kept his shrievalty here in the 31st and 32d year of king Edward I. Soon after which the Handloes, who were likewife owners before of much land in this parith, were become poffeffed of both these manors; for in the 1st year of king Edward II. John de Handlo had a grant of free warren for his lands in Tremworth, Vanne, and Crundale, as well as on his other eftates. His grandfon Edmund fucceeded to them, as well as to the advowfon of the church of Crundale; but he died f. p. in the 29th year of king Edward the IIId.'s leaving his two fifters, viz. Margaret, then wife of John Appulby, and Elizabeth of Edmund de la Pole, his coheirs, the former of whom dying f. p. the entire fee of these manors, as well as of the advowfon above-mentioned, as part of their inheritance, came into the possession of Edmund de la Pole and Elizabeth his wife, being held of the king in capite." Soon after which they feem to have come again into the hands of the crown; for in the 43d year of that reign, Ingelran de Ghilnes, lord of Couci, afterwards earl of Bedford and count of Soiffons, who had married Ifabel, that king's daughter, obtained a grant of the manors of Tremworth and Vanne. He died anno 21 Richard II. leaving by her two daughters his heirs, Mary, married to Henry de Barre, and Philippa, to Robert de Vere, duke of Ireland ; but these manors, with the advowfon of Crundal, on his dying without heirs male, reverted according to the limitation in the grant, again to the crown, whence they were immediately afterwards granted to Henry Yevele, for his life, and as quickly afterwards the reversion of them to the mafter and chaplains of the college of Maydenstone, then lately founded by archbishop Courtney, in free and pure, perpetual alms, which was con-firmed by king Henry IV. in his 1st year, by inspexi-

<sup>y</sup> Dugd. Bar. vol. ii. p. 61. Kennet's Paroch, Antiq. p. 501.

mus ;

mus; and in the poffession of the college they continued till the suppression of it in the 1st year of king Edward VI. anno 1546, when they came into the king's hands, who in his 3d year, granted the manors of Tremworth and Faynes, with the advowfon of the church of Crundal, late belonging to the above college, to Sir Thomas Cheney, to hold in capite by knight's fervice, and his fon Henry, lord Cheney, in the beginning of queen Elizabeth's reign, alienated them to Sir Thomas Kempe, of Ollantigh, whole fon, of the fame name, dying without male isfue in 1607, devifed the manor of Tremworth, with the advowfon of the church of Cruncal, by will to his brother Reginald, who afterwards sefided here. He died at Tremworth in 1622, and was buried in this church, leaving one fon Thomas, who died  $\int p$ . and three daughters, who at length became his coheirs. Anne, married to Josias Clarke; Amy, to Maurice Tuke, of Effex; and Dorothy, to Denny; and in the partition of their inheritance, the manor of Tremworth, with other lands adjoining, and the advowfon of the church of Crundal, was allotted to Maurice Tuke, in right of his wife. They left an only daughter and heir Dorothy, who carried this manor and advowlon in marriage to Sir Robert Filmer, bart. of East Sutton, who died possessed of them in 1675, as did his greatgrandson Sir John Filmer, bart. of East Sutton, in 1797, f. p. and by will gave them to his next brother, now Sir Beversham Filmer, bart. of East Sutton, who is the present possessor of them. A court baron is regularly held for this manor.

CAKES YOKE is a manor here, adjoining to the parifh of Wye, in which, as appears by an arbitration in the hands of the owner of this manor, the fcite of it is proved to be within that parifh, though it has for a length of time paid both to the church and poor of Crundal. This manor, by tradition, was in the name of Chapman for a very confiderable length of time, and

## CRUNDAL.

and continued fo, till at length William Chapman, gent. of Crundal, leaving an only daughter and heir Margaret, fhe entitled her hufband William Laming, gent. of Wye, to the poffeffion of it, and he died poffeffed of it in 1756, whofe eldeft fon Mr. John Laming fucceeded him, and he is the prefent owner of it.

### CHARITIES.

SIR THOMAS KEMPE, by deed in 1503, gave all the trees near or about the church-yard, as a fuccour and defence to the church. They fland in a piece of ground on the weft fide of it, which now belongs to the owner of Ollantigh.

THERE has been, time out of mind, two quit-rents paid, each of three-halfpence a year, one out of two acres of land, the other out of a tenement, both at Heffole-fireet, in the poffefiion of Mr. Ayling; and another quit-rent, of 6d. per annum, out of two acres lying at Little Crundal, now in the poffefiion of Mr. Laming. All three are conftantly applied by the churchwardens to the repair of the church.

RICHARD FORSTER, rector of this parifh, by will in 172S, gave a parochial library; alfo two acres of land, lying on the north fide of Denwood-street, and a yearly rent charge of 40s. out of a tenement called Little Ripple, in this parifh, and the land belonging to it in Crundal and Godmerssham, and another yearly rent of 4l. out of a house and lands belonging to it, adjoining to the above fireet, in this parish, for the use of his successions, rectors of Crundal, for ever.

N. B. This laft rent charge of 4l. per annum has been fold, by the confent of the ordinary, patron, and incumbent, and the money laid out in the purchafing of about fix acres of land, lying adjoining to Denwood-ftreet, as an augmentation of the glebe.

MR. FORSTER likewife gave a houfe and an acre of land, lying at Filchborow, in Crundal, and a field, called Harman Hewett, or the Barn-field, containing fix acres, lying in Godmerscham, to be applied by the minister of the parish and officers, to the teaching of poor children to read and fay the Church Catechism, or elfe to the relief of poor widows and labourers, belonging to and being in this parish; fo that yearly on Easter Tuefday 205. be distributed among such perfons.

THOMASINE PHILPOT, widow, by will in 1711, left a yearly penfion of 10s. out of her houfe and lands at Sole-ftreet, in Crundal, to the poor of this parifh for ever, to be diffributed among them by the churchwardens on Chriftmas-day.

JOHN FINCH, gent. of Limne, by will in 1705, gave 40s. without any deduction, upon Christmas-day for ever, payable out of his lands in Crundal and Godmerscham, by the churchwardens wardens and overfeers of Godmersham, to two of the eldest, poorest, and most industrious labouring men in the parish of Crundal, and who never received relief of this or any other parish, that is, 20s. to each of them yearly on Christmas-day for ever.

CRUNDAL is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JURIS-DICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Bridge.

The church, which flands on high ground, is dedicated to St. Mary. It confifts of one isle and one chancel, with a tower steeple on the north fide, having a finall pointed low turret on the top. There are three bells in it. In the church-porch is a coffin-shaped ftone, with a crofs flory on it, and round the edge there have been large French capital letters, of which three or four only remain. At the weft end of the ifle is a vault, in which lie Jacob Sawbridge, efq. and Anne his wife, who once refided at Little Ollantigh, in this parish, with two of their children, who died infants. In the chancel is a large white stone, with the figure and infcription on it, for John Sprot, once rector here; and there was in this church, a memorial for Judith Cerclere Misson, who fled from France on account of her religion, and, after many perils and dangers, arrived at London in 1685, obt. 1692. The altar piece was given by Sir Robert Filmer, bart. in 1704. In the church-yard, on the fouth fide, is a tomb for the worthy and beneficent Richard Forster, rector here, and near it a handfome white marble one, for Mrs. Juliana Harvey and her hufband William Harvey, M. D.

The rectory of Crundal was given by the family of Valoyns, in the reign of king Henry II. by the name of the church of Dromwide, to the prior and convent of Leeds, in perpetual alms;<sup>2</sup> but this never took effect, nor did they ever gain the poffeffion of it, the heirs of the donor of it refufing to ratify this gift, fo

<sup>2</sup> See the Register of Leeds abbey.

that there were continual controversies on that account. At length it was agreed, at the inftance of archbishop Hubert, that Hamo de Valoyns should grant a rent of 25s. from his church of Dromwæd to the prior and canons for ever; faving to him and his heirs, the prefentation to the church, fo that the canons should not claim any further right to themfelves, nor prefent to the parsonage in it, nor do any other act to bring his grant into doubt. All which the archbishop confirmed under his feal, by inspeximus. Notwithstanding this, the payment of the above penfion feems to have been contested by the rectors of this church; but, on appeal to the pope in king Henry the IIId.'s reign, it was given in favor of the canons, to be paid yearly to them by the rectors of this church, nomine beneficii; and all these confirmations of the feveral archbishops were again confirmed by the prior and convent of Canterbury in 1278. After which this church remained in the patronage of the lords of Tremworth manor, with which it continued in like manner as has been already mentioned, till it came into the possession of the late Sir John Filmer, bart. who by will in 1796 devised it with that manor to his brother Sir Beversham Filmer, bart. the prefent proprietor of it. The above-mentioned penfion of 255. on the suppression of the priory of Leeds, came into the king's hands, who fettled it on his new founded dean and chapter of Rochefter, to whom it now continues to be paid.

This rectory is valued in the king's books at 111. 10s. and the yearly tenths at 11. 3s. 1d.

In 1588 it was valued at eighty pounds. Communicants one hundred and ninety-one. In 164c it was valued at only fixty pounds. Communicants one hundred. In 1615 the rector and churchwardens teffified, that there was one parcel of glebe, containing eight acres, adjoining to the clofe where the parlonage-house flood; and there is now fix acres more of glebe lying near Denwood-ftreet, purchased by the rector and churchwardens, wardens, as has been mentioned before, in the lift of charitable benefactions.

THERE IS a portion of corn tithes in this parish, arising from different fields and parts of others, containing in the whole about one hundred acres, called *Towne-barn* tithery, which was for many years in the family of Finch, earls of Winchelsea, and from them came to George Finch Hatton, efq. of Eastwell, the prefent owner of it.

There was a portion of tithes, called the tithes of Fannes, in this parifh and Wye, belonging to the priory of Stratford Bow, which on the fuppression in the reign of king Henry VIII. was granted to Sir Ralph Sadler, to hold *in capite*. This seems to have been the portion of tithes above-mentioned, rather than for it to have been belonging to Wye college, as has been generally supposed.

## CHURCH OF CRUNDAL.

| Or by whom prefented.   | RECTORS.                                                       |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| Thomas Allen, gent.     | Ralph Johnson, June 27, 1587,<br>obt. 1632.ª                   |
|                         | Stephen Thomas, A. M. Nov. 5,<br>1632, obt. 1650. <sup>b</sup> |
|                         | Richard Allen, senior, in 1663,                                |
|                         | obt. 1671.°                                                    |
| Robert Filmer, esq.     | Richard Allen, jun. A. M. May                                  |
|                         | 18, 1671, obt. 1693. <sup>d</sup>                              |
| Sir Robert Filmer, bart | John Rumney, A. M. May 30,                                     |
|                         | 1694, obt. 1698.°                                              |
|                         | Richard Forster, A. M. inducted                                |
|                         | June 4, 1698, obt. January,                                    |
|                         | 1729.                                                          |

\* He was buried in this church.

PATRONS.

b Rym. Foed. vol. xix. p. 443, 539. He was buried here, and in the register is filled gentleman.

e He was buried here, and in the register is likewife stiled gentleman.

d He was buried here. See Sufferings of the Quakers, p. 10.

e He was likewife vicar of Sutton Valence, where he died.

f Then rector of Beckley, in Suffex, and afterwards vicar of Eaftchurch, in Shepey. He was a liberal benefactor to this rectory, as well as to the parifh, almoft rebuilding the parfonage houfe, and leaving by his laft will feveral legacies, both for the benefit of his fucceffors and the poor of his parifh; befides which, in his life-time, he new pewed and beautified the chancel of this church. He was a man of excellent piety and charity, and endowed with every qualification to make him memorable and praife-worthy.

PATRONS,

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PATRONS, Sc.

Sir Robert Filmer, bart. .....

Sir Edward Filmer, bart......

RECTORS.

Silas Drayton, A. M. Feb. 13, 1729, refigned 1751.<sup>g</sup>

Edm. Filmer, A. B. July 5, 1751, the prefent rector.<sup>h</sup>

**B** He refigned this reftory for the vicarage of Poftling. He died in 1767, and was buried here.

h And in 1759 by difpenfation rector of Hinxhill. He is next brother to Sir Beverfham Filmer, bart.

## BROOKE

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LIES the next parish fouthward from Wye. It is written in antient records both *Broc* and *Broke*, and takes its name from its low fituation on the fitream which runs through it, *broca* in Saxon fignifying a rivulet. It feems once to have been accounted a hundred of itself; but at the time of taking the furvey of Domesday, in the year 1080, it was reputed to be in the hundred of Wye, as it is now.

The parifh is very fmall, and is but little known, lying out of the way of all traffic and thoroughfare. It is not more than a mile acrofs each way, and has in it about twenty houfes. It lies very low and wet, in a deep miry foil. There is fome coppice wood in the fouthern part of it, about forty-three acres, of which twenty-eight belong to the dean and chapter of Canterbury. The village is nearly in the centre of the parifh, having the church at the north end of it. There is a fmall hamlet, called Little Bedlefton, confifting of only two houfes, in the eaftern part of the parifh, clofe under the high ridge of hills called Braborne-downs, to the foot of which this parith extends eaftward.

BROOKE was given, long before the conqueft, by Karlemann, a prieft, to the church of Canterbury; but it was wrefted from the church in the troublefome times which foon after followed, by reafon of the Danish wars, and it continued in lay hands at the accession of of the Conqueror; foon after which it appears to have been in the poffeffion of Hugh de Montfort, from whom archbishop Lanfranc recovered Brooke again to his church in the solemn affembly of the whole county, held on this occasion by the king's command, at Pinenden-heath in 1076; and then on the division which the archbishop made of the lands of his church, this manor was allotted by him, among others, to the share of the priory of Christ-church, Canterbury; accordingly it is thus entered among the possifications of it, in the survey of Domessiday, under the general title of Terra Monachorum Archiepi, i. e. lands of the monks of the archbishop:

In the hundred of Wi, the archbishop himself holds one manor, which was taxed at one suling, in the time of king Edward the Confessor, and now, for half a suling. The arable land is two carucates. In demesse there is one, and three villeins, with four borderers having two carucates and an half. There is a church, and one mill of two shillings, and two servants, and seven acres of meadow. Wood for the pannage of ten hogs. In the time of king Edward the Confessor, and afterwards, it was worth fifty shillings, now four pounds.

This manor was foon after this let to farm, by the monks, to Robert de Rumene, at the above rent, and was allotted *de cibo eorum*, that is, to the ufe of their refectory; and the poffeffion of it was confirmed to them both by king Henry I. and II.<sup>i</sup> King Edward II. in his 10th year, granted to the prior and convent *free warren* in all their demefne lands in Broke, among other places which they were in poffeffion of at the time of the charter of liberties granted to them by his grandfather Henry III. about which time this manor was valued at 221. 15. 10d. In which ftate it afterwards continued till the diffolution of the priory of Chriftchurch in the 31ft year of Henry VIII. when it came

<sup>1</sup> Regist. Eccl. Christi, Cant. cart. 78.

into the king's hands, where it did not remain long, for the king fettled it by his dotation-charter, in his 33d year, on his new-erected dean and chapter of Canterbury, part of whofe poffessions it still remains.

The demefne lands have been conftantly let by the dean and chapter on a beneficial leafe, at the yearly rent of 131. 6s. 8d. in money, and four quarters of wheat. The prefent leffee is Mr. John Berry, of Newbery, Berkfhire; but the manerial rights they retain in their own hands.

A court baron is regularly held for this manor. There are no parochial charities.

BROOKE is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JURISDIC-TION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Bridge. The church, which is dedicated to St. Mary, is but fmall, confifting of one ifle and a chancel, with a low fquare tower at the weft end, in which are two bells. There are no memorials of any account in it.

The church of Brooke has always been accounted an appendage to the manor, and as fuch paffed with it from the priory of Chrift-church into the hands of the crown, and from thence to the dean and chapter of Canterbury, who are the prefent patrons of it. The woods belonging to the dean and chapter here, claim an exemption from paying tithes.

This rectory is valued in the king's books at 71. 7s. 3d. and is of the clear yearly certified value of thirty pounds. In 1588 it was valued at thirty pounds. Communicants ninety-two. In 1640 at fixty pounds. Communicants fixty. There are now only ten communicants. In 1724 it was augmented with the fum of 2001. given by the governors of queen Anne's bounty, on the gift of 1001. from the dean and chapter of Canterbury, and the like fum from Dr. Godolphin, dean of St. Paul's ; with which there was purchafed a piece of land, containing nine acres, called Great Chequer field, adjoining to the town of Wye.

CHURCH

# CHURCH OF BROOKE.

Dean and Chahter of Canterbury. William Merece 1626, obt. Samuel Raven, 1635, obt. Henry Sellar, 1638, obt. Miles Barnes, refigned 166 David Nierne, 1663. Henry Cuffen, of William John/ 1667, refig John Stokes, A obt. 1672. William Cade John Booth, Ni Ifaac Satur, o William Goftl 23, 1722, 1 James Henftri Feb. 9, 17 1745. Dean and Chapter of Canterbury. William Merece 1626, obt. Networks, A obt. 1672. William Cade John Booth, Ni Ifaac Satur, o William Goftl 23, 1722, 1 James Henftri Feb. 9, 17 1745. Francis Gregor refigned 17

\* He refigned for the vicarage of Littleborne, and was afterwards vicar of Stone, in Oxney.

1 He refigned for the vicarage of Milton, near Sittingborne.

#### RECTORS.

William Meredith, March 24, 1626, obt. 1635. Samuel Raven, A. M. Dec. 12, 1635, obt. 1638. Henry Sellar, A. M. July 17, 1638, obt. 1640. Miles Barnes, A. M. July 1640, refigned 1663. David Nierne, A. M. July 4, Henry Cuffen, obt. 1667. William John Son, A. B. July 27, 1667, refigned 1669. John Stokes, A. M. Oct. 6, 1669, John Anfell, A. M. Nov. 16, William Cade, obt. 1707. John Booth, March 29, 1707. Isaac Satur, obt. 1722. William Gostling, A. M. Sept. 23, 1722, refigned 1733.k James Henstridge, A. M. ind. Feb. 9, 1734, obt. Dec. 4, Francis Gregory, A. M. 1746, refigned 1751.1

John Goftling, A. M. July 27, 1751, the prefent rector.<sup>m</sup>

m He held the rectory of Alkham with this of Brooke, as he does now the rectory of Milton near Canterbury, and the rectory of St. Peter with the vicarage of Holy Crofs Weftgate united, in Canterbury.

# BOUGHTON ALUPH

IS the next parifh weftward from that of Wye. It is frequently fpelt *Botton*, and is written in Domefday, *Boltune*,

PATRONS,

O. by whom prefented.

Boltune, and has the addition of Aluph to it from one of its antient owners, Alulphus de Bocton, as well as to diftinguifh it from the other parifhes of the fame name in this county, and in a will, proved anno 1416, in the Prerogative-office, Canterbury, I find it mentioned by the name of the parifh of Boughton Aluph, otherwife called Boughton in the Bufhe. There are four boroughs in it, Goatlands, Wilmington, Dane, and Hebbinge.

THE PARISH lies about twelve miles distant both from Canterbury and Faversham, and about four from Ashford, the high road from Canterbury to the latter goes along the foot of the hills, near the eaftern boundary of the parish, where the soil is chalky; close on the east fide of the road is Buckwell-house, great part of which has been fome time fince pulled down, but there is fufficient remaining, with the offices and walls about it, to shew it was once a feat of some note, and at no great diftance on the hill, high above the road, is the church and court lodge. Above this, still further westward, is much open, rough ground, called the Warren, on a chalky foil, reaching beyond the high Faversham road, the new inclosure in Eastwell park adjoining to it, being within this parish; within the northern boundary of it there is a parcel of woodland, about one hundred acres lying in Kingswood, just above Socombe down; it was formerly part of Barton manor, and was fold off from it by Mr. Breton a few years before he fold that manor to Sir Robert Furnese, bart. by whose daughter Catherine it went in marriage to the earl of Guildford, whole grandfon George-Augustus, earl of Guildford, is now possefield of it. By the pales of Eastwell park, at a small distance from the mansion of it, the last mentioned road descends below the hill to low ground, and mostly a gravelly foil; on it is the village, fituated round a green, called Boughton lees, the west fide only of which is in this parish. At the southern boundary of the parish, on the Ashford road, is the borough VOL. VII. C c

borough and hamlet of Wilmington, the antient manfion of which flood clofe to the road, it has been long fince pulled down. It flood within a moat, which is ftill very entire, its area containing half an acre of ground; many old foundations have been dug up round about it within memory.

There is a fair held on the lees on Midfummer day for toys and pedlary.

IN THE TIME OF the Saxons this place was in the poffeffion of earl Godwin, who was fucceeded in it by his eldeft fon earl Harold, afterwards king of England, on whofe death in the fatal battle of Haftings, William the Conqueror having obtained the crown, feized on all the late king's effates, and gave this of Boughton to Euflace, earl of Bologne, who had followed him over hither, as a reward for his fervices; and he poffeffed it in the 15th year of that reign, at the time the furvey of Domefday was taken, in which it is thus entered, under the title of Terra Comitis Euffachii, i. e. the land of earl Eufface.

In the lath of Wivarlet, in Wi bundred, the earl holds Boltune. Earl Goduin held it, and it was taxed at feven fulings, then and now. The arable land is thirty-three carucates. In demessive there are three, and sixty-feven rilleins, with five borderers having thirty carucates. There is a church, and seventeen servants, and two mills of seven (hillings and two-pence, and twenty-fix acres of meadow. Wood for the pannage of two hundred hogs. In the time of king Edward the Confessor it was worth twenty pounds, and afterwards thirty pounds, now forty pounds.

Of the earl of Bologne this manor was held by a family who affumed their name from it. Alulphus de Boughton held it in the reign of king John, as appears by the *Tefta de Nevil*, of the honor of Bologue. Stephen de Bocton died poffeffed of this manor in the 14th year of Edward I. holding it *in capite* by knight's fervice; together with its member, Hethenden, in Kent, and Orfet, in Effex, both elcheats of that honor. Soon after

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after which it paffed into the family of Burghersh, and Robert de Burghersh, constable of Dover castle, died poffessed of this manor of Bocton Olauf in the 34th year of that reign, whole fon Stephen, in the 1st year of Edward II. obtained a charter of free-warren in all his demesne lands within it. To him succeeded Bartholomew, lord Burghersh, constable of Dover castle, lord warden, and chamberlain of the king's houfhold. In the 12th, and in the 16th years of Edward III. he had the charter of free-warren renewed for all his lands." His fon Bartholomew, lord Burghersh, about the 43d year of king Edward III. paffed away this manor by fale, with much other land in this county and in Warwickshire, to Sir Walter de Paveley, K. G. who spelt his name both Paveley and Pavalli, and bore for his arms, Azure, a crofs flory, or, as they are now on the roof of Canterbury cloifters. After the death of whofe grandfon Walter, in the 4th year of king Richard II. it was found by inquisition, that this manor, with the advowfon of the church of Bocton Aluph, descended by the entail of it to Thomas de Aldon, as his next heir, who became accordingly possessed of it, and afterwards alienated it to Sir Thomas Trivet, whofe widow Elizabeth died poffeffed of it in the 12th year of king Henry VI. and was fucceeded by Elizabeth, then wife of Edward Nevill, lord Bergavenny, fourth fon of Ralph, earl of Weftmoreland, as her next heir, and the entitled her hufband above-mentioned to the possession of it. After her death he remarried Catherine, daughter of Sir Robert Howard, and died anno 19 Edward IV. being then posseffed as tenant by the courtefy of England, of this manor among others of the inheritance of Elizabeth his first wife. His eldest fon Sir George Nevill, lord Bergavenny, feems to have fold this manor to Sir Thomas Kempe, of Ollantigh, whole youngest fon Thomas, bishop of London, died

See more of the Burghersh's, vol. iii. p. 217.
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posseffed

poffeffed of it in the 4th year of king Henry VII. leaving his nephew Sir Thomas Kempe his next heir, whofe defcendant Sir Thomas Kempe, of Ollantigh, about the latter end of queen Elizabeth's reign, alienated it to Finch, of Eaftwell, in whofe fucceffors, earls of Winchelfea, it defcended down to Daniel, earl of Winchelfea and Nottingham, who, by will in 1769, devifed this manor to George Finch Hatton, efq. of Eaftwell, the prefent owner of it.

SEATON is a fmall manor in this parifh, which was held by knight's fervice in grand fergeantry, to provide one man, called a vautrer, to lead three greyhounds when the king should go into Gascony, until he had worn out a pair of shoes of the price of four-pence, bought at the king's cost; by which fervice John de Criol, younger son of Bertram, held it at his death in the 48th year of king Henry III. whofe grand-daughter Joane becoming heir to her brother's inheritance, who died *f. p.* fhe carried this manor in marriage to Sir Richard de Rokesle, who was found to hold it by the like fervice, in the 11th year of king Edward II. His eldeft daughter and coheir Agnes married Thomas de Poynings, and entitled him to the possession of it. In whose descendants it continued till Alianore, daughter of Richard de Poynings, marrying Henry, lord Percy, eldest son of Henry, earl of Northumberland, he, in her right, became entitled to this manor among her other great inheritance in this county and elfewhere; and in his defcendants this manor continued down to Henry, earl of Northumberland,<sup>p</sup> who, in the 23d year of Henry VIII. conveyed it to feoffees, who foon afterwards paffed it away by fale to Sir Chriftopher Hales, afterwards knighted, and the king's attorney-general, whose lands were *difgavelled* by the act of the 31st

° See Coke's Instit. p. i, sect. 95, and Beckwith's Blount's Tenures, p. 142.

<sup>»</sup> See a further account of the Poynings's and Percy's, vol. ii. of this hiftory, p. 144.

## BOUGHTON ALUPH.

year of Henry VIII. He died posseffed of it in the 33d year of that reign, holding it of the king, as of his castle of Dover, by knight's service. He left three daughters his coheirs, who joined in the fale of it to Sir Thomas Moyle, of Eaftwell, and chancellor of the king's court of augmentation, whole daughter and coheir Catherine, carried it in marriage to Sir Thomas Finch, of Eastwell,<sup>q</sup> in whose descendants, earls of Winchelsea, this manor continued down to Daniel, earl of Winchelsea and Nottingham, who dying in 1769, without male issue, gave it, together with his other estates in this county, to his nephew George Finch Hatton, elq. now of Eastwell, the present proprietor of it.

BARTON is a manor here, the manfion of which ftood on the weft fide of the Athford road, in the borough of Socombe, almost opposite to Buckwell, but it has been pulled down fome years, and there is now only a barn on the fcite of it. It was once part of the possessions of the family of Leyborne, of Leyborne, one of whom, Roger de Leyborne, died posseffed of it in the 56th year of king Henry III. and in this name it continued till Juliana de Leyborne, daughter of Thomas, became the sole heir of their possessions, from the greatness of which, she was usually stiled the Infanta of Kent, who, though she had three husbands, all of whom fhe furvived, yet fhe died f. p. in the 41ft year of king Edward III.' Upon which this manor, among the reft of her estates, escheated to the crown, there being no one found who could make claim to her estates, by direct or even by collateral alliance. After which this manor continued in the crown, till king Richard II. vested it in feoffees in trust, towards the endowment of St. Stephen's chapel, at Westminster, which he had in

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his

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<sup>9</sup> See a family fettlement of this manor, anno 16 Elizabeth, in Coke's Entries, p. 590. 5 See more of her under Leyborne, vol. iv. p. 498.

his 22d year completed and made collegiate, and had the year before granted to the dean and canons of this manor, among others, in mortmain. In which fituation it continued till the 1st year of king Edward VI. when this college was, with all its poffeffions, furrendered into the king's hands, who foon afterwards granted this manor to Sir Thomas Moyle, of Eaftwell, and he parted with it to his brother Walter Moyle, efq. who afterwards refided at Buckwell, in this parish; and in his descendants, refident at Buckwell, this manor continued, till John Moyle, efq. of Buckwell, leaving Mary his fole daughter and heir, she carried it in marriage to Robert Breton, efq. of the Elmes, near Dover, who died possessed of it in 1708, and his son, Moyle Breton, efq. of Kennington, about the year 1730, fold this manor to Thomas May, afterwards Knight, efq. of Godmersham, whose fon Tho. Knight, esq. of Godmersham, dying in 1794, J. p. gave it by will to his widow Mrs. Catherine Knight, but she has fince refigned it to Edward Auften, eig. of Godmersham park, who is the prefent owner of it.

BUCKWELL, which was once accounted a manor, is fituated at a finall diftance from Barton last-mentioned, though on the oppofite fide of the road. It was, in the reign of the Conqueror, part of those estates which were given to William de Arfick, for his assistance in the defence of Dover caftle, and made up, with them, the barony of Arfick, being held of it, as one knight's fee, by barony, as of the caftle of Dover, to which it owed ward and fervice. Of him and his heirs this manor was again held by the family of Leyborne, one of whom, Roger de Leyborne, died possessed of it in the 56th year of Henry III. and was fucceeded in it by William his fon; but when it passed from this name, I have not found; but foon afterwards, the manor of Buckwell, and the mansfion of it, feem to have been separated, and in the possession of different owners; for the manor itself became the property of Robert de Burghersh, constable of Dover castle, and likewife lord

lord warden, whose descendant Bartholomew, lord Burghersh, about the 43d year of king Edward IiI. conveyed it, with other land in this parish and elfewhere, to Sir Walter de Paveley, one of whofe defcendants passed it away to Sir Robert Belknap, chief jultice of the common pleas, who in the 11th year of that reign was attainted, and banished to Ireland, and though he was afterwards permitted to return in the 20th year of it, yet his attainder still continued, and his lands remained forfeited as before,<sup>s</sup> and this manor remained in the crown till that king vefted it in feoffees in trust, towards the endowment of St. Stephen's chapel, in Westminster, in the possession of the dean and canons, of which it remained till the suppression of that college in the 1st year of king Edward VI. when it came into the hands of the crown, whence it was granted to John Moyle, whofe anceftors, refident at the manfion of Buckwell, had likewife been leffees of this manor under the deans and canons for fome generations.

Mention has been made above, that the mansion of Buckwell had, before the reign of king Edward I. been separated from the manor itself; accordingly I find, that in the 8th year of king Edward III. William de la Hay died possessed of it, and that soon afterwards it became the property of a family who affumed their name from it, being ufually called Bekewell. Henry de Bekewell appears by the escheat-rolls to have died possessed of it in the 10th year of that reign, as did his descendant, of the same name, in the 17th year of king Richard II. After this family was extinct here, this feat became the property of Wode, and remained fo till the 34th year of Henry VI. and then Robert Wode paffed it away by fale to Walter Moyle, anceftor of John Moyle, esq. of this place, who had the grant of the manor of Buckwell from king Edward VI. as be-

<sup>s</sup> See more of the Belknap's, vol. ii. p. 102,

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fore-mentioned. The Moyles were descended from Thomas Moyle, of Bodmin, in Cornwall, whose grandson Sir Walter, third son of Henry, was of Fastwell, and purchaser of this estate, as before-mentioned. His eldeft fon John had feveral fons, of whom John was father of Ralph Moyle, who died at Eastwell in 1582. Walter was of Buckwell, and ancestor of the Moyles of this place; and Thomas, who was knighted, and was of Eastwell, left two daughters his coheirs, married to Finch and Kempe. They bore for their arms, Gules, a mule passant, within a bordure, argent. There are many memorials of them in both the chancels of this church." In the defcendants of John Moyle, refident at Buckwell, this manor and feat continued till Mary, fole daughter and heir of John Moyle, efq. carried both of them in marriage to Robert Breton, esq. of the Elmes, near Dover, whofe fon Moyle Breton, esq. of Kennington, about the year 1730, being enabled so to do by an act passed for this purpose, sold them, with other adjoining effates, to Thomas May, afterwards Knight, esq. of Godmersham, and his only fon and heir Thomas Knight, efq. of that place, on his death, f. p. in 1794, gave them by will to his widow, Mrs. Catherine Knight, who likewife refigned them to Edward Auften, esq. of Godmersham, the present owner of them.

WILMINGTON, called likewife antiently Wilmingdon, is a manor which lies at the fouthern part of this parifh, on the Afhford road likewife. It gives name to the borough in which it flands, and to the hamlet of houfes which fland round about it. Robert de Wilmington held this manor in the reign of Henry III. in grand fergeantry, of the honor of Bolegne, by the fervice of being the earl's cook, it being then valued at two marcs. His defeendant Bertram de Wilmington, died pofiefied of it in the 12th year of Edward II. when it was found by inquifition, that he held it of the king

There is a pedigree of them in the Vifitation of Kent, an. 1574.

in capite, by the fervice of finding for the king one pot-hook for his meat, whenever he should come within the manor of Boughton Aluph." His descendant, of the same name, died possessed of it in the 6th year of king Henry V. After which it came into the posselfion of John Mowbray, duke of Norfolk, who was posseffed of it in the 2d year of Edward IV. On his death the great inheritance of the Mowbrays came to the descendants of his two listers and coheirs, and in the division of it John, lord Howard, in right of his mother Margaret, the eldeft of them, became entitled to this manor. He was one of the most illustrious noblemen of his time, and having continued faithful to the house of York, he remained no less stedfast to the intereft of king Richard III. who created him duke of Norfolk, earl marshal and lord admiral of England. But he did not enjoy these honors long; for he was next year flain in the battle of Bofworth, fighting on the king's behalf, and in the sft year of Henry VII. he was attainted in parliament, and this manor, among his other poffeffions, became confifcated to the crown;" whence it was afterwards granted to Moyle, in which name it continued till the beginning of Edward VI.'s reign, when by Catherine, daughter and coheir of Sir Thomas Moyle, of Eaftwell, it went in marriage to Sir Thomas Finch, of that parish, who died in 1563, and fhe remarrying with Nicholas St. Leger, efq. of Beamstone, in Westwell, entitled him to it for her life. She died in 1586, on which it came to her fon Sir Moyle Finch, bart. in whofe descendants, earl of Winchelsea, it descended down to Daniel, earl of Winchelsea and Nottingham, who at his death in 1769, devifed it to his nephew George Finch Hatton, efq. now of Eastwell, the prefent owner of it.

" Unum uncum ad carnes. See likewife Rot. Efch. an. 25 Ed. III. " See a full account of him and the family of Howard, vol. ii. of this hiftory, p. 191. BUT PART OF THE DEMESNE LANDS of this manor were fold off, about the year 1713, to the Rev. Hilkiah Bedford, publisher of the hereditary Right of the Crown of England afferted, whose eldest fon William Bedford M. D. whose daughter Elizabeth marrying Mr. Claxton, of Shirley, in Surry, has entitled him to the posseficient of it.

ANOTHER PART of this estate, now called Little Wilmington, in the reign of king Henry VI. was in the poffession of Richard Sandys, who alienated it to John Barough, who refided at it, and died poffeffed of it in the 1st year of king Edward IV. One of his descendants, Richard Barrowe, refided here in the reigns of king Elizabeth and James I. and died in the 6th year of the latter, leaving three fons, Robert, Richard, and William, to which last he devifed his house and lands in Borden, and from him descended the Barrows of that parish. To Robert Barrow, his eldest son, he devifed this effate of Little Wilmington, and in his defcendants it continued, till it was at length fold to Knott, and from that name again to Dr. William Egerton, prebendary of Canterbury, who died poffeffed of it in 1728, leaving two daughters his coheirs, and his widow furviving, upon whole death it came to Jemima, widow of Edward Bridges, efq. of Wotton, one of the above-mentioned coheirs, and William Hammond, efq. of St. Albans, the eldeft fon of William Hammond, efq. of that place, by Charlotte the other coheir; and upon a division made, this estate was allotted to Mrs. Bridges above-mentioned, now of Canterbury, and the is the prefent poffestor of it.

MARDOL MANOR is the laft place to be mentioned in this parifh, lying on the fouth fide of it. This manor was antiently the patrimony of the Corbies in which it continued till Robert Corbie, in the reign of king Richard II. leaving an only daughter and heir Joane, fhe carried it, among the reft of her inheritance, to Sir Nicholas Wotton, whofe defcendant Thomas Wotton, efq. in the reign of queen Elizabeth, paffed it away by fale

### BOUGHTON ALUPH.

fale to Sprott, from which name, in the reign of king Charles I. it was alienated to Thomas Finch, earl of Winchelfea, in whofe defcendants it continued down to Daniel, earl of Winchelfea and Nottingham, who in 1769, gave it by will, with the reft of his eftates in this county, to his nephew George Finch Hatton, efq. now the prefent owner of it.

## CHARITIES.

MR. JOHN BOUGHTON, vicar, left to this parifh by will, in 1642, 305. per annum to fuch poor as had great charge of children, aged and incapable to work, to be diffributed on the Thurfday in Whitfun-week, and to the churchwardens and overfeers, 105. per annum, for a fermon to be preached on that day, to be paid out of houfe and land on Boughton lees.

MR. THOMAS KEEPS left by will in 1780, 205. per annum to the use of the poor, out of a field in Great Chart, rented at 61. per anum, the remainder of the rent being left to five other parishes.

MR. WILLIAM CROW left by will in 1770, to this parifle, the fum of 901. to be put into the public funds, the amount of the profits of it to be yearly diffributed by the owners of Eaftwell-place, among fuch honeft and well difposed poor aged men and women, especially widows, as they should confider real objects of charity; but not to perfons receiving alms, in relief of the parifh.

THERE is an alms-house belonging to this parish, on Boughtonlees, containing fix dwellings.

The poor conftantly relieved are about 15, cafually 20.

BOUGHTON ALUPH is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JURISDICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Bridge.

The church, which is dedicated to All Saints, is large and handfome, built of flint, with afhlar flone to the doors, windows, and quoins. It confifts of three ifles and two chancels. The fteeple is a large low tower, ftanding on four pillars in the middle of it. There are five bells in it, and at the fouth-eaft corner, adjoining to the tower, is a large fquare addition, in which is a ftone ftair-cafe. Both the chancels did belong to the Buckwell eftate; but the family of Breton having buried in both fince their fale of it, without Mr. 396

Mr. Knight's permiffion, he refufed to repair them, and they are now repaired by Mr. Breton. In the great chancel, within the rails, is a monument for Thomas Auften, efq. obt. 1637. In this and the north chancel are many graveftones of the Moiles and Bretons. In the north chancel is a handfome monument of marble, for Amy, wife of Jofias Clerk, gent. of Effex, daughter of John Moyle, efq. of Buckwell, obt. 1631, having the effigies of her lying at full length, and of her three children kneeling at her head and feet, in full proportion, under a canopy. In the middle ifle is a memorial for John Mafcall, efq. obt. 1769; arms, Two bars, over all, three efcutcheons ermine, impaling a faltier, and on it a crefcent, for difference; and there are memorials for others likewife of the fame family.

The church of Boughton Aluph, as has been already mentioned before, was antiently an appendage to the manor, and continued fo in the 4th year of Richard II. when Sir Walter Pavely died possessed of the fame, and it was found that Sir Thomas de Aldon was his next heir. How long afterwards it continued in his heirs I have not found; but in the reign of Henry VI. the advowfon of this rectory was become the property of cardinal John Kempe, archbishop of York, who fettled it on his new-founded college of Wye, and in the 29th year of that reign the master and chaplains of it had the king's licence to receive this advowfon from the cardinal, and to appropriate the rectory of it to themselves; \* and a vicarage was endowed here. In which situation it remained till the suppression of the college, in the 36th year of Henry VIII. when it was furrendered into the king's hands, who that year granted this church, with the prefentation of the vicarage of it, among other premises, to Walter Bucler, esq. to hold in capite, with certain provisos for the maintenance of

\* See Dugd. Mon. vol. iii. pt. ii. p. 193. Tan. Mon. p. 228.

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the curates and schoolmaster of Wye; which grant, on his non-performance of these conditions, became forfeited, and king Charles I. in his 2d and 5th years, granted the fame premifes, with the provido for the payment of certain ftipends to the before-mentioned curate and schoolmaster, to Robert Maxwell, from whole heirs this rectory and advowlon was afterwards fold to Moyle, of Buckwell, in which name it continued till Mary, daughter and fole heir of John Moyle, efq. of Buckwell, carried them in marriage to Robert Breton, elq. of the Elmes, near Dover, who died posseffed of them in 1708, and his great grandson the Rev. Moyle Breton, of Kennington, is the prefent owner of the parfonage appropriate of Boughton, with the advowfon of the vicarage of this church, who pays twenty pounds per annum from it towards the ftipends of the curate and schoolmaster of Wye, as stipulated in Robert Maxwell's patent, the feveral premifes granted in it being now in different hands as has been already more fully mentioned before.

It is valued in the king's books at 61. 5s. the yearly tenths being 12s. 6d. but it is now of the clear yearly certified value (delivered in 1752) of 581. 6s. 10d.

In 1578 here were communicants one hundred and fifty-four; in 1640, one hundred and feventy-feven. It is now worth about eighty pounds per annum. There are twenty three acres of glebe belonging to it.

There was a composition in 1305 entered into between the rector of Westwell and Stephen de Wilmington, rector of this church, concerning the tithes of the hamlets of Shotingdon, Chilberton, and Wike.<sup>y</sup>

y See the Lambeth library MSS. No. 244. and Ducarel's Repertory, p. 121.

CHURCH

# CHURCH OF BOUGHION ALUPH.

| PATRONS,<br>Or by whom presented. | VICARS.                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| The Queen.                        | Thomas Sprott, inducted April                                                                                                                                                                                |
| The King                          | 28, 1567, obt. 1611.<br>Thomas Jackfon, S. T. B. Jan.<br>9, 1611.<br>Tolar Bouchton A. P. Julu 4                                                                                                             |
| Sir William Damfell, and others.  | John Boughton, A. B. July 5,<br>1614, obt. 1642.<br>Thomas Hull, A. M. Jan. 17,<br>1642.                                                                                                                     |
| The King                          | Thomas Clarke, A. M. Feb. 17,<br>1642, refigned 1644.<br>Richard Walker, August 6,<br>1644.                                                                                                                  |
|                                   | Henry Nicholls, in 1671 and<br>1696.                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Mary Brcton, of Hougham           | John Wynne, A. B. Oct. 13,                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Moyle Breton, efq                 | 1708, obt. Oct. 20, 1728. <sup>2</sup><br>Thomas Breton, LL. B. March<br>11, 1729, obt. June 2, 1731.<br>Richard Bate, Sept. 24, 1731,<br>obt. March, 1749. <sup>3</sup><br>Robert Pemberton, 1749, refigned |
|                                   | 1752.<br>Robert Breton, LL. B. July 14,<br>1752, the prefent vicar. <sup>b</sup>                                                                                                                             |
| Z He lies buried in the high      | b In 1752, by differentian, refter                                                                                                                                                                           |

Z He lies buried in the high chancel.

<sup>a</sup> And mafter of Afhford fchool.

E A S T W E L L

of Kennardington.

IS the laft parifh remaining to be defcribed in this hundred. It is written in antient records, *Eft-welles*, and *Eftwelle*, and fometimes only *Welles*, taking its name from the fprings, with which it is watered, fuch being called by the Saxons, *wells*; and it has the addition of *Eaft* from its fituation, and to diffinguish it from the adjoining parish of Weftwell.

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THE PARISH of Eastwell is very finall, being not more than a mile acrofs each way, containing in it about thirteen houses. It lies in a very healthy country, on a clean firm soil, at the side of the Ashford vale, at the foot of the range of down hills below Molafh and Challock, which are here covered with woods, at the outikirt of a dreary barren country, where the foil is much addicted to chalk ; but within this parish in the vale, and within the park, it becomes a flat, even and pleafant country, the foil changing to a fertile and kindly red earth of loamy clay, which produces a great deal of rich pasture. The greatest part of it is included in the park, which extends likewife into the parifhes of Weftwell, Challock, and Boughton Aluph, the church of Challock standing close to the pales on the north fide, and that of Eastwell and the courtlodge, to those on the opposite fide of it. The manfion of Eaftwell-place ftands at a finall diffance from the fouth eaft corner of the park, the pales of which join the high Faversham road and Boughton lees.

The house is very large, though the building is not extraordinary in the whole, yet the back front has fomething very noble and grand in the look of it. The park, though in the vale, yet it ftands on higher ground than the reft of the vale beneath, having a beautiful prospect fouthward as far as the quarry hills, contains about 1600 acres, and by far the finest fituation in this county, the foil of it being very firm and hard, and the lower parts exceedingly fertile; the venifon fed in it being accounted the finelt of any in Kent. The north-welt part of it has fine inequality of ground, and being richly clothed with wood, fhews nature in a most pleasing and picturesque state. In this part of the park is a very high hill, on the top of which is an octagon plain, from whence are cut eight feveral avenues or walks, called the Star Walks, the intermediate spaces being filled with fine venerable trees, fo thick as to exclude the light from beneath them, making a very awful awful and majeftic appearance. The view from the top of this hill is very extensive, for from it may be feen the courfe of the river Medway to Sheernefs, and the buoy of the Nore toward the German ocean, and on the opposite fide the British channel towards France beyond Romney Marsh, besides a very extensive and beautiful land prospect almost on every fide.

One fide of the village on Boughton lees is within this parifh, at the eaftern boundary of it, and there is another hamlet at the oppofite part of the parifh, called Linacre ftreet, in which there is a houfe called Linacrehall, late belonging to Mr. Thomas Munn, of Afhford. This parifh is watered by three fprings, one of which rifes at the bottom of the park, under Boughton-lees, and thence runs by Wilmington and Clipmill, into the river Stour, under Frogbrooke, having been joined by another which rifes near the church; the third rifes at the fouth corner of the park, near the other, and thence flows down by Kennington-common and Burton, into the river near Wilfborough-lees, juft before which it is called Bacon's water.

There is a tradition, that a natural fon of king Richard III. named Richard Plantagenet, fled hither from Leicefter immediately after the fatal battle of Bofworth, fought in 1485, in which the king loft both his life and crown, and that he lived here in a mean capacity, having leave given him by Sir Tho. Moyle, as foon as he was difcovered by him, to build for himfelf a fmall houfe, in one of his fields near his manfion of Eaftwell-place, in which he afterwards lived and died; which is corroborated by an entry of his burial in the parish registry. He died in 1550, anno 4 king Edward VI. aged, as is supposed, about eighty-one. The entry in the parish register is as follows, under the article of burials: V. Rychard Plantagenet, Desember 22d, 1550; the letter V prefixed being put before the name of every perfon of noble family mentioned in it; and against the north wall of the high chancel there is an an antient tomb, without infcription, with the marks of two coats of arms, the braffes gone, which is reported to be that of this *Richard Plantagenet*. There was then no park here, but when there was one made, this fmall hut was included in it, and remained in being till it was pulled down by Heneage, earl of Winchelfea, who died in 1689.°

At the time of taking the general furvey of Domefday, in the 15th year of the Conqueror's reign, this place was part of the poffeffions of Hugo de Montfort, under the general title of whofe lands it is thus entered in it:

Hugo de Montfort holds one manor, Estwelle, which Frederic held of king Edward. It was taxed at one fuling. There are three yokes within the division of Hugo, and the fourth yoke is without, and is of the fee of the bishop of Baieux. The arable land is three carucates in the whole. In demessive there are two carucates, and five villeins, and five borderers having one carucate and an half. There are ten servants, and twelve acres of meadow, and a wood. In the time of king Edward the Confellor, it was worth seventy sciences, and afterwards thirty sciences, now seventy sciences.

And the following entries in the fame record, under the general title of the bishop of Baieux's lands, feem to relate to his possessions in this parish:

Ralph de Curbespine holds of the bishop Essevelle. It was taxed at three sulings. The arable land is ..... In demesse there are three carucates, and one villein, with seven borderers having half a carucate. There is one servant. It is worth six pounds. Molleue held it of king Edward.

The other entry is thus: Ofbern holds of the bifhop one manor, which three free tenants held of king Edward. It was taxed at one fuling and an half. The arable land

<sup>c</sup> See the full account of him in Peck's Defid. Curiof. vol. ji. lib. vii. p. 13.

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is

is .... In demessive there is one carucate, and one villein, with one borderer having half a carucate. In the time of king Edward it was, and is now worth four pounds.

Hugo de Montfort, before-mentioned, had accompanied the Conqueror in his expedition hither, and after the battle of Hastings was rewarded for his ser-vices with many lordships in different counties, and among them with this of Eaftwell. Robert, his grandfon, was general of king William Rufus's army; but favouring the title of Robert Curthofe, in opposition to king Henry I. to avoid being called in queffion upon that account, obtained leave to go on a pilgrimage to Jerufalem, leaving his poffeffions to the king, by which means this manor came into the hands of the crown, of which it was afterwards held by a family who took their furname from it; one of whom, Matilda de Eftwelles, held this manor, with the advowion of the church of it, of the king in capite, at her death in the 52d year of king Henry III. Soon after which it feems to have come into the poffeffion of the family of Criol; for Bertram, fon of John de Criol, died pof-fessed of it in the 23d year of king Edward I. holding it in the like manner, and by ward to Dover caftle, being part of those lands which made up the barony, called the Constabularie. He left two fons, John and Bertram, and a daughter Joane, who afterwards married Sir Richard de Rokesle. Both these sons died *J. p.* the former of them left his wife Alianor furviving, who entitled her fecond husband Edmund Gafelyn to this manor for her life, and fhe died poffeffed of it in the 23d year of king Edward III. upon which this manor defcended to Agnes and Joane, the two daughters and coheirs of Joane her late husband's fifter be-fore-mentioned, by Sir Richard de Rokesley; and upon the division of their inheritance, the manor of Eaftwell was allotted to Agnes the eldeft, who entitled Thomas de Poynings her husband to it; and in his descendants

descendants this manor, with the advowson of the church, continued down to Robert de Poynings, who died poffessed of it in the 25th year of king Henry VI: leaving Alianore, his grand-daughter, wife of Henry, lord Percy, eldeft fon of Henry, earl of Northumberland, his next heir; who in the 27th year of it had fummons to parliament among the barons of this realm, as lord Poynings. Six years after which he fucceeded his father as earl of Northumberland, and in his defcendants this manor, with the advowfon, continued down to Henry, earl of Northumberland, who in the 23d year of king Henry VIII. conveyed it to feoffees, who foon afterwards passed it away by fale to Sir Chriftopher Hales, the king's attorney-general, whofe lands were difgavelled by the act of the 31ft of Henry VIII. and he died possefied of it in the 33d year of that reign, holding it of the king, as of the honor of his castle of Dover, by knight's service. He left three daughters his coheirs, and they, with their refpective husbands, joined in the fale of it to Sir Tho. Moyle, of Eastwell, whose lands were di/gavelled by the acts of 31 king Henry VIII. and fecond and third of Edward VI. being the fon of John, defcended from a family of this name at Bodmin, in Cornwall, and youngest brother of Walter Moyle, of Buckwell.d He was speaker of the house of commons anno 34 king Henry VIII. and chancellor of the court of augmentation, who was in high effeem with that prince, and accumulated a large fortune in his profession of the law. He new built the mansion of Eastwell place, and died possessed of this manor, with the advowson of the church of it in 1560, leaving two daughters his coheirs, Catherine, married to Thomas Finch, gent. and Anne, married to Sir Thomas Kempe, of Wye, but this manor, with the advowion, had been fettled on the

<sup>d</sup> There is a pedigree of them in Viftn. co. Kent, anno 1574. See likewife Buckwell before.

former,

former, on her marriage with Mr. Thomas Finch, who was afterwards knighted, and refided at Eaftwell place, The family of Finch, according to John Philipott, Rouge Dragon, was originally defcended from Henry Fitz-Herbert, chamberlain to king Henry I. whofe descendant Matthew Fitz-Herbert, who was one of the magnates or barons, at the compiling of Magna Charta, as was his fon of the fame name in that parliament, which was convened to meet at Tewksbury. The alteration of this name to Finch was about the 10th of king Edward I. at which time Herbert Fitz-Herbert purchased the manor of Finches, in Lid, of which being entire lord, which he was not of his more antient patrimony of Netherfield, in Suffex, he affumed his furname from that, as many other families in that age did from those places of which they possessed the entire seignory, bearing for his arms, Argent, a chevron between three griffins, fegreant, fable. Vincent Herbert, alias Finch, was of Netherfield, about the end of the reign of king Edward II. and left two fons, Henry and John, the latter of whom was father of John, prior of Chrift-church. Henry Herbert, alias Finch, the eldeft fon, inherited Netherfield, and died anno 8 king Richard II. and left Vincent Herbert, alias Finch, (with whom the pedigree of this family begins in the Heraldic Visitation of this county, in 1619) whose fon Vincent, was living in the reigns of king Richard II. and Henry IV. and by his wife Ifabel, daughter and coheir of Robert Cralle, of Cralle, in Suffex, had two fons, William and John; which latter married Eliza-beth, daughter of Richard Seward, of Linsted, from whom descended the Finch's, of Sewards, Norton, Kingsdown, Faversham, Wye, and other places in this county. William Finch, the eldeft fon, by which name only he and his descendants wrote themselves, was of Netherfield, and had a fon Henry Finch, efq. who married Alice, only daughter and heir of Philip Belknap, of the Moat, near Canterbury, uncle to Sir Edward

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ward Belknap, which marriage not only occafioned the first refidence of this branch of the family in Kent, but rendered it more illustrious by a defcent from many noble ones. Their eldeft fon Sir William Finch, was of the Moat in king Henry the VIIIth's reign, and was father of Sir. Thomas Finch, of Eaftwell, before-mentioned,° of which he died possessed in 1563 They had three fons and one daughter, of whom Henry, the third fon, was fergeant-at-law, and left one fon John, who was chief juffice of the common pleas, lord keeper, and created anno 16 Charles I. lord Finch, baron of Fordwich, and died in 1661; the eldeft, Sir Moyle Finch, was created a baronet at the first institution of that order, and furviving his mother, who had remarried Nicholas St. Leger, efq. (and lies buried in this church, as well as her father Sir Thomas Moyle, and all her descendants, to the present time) became posfessed of this manor and advowson. He married Elizabeth, only daughter and heir of Sir Thomas Heneage, and refided at Eastwell-place, which he made very great additions to, and in 1589, obtained the queen's licence to inclose his grounds here, not exceeding one thousand acres, and to turn the highways that might be annoyed by it, and to embattle his house of Estwell. He died in 1614, leaving his widow, the lady Elizabeth Finch, furviving, who was by letters patent in 1623, anno 21 James I. created viscountess Maidstone; and afterwards, in 1628, anno 4. king Charles I. countefs of Winchelfea, in Suffex. She died in 1633, and was buried at Eastwell, under a noble monument erected there for her and her hufband, by whom the had feveral fons and daughters, the eldeft fon, Sir Theophilus Finch, bart. died /. p. the fecond, Sir Thomas, succeeded as earl of Winchelsea; the third, Sir John, was refident with the grand duke of

<sup>e</sup> See Vistn. co. Kent 1619, and Collins's Peerage, edit. 4, vol. iii. p. 224.

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Tufcany,

Dd3

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Tuscany, and ambaffador in Turkey, of whom there is no iffue. He died in 1642, and was buried in Queen's college chapel, in Cambridge, to which he was a good benefactor; the fourth, Sir Heneage Finch, fergeant-at-law, and recorder of London, who died in 1641, was ancestor to the late earl of Winchelfea and Nottingham; and the fifth, Francis, was barrister-at law, and an ingenious poet, who died f. p. Sir Thomas Finch, bart. the eldeft furviving fon, fucceeded her as earl of Winchelsea, &c. and in her pofsessions here, whose eldest son Heneage, second earl of Winchelsea, was one of those nobles who favored the reftoration of king Charles II. and as fuch, was by general Monk entrusted with the government of Dover caftle, and after king Charles's return was, in acknowledgment of his fervices, and of being descended from the antient family of Herbert, created baron Fitz-Herbert, of Eastwell, in the 12th year of his reign, and conftituted lord lieutenant and cuftos rotulorum of this county, and shortly after fent ambasfador extraordinary into Turkey. He was lord lieutenant when king James II. was taken, on his leaving this kingdom, and brought to Faversham, where, for protection from the infults of the populace, he fent to lord Winchelsea from Eastwell, who immediately came and perfuaded the king to return to London. He died in 1689, having married four wives, by whom he had in all twenty-feven children, of whom fixteen lived to fome maturity. At length these honors and estates defcended afterwards down to John his fon, by his fourth wife, his other intermediate descendants being dead without issue, who became the fifth earl of Winchelfea, who dying likewife f. p. in 1729, the titles of earl of Winchelsea and viscount Maidstone, for that of baron Fitz-Herbert became extinct, together with this manor and advowfon, and the manfion and park of Eaftwell, with the reft of the earl's eftates in this county, devolved on Daniel, fecond earl of Nottingham, fon and

and heir of Sir Heneage Finch, who had been created earl of Nottingham in 1681, fon and heir of Sir Heneage Finch, the fourth fon of Sir Moyle Finch, of Eastwell, knight and baronet, by his wife Katherine, who was created countels of Winchelfea as beforementioned. Sir Heneage Finch above-mentioned, was eminent in the profession of the law, and was recorder of London, and in the first year of king Charles I. elected speaker of the house of commons, and resided at Kenfington, in the house now the royal palace. He died in 1631. Heneage, his fon and heir, was in 1660, made folicitor general, knighted, and created a baronet, being then of Raunston, in Buckinghamshire. He was afterwards attorney-general, and in 1673 made lord keeper; shortly after which he was in 1674, created lord Finch, baron of Daventry; and next year made lord chancellor, and in 1681 created earl of Nottingham; he had fourteen children, of which feven fons and one daughter furvived him. Of the fons, Daniel fucceeded him as earl of Nottingham; 2, Heneage was created baron of Guernsey and earl of Aylesford, of whom and his defcendants a full account may be seen under that parish.f Charles was fellow of All Souls college, and Henry was dean of York, and lies buried there with his brother Edward, who was prebendary of that church. Daniel, fecond earl of Nottingham, above-mentioned, became the fixth earl of Winchelsea, and entered early into life, being of the privy council to king Charles II. after whofe death he took an active part in the politics of the fucceding reigns, and was, for his great learning and abilities, highly trufted and employed in the great affairs of ftate till the year 1716, when he retired from all public affairs, and lived fo till his death in 1730. He was twice married, first to lady Essex Rich, second daughter and

See Aylesford, vol. iv. of this hiftory, p. 429.

coheir

coheir of Robert, earl of Warwick, by whom he had one daughter Mary; fecondly to Anne, only daughter of Chrittopher, viscount Hatton, by whom he had five fons and eight daughters, befides feventeen other children who died young. The eldeft fon was Daniel, who fucceeded him in titles and eftate; William was envoy extraordinary to Sweden and the States General, and afterwards privy counfellor and vice-chamberlain of the houshold, who left a fon George, who on his uncle's death, fucceeded him in his titles, as will be further mentioned; John was folicitor-general to king George II. when prince of Wales, and afterwards king's council. Henry was furveyor of his Majefty's works; and Edward afterwards took the name of Hatton, purfuant to the will of Anne his aunt, the youngest daughter of Christopher, viscount Hatton, and heir of her brother William, viscount Hatton. He married Anne, daughter and coheir of Sir Thomas Palmer, bart. of Wingham, by whom he had George Finch Hatton, of whom more hereafter, and four other fons, and three daughters .- He was fucceeded in the titles of earl of Winchelsea and Nottingham, vifcount Maidstone, and baron of Daventry, as well as in his eftates in this county, by Daniel his eldeft fon, who was conftantly employed from the acceffion of king George I in the most important offices of the flate, till the year 1766, when he retired from all public busines, having been in 1752 elected a knight of the garter. He was twice married; first to Frances, daughter of Bafil Fielding, carl of Denbigh, by whom he had one daughter Charlotte; and fecondly, to Mary, daughter and coheir of Sir T. Palmer, bart. above-mentioned, by whom he had four daughters, Heneage, Effex, Hatton, and Augusta. He died in 1769, æt. 81, full of years and wildom, and was bu-ried among his anceftors, in the church of Eastwell. On his death without iffue male, his titles, together

with

with his feat at Burleigh, and effates in Rutlandshire and other counties, defcended to his nephew George, fon of his next brother William, but he by his will devifed the manor and advowfon of Eastwell, with the park and manfion of Eastwell-place, together with all the reft of his Kentish effates, to his nephew George Finch Hatton, efq. eldest fon of his youngest brother Edward Finch Hatton, who is the present possifier of them. He married Elizabeth-Mary, daughter of David, late lord viscount Stormont, asterwards earl of Mansfield, by whom he has iffue, and now refides at Eastwell-place. He bears for his arms those of Finch before-mentioned, quartered with those of Hatton, being Azure, a chevron, between three garbs, or.

POTHERY is a fmall manor within the bounds of this parish, which feems to have been part of that estate belonging to Odo, bishop of Baieux, described in Domesday before, which, on his disgrace about four years afterwards, that is, about the year 1084, became with the reft of his poffessions, confiscated to the crown, of which it was afterwards held by the family of Criol; and John de Criol, younger fon of Bertram, held it, together with the manor of Seaton, in Boughton Aluph, already defcribed before, in the account of that parish, at his death in the 48th year of Henry III. In his defcendants it continued till it passed at length with that manor in marriage to Rokefle, and thence again in like manner to the Percys, and was fold with it by Henry, earl of Northumberland, in Henry the VIIIth.'s reign, to Sir Chriftopher Hales, whole three coheirs fold it to Sir Thomas Moyle, whence it went by marriage again to Finch, whofe defcendant Daniel, earl of Winchelsea and Nottingham, dying in 1769, without male isfue, gave it by will to his nephew, George Finch Hatton, esq. now of Eastwell, the present owner of it.

CHARITIES.

# CHARITIES.

SIR WALTER MOYLE, of this parifh, by will, auno 1480, ordered that his feoffees fhould deliver an eftate in fee fimple to three or four honeft and trufty men, in two acres of arable land in this parifh, in a field called Cotingland, to the use of the church of Eastwell, in recompence of a certain annual rent of two pounds of wax, by him wrested and detained from it against his conficience.

MR. THOMAS KIPPS left by will in 1680, 205. per annum to the use of the poor, out of a field in Great Chart, rented at 61. per annum, the remainder of the rent being left to five other parishes.

THERE is an alms house in this parish.

The poor conftantly relieved are about feven, cafually five.

EASTWELL is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JURIS-DICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Charing.

The church, which is dedicated to St. Mary, confifts of two isles and two chancels, having a square embattled tower at the weft end, in which hang three bells. It is an antient building of flint, with ashler ftone round the windows, which are fmall, and of only one compartment. The arms of Poynings still remain in the east window of the high chancel. Within the altar-rails is a memorial for Nicholas Toke, clerk, obt. 1670, and for Nicholas Toke, his eldeft fon, obt. 1673. On the fouth fide of the chancel is the tomb of Sir Thomas Moyle. In the fouth chancel is a fumptuous tomb, on which lie the figures of a man and woman in white marble, at full length, their fons and daughters round the fides of it; it had till within these few years, a beautiful dome or canopy over them, fupported by eight pillars of black marble, the fragments of which now lie scattered about the chancel. It was erected for Sir Moyle Finch, knight and bart. who died in 1614, and Elizabeth his wife, created countels of Winchelsea, &c. And a monument for Sir Heneage Finch, fergeant-at law, and recorder of London, who died in 1631, and of his first wife, who died in 1627. At the upper end of the fouth isle is a vault, for the Finch family, in which are thirty-eight coffins; the

the Hon. Edward Finch Hatton, father of the prefent Mr. Hatton, of Eastwell, being the last who was buried in it.

The church of Eaftwell was always effeemed an appendage to the manor, and continues fo, the lord of it, George Finch Hatton, efq. being the prefent patron of this rectory.

It is valued in the king's books at 91. 16s. 8d. It is now a dilcharged living, of the clear yearly certified value of forty-two pounds. In 1588 it was valued at forty pounds per annum, communicants fifty-five. In 1640 the fame.

# CHURCH OF EASTWELL.

| Or by whom prefented.                                                                                                                                                             | RECTORS.                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Nicholas St. Leger, efq. and dame<br>Catherine Finch his wife<br>Sir Moyle Finch<br>The King, hac vice                                                                            | Josias Nicholls, June 1, 1580,<br>deprived 1603. <sup>8</sup><br>John House, A. B. May 17,<br>1603, obt. 1630. <sup>h</sup><br>William Sandford, refig. 1644.<br>Nicholas Toke, A. M. Nov. 22, |
| Heneage, carl of Winchelsca                                                                                                                                                       | 1644, obt. 1670. <sup>1</sup><br>William Wickens, A. M. Oct.<br>12, 1670, refigned 1681. <sup>k</sup>                                                                                          |
|                                                                                                                                                                                   | William Martin, A. M. June 23,<br>1681, obt. 1686. <sup>1</sup><br>Samuel Markham, A. M. June<br>21, 1687, obt. May 1730. <sup>m</sup><br>John Wilkinfon, A. M. May 26,                        |
| John, earl of Winchelfea<br>Daniel, earl of Winchelfea                                                                                                                            | 1730, refigned 1733.<br>Randolph Marriott, A. M. Feb.<br>14, 1734, refigned 1737. <sup>n</sup><br>John Jortin, A. M. refigned<br>1742.°                                                        |
| & Buried here in 1639.                                                                                                                                                            | m Alfo vicar of Kennington.                                                                                                                                                                    |
| h His will is in the Prerog. off.<br>Cant. in which he files himfelf, late<br>parfon of Eaftwell.<br>1 Buried here.<br>k And rector of Eafling.<br>L And rector of Kennington. He | <ul> <li>In 1736 he vacated for the rectory of Darfield, in Yorkfhire.</li> <li>The learned archdeacon of London, and vicar of St. Dunftan's in the East. He died in 1770.</li> </ul>          |

1 And vicar of Kennington.

was buried here.

#### RECTORS.

PATRONS, &c. Daniel carl of Winchelfca.....

Daniel earl of Winchelfca...... John Creyk, A. M. June 10, 1742, obt. 1745. Daniel, earl of Winchelfca and William Hardy, A. M. July,

Nitingham.

William Hardy, A. M. July, 1745, refigned 1747.

John Adcock, A. B. Sept. 11,

Philip Parfons, Feb. 1776, the prefent rector.<sup>p</sup>

P And in 1776, by difpenfation, rector of Snave. He is likewife curate and mafter of the grammar school of Wye.

# THE HUNDRED OF CALEHILL

LIES the next hundred fouthward from that of Wye. It is written in Domefday, *Calebelle*,

- AND CONTAINS WITHIN ITS BOUNDS THE PARISHES OF
  - I. CHARING.
  - 2. EGERTON.

- Pluckley; and part of
   Westwell, and
   Smarden.
- 3. LITTLE CHART.

And the churches of those parishes; and likewife a part of the parishes of BETHERSDEN, GREAT CHART, HEDCORNE, HOTHFIELD, and LENHAM, the churches of which are in other hundreds. *Two confiables* have jurifdiction over it.

# WESTWELL

LIES the next parifh weftward from Eaftwell, taking its name of *Welle*, by which only it is mentioned in Domefday, from the fprings which rife in and near it, and the addition of Weft from its fituation, and to diftinguish it from the adjoining parish of Eastwell.

THE PARISH, though it lies in a healthy part of the county, yet from its fituation, partly in a variety of barren foils, and the reft of it low and watry, among a concontinuance of moorifh brooks and meadow land, is far from being pleafant, the greatest part of it is fituated below the upper range of chalk hills, called the Downhills, which here crofs this parish, part of which extends above them, where it is covered with coppice woods, among which is that called Long Beech wood, further notice of which will be taken hereafter, where the foil is a poor reddifh earth, mixed with flint ftones. At the foot of these hills is a long flip of barren pasture land, called Weftwell downs, which is uninclosed, and full of road tracks, over which the chalk foil of the hills continues, and for fome diftance below them, at the north-east fide of the parish, is Eastwell park, part of which is within the bounds of it; not far from which is the village of Weftwell, having the church and vicarage within it, and not far from it the court-lodge and park-houfe. From the village fouthward the parifh is watered by feveral ftreams, which run from hence into the river Stour below Hothfield and Great Chart, where the land confifts mostly of meadow ground, a moorish but fertile soil. Towards the west is a heath. called Weftwell leacon, round which there is a hamlet of houses, where, and on that fide of the parish next to Hothfield heath, it is a barren foil, mostly a deep fand.

THE MANOR OF WESTWELL was part of the antient poffeffions of the church of Canterbury, but by whom, or when given, I have not found; but in the division made by archbishop Lansfranc of the revenues of it, this manor was allotted to the share of the monks, and was by them appointed *ad cibum eorum*, i. e. for the use of their refectory; accordingly it is thus entered in the furvey of Domesday, under the general title of their lands:

The archbishop himself holds Welle. In the time of king Edward the Confessor it was taxed at seven sulings, and now for five. The arable land is eighteen carucates, in demesse there are four, and twenty-one villens, with five borderers having twelve carucates and an half. There are seven servants, and one mull of thirty pence. and and twenty acres of meadow. Wood sufficient for the pannage of twenty bogs. In the time of king Edward the Confessor it was worth seventeen pounds and eleven shillings and four-pence, when he received it as much, now twenty-four pounds and four-pence, and yet it pays forty pounds.

But their title to this manor feems to have been very precarious, for it was continually contefted; till at length, in the Sth year of king Henry III. Peter de Bending, who laid claim to it, acknowledged it to be their right, for which they gave him a fum of money, and their manor of Little Chart in fee-farm, as therein mentioned.<sup>q</sup> The original deed being in the Surrenden library, with the feal annexed, being a coat of three bars, the legend, Sigil Petri de Bendingies. And three years afterwards Stephen, fon of John Heringod, for a confideration, releafed to them all his title to it, which he profecuted by writ of right, in the king's court, the original of which is likewife in the above library, the feal appendant, a coat, being a bordure of fix fishes, one in chief and in base festways, and two on each fide bendways; the legend, Sigill .... ni de Herengot. The large price paid for thefe releafes fhews, not only the value of this manor, but likewife the doubtful title by which the prior and convent held it, nor did they even after this remain quiet in their poffeffion of it, till on a process before the juffices itinerant, in the 25th year of that reign, the prior pleaded, that he had the manor by the gift of the king's predeceffors, who gave it to his church, as free as they themfelves held it, in pure and perpetual alms; fo that it never afterwards was parted, nor was it partible. And further, that the king, who gave it to his predeceffors, did not hold it by the name of gavelkind. And the jury found for the prior, &c." who after this feems to

<sup>9</sup> Regist. Eccl. Christi, Cant. cart. 1406, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Somner's Gavelkind, p. 178, appendix.

have remained in the uninterrupted peffeffion of it, and in the 7th of the next reign of king Edward I. he claimed and had allowed, before J. de Reygate and affociates, justices itinerant, among other liberties, that of a market in the parish of Westwell, on a Wednesday weekly throughout the year. In the 1st year of king Edward 11. he obtained a charter of free-warren for his manor here. In the 6th year of it there appears to have been a park within the prior's manor here, for he was then prefented before H. de Stanton and his fociates, justices itinerant, at Canterbury, for obstructing a common footpath, which led through the middle of his park, from Hothfield to the court of Elchefton, (usque ad forum de Elscheston). And the jury found, that a prior his predeceffor at fome time inclosed the park, and afterwards the inclosure of it being broken in the time of war, there was a paffing of the neighbours through the middle of it, to the above court, by the prior's leave, for almost thirty years, until the prior that then was again inclosed it; and they fay, that it was not a common pathway, and therefore, &c.<sup>s</sup> In which state it continued till the disfolution of the priory in the 31ft year of king Henry VIII. when it came, with the reft of the possessions of the monastery, into the king's hands, where this manor remained, till, in the 34th year of his reign, when he by agreement that year, granted it, with its appurtenances, and the land and wood in this parish, commonly called Westwellpark, the parfonage appropriate, and the advowfon of the church, and the wood called Long beech wood, in this parish and Challock, with the lodge built on it, all parcel of the late priory, in exchange for other premifes, to archbishop Cranmer, to hold by knight's fervice. Which grant was afterwards confirmed by the king, under the great feal. At which time there ap-

<sup>9</sup> Battely's Somn. pt. ii, append p. 50. See a fervice of gavelrip, in a cultural of this manor, in Somn. Gaveikind, p. 19.

pears

pears to have been land here, parcel of this manor, called the Vyneyarde.' After which, the above premifes remained with the fee of Canterbury, till the 3d year of queen Elizabeth, when the queen, being enabled fo to do by act of parliament, took into her hands this manor and park of Weftwell, among others, and annexed them to the crown, and recompenced archbishop Parker with other estates in lieu of them. After which, she, in her 10th year, granted the manor to John Fletcher and William Atkinfon, for a term of years. In which state it continued till king Charles I. in his 4th year, granted it, together with the park in fee, to Edward Ditchfield, John Highlord, Humphry Clark, and Francis Mofs, and they immediately afterwards vested their interest in them in Sir John Tufton, knight and baronet, of Hothfield, whole eldeft fon Sir Nicholas Tufton, knight and baronet, having been created Lord Tufton and Earl of Thanet, died poffeffed of this manor, with the lands formerly the park of Westwell, the farm of which, now called the Park, claims an exemption from the payment of fmall tithes, in the 8th year of that reign, anno 1635, and in his defcendants, earls of Thanet, it has continued down to the right hon. Sackville, earl of Thanet, the prefent owner of them.

A court leet and court baron is regularly held for this manor.

RIPLEY-COURT, now ufually called *Ripple*, is a manor here, which was formerly made more eminent from its affording a furname to a family of good rank in these parts, who resided at it; one of which, Richard de Ripley, died possessed of it in the 30th year of king Edward I. and Philipott fays, in an old deed he is called *Miles Archiepi*, as holding this manor of the archbishop by knight's fervice. But before the latter end of king

<sup>t</sup> See the will of John Taylor, occupier of the court-lodge, auno 1557, in Preg. off. Cant.

Edward

Edward III.'s reign the Brockhulls were become poffeffors of it, and they were fucceeded by the Idens, a family of great antiquity and good effate about Iden, in Suffex, and Rolvenden, in this county; and in them it continued down to Alexander Iden, efq. who refided here in the 28th year of Henry VI. the latter half of which year he was sheriff, being appointed on the death of William Cromer, esq. who had been put to death by the rebel John Cade, and his followers, on the 4th of July that year ;" but Cade being at length deferted by them, was forced to fly alone, and concealed himfelf among the woods belonging to this eftate, and the king promifed by proclamation one thousand marcs reward, to any one who would bring him, dead or alive. A few days after which, he was discovered by Iden the sheriff there, who attempting to take him, on his refiftance, flew him, and cutting off his head, carried that with the body up to London, to the king's council, who gave him thanks, and ordered the reward to be paid him. He afterwards married Elizabeth, daughter of James, lord Say and Seal, and widow of William Cromer, efq. above-mentioned, and was fheriff again in the 35th year of that reign, in whofe descendants, who bore for their arms, Azure, a fess, between three closed helmets, or, this manor continued till it was at length alienated to Darell, of Calehill, whofe descendant George Darell, esq. in the last year of king Edward VI. conveyed it to Baker, in which name it remained till Giles Baker paffed it away to Christopher Towers, esq. who alienated it to Sackville, earl of Thanet, whole great-grandfon the right hon. Sackville, earl of Thanet, is now entitled to it.

BEAMONSTON, ufually called *Beamston*, and in Domefday, *Betmonteston*, is a manor, which lies partly in this parish, and partly in Challock, in the borough of its own name, and within the bounds of the hundred of

<sup>u</sup> See Rapin's History of England, vol. i. p. 375. VOL. VII. E e Wye, Wye, the fcite of the court-lodge of it, which has been many years down, being, as is supposed, in that part of Eastwell-park within this parish. At the time of taking the general furvey of Domesday, this manor was part of the possession of Odo, bishop of Baieux, under the general title of whose lands it is thus entered in it:

Ralf de Curbespine holds of the bishop, Betmontestun. It was taxed at one fuling. The arable land is six carucotes. In demessive there are two, and thirteen villeins, with one borderer having three carucates. There are thirty-three acres of meadow, and wood for the pannage of forty hogs. Of this manor Hugo de Montfort holds, between wood and pasture, what was worth in the time of king Edward the Confessor six pounds, and asterwards, and now, as much. Ailric held it of king Edward.

Four years afterwards the bishop was difgraced, and all his posseffions were confiscated to the crown, of which it was afterwards held by a family who took their furname from it; one of whom, John, fon of Roger de Beameston, held it of the honor of Say in the reign of king Henry III. but in the next reign of king Edward I. Stephen de la Hay held it by knight's fervice of that honor, and his descendant William de la Hay died posseffed of it in the 8th year of Edward III. After which it came into the possession of Thomas at More, who owned it in the 20th year of that reign, holding it as above-mentioned, from which name it was fold to Laurence de Amias, whose descendant J. Amyas alienated it, in the reign of king Henry VIII. to Sir Thomas Moile, of Eaftwell, who dying in 1 560, without male iffue, Catherine his daughter and coheir carried it in nurriage to Sir Thomas Finch, afterwards of Eaftwell, in whofe descendants, earls of Winchelsea, this manor continued down to Daniel, earl of Winchelfea and Nottingham, who dying in 1769, without male islue, gave it, together with his other estates in this county, to his nephew George Finch Hatton, efq. now of Eastwell, the present proprietor of it.

Shottenden

SHOTTENDEN is fituated in the eaftern part of this parish, in the borough of Shottenden, and within the bounds of the hundred of Wye. It was, in the beginning of the reign of Henry VI. become the property of cardinal archbishop Kempe, who in the 10th year of that reign fettled it, among other premifes, on his new-founded college of Wye, with which it staid till the diffolution of that foundation in the 36th year of Henry VIII. when it came into the hands of the crown, where it remained till queen Elizabeth, in her 1st year, granted it, with the royal manor of Wye, and other premises, to her kinfman Henry, lord Hunfdon, to hold in capite by knight's fervice, and his grandfon, Henry, earl of Dover, soon after 1628, alienated it to Sir Thomas Finch, of Eastwell, afterwards earl of Winchelsea, whose descendant Daniel, earl of Winchelfea and Nottingham, in 1769, devifed it to his nephew George Finch Hatton, elq. of Eastwell, the prelent owner of it.

NASH-COURT is a manor here, lying at a small diftance westward from Shottenton, which, as appears by old deeds, was once in the poffeffion of a family who were at first written At-Nash, and afterwards Nash only." They were extinct here before the 32d year of king Edward III. for it appears by the clofe-roll of that year, that Alanus de Hanekin then held it; but before the latter end of the next reign of Richard II. one of this family had alienated it to Thomas Brockhull, efq. of Calehill, whole fon Henry Brockhull, in the beginning of king Henry IV.'s reign, passed it away to John Darell, esq. afterwards of Calehill, steward to archbifhop Chicheley, and younger brother of Sir William Darell, of Littlecote, in Wiltshire, in whose descendants it continued down to George Darell, efq. of Calehill, who in the laft year of king Edward VI. fold it to Sharpe, of Ninhouse, in Great Chart, whose descen-

" Rot. Esch. ejus an N. 94.

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dants

dants afterwards conftantly refided here, many of whom, as appears by their wills in the Prerogative-office, Canterbury, lie buried in the north chancel of this church; and it is now in the poffeffion of one of them, Mr. William Sharpe, gent. of Weftwell. A court baron is held for this manor.

At a fmall diftance northward from Nafh, is a houfe and lands called Gig-Nafh, formerly the property of Giles Baldock, who refided at it in 1531. It afterwards paffed into the name of Bourne, and was fold by the heirs of Nicholas Bourne, of Weftwell, to William Sharpe, of Nafh, above-mentioned, who now owns it.

DEAN-COURT is a manor, in the north-east part of this parish, above the hill, next to Challock, in which parish most of the demession lands belonging to it lie. It was, at the time of taking the survey of Domession in the year 1080, part of the possession of Odo, bishop of Baieux, the Conqueror's half-brother, under the general title of whose lands it is entered in it as follows:

Adelold held Dene of the bishop. It was taxed at one fuling. The arable land is two carucates. In demessient there is one carucate, and four borderers, and two servants, and one acre of meadow, and wood for the pannage of nine bogs. Of this suling Ralph de Curbespine holds one yoke and an half, which is and was worth separately ten shillings. Adelold had half a suling and half a yoke, and in the time of king Edward the Confessor it was worth forty shillings, and afterwards twenty shillings, now forty shillings. This land is in the king's bands. Ulnod and Wana and Alumard and Ulueron held this land of king Edward, and it was divided in three places.

Four years afterwards the bishop was disgraced, and all his estates were confiscated to the crown. After which, this manor was held by the family of Hoese, afterwards called Hussey, one of whom, Henry de Hoese, died possessed of it in the 18th year of king Edward

Edward I. and his fon Henry did homage for it in the 30th year of that reign, to John Peckham, archbishop of Canterbury, of whom he then held it, together with lands in Sturmouth, and in his defcendants it continued down to Henry Huffey, who in the reign of king Henry VIII. fold it to Sackville; after which it came into the possession of William Herbert, earl of Pembroke, who in the 7th year of king Edward VI. exchanged it with the king for other premifes, and it remained in the crown till the 4th and 5th of Philip and Mary, when it was granted to Thomas and John White, and others, to hold in capite by knight's fervice,<sup>x</sup> who joined in the fale of it to Millen, in which name it remained in the reign of king Charles II. and from one of them it was afterwards alienated to Young, of Charing, who by deed fettled it on Elizabeth Poole, daughter of Mr. Poole, of Charing, who marrying Dr. John Ludwell, M. D. late of Oriel college, Oxford, entitled him to it for his life, and furviving him she became again possessed of it in her own right, and at her death in 1765, by her last will, deviled it to her kinlman George Carter, elq. of Kennington, whose son, the Rev. George Carter, now of Kennington, is the present possesfor of this manor.

DIGGS-COURT, ufually called *Digges*, lies about three-quarters of a mile weftward from the church, which was fo called from the eminent family of Digge, or Digges, as they were afterwards called, who were owners of it, and frequently refided here, being ftiled fometimes of Barham, where their principal feat was, and fometimes of Weftwell, as appeared by feveral of their antient evidences; and in the reign of king Edward III. there was one of them, Adomarus de Digge, who frequently wrote himfelf of Weftwell, but whether the fame perfon who was a judge in the preceding

\* Augtn. off. deeds of purchase and exchange, box H. 16. Rot. Esch. pt. 3, rot. 50.

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reign

reign of king Edward II. I am not certain; foon af. ter which, by Elizabeth, daughter of his descendant John Digge, of Barham, this feat went in marriage to Henry Aucher, esq. of Losenham, whose descendant of the fame name, had two fons, Thomas, who fucceeded him at Lofenham, and Robert, who was afterwards of this feat of Digges-court; of which he died poffeffed in 1512, and was buried in Westwell church ;" and in his descendants, who constantly refided here, it continued till it was, at the latter end of the last century, fold by one of them to Godden, and he, in the year 1700, alienated it to William Bokenham, esq. of Rochester, whole representatives, in 1719, joined in the sale of it to Henry May, esq. recorder of Chichefter, who by will devifed it to his kinfman Thomas May, efq. of Godmersham, who afterwards took the name of Knight, and died possesfied of it in 1781, as did his fon of the fame name in 1794. f. p. and by his will devifed it to his widow Mrs. Catherine Knight, now of Canterbury, the present owner of it.

LEYTON, alias LECTON, is a fmall manor here, fituated at a fmall diftance northward from Diggscourt, which was part of the pofleffions of the fee of Canterbury, and remained fo till archbifhop Cranmer, in the 31ft year of king Henry VIII. conveyed it to the king, which fale was ratified by the prior and convent of Chrift church; but it did not remain long in the crown, for the king, in his 23d year, afterwards confirmed under his great feal, exchanged it again with the archbifhop for other premifes; and the king difcharged the archbifhop from all tenths, and all other outgoings whatever, payable to him from it. Since which this manor has continued parcel of the poffeffions of the fee of Canterbury to this time.

<sup>9</sup> His will, as well as those of feveral of his descendants, are in the Prerog. off. Cant.

The family of Honywood have been leffees of this manor for a confiderable length of time. Filmer Honywood, efq. now of Markshall, is the present leffee of it.

PERRITON, or as it is now yulgarly called, Perrytown, is another manor in this parish, of which I find no mention till the reign of king Edward 1. in the 5th year of which, Philip de Columbers died possessed of it, holding it of the king *in capite*. After which it be-came the property of the family of Aldon; one of whom, Thomas de Aldon, died poffeffed of it in the 43d year of Edward III. How long it continued in that name, I have not found; but it most probably afterwards came into the possession of the Pyries, afterwards called and written Perry, from whom this manor, as well as Perry-court, in Wye, both affumed their names. Of the heirs of Geoffrie de Pyrie, this manor feems to have been purchased by cardinal archbilhop Kempe, in the beginning of king Henry VI.'s reign, who, in the 10th year of it, fettled it, among other premises, on his new founded college of Wye, with which it flaid till the diffolution of it, in the 36th year of Henry VIII. when this manor came into the hands of the crown, whence it was immediately afterwards granted, with the small adjoining manor of Broke, and other premises, to Thomas Cawarden, to hold *in capite* by knight's fervice;<sup>2</sup> from him they paffed to Moyle, and from thence again to Sir John Baker of Siffinghurst, and his descendant Sir John Baker, knight and baronet, in 1657, alienated the manor of Peryton to Nathaniel Powell, esq. of Eweherst, in Sussex, afterwards, in 1661, created a baro-net, one of whose descendants passed it away to Kingsford, from which name it was fold to Chapman, and it is now the property of Mr. William Chapman, of this parifh.

F Rot. Efch. ejus an. pt. 28, and anno 38 Henry VIII. pt. 7. E e 4 WOLTON,

WOLTON, alias WODITON, is a place here, which was originally parcel of the inheritance of a family called Wolton, or Woditon. Ivo de Woditon held it in the year 1236, and left it to his fon John de Wolton, who had a fon Richard, who in the 20th year of king Edward III. held both this manor and that of Wootton by Barham, and in his fucceffors of that name this effate remained till the latter end of king Henry VI.'s reign, and then some part of it was fold to John Hampton, and he, about the begininng of king Edward IV.'s reign, paffed it away to Richard Rasel, who resided here, and died possessed of it, as appears by his will, in the 23d year of that reign; but there was fome part of it which remained unfold, until William Wolton, at his death in 1540, ordered it to be vested in feoffees, in trust, to discharge his debts; and they accordingly conveyed it to Rafel, who then became possefield of the entire fee of it; in whole descendants it remained at the restoration of king Charles II. But whereabouts it is fituated, and who have been the proprietors of it fince, I have not been able, after the most diligent enquiries, to find out.

LONGBEECH WOOD is a large tract of woodland, lying above the hill, on the north fide of this parifh, partly in it, and partly in Challock. It contains about 1000 acres, and was formerly part of the pofleffions of the priory of Chrift-church, and on the diffolution of it, in the 31ft year of king Henry VIII.'s reign, came into the hands of the crown, where it remained till the king, in his 34th year, granted it, by the defcription of all the wood and underwood, commonly called Long-beech, in Weftwell and Challock, with the lodge there upon builded, and the foil and ground of the fame wood, called Longbeech wood, parcel of the late monaftery of Chrift-church,<sup>a</sup> among other

\* Deeds of purch. and exch. Augtn. off. box C. 50.

premifes, in exchange to archbifhop Cranmer; notwithftanding which, archbifhop Parker, in the year 1570, was fued in the exchequer, for felling fome part of this wood, under pretence of its being the queen's; and though it was determined in his favour, yet the archbifhop was obliged to relinquifh his right to it, and Sir James Crofts, comptroller of the queen's houfhold, had a grant of it from her, in her 17th year, and continued in the poffeffion of it till archbifhop Whitgift, on his first advancement to the fee, found fuch favour with the queen, as to recover the poffeffion of it. Since which it has remained parcel of the eftates belonging to the archbifhopric, and does fo at this time. In 1643 it was rented of the archbifhop by John Boys, gent. at the yearly rent of forty pounds. Since which the leafe of it has been for fome time in the family of Dering, of Surrenden. Sir Edward Dering, bart. is the prefent leffee of it.

# CHARITIES.

STEPHEN HULSE, gent. of Westwell, by will in 1678, gave to the poor of this parish for ever, two acres of land, and two tenements at Gignash, in this parish, which are not let, but are appropriated to the poor; supposed to be worth fix pounds per annum.

JAMES TAYLOR, gent. by will in 1699, gave to the poor of this parish a parcel of land in Little Chart and Westwell, containing one acre, and now called Poor's meadow, which is not let, but is applied to the poor, and is supposed to be worth 11. per annum.

The poor constantly relieved are about thirty-three, cafually twenty-five.

WESTWELL is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JURIS-DICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Charing, and is exempt from the jurifdiction of the archdeacon.

The church, which is dedicated to St. Mary, is a large handfome building, confifting of three ifles, two fmall chancels, and a high chancel, having a tall fpire fteeple fhingled, at the weft end of it. The pillars on each 426

each fide the middle ifle are flim and very beautiful, and between this ifle and the chancel they are uncommonly elegant. In the middle window of the high chancel are good remains of painted glass, being four ovals, in each a figure fitting, crowned, with a scepter, and the reft filled with a bordure, &c. Within the altar-rails is a memorial for John Tucker, A. M. rector of Ringwold, and under mafter of the king's school, Canterbury; a man of a most worthy character, who died in 1776, universally esteemed and lamented. Without the rails are two ftones, robbed of their braffes, one having had the figure of a prieft, with his mitre and robes; the other, the ftem of a crofs, and at top, the half-figure of a prieft. There are fix stalls at the west end of the chancel, for the ule of the members of the priory of Chrift-church, during their refidence here, and others of the clergy who might be prefent at divine fervice. On the fouth fide is a confessionary-seat of stone, and one beside it, and a nich for holy water. At the east end of the south isle are four niches for statues. In the north chancel is a memorial for Mary Wolgate, virgin, daughter of John Wolgate, of Borden, obt. 1634; and an infcription on brass on a gravestone, for John Sharp, of Nash, obt. 1607. In a window on the north fide of the north isle, in a chancel, is a shield of arms, Azure, a cross, between four martlets, or; impaling, Azure, three crowns, or; another, Quarterly, azure, a cross between four martlets, or; and gules, a lion rampant, argent; and in another window are fome good remains of figures. In a window of the north ifle are the arms of the priory of Canterbury, and a shield, Argent, a cross, gules. In the fouth chancel is a stone, costinshaped, about two feet long, with a cross flory on it. Robert at Ligh, by will in 1525, devised for a pair of organnys in this church, ten marcs; and Roger Ba-ker, of this parish, by his will proved in 1553, devifed vifed forty marcs towards the reparation of the sceple of Westwell.

This church was antiently an appendage to the manor of Weftwell, and as fuch was part of the polfeffions of the priory of Chrift church, to which it was appropriated in the 21st year of king Richard II. towards the support of the fabric of that church, to which archbishop Arundel confented; for which the prior gave up to him the patronage of St. Mary Aldermary church, London;<sup>b</sup> and the fame was confirmed by Henry IV. in his 2d year. After which this parsonage appropriate, together with the advowson of the vicarage, remained part of the possessions of that priory till the diffolution of it, in the 31ft year of king Henry VIII. when it came, with the manor, into the king's hands, where it flaid but a fmall time, for the king, in his 34th year, confirmed afterwards under his great seal, granted in exchange, among other premises. the manor of Westwell, with other lands here, and the parsonage of Westwell appropriate to the above late monaftery, and the advowfon to the archbifhop of Canterbury. And the king exonerated and difcharged the archbishop from the tenth part of the yearly value of the faid premises, which he was entitled to by the act, made in the 26th year of his reign. In which state it has continued ever fince, the archbifhop being the present owner of the parsonage appropriate, and of the advowfon of the vicarage of this church.

In 1643 John, earl of Thanet, was leffee of this parfonage. It was afterwards in the name of Gurney, and fince, partly by purchafe and partly by marriage, the leafe became vefted in the Rev. John Tucker, late of Canterbury, deceased, whose fon, of the same name, is now entitled to it.

<sup>b</sup> Pat. 21 Richard II. N. 9. Tan. Mon. p. 200,

The

The vicarage of Westwell was endowed in the year 1298, the year after the appropriation of the church, with the confent of Henry de Northwode, then rector of this church, and yet no vicar feems to have been inducted for fome years afterwards, though a portion had been before affigned to the vicar by the rector, of which the prior of Chrift-church, the fee of Canterbury being then vacant, granted his letters teftimonial in 1293.°

It is valued in the king's books at thirteen pounds, and the yearly tenths at 11. 6s. and is now of the clear yearly certified value of 671. 14s. In 1588 it was valued at fifty pounds. Communicants three hundred and ninety-eight. In 1640 it was valued at fixtynine pounds. Communicants the fame. In 1661, archbishop Juxon augmented this vicarage ten pounds per annum out of the great tithes. Archbishop Tenilon gave fifty pounds towards putting the vicaragehouse, which was then much gone to ruin, in better repair. There is only half an acre of glebe to it.

# CHURCH OF WESTWELL.

| PATRONS, |                       |
|----------|-----------------------|
|          | Or by whom prefented. |
| The      | Archhillon            |

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#### VICARS.

William Teddar, A. M. ind. 1592, refigned 1619.

John Viney, A. M. inducted 1610.

Samuel Watsall, in 1663.d

William Viney, A. M. inducted April 1670, obt. 1670.

Christopher Hargrave, inducted January, 1680.

Charles Everard, refigned 1711. Thomas England, A. M. Jan. 1712, obt. Oct. 1729.º

Cart. Antiq. W. 185, in archiv. Cantuar. Reg. Berthona, pt. 2, f. 308b, MSS. Cantaur. See a composition, an. 1305, between the rector of this church and the rector of Boughton Aluph, concerning tithes before, p. 397. d Wills, Prerog. off. Cant.

e And vicar of Kennington.

# PATRONS, Sc.

The Archbishop .....

VICARS.

William Gurney, A. M. induct. Jan. 1730, obt. 1755.f

Sayer Rudd, M. D. ind. May 3, 1755, obt. 1757.8 Francis Frederick Geraud, A. M.

May 1757, refigned 1766.h Benjamin Waterhouse, A. M. 1766, obt. 1790.1

H. Montague Davis, 1790, the present vicar.

f Alio rector of Herst, and second master of the king's ichool, Canterbury. He lies buried in the chancel of this church.

8 He took his doctor's degree at Leyden, in Holland.

b Herefigned this for the vicarage of Prefton, by Faversham. i Likewife vicar of Hollingborne,

which he refigned in 1770.

# CHARING

IS the adjoining parish to Westwell north-westward. It is written in Domesday, Cheringes, and in other antient records, Cerringes and Cherring.

It lies partly below and partly above the upper range of chalk hills, where there is much woodland. It is a healthy, though not a very pleafant fituation, from the nature of the foils in it, all which are but poor ; about the town or village, and to the fummit of the hill it is chalky; above the hill a red cludgy earth covered with flints, and below the town moftly a fand. At the western boundary, next to Lenham, is Charing heath ; it is watered by feveral fmall ftreamlets, which rifing near the foot of the hills, direct their course fouthward into the Stour, which runs towards Ashford just below the boundary of it. The village, or town of Charing, as it is more usually called, stands at the foot of the hill, called from it Charing-hill, over which the high road leads through it from Faversham, through Smarden and Biddenden, and thence to Cranbrooke and

and Tenterden in the Weald. The high road likewife from Ashford, fince the new turnpike has been completed, is made by new cuts to pafs through this town and Lenham, instead of its former more southern circuit by Chilfon park and Sandway towards Maidstone, shortening its distance considerably. Notwithstanding these roads, there is no great matter of traffic through it, the town is unpaved, and has a clean countryfied look, there is a good house in it, formerly belonging to the Poole's, whofe arms were, Azure, a lion rampant, argent, semee of fleur de lis, or. Afterwards to Dr. Ludwell, who bore for his arms, Gules, on a bend, argent, three eagles, azure, between 1200 caftles of the fecond; and then to the Carter's, one of whom fold it to George Norwood, efq. who refides in it. Not far from it is an antient mansion, which has been modernized formerly, called Peirce-houfe, now belonging to Mr. James Wakeley, who refides in it; at a small distance from the street eastward is the ruinated palace, the church and the vicarage, a pleafant habitable dwelling.

There are large ruins of the archiepifcopal palace fill remaining; the antient great gateway to it is now standing, and much of the fides of the court within it, on the east fide of which seems to have been the dining-room, the walls of which remain, and it is converted into a barn. On the opposite side to this are many of the offices, now made into stables. Fronting the great gateway above-mentioned, feems to have been the entrance into the palace itself, part of which, on the east fide, is fitted up as a dwelling-house, at the back of which, northward, are the remains of the chapel, the walls of which are flanding entire, being built of squared stone, mixed with flints; on the fide wall of it are three windows, with pointed arches, and at the east end a much larger one, of the fame form. Sir Nicholas Gilborne, hereafter mentioned, as having refided here in king James I.'s reign, was son of William liam Gilborne, eiq. of London, who lies buried in St. Catherine's Creechurch, London, defcended from the Gilbornes, of Erefwike, in Yorkshire, and bore for their arms, Azure, on a chevron, or, three roses gules, within a bordure of the second.<sup>k</sup> Sir Nicholas had two fons and feveral daughters; one of whom, Anne, married Charles Wheler, efq. of Tottenham, grandfather of Sir George Wheler, D. D. and prebendary of Durham, the purchaser asterwards of this manor and palace, as will be further mentioned.

The two fairs which were granted in the 21st year of king Henry VI. are now held on April 29, and October 29, for horfes, cattle, and pedlary.

The parish has in it the boroughs of Town, Sandpit, East Lenham, part of Field, and Acton.

Several of our antiquaries have supposed the Roman fation, mentioned in the 2d iter of Antonine by the name of Durolevum, corruptly for Durolenum, to have been in this neighbourhood ; and Dr. Plot mentions his difcovery of a Roman way, which feemed to have paffed the Medway at Telton, and croffing Cockfheath, pointed towards Lenham hither. Mott of those who have contended for this station having been hereabouts, have fixed it at Lenham. Only two of them, Mr. Talbot and Dr. Stukeley, after much hefitation, where to place it, were for its having been here at Charing; the latter founded his opinion on the Roman antiquities, which he lays, have been found all about here, which Horfley accounts for, from a supposition of this having been only a notitia way, and indeed there is but little, if any, foundation for any supposition that the flation above-mentioned was here at Charing; that it was a notitia way, there is great reafon to suppose, as has been already mentioned before, in the description of Lenham, to which may be added, that there is in this parifh,

\* There is a pedigree of them in Viftn. co. Kent, 1619. about about a mile S. S. W. from the town a hamlet called Stone-street, a name, which is a certain indication of its note in former times.

Mr. Jacob, in his Plantæ Faversbamienses, has taken notice of several scarce plants in this parish, to which account the reader is referred for them.

There was a family who took their name from this parish, one of whom, Adam de Cherringes, was excommunicated by archbishop Becket, and, as it should feem, to blot out the heinousness of this offence, afterwards, in the time of archbishop Baldwin, the next fuccessor but one to Becket, founded an hospital for leprous persons at Romney, in honor of St. Stephen and St. Thomas Becket.

Anno 26 Edward I. the king granted licence to fhut up a high road leading from Charing to Ashford.

The vulgar tradition, that Charing cross, in Westminster, was so called from a cross, which once stood on the lummit of the hill here, which being taken from hence, was carried and fet up there, is entirely without foundation; for the crofs, which ftood where the figure of king Charles on horfeback now is at Charing-crofs, in the centre of the three highways, as was then usual, was made and crected there in the year 1292, anno 21 Edward I. in that village which long before had been called Cheringes, and Charing, but which afterwards was univerfally called, from thence, Charing-crofs.1

CHARING was part of the most antient possessions of the church of Canterbury, and was taken from it by Offa, king of Mercia, who began his reign in 757, and given by him to fome of his courtiers; but king Cenewlf, his almost immediate fuccessor, at the request of archbishop Athelard, restored it again in the year 799, with the confent of his bifhops and nobles, free from all secular fervice and regaltribute. In which

<sup>1</sup> See Dugd. Mon. vol. ii. p. 443, 542.

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ftate it remained till archbishop Lanfranc succeeded to the fee of Canterbury in 1070, when, on the divifion of the revenues of his church between himfelf and his convent of Chrift-church, this manor was allotted to the archbishop and his successors; accordingly it is thus entered in the record of Domesday :

In Cale Helle hundred, the archbishop himself holds in demesne Cheringes. It was taxed at eight fulings. The arable land is forty carucates. In demefne there is one fuling, and there is four carucates and an half. There are twenty fix villeins, with twenty seven borderers having twenty-seven carucates. There are twelve servants, with one mill of the value of forty pence. There are twenty-five acres of meadow. Wood for the pannage of twenty-fix hogs. In its whole value, in the time of king Edward the Confessor, it was worth twenty-four pounds, when he received it as much ; it is now valued at thirtyfour pounds, and yet it yields fixty pounds.

On the scite of this manor, close on the north-west fide of the church-yard, the archbishops had a palace, most probably long before the conquest, for it was then filed proprium manerium Archiepiscopi, from its having been kept by them, long before that period, in their own hands, and it continued a palace, at which they occafionally refided, as long as they remained posseffors of this manor. Archbishop Stratford, in the 22d year of king Henry VI. procured a grant of two fairs in this parish, on the eve, day; and morrow of St. George and St. Luke; and that great and eminent prelate archbishop Moreton, who came to the fee in the beginning of king Henry VII.'s reign, in great part re-edified this palace, as he did most of those belonging to it; and so ample was the building of it, that both king Henry VII. and VIII. in their royal progrefs, with all their attendants, were at different times lodged under the roof of it. King Henry VII. was here on March 24, 1507, and king Henry VIII. in his way to the interview with the French F f

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French king, Francis I. between Guifnes and Ardres, in 1520. The king removed from his palace at Greenwich, on May 21, that year, on his way to-wards the fea; the first day he went to Otford, then to Leeds caftle, then to Charing, and from thence on the 25th to Canterbury; all which were at that time archiepiscopal palaces, and sufficiently point out the grandeur and magnificence attached to the fee of Canterbury. But the coftliness of these palaces proved in the end their ruin; for archbishop Cranmer, in the reign of Henry VIII. perceiving the envy of the courtiers drawn on him from his posseffing them, was obliged to give up most of them to the king; accordingly, in the 37th year of that reign, he conveyed to the king, this manor and palace, with the rectory and advowson of the vicarage, and all his estates in this parifh.<sup>m</sup> After which the manor and palace remained in the crown, and the latter feems to have been kept up in a goodly state; for I find Sir Nicholas Gilborne kept his fhrievalty in it, in the 9th year of James I. At length king Charles I. in his 5th year, granted them in fee to William White and others, to hold in free socage, in trust for Sir Allen Apflie, who that year, by deed inrolled in chancery, paffed them away to Stephen Alcocke, and he, in the 11th year of that reign, by like deed, conveyed them to Sir Robert Honywood, of Pett, whole grandfon, of the fame name, being in the tervice of the Dutch, and not returning home on proclamation, forfeited this manor and eftate to the crown. After which king Charles II. in his 26th year, granted them in trust to Walter Vane and Sir Philip Honywood, Sir Robert's brother, for the benefit of his wife and children. After which, Walter Honywood, their only furviving child, in 1686, being then of St. Stephen's, devifed them by

<sup>m</sup> Deeds of purchase and exchange in Augtn. off. box D. 27. Confirmed by the chapter Dec. 22, following.

We have Monighood, the wife att H. of Charing in theme Ing " at hur decease signer children undred & fourteer grandchil. hundred & theaty eight in the id generation, and three hum I sixty seven in the fourth; on two hundred at one time to with her, the dud at Mar le, Epicy in 1620, in the ninet rd year of her age, and 44 her wordshood -

l'anniférences of Tates at the Market hom Darlos on Runday nut beg to inform you there will be a Meetin

Martin 2/ Jany 1833

er.

will to truftees, who in 1692, together with Robert Honywood, coufin and heir of Walter before-mentioned, conveyed this manor, with the palace and the demefnes of it, to Sir George Wheler, afterwards D. D. and prebendary of Durham, who died poffeffed of them in 1724, in whofe defcendants it has continued down to Granville Haftings Wheler, now an infant, who is at this time entitled to the inheritance of this royal manor of Charing, with the ruins of the antient archiepifcopal palace, and the lands and appurtenances belonging to it.<sup>n</sup>

A court leet and court baron is held for this manor, which is of very large extent.

The custumals of this manor may be feen mentioned in Somner's Gavelkind, and the cuftom of pannage and danger, or lef-filver, from the dennes in the Weald, belonging to it in Somner's Roman Ports. In an account-roll of this manor, anno 1230, this last custom is there explained, that the tenants of the wealdifh dennes might plough and fow in the time of pannage, without damage to the archbishop. By this and other accounts it appears, that fuch tenants could not plough and fow their land in pannage time, without the lord's leave, whence it was otherwife termed leffilver, for fear of endangering the lord in his pannage; or if they did, they were liable to recompence it. And the dennes, it seems, being set out for the agistment and feeding of hogs and other droves of cattle, were thence called drove-dennes, and it appears by a manufcript in the Lambeth library, that there was copyhold land in Charing, held of the archbishop, as of his manor here; and there was a grant made of some of the fame by the archbishop, in 1478, ad voluntatem Domini secundum consuetudinem manerii.

" See a further account of this family in vol v. of this hiftory, p. 537-

RAYWOOD

RAYWOOD is a pretty large diffrict of land in this parifh, extending from the lower end of Charingftreet to Weftwell-leacon and Calehill-heath, and is moftly within, if not part of the demeines of Charing manor. It has been long fince in a great measure cleared of the wood which once covered it, and has been converted into farms. It formerly belonged to the holpital of Thanington, moft of it is now the property of the Rev. Mr. Sayer and Mr. Darell.

THE MANORS OF PETT's, and NEWCOURT, are fituated in the eaftern part of this parish, close at the foot of the range of chalk hills, both of them had in very early times, that is, about the reigns of king Henry III. and Edward I. owners of their own refpective names, as appeared by the private evidences belonging to them; but in the reigns of Edward II. William ate Newcourt was in the possefion of both of them. At length when this family was become extinct here, the Hatch's, written likewife At-Hatch, became, by purchase, possessed of both Pett's and Newcourt, from whom they passed by fale, about the latter end of king Henry VII.'s reign, to William Warham, and he, in Henry VIII.'s reign, alienated them again to Robert Atwater, whole youngest daughter and coheir Mary carried them, with other eftates at Lenham and elsewhere in this neighbourhood, to Robert Honywood, elq. of Henewood, in Postling, who afterwards refided at Pett's, of which, with Newcourt, he died possessed in 1576. He left issue several children, of whom Robert, the eldeft fon, fucceeded to thefe manors, and refided at times both here and at Markshall, in Effex, which he had purchased. By his first wife Dorothy, daughter of John Crooke, LL. D. he had a son Robert; and by his second, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Robert Brown, of Beechworth castle, he had several children, to the eldest of whom, Sir Thomas, he gave Markshall and his other estates in Estex. On his death in 1627, he was fucceeded

ceeded in his estates here by Sir Robert Honywood, his only fon by his first wife, who refided at Pett's; which continued in his defcendants till at length Sir Philip Honywood, one of his younger fons, in king Charles II.'s reign, leaving an only daughter and heir Frances, fhe carried it in marriage to George Sayer, elq. fon of Sir John Sayer, of Bourchiers-hall, in Effex, who afterwards refided here, and dying in 1718, was buried in this church, bearing for his arms, Gules, a chevron, between three martlets, argent, a chief, ermine. He left an only fon George Sayer, elq. of Pett's, whole son George Sayer, esq. residing at it kept his fhrievalty here in 1755, where he died in 1778, hav-ing married Mary Greenhill, of Maidstone, by whom he left two fons and three daughters, George, the eldeft fon, took holy orders, and was prefented to the rectory of Egglifcliffe, in Durham, and married Catherine, the only daughter of Mr. James Wakely, of Charing; John, the fecond fon, was a major in the army, and married Charlotte, daughter of Charles Van, efq. of Monmouththire. The three daughters were Mary; Catherine, married to the Rev. William Gregory, rector of St. Andrew, in Canterbury, and vicar of Blean, and Frances. He was fucceeded in these manors and his feat of Pett's, by his eldest fon the Rev. George Sayer, LL. B. who is the prefent posseffor of them, and occasionally refides here.

WICKINS is a manor in the fouthern part of this parifh, adjoining to Weftwell, in which part of the lands of it lie. It was originally the patrimony of the family of Brent, and was their moft antient feat, and Weever fays, that they were branched out of the antient flock of Brent, in Somerfetthire, of whom Sir Robert de Brent was a baron of parliament in the reign of king Edward I. When the church here was burnt in 1590, the windows and graveftones, in which this family was noticed, were moftly defaced; but on the outfide of the belfry, the wywern, being the arms of

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of Hugh Brent, elq. of Charing, yet remains; he had four sons, Robert Brent, the first of this name mentioned in their pedigree, lived in the reign of king Edward II. and is stiled of Charing, as were his fe-veral descendants afterwards. William Brent, esq. the eldeft son, inherited this manor, and refided at it; and Robert, the fecond, was of Wilfborough, and ancestor of the Brents of that place. John Brent, esq. grandson of William above-mentioned, feasted king Henry VIII. in this house, as he passed this way towards his then intended fiege of Bullein; and Weever further fays, that the hall-window of this feat was full ftored with the badges of Edward IV. in every quarry of glass. His son Thomas Brent, esq. fucceeding to this manor, refided at it till the 12th year of queen Elizabeth, when becoming heir to Wilfborough, by the devife of his kinfman, Robert Brent, of that place, who died f. p. he removed thither where he died likewife f. p. in 1612, and was buried there. By his will he gave this manor or tenement called Wickins, with Derice and Caprons, in Charing and Weftwell, and all their lands and appurtenances, to his nephew Chriftopher Dering, of Charing, who then occupied them,° being the fifth and youngest fon of John Dering, esq. of Surrenden-Dering, by Margaret, fister of Thomas Brent above mentioned ; which branch of the family of Dering bear for their arms quarterly, first those of Dering, or, a faltier, sable, with a chief, azure, to diftinguish this branch of Dering, and fecond, Dering likewise, argent, a fess, azure, in chief; three pellets. His descendants resided at Wickins, which at length came down to Heneage Dering, clerk, S. T. P. dean of Rippon, and archdeacon of the East Riding of Yorkshire, who died possessed of it in 1750, æt. 84, having married Anne, daughter of John Sharpe, archbishop of York, by whom he left two fons

" His will is in the Prerogative-office, Canterbury.

and

and feveral daughters, of whom John will be mentioned hereafter; Heneage, D. D. is prebendary of Canterbury, and rector of Milton, in Buckinghamfhire, now unmarried; Elizabeth married Charles Elfley, of Yorkfhire, and Mary married John Sharpe, archdeacon of Northumberland. His eldeft fon John Dering, A. M. rector of Helgeye, in Norfolk, fucceeded him in this manor, of which he died poffeffed in 1774, leaving one fon John Thurloe Dering, efq. of Denver, fince deceased, and a daughter Mifs Anne Dering, who on her father's death became entitled to this manor, and she continues at this time the owner of it.

STILLEY is another fmall manor here, lying between Weftwell-leacon and Calehill heath, which was formerly the patrimony of John de Frene, who lived in the reign of king Henry III. and is mentioned in the Testa de Nevill, as having paid aid in the 20th year of that reign, at the marriage of the king's fister, for lands which he then held in Charing. His descendant Hugh de Frene had a charter of free-warren granted to him for his lands in this parish, in the 1st year of king Edward III. but before the middle of that reign, this manor was become the property of Sir Thomas, fon of Sir William de Brockhull, of Saltwood, whole fon Thomas Brockhull, elq. of Calehill, fold it, with Newland before-defcribed, to John Darell, efq. then of Calehill, who by a charter of inspeximus in the 3d year of Henry VI. had the abovementioned charter of free warren within this manor renewed; and in his descendants it has continued down, in like manner, to Henry Darell, esq. of Calehill, the present possesfor of it.

NEWLAND is a manor in the fouthern part of this parish, which once gave name to a family who were owners of it, and whose residence it likewise was. Sir John de Newland lived here in the reign of king Edward I. and fealed with an escallop upon a chevron, for his

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his coat of arms, as was visible in antient registers, and other writings of past times; but before the latter end of king Edward III.'s reign, this manor was become the property of a branch of the family of Brockhull, then feated at Calehill, but it did not remain long with them; for Henry Brockhull fold it in the 12th year of Henry IV. with much other land in this and the adjoining parishes, to John Darell, esq. of Calehill, in whose descendants it has continued down with that feat, to Henry Darell, esq. now of Calehill, who is the prefent owner of this manor.

BROCKTON, alias BROUGHTON, is another manor in this parish, situated on the further part of Charingheath, in the road leading to Egerton, which had once owners likewife of that name. Adam de Broughton, who was fometimes written likewife Brocton, lived in the reign of king Edward I. and his defcendants enjoyed the property of it until the latter end of king Richard II. and then it was alienated to Paunsherst, in which it continued till Thomas Paunsherst, of Charing, by will in 1503, devifed it to his daughter Joane, and in failure of her iffue, to his kinfman Thomas Paine, who became accordingly entitled to this manor, and in his descendants it remained till about king James I.'s reign, when it was fold to Withick, in which name it continued till at length by a female heir it went in marriage to Charles Bargrave, gent. of Eastry, " fon of dean Bargrave, whose fon Isaac Bargrave, gent. likewife of Eastry, fold it to Humphry Pudner, elq. of Canterbury, whole daughter, and at length fole heir Catherine carried it in marriage to Thomas Barrett, efq. of Lee, and their only fon and heir Thomas Barrett, elq. now of Lee, in Ickham, is the present proprietor of it. A court baron is held for this manor.

P See more of them under Eastry.

TREMHATCH

TREMHATCH is a manor here, fituated about half a mile beyond the heath, on the Egerton fide, which in the reign of king Edward III. was part of the polfeffions of Sir Ralph Sanfaver, whom I find fometimes written Sawfamere, which I find confirmed by a deed in the Surrenden library, after which it paffed into the family of Barham, one of whom, Richard Barham, of Tefton, in the 11th year of Henry IV. by fine levied, fold it to John Haut, efq of Pluckley, who died poffeffed of Tremhatch in the 8th or 9th year of king Henry VI. and his two daughters and coheirs, by Joane de Surrenden his wife, fucceeded him in it, Chriftiana, then the wife of Reginald Dryland, (whofe first husband was John Dering, father of Richard Dering, who in her right, inherited Surrenden, of her mother's inheritance, and was anceftor of the Derings, baronets, of that place) and Alicia, wife of William Goldwell, of Great Chart, who poffeffed it in undivided shares. At length William Goldwell feems to have become possessed of the whole of this estate, of which he died possessed in 1485, and in his descendants it remained till the 42d year of queen Elizabeth, when it was fold by John Goldwell and Cicely his wife, to Robert Gaunt, gent. of St. Peter's, Canterbury, whole fon Thomas Gaunt died poffeffed of it in 1625, and by will gave it first to his brother George Gaunt, and in default of his isfue to Thomas Carlel, fon of William Carlel, gent. of Barham, by Mary his fifter, who accordingly fucceeded to it, and foon after the year 1658, alienated it to Edward Taylor, gent. of Hollingborne, who died in 1668, and by his will devifed his house and lands called Tremhatch, to his nephew William Reynolds, gent. of Hollingborne, who by will in 1687 devifed it to his executors to fell, to fulfil the purposes of his will, and they fold it to John Crispe, who alienated it to George Buckhurst, whose descendant Mr. John Richard Buckhurft is now owner of this manor.

BURLEIGH,

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BURLEIGH, or Burley, is a manor, lying in the weftern fide of this parifh, next to Lenham, which had antiently owners of that furname; one of whom, John de Burleigh, founded a chantry, afterwards called Burley's chantry, in this church of Charing. At length, after the descendants of that family were become extinct here, this manor came into the possession of the St. Johns, who bore for their arms, Argent, a mullet, fable, on a chief gules three mullets, pierced of the first, and refided at it; at length Avis, daughter of William St. John, elq. of Charing,<sup>9</sup> carried it in marriage to Humphry Barrey, esq. who afterwards dwelt here, and was from thence ufually ftiled Barrey, of Charing; but it does not feem to have remained long in this name, for it soon afterwards came into the possession of a family, called Dalyngrygge, of eminent note in Hampshire, whose arms were, Argent, a cro/s engrailed, gules; and Sir Edward Dalyngrygge, by fine levied in the 1st year of king Richard II. passed it away to Roger Dalyngrygge and Alice his wife, and they not long afterwards conveyed it by fale to Thomas Brockhull, of Calehill, whole fon Henry Brockhull, elq. in the 12th year of king Henry IV. alienated it, together with Calehill, to John Darell, elq. afterwards of that place, in whole descendants it has continued down, in like manner, to Henry Darell, esq. of Calehill, the present possessor of it.

The lands given for the fupport of the abovementioned chantry were, at the fuppreffion of it in the reign of king Edward VI. granted to Darell, owner of the manor, and his defcendant Henry Darell, efq. of Calehill, is now owner of them, as well as the manor of Burleigh, the manfion of which lies near the high footway leading from the upper part of Charingftreet to Lenham, alias Royton-heath.

<sup>9</sup> In the Prerog. off. Cant. is the will of Edward St. John, efq. of Charing, proved in 1458.

Acton is an effate, lying in the north-west part of this parish, in the borough of its own name, just below the chalk-hills; a place made eminent from its having been the property of the noble and antient family of Beaufitz, who made it their refidence before they removed to Twidale, in Gillingham. Robert Beaufitz, as appears by an antient court-roll, held it in king Henry III.'s reign, and from him it descended to his grandchild Robert Beaufitz, who, about the 4th year of king Edward III. made that feat his refidence; but yet Acton continued in the poffeffion of him and his descendants till the reign of Henry VII. when John Beaufitz leaving two daughters his coheirs, one of them, Joane, carried it in marriage to Robert Arnold, of Suffex, whofe grandfon William, in king Henry VIII.'s reign, alienated it to Sir Anthony Sondes, of Throwley, whofe grandfon Sir Richard Sondes, in the reign of king James I. conveyed it to Hutchins, and he by his will vested it in Nicholas Nicholfon, as his feoffee in truft, for difcharging the uses of his will, who fold this eftate to Godden, by a female heir of which name it afterwards paffed in marriage to Mr. Peter Twyman, of Rufhbrooke, in Westbere, who devised it to his three fons, Arthur, Wheler, and John. Arthur, the eldeft, died unmarried in 1779, and devifed his third part to truftees, to fulfil the ules of his will. Wheler, the fecond fon, was of Rushbrooke, clerk, and dying unmarried in 1779, devifed his third part to Hannah Hall, fince married to Mr. Peter Harrison, for her life, remainder to Lewis, lord Sondes. John, the third fon, left a daughter Phœbe, in whofe truftee, and in Mr. Peter Harrison, in right of his wife, the possession of this manor remains, in undivided thirds. A court baron is held for this manor.

<sup>r</sup> Philipott, p. 102. See more of the family of Beaufitz, vol. iv. of this hiftory, p. 234.

EVERSLEY

EVERSLEY is the last place remaining to be defcribed lying above the hills, within the bounds of this parish and partly in that of Stalisfield, and though now of little note, yet was antiently of fome confequence, as being one of the mansions of Bryan de Everfley, a man of much eminence in the reigns of king Henry III. and Edward I. who is mentioned in the ledger-book of Faversham abbey, as having been a benefactor to it. How long it continued in that name, I have not found ; but about the beginning of king Edward III.'s reign, it was become the property of Peyforer; from which name it passed into that of Potyn, in which it remained, till at length Juliana, only daughter and heir of Nicholas Potyn, carried it in marriage to Thomas St. Leger, of Otterden, who died possessed of it in the 10th year of Henry IV. and by will devifed it to his only daughter and heir Joane, who entitled her hufband Henry Aucher, efq. of Newenden, to it,<sup>s</sup> in whofe defcendants this eftate continued till about the latter end of queen Elizabeth's reign, when Sir Anthony Aucher, alienated it to Michael Sondes, elq. then of Eastry, but afterwards of Throwley, in whole descendants it continued down to Sir George Sondes, created by Charles II. earl of Faversham, whose youngest daughter and coheir Katherine at length, by her father's entail, entitled her husband Lewis Watson, afterwards earl of Rockingham, to it; but his youngeft grandfon Edward, earl of Rockingham, dying J. p. devifed itamong the reft of his eftates, to his kiniman the Hon. Lewis Monfon, who afterwards took the name of Watfon, and was created lord Sondes, and his eldeft fon the Right Hon. Lewis-Thomas Wation (now Lord Sondes) is the prefent poffeffor of it.

<sup>8</sup> See more of the St. Legers and Auchers, vol. v. of this hiftory, p. 535.

CHARITIES.

#### CHARING.

### CHARITIES.

MR. HART gave 20s. per annum to be distributed among 20 poor perfons upon Easter Tuesday, payable out of lands now in the possession of Mr. Bash, in this parish.

AN UNKNOWN PERSON gave by will 40l. the intereft of it, being 40s. to be diffributed half-yearly to ten poor housekeepers, not receiving alms.

MRS. ELIZABETH LUDWELL, by will in 1761, gave, among many other charities elsewhere, to this parish 2650l. which is vested in the minister and churchwardens; the annual produce of which is 881. 16s. 3d. to be applied towards the endowment of a free school here, in which there are now educated twentyfive children. The master's falary, who has no house, is 251. per annum, and more for pens, ink, and books, about Sl. per annum; and likewife 31. 10s. of the annual produce of it to be given, 30s. among poor persons, in bread, on Christmasday; 205. 10 the minister, for a commemoration sermon; 105. to the clerk of the parish, and 10s. for lighting up the church, the refidue of it to be applied to the apprenticing of poor children of this parish. And she likewise, by her will, founded two exhibitions in Oriel college, Oxford, with preference to the candidates from this parish, to be paid out of the rent of a farm in Throwley, devised to that college for this purpose, which is now of the annual produce of 351.

The poor annually relieved are about eighty, cafually one hundred and twenty-five.

CHARING is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JURIS-DICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of its own name, and is exempt from the jurifdiction of the archdeacon.

The church, which is dedicated to St. Peter and St. Paul, is a handfome building, confifting of one ifle and a tranfept, a high chancel and one fmall one on the fouth fide of it. The tower, having a fmall beacon turret at one corner, is at the weft end. There is only one bell in it. This tower was begun to be built of ftone (for it was before of wood) at the latter end of king Edward IV.'s reign, as appears by the feveral legacies to the rebuilding of it, in the wills in the Prerogative-office, Canterbury, from 1479 to 1545, about which time only it feems to have been finithed. On the 446

the flonework at the outfide of it, are the arms of Brent, and a coat, being a flar of many points, still remaining. In the year 1590 this church was confumed by fire, to the very ftones of the building, which happened from a gun discharged at a pidgeon, then upon the roof of it; by which the windows and graveftones of the family of Brent were defaced. John Brent, fen. of Charing, in 1501, was buried in this church, before the door of the new chapel of the bleffed Virgin Mary, where no burial had as yet been; and Amy Brent, of Charing, gentlewoman, by will in 1516, was buried within that chapel of her own edification. This chapel, now called Wickins chancel, was much defaced by the fire as above-mentioned. In the fouth crofs was Burleigh chantry, mentioned before, which being burnt down in 1590, was repaired by John Darell, esq. of Calehill, then proprietor of it, whose arms are on the pews of it, as mentioned below. In king Richard II.'s time, the block on which St. John the Baptist was faid to have been beheaded, was brought into England, and kept in this church. In the high chancel is a memorial for Samuel Belcher, gent. of Charing, obt. 1756, æt. 61, and for his two wives. In the little chancel, now called Wickins chancel, are memorials for the Netherfoles and Derings; in the middle isle, for Peirce, Henman, and Ludwell; in the north crofs monuments for Sir Robert Honywood, of Pett, and the Sayer family; in the fouth crofs, memorials for Mushey Teale, M. D. in 1760, and for Mary his wife ; his arms, Azure, a cockatrice regardant, fable; in chief, three martlets of the second. The pews in it are of oak, and much ornamented at their ends next the space with carvework, among which are these arms, a coat quarterly, first and fourth, A lion rampant, crowned; second, A fess indented, in chief, three mullets; third, Three bugle-borns stringed, impaling a fess, between three cross-croslets, fitchee. Another, Three bugle-

### CHARING.

bugle-borns stringed. Another, A lion rampant, crowned, or. Another, the creft of a Saracen's bead, 1598.

The church of Charing was antiently appendant to the manor, and was part of the possessions of the see of Canterbury, to which it was appropriated before the 8th year of king Richard II. and it remained with it till archbishop Cranmer, anno 37 Henry VIII. granted that manor, and all his eftates within this parish, and the advowfons of this rectory and vicarage, to the king; t and these advowsons remained in the crown till Edward VI. granted them, together with the advowfon of the chapel of Egerton, and other premifes in Effex, in exchange, in his first year, to the dean and chapter of St. Paul's, London. In which state they continue at this time, the dean and chapter of St. Paul's being now proprietors of this rectory appropriate, together with the advowson of the vicarage of this church.

King Henry VIII. in his 38th year, demifed this rectory, and the chapel of Egerton, to Leonard Hetherington, gent. for twenty-one years, and the leafe of it continued in his defcendants till one of them fold his intereft in it, in king James I.'s reign, to John Dering, efq. of Egerton, but by fome means, long before his death in 1618, it had paffed into the poffeffion of Edward, lord Wotton. How long it continued in his family I have not found; but it afterwards was demifed to the family of Barrell, of Rochefter, with whom the demife of it remained for many years; and in one of their defcendants it remained down to the Rev. Edmund Marthall, vicar of this parith, who died in 1797, poffeffed of the leafe of it.

This vicarage is valued in the king's books at thirteen pounds, and the yearly tenths at 11. 6s. and is now of the clear yearly certified value of feventy-two

<sup>t</sup> Confirmed by the Chapter of Canterbury on Dec. 22; fol-. lowing. Augtn. off. box D, 75.

pounds.

pounds. In 1588 it was valued at fifty pounds. Communicants three hundred and twenty-fix. In 1640, at eighty pounds. Communicants three hundred and feventy; and in 1700 it was valued at one hundred and ten pounds.

In 1535 this church was accounted a finecure, which accounts for its having been formerly called a prebend.

### CHURCH OF CHARING.

PATRONS, Or by whom prefented. Dean and Chapter of St. Paul's.

#### VICARS.

- Robert Elye, A. M. Dec. 1595, and in 1621.
- John Cliffe, A. B. induct. Sept. 1660.
- John Shepard, A. M. inducted 1674, obt. 1678.
- William Swayne, A. B. inducted Nov. 1679, refigned 1681.

Daniel Gardner, A. M. induct. June 1681, obt. 1698.

Edward Dering, A. M. induct. June 1698, obt. Sept. 30, 1742.<sup>u</sup>

James Carrington, A. B. Dec. 1742, refigned 1746."

James Tatterfall, A. M. Dec. 1746, refigned 1755.x

Robert Carr, A. M. Jan. 1755, obt. 1755.

William Pinkney, A. M. Nov. 1755, refigned 1765.

Edmund Marshall, A. M. 1765, obt. 1797.<sup>2</sup>

# He lies buried in the Wickins chancel, in this church.

W And curate of Egerton. He refigned these for the rectory of Clayworth, in Northamptonshire.

\* Likewife rector of Bletchington, in Suffex, and afterwards rector of St. Paul's, Covent-garden, and of Streatham, in Surry.

y In 1764 he was sub-dean of St. Paul's, London.

z In 1766, by difpenfation, rector of Fawkham.

EGERTON.

# EGERTON.

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ADJOINING to Charing, fouth-westward, lies Egerton, which takes its name from its situation on the fide of the hill.

IT IS MOSTLY fituated on the height of the range of the lower or quarry hills, whence there is a most beautiful prospect over the Weald. The village, with the church, ftands on the fummit of the hill, the tower is a confpicuous object to the country round it, and is effeemed the boundary of the Weald; at the fouthern foot of these hills, one of the heads of the river Medway rifes exactly in the fame manner as the Stour does, at a small distance northward from them, under the down hills, each flowing in different contrary directions. The foil on the hill is both dry and healthy, where the quarry frone abounds pretty near the furface, being thinly covered with a loam, very fertile like the adjoining parishes, in a fimilar fituation for corn, fruit and hops, of which latter there are feveral plantations, which thrive very kindly. It ftretches below the hill fouthward into the Weald, where it is a deep miry clay country, overfpread with thick hedge rows and towering oaks; in this part there are two greens, called Friggs forstall and Newland green, with hamlets round them; on the latter was a manfion called Neveland, which in king Henry the VIIIth.'s reign was the refidence of the Peirs's, it now belongs to Filmer Honywood, efq. about the fame time the Burwath's were of Elmburft, in this parifh and Smarden, which afterwards became the property of the Barlings; and the Bachelors, in king Edward the VI.th's reign possessed a manifon here, called after them," now the Rev. Francis Dodfworth's ; just

" Wills in the Prerogative-office, Canterbury. VOL. VII. Gg bel

below the village, on the other or northern fide of the hill, is a fpring of water which petrifies. About half a mile westward is a house called Goodale, formerly the refidence of a branch of the family of Dering. John Dering, gent. fourth fon of John Dering, of Surrenden, by Margaret Brent his wife, refided here in queen Elizabeth's reign, and bore for his arms the fame coat as these of Surrenden, with a chief, gules, for difference, after which it descended down to his great-grandfon of the fame name, whofe only daughter Jane carried this feat in marriage to George Huffey, elq. of Cuckfield, in whole descendants refident here it continued till within memory, when it was fold to Galdfridus Mann, efq. whofe fon Sir Horace Mann, bart. now posseffes it. Lower down, still further northward, is the hamlet of Stonebridge-green, and beyond it at the boundary of the parish, the branch of the Stour, which rifes at Streetwell, in Lenham.

There is a fair held here on August 5, for toys, pedlary, &c. There are three boroughs in it, Greenhill, part of which extends into Pluckley; Sidney, which has within it the further fide of the street, and Edgeley, which has in it that fide of the street next the church.

THE MANOR OF *Charing* claims *paramount* over this parifh, *fubor dinate* to which are THE MANORS OF WARDEN, alias EGERTON, and BRUSCOMBE; the former of which was once the property of a family of the name of Warden, who fixed their name on it; one of whom, John Warden, was poffeffed of it in the reign of Richard II. The latter was the property likewife of a family who gave name to it; one of which, Adam de Broxcombe, fometimes written *Breftcombe*, poffeffed it about the latter end of the reign of Edward I. but in the next of king Edward II.<sup>b</sup> it had

<sup>b</sup> See Robinfon's Gavelkind, p. 214, on the plea of cuftom of Gavelkind for women at fifteen to alienate, &c.

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paffed from one of his descendants to the Chidcrofts, ufually called Chitcrost, a name of some antiquity both here and at Lamberhurft; and Agnes, the wife of Richard Chitcroft, held it at her death in the 18th year of the latter reign. After they were extinct here, the Beaumonts, or de Bellamonts, were possessed of it, and John de Beaumont died possessed of the manor of Bruscombe in the 20th year of king Richard II. leaving Henry his fon and heir, who did not keep poffeffion of it long; for it foon afterwards was become the property of Baron, a family originally extracted out of the Weft of England; and John Baron died poffessed of Bruscombe in the 3d year of Henry V. They were fucceeded about the latter end of king Henry VI. by the Wottons, and Nicholas Wotton, efq. of Boughton Malherb, died poffeffed of both the manors of Wardens and Bruscombe in the 7th year of king Henry VII. as did his grandfon Sir Edward Wotton, in the 5th year of Edward VI. together with THE MANOR OF FYLTHER, alias FILL, now called Field farm, lying in this parish, about a mile northward from the church, in a borough of its own name, holding this manor, with that of Wardens, in capite, by knight's fervice, as was then found by inquifition, whofe lands had been *difgavelled* by the act of the 2d and 3d of king Edward VI. His grandfon Sir Edward Wotton was, in the 1st year of king James I. created lord Wotton, in whofe defcendants thefe three manors continued down in like manner as the adjoining manor of Boughton Malherb, heretofore de-fcribed, and the reft of the Wotton effates in this county, to Philip Dormer Stanhope, earl of Chefterfield, who in 1750 fold them to Galfridus Mann, esq. and his only ion Sir Horace Mann, bart. is the prefent poffeflor of them."

BARLINGS

G g 2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> See more of the Wottons, Stanhopes, and Manns, in vol. v. of this history, p. 400, and the following pages.

BARLINGS is a manor in this parifh, the farm of which, called *Barling's hole*, is fituated about half a mile fouth-eaft from the church, has had from the earlieft times poffeffors of the fame name, who have conftantly refided at it. At length, after they had remained here for fo many generations, Richard Barling, gent. leaving an only daughter and heir, fhe carried it in marriage to William Sharpe, of this parifh, whofe fon Barling Sharpe fold it to Mr. John Afhbee, of Little Chart, the prefent owner of it. A court baron is held for this manor.

### CHARITIES.

RICHARD EDYNDEN, of this parish, priest, by will in 1521, devised the refidue of all his goods, not before by him bequeathed, to the churchwardens, to the use of this church, and made the churchwardens his executors.

RICHARD SYDAY, of Egerton, by will in 1524, devifed to the churchwardens a piece of land called Yoke field, to the intent that they fhould find every Sunday in the year a pennyworth of white bread, holy bread to be made of; and 26 Sundays in every year, one halfpenny to be delivered in the faid church to poor people; and to pay to the parifh priett every year, to pray for his foul, &c. 8d. and the refidue of the profits of it to the churchwardens, for their labour and attendance.

ELEANOR BAKER, widow, of Egerton, by will in 1602, devifed to the poor of this parifh a yearly gift of 26s. 8d. to be paid to them out of two parcels of land given by her will to John Baker her fon, called Snothfields, containing nine acres in Egerton, with power of diffrefs, &c. if not paid annually, within fourteen days after Eafter; which land is now vefted in Mr. Pomfret.

CHRISTOPHER LAMBE, clothier, of Egerton, by will in 1624, devifed to the pooreft inhabitants of this parifh, one annuity or yearly rent of 26s. 8d. out of his barn, orchard, clofe, and three pieces of land, meadow and pafture, containing fix acres and an half in Egerton, dividedly, to the pooreft inhabitants of this parifh, on Chriftmas day and the feaft of Easter, to be distributed among them at the discretion of his heirs, and affigns for ever; with power to distrain, if not distributed within fourteen days.

A PERSON UNKNOWN gave, for the use of the poor of this parish, ten shillings yearly in money; now vested in Mr. Peter White.

THERE IS a *fchool*, for teaching children to read and write, kept in the church, which is fupported by voluntary fubfcriptions.

The poor constantly relieved are about one hundred and ten, cafually fifty.

EGERTON is fituated within the ECCLESIASTICAL JURISDICTION of the *dioceje* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Charing.

The church, which is exempt from the jurifdiction of the archdeacon, is dedicated to St. James. It is a very handfome building, and ftanding on the fummit of the hill, is feen at a great diftance both from the north and fouth. It is built of the fand ftone, and has a fquare tower, with a beacon turret at the weft end. It has two ifles and a high chancel. In both isles are memorials for the Huffeys. On the outfide of the tower is a coat of arms, obliterated by time. It is faid that the fteeples of this church, Little Chart, and Charing, were built by one man, Sir John Darell, of Calehill, in the reign of Henry VII. He might be a confiderable benefactor and promoter of the work; but the wills in the Prerogarive-office, Canterbury, shew, that the continued different benefactions of others were fo neceffary for the carrying it on, that the building of them went on by flow degrees for many years, for want of a sufficient fund to complete them. This steeple of Egerton seems to have been finished about the year 1476. John at Welle, of Egerton, by will anno 1531, gave five marcs to the buying of a new pair of organs for this church. There are two remarkable fine yew-trees in the churchyard.

The church of Egerton has ever been efteemed as a chapel to the church of Charing, and has always continued in the fame proprietors with it, as may be feen before, in the account of that church; the tithes, both great and fmall, being now, as well as the parfonage of that parifh, appropriated to the dean and chapter chapter of St. Paul's, London. The leffees of both. parfonages have likewife ever been the fame, the prefent interest in the lease being vested in the heirs of the Rev. Edmund Marshall, deceased, late vicar of Charing.

This church has been for many years a diffinct parifh church from that of Charing,<sup>a</sup> and is a perpetual curacy, in the gift of the dean and chapter of St. Paul's. It is endowed with no part of the tithes. The dean and chapter allowed formerly twenty pounds per annum flipend to the curate; but about the year 1675, they augmented it with ten pounds per annum more, and in that year the inhabitants of this parish raifed a fum of money among themfelves, and bought a little farm in Stalisfield, now rented at five pounds per annum, and fettled it in truftees, for the use of the curate and his fucceffors, if appointed with the confent of the churchwardens and the truftees; and for default, or on a vacancy for fix months, the rents and profits of the farm during fuch time to be employed to fuch public use of the parish as they should think fit. At the fame time the churchwardens, by confent of the parish, settled upon the trustees, to the fame use, a finall house in Egerton street, formerly given by one Nicholas Barling, to maintain lights in this church.

## CHURCH OF EGERTON.

| PATRONS,                        |
|---------------------------------|
| Or by whom presented.           |
| Dean and Chapter of St. Paul's, |
| London.                         |

d In 1640 it was reckoned a chapel of ease to Charing. e See White's Century, p. 11.

#### CURATES.

John Kidd, in 16.12.° Walter Palmer, ejected 1662.1 Stephen Haffenden, 1680, obt. 1715. William Halford, A. B. April, 17:6, obt. Oct. 11, 1730.8

Stephen Greenhill, A. B. 1731.h

f Hê was ejected by the Bartholomew act.

g He lies buried in the north ifle.

h Likewife rector of Sevington.

PATRONS, Sc.

Dean and Chapter of St. Paul's, London. .....

John Appesley, Sept. 1737, refigned July 1743.

James Carrington, July 1743, refigned 1746,<sup>i</sup>

Thomas Hare, 1746, refigned 1749.

James Tatterfall, A. M. 1749, 1cfigned 1755.<sup>k</sup> Francis Hender Foote, LL. B.

1755, obt. Jan. 27, 1773.1

Edmund Marshall, A. M. obt. 1798.<sup>m</sup>

2 Alfo vicar of Charing, which he refigned, as well as this curacy, for the rectory of Clayworth, in Nottinghamshire.

k Likewife vicar of Charing, where fee more of him.

I Likewife rector of Boughton Malheib, and vicar of Linton.

m And vicar of Charing.

# LITTLE CHART

1.0.2

LIES the next parish to Egerton, south-eastward, being written in antient records, Cert. It lies on the north fide of the range of quarry hills, where the foil is mostly the quarry stone, thinly covered with a fertile loam; the village is fituated about a mile northward from the fummit of the hill, having the court-lodge and church adjoining to it. The stream, which rifes at Streetwell, in Lenham, being a head of the Stour, having paffed Egerton as before related, runs through the midst of this parish; on the hill northward of the ftream stands Calehill, an elegant well-built mansion, beyond which the foil becomes a very deep and barren fand, efpecially about the warren and Calehill-heath, near which there is much open waste land, where the late Mr. Darell made large plantations of the Scotch fir, which feem to thrive exceedingly well.

**G** g 4

The

The very extensive demesses of the manor of Little Chart, the manors of Newland, Stilley, and Burleigh, the lands of Raywood, with Calehill and its warren, all belonging to Mr. Darell, form as complete and compact an estate as any in this neighbourhood.

Acrofs Calehill-heath the Afhford high road to Maidftone went, till by the late improvements it was made to go by feveral new cuts further northward through Charing and Lenham. The high road likewife from Faverfham through Charing croffes this parifh fouthward towards the top of the hill, through Pluckley towards Cranbrooke and Tenterden, in the Weald, a road of no great traffic, except for timber, and the produce of the woodlands. Near the warrenhoufe by Calehill, on the left hand, as the road leads thither from Sandway towards Charing, not far from where the direction poft ftands, and from Stoneftreet, there were fome years ago feveral urns, with bones and afhes in them dug up.<sup>n</sup>

THIS PLACE, in the time of the Saxons, belonged to one of their princes, named Halethe, of whom it was purchafed by archbifhop Ceolnoth, with his own money, in the year 839, and given to the monks of Chrift-church, with the confent of king Ethelwulf, who declared it to be free from all fecular fervice and regal tribute, excepting the repelling of invafions, and the repairing of bridges and caftles, this land being *de cibo eorum*, i. e. allotted to the ufe of their refectory, for their food, and it was confirmed to them in 1044, by one Elgeric Bigge, in which flate THE MANOR OF LITTLE CHART remained at the taking of Domefday, in the year 1080, in which it is thus entered, under the general title of their lands:

In Calebelle hundred, the archbishop himself holds Liteleert. In the time of king Edward the Confessor it was taxed at three sulings, and now for two hides and an half,

" See Harris's History of Kent, p. 69

The arable land is ... In demessive there are two, and nineteen villeins, with five borderers having seven carucates. There are two mills of five shillings and ten-pence, and eleven acres of meadow, and wood for the pannage of fifteen hogs. Of the arable land of this manor William holds of the archbissiop half a suling, and there he has in demession carucate, with four servants and ten acres of meadow, and wood for the pannage of twenty hogs. The whole manor was worth, in the time of king Edward the Confession, and asterwards, one hundred shillings, now eight pounds and eight shillings and four-pence. What William held was valued at forty shillings.

This manor continued in the poffetiion of the prior and convent till the 8th year of king Henry III. when, on confideration of Peter de Bending's releafing to them all his right and claim to the manor of Weftwell, they granted to him this their manor of Little Chart, with all its appurtenances, excepting Wadetune and the denne of Biddenden, with their appurtenances, to hold in fee farm.

In the 10th year of king Edward II. the prior obtained a charter of *free-warren* for this manor, among others. Soon after which it was become the property of the family of Brockhull, of Saltwood, in which it remained till Thomas de Brockhull, of Calehill, who bore for his arms, *A crofs engrailed*, between twelve crofs-croflets, fitchee, as appears by the feal appendant to the deed in the Surrenden library, in the 12th year of king Henry IV. enfeoffed John Darell in it, together with the manors of Calehill and Hacchenden; in whofe defcendants his intereft in this manor continued down to George Darell, efq. of Calehill, who, after the diffolution of the priory of Chrift-church, in the 31ft year of king Henry VIII. was found to hold this manor to him and his heirs in fee farm, at the yearly rent of 181. 4s. 3d. and when the king founded the new dean and chapter of Canterbury, in the 33d year of his reign, he granted the fee of this manor, held as beforebefore-mentioned, among others to them, as part of their endowment. Since which it has continued to be held, in like manner, in fee-farm, at that yearly rent, by the family of Darell, of Calehill, and is now by Henry Darell, efq. of Calehill. A court baron is held for it.

CALEHILL is a manor in this parish, which in former times was fo eminent as to give name to this whole hundred, and it has been rendered still more fo fince, by having been for fuch a length of time the refidence of the family of Darell. In the reign of Henry III. it was the inheritance of the family of Frene, one of whom, Hugh de Frene, had a charter of free-warren for this manor, and Stilley, in Charing, in the 1ft year of king Edward I. He was the grandfon of Ofbert de Pluckley, junior, the fecond fon of Ofbert de Pluckley, of Pluckley, whose eldest fon John inherited that manor, which by a female heir paffed to the Surrendens, and thence in like manner to the Hauts and Derings This junior branch of Pluckley, and the Frenes, bore for their arms, Or, a fleur de lis, sable, being the arms of Pluckley, and, as a difference, within a bordure of the fecond. But before the middle of king Edward III.'s reign, this family was become extinct here; for about the 23d year of it, Richard de Frene, his descendant, paffed it away to Thomas de Brockhull, of Saltwood, whofe fon Thomas de Brockhull, of Calehill, in the 12th year of Henry IV. enfeoffed John Darell, efq. in it, together with his interest in the manor of Little Chart, as has been mentioned before. He afterwards refided at Calehill, which he rebuilt. It feems that he refided here before the above year, having beena knight of the shire for this county anno 9 Henry IV. sheriff of it in the 11th year of the fame reign, at which time he was stiled of Calehill, and he again kept his shrievalty here in the 5th and 10th years of king Henry V. In the 3d year of Henry VI. he had by in/peximus the charter of free warren, granted to Hugh de Frene as before-mentioned, renewed for this manor and Stilley, in

in Charing. The family of Darell is defcended from one of this name, who is mentioned in the roll of Battel abbey, a descendant of whom was of Sefay, in Yorkshire, in king Henry III.'s reign, and bore for his arms, Azure, a lion rampant, argent, crowned, or, membered, gules; from whom came all the different branches of Darell in this kingdom. At length his defcendant William Darrel, esq. of Sesay, left three sons, Marmaduke, who inherited Sesay, where his descendants continued; William, the youngeft, who was of Littlecote, in Wiltshire, and under-treasurer of England, anceftor of the Darells of that place; and John, the fecond fon, who was of Calehill, which he purchased as before-mentioned, and died in 1438, having married first Joane, daughter and heir of Valentine Barrett, of Perry court, by whom he had William, who fucceeded him at Calchill. He married fecondly Florence, niece of archbishop Chichele; who made him steward of the archbishopric, by whom she had one fon Thomas, who inherited Scotney in this county, where his defcendants remained till the reign of king George I. In the de-fcendants of John Darell, efq. by his first wife, who were of eminent reputation among the gentry of this county conftantly refident here, whofe monuments and memorials are still remaining in the church of Little Chart, it continued down by the strict entail made of it at different times to Philip Darell, efq. who rebuilt this feat on an eminence, at a fmall distance from the antient manfion of Calehill, in which he afterwards refided. He died at Canterbury, and was brought to this church and buried among his ancestors. He left by Mary his wife, daughter of Robert Constantine, who died in 1785, four fons and two daughters, John, Edward, Philip; Catherine, who married Michael Bray, esq. of London, and Barbara; of the former, Henry Darell, efq. the eldest son, is the present poffeffor of this manor and feat. He married Elizabeth, second daughter of Sir Thomas Gage, bart. by whom he

he has feveral children. The antient arms of the family of Darell are, Azure, a lion rampant, argent, crowned, or, armed and langued, gules; but when the antient house of Sefay branched off into the two houses of Calehill and Littlecote, in the two fons of Sir Marmaduke Darell, of Sefay, the difference of the coat armour of those two houses was thus ordered : That the house of Calehill should bear a trefoil, Slipt on the Shoulder of the lion; and that of Littlecote, A cross-crosset, fitchee, for difference fake; but by the death of Thomas Darell, of Sefay, without iffue male, anno 17 king Henry VIII. the Darells of Calehill becoming the eldeft heirs male of this family, gave of right the antient arms entire without difference, in which manner they are borne by the Darells of Calehill at this time. Those of Scotney, descended from John Darell, of Calehill, by Florence Chichele his fecond wife, bore A crescent, within the trefoil, flipt, for difference.

## CHARITIES.

JOHH FOTHERBY, clerk, by will in 1619, gave to the minitter, churchwardens and overfeers of the parifhes of Little Chart and Hedcorne, one annuity or yearly rent charge of 41. out of all his meffuages, lands, &c. in those parifhes, to be paid on the first day of the month in which he should be buried, with power of distress, &c. upon trust, that yearly on the same day 105. should be given to the minister of Little Chart, or fuch other as should preach there that day; and 305. among such poor people and householders of the poorer fort of the parish, as should be at the fermion; and he gave the like sums, in like manner, to the minister, &c. and poor householders of Hedcorne.

THOMAS and ROBERT CHITTENDEN, by indenture in 1698, affigned a houfe and garden, and half an acre of land in Charing, to truftees, for the use of the poor of this parifh.— The present rent is about three guineas per annum.

JANE JENNINGS, by will in 1773, gave to the poor of this parifh, 51. tos. per annum, the principal money being vefted in the public funds, in the names of Mr. Richard Jennings and Mr. John Afhbee, who pay the intereft of it.

The number of poor constantly relieved are about twentyfour, cafually eighteen. THIS PARISH is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JURIS-DICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Charing.

The church, which is dedicated to the bleffed Virgin Mary and the Invention of the Holy Crofs, is a handfome building of fand-ftone, confifting of two ifles and two chancels, and having a tower steeple at the west end, with a beacon turret, in which are five bells. The steeple is faid to have been built in Henry VII.'s reign, by Sir John Darell, then of Calehill. In the high or fouth chancel is a gravestone, robbed of its braffes, except the shield of arms, being A cross, lozeny, florette; another, the braffes of the infcription, the figures of a man and woman, and four shields of arms, gone. A monument within the altar-rails for Richard Camden, gent. of London, obt. 1642, arms, Or, a fess engrailed, between six cross-croslets, fitchee, sable; a crescent for difference. Another for Rhoda. wife of Richard Camden, gent. of London, obt. 1625. In the fecond fouth window these arms, Azure, a lion, rampant, argent, impaling the like arms, the glass very antient. Between the pillars which separate the north from the fouth ille, there is a partition of wood, in the gothic ftile, with open spaces like window-frames, which returns across it from the west end of the isle, inclofing the eaftern part above it as a chancel or chapel, dedicated to St. Catherine, for the burial-place of the Darell family, in which are feveral of their monuments and gravestones, and a vault underneath the whole of it; in which ille there is likewife a monument for Mary Halles, widow of John Halles, efq. late of Tenterden, deceased, daughter of Robert Horne, bishop of Winchefter, obt. 1629. This isle or chancel is not ceiled, and for want of repair of the roof of it, is, in many places, exposed to the open air; the pavement in the middle is fallen into the vault underneath; the monuments are broken and defaced; and the whole is in a very dirty and ruinous condition.

This

This church is a rectory, and was parcel of the antient poffeffions of the fee of Canterbury, and continues to now, his grace the archbishop being the prefent patron of it.

It is valued in the king's books at 131. 105. 10d. and the yearly tenths at 11. 75. 1d. In 1588 here were communicants eighty-four. In 1640 it was valued at ninety pounds. Communicants one hundred and twenty-fix. In 1778 the tithes were let for one hundred and twenty pounds per annum, and the houfe, glebe, &c. were worth befides 271. 6s. 8d.

By an antient manufcript it appears that twenty-nine acres of land were given to this church in Edward II.'s reign, by Peter de Bending, a defcendant of Peter de Bending, who in the reign of king Henry III. had a grant of the manor of Little Chart from the convent of Chrift-church in fee farm. He built the north part of this church, where he was buried in the middle paffe of that ifle, which was foon after the purchase of Calehill, by John Darell, efq. beautified and glazed by him, as a burying-place for himfelf and his posterity.

## CHURCH OF LITTLE CHART.

| PATRONS,<br>Or by whom prefented.                                                                                | RECTORS.                        |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| The Archbishop.                                                                                                  | Francis Lyndley, S. T. B. Dec.  |
|                                                                                                                  | 12, 1582, obt. 1602.            |
|                                                                                                                  | John Fotherbye, A. M. May 6,    |
|                                                                                                                  | 1602, obt. 1619.                |
|                                                                                                                  | John Moseleye, S. T. P. June    |
| and the second | 11, 1619.                       |
| The King, hac vice.                                                                                              | Francis Drayton, A. M. April.   |
|                                                                                                                  | 11. 1646.°                      |
| The Archbishop.                                                                                                  | Basil Drayton, August 11, 1669, |
|                                                                                                                  | obt. 1715.                      |
| The King, Sede vac.                                                                                              | Thomas Pearson, Jan. 15, 1715,  |
|                                                                                                                  | obt. Jan. 1744.                 |
|                                                                                                                  |                                 |

• See Biog. Brit. vol. vii. append. p. 111, note c.

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PATRONS,

PATRONS, Sc.

RECTORS.

The Archbishop.

Edward Watkinson, M. D. May 25, 1744, obt. October 19, 1767.<sup>p</sup>

William Allen, A. B. Jan. 30, 1768, the prefent rector.

P He was author of many useful and valuable treatifes.

PLUCKLEY

IS the next adjoining parish fouthward, being written in Domesday, Pluchelei, and in other records, Plukele.

It is fituated on the lower ridge of hills called the Quarry-hills; the parish is about two miles across, extending itself as far below the hills into the Weald, where the greatest part of it confists of that portion of Pevington allotted to it; as it does northward on the other fide, where the river Stour bounds it ; as it does again eaftward, in which parts are the hamlets of Ford Mill and Proting fireet. The village and church of Pluckley, which latter is a boundary of the Weald northward, fland on the fummit of the hill. Not quite a mile caftward is the manfion and park of Surrenden, finely fituated on an eminence, having a moftextenfive variegated profpect towards the fouth-eaft, in a park beautifully cloathed with timber and rich paftures; a fituation, fays Weaver, fo elegant that it compares with most that are, in rich pastures, healthful air, and plenty of both fewel and timber, in a very delicate and various profpect; and what should make it still more highly effected by the owner is, that from the time of the grant of it in the Conqueror's reign, by the archbishop, it has never been alienated, but has continued without intermission in the descendants of the fame family to the prefent owner of it. Below the hill, in the Weald, there are feveral forftals and hamlets, as Pluckley, Thorn, Dowle-ftreet, &c. Near the latter, at Newland green, is a good houfe, the property and

and refidence of Mr. Richard Ashbye. Further at the fouthern boundary of the parish is that branch of the river Medway which rifes at Great Chart.

The foil of this parifh is much the fame as Egerton, Boughton, and other adjoining ones in the like fituation on the fummit of thefe hills, where the Quarry ftone prevails, and is there very fertile both for corn and hops. Southward in the Weald it is alike a miry deep clay, covered with woods, broad hedge rows, and fpreading oaks.

There is a fair held here on Whit Tuefday, for toys, and another on St. Nicholas's feaft, Dec. 6, for cattle, but efpecially for hogs, which are brought hither in great numbers, and the price they bear at it is generally a rule for that of all the neighbouring country round about it.

THE MANOR OF PLUCKLEY was part of the antient possession of the fee of Canterbury, and accordingly is thus entered, in the record of Domesday.

The archbishop himself holds in demessie, Pluchelei. It was taxed at one suling. The arable land is twelve carucates. In demessie there are two carucates and an half, and sixteen villeins, with seven borderers baving eleven varucates. There are eight servants, and twelve acres of meadow and an half. Wood for the pannage of one hundred and forty hogs. In the whole, in the time of king Edward the Confession, it was worth twelve pounds; when he received it, eight pounds; and now solve pounds, and yet it pays twenty pounds.

By which it appears that the archbishop then held this place in demession, that is, in his own possible but archbishop Lanfranc soon afterwards granted it to one John de Plukele, who is stilled in the grant *Miles Archiepi*, that is, one who held this land of the archbishop by knight's fervice, for it was very customary for the prelates and great men of those times to make such grants, till they were restrained by a statute in the 18th year of king Edward I. This statute is stilled from the first

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first words of it, Quia Emptores Terrarum; from whence it is held, that all manors in being now must have exifted from immemorial prefcription, at leaft before the making of this statute, because it is effential to it, that there be tenants to hold of the lord, that in future no subject should enfeosffe any new tenants to hold of himfelf. His descendant Osbert de Pluckley died poffeffed of it in the reign of king John, and bore for his arms, Or, a fleur de lis, sable; after which, from three coheirs of this name and family, this manor became divided into three parts, and became three diftinet manors, the principal of which retaining the name of Pluckley, remained in that name till Agnes, daughter and at length one of the coheirs of William de Pluckley, entitled her hufband John de Surrenden to the poffession of it. He bore for his arms, Argent, a bend gules, between two cotizes, nebulee, the outer fides, sable. His fon John de Surrenden, living here in the 44th year of Edward III. and about that time, upon the old scite of this manor-house, erected a new manfion, which Weever, who wrote anno 1631, fays, was a fair one in his time, and by the antiquity of it seemed to have been the like, or much fairer, at its first building. To diftinguish this manor from the other two before-mentioned, then known, from the owners of them, by the names of Malmains and Shurland; it from this time was called from him THE MANOR OF SURREN-DEN, which he was fucceeded in by his only daughter and heir Joan, who, in the 20th year of Richard II. was married to John Haut, esq. and he died possessed of this manor about the 9th year of Henry VI. leaving two daughters his coheirs, of whom Chriftian, the eldest, was married to John Dering, esq. of Westrooke, in Lid.

THE FAMILY of Dering, as appears from the family, papers and manufcripts in the Surrenden library, and from other evidences, is defcended from Norman de Morinis, whofe anceftor Vitalis Fitz Ofbert lived in the

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the reign of king Henry II. and married Kineburga, daughter of Deringus, descended from Norman Fitz-Dering, sheriff of this county in king Stephen's reign, who married Matilda, fister and heir of William de Ipre, earl of Kent; and at the battle of Lincoln, in which king Stephen was taken prifoner, was flain near the king's perfon, and being found afterwards with his fhield covered with blood, his posterity were allowed to add to their paternal coat of arms, the three torteauxes in chief, in memory of his bravery, being a defcendant of that Dering who is mentioned in feveral parts of the Textus Roffensis, and in the Book of Domefday, as holding lands in Farningham in the time of the Saxons, before the conquest. They had issue Deringus de Morinis, whofe fon Deringus Fitz-Dering was the first who deferted the name of Morinis. His fon Wymund Fitz. Dering was, as well as his father, a good benefactor to the abbey of Boxley, in which they were both buried. He bore for his arms, Or, a fess, sable, in chief, three torteauxes, as his descendants did for some time afterwards, the family de Morinis bearing, Or, a saltire, sable. His son Richard Fitz-Dering, filius Deringi, was of Hayton, and died at the latter end of king Henry III.'s reign. His descendant Sir John Dering, of Weftbrooke, in Lyd, died anno 38 Edward III. his arms, A fess, in chief, three roundells, being carved in ftone on the roof of the cloyfters at Canterbury. He was father of Sir Richard Dering, of Hayton, who was lieutenant of Dover caftle in king Richard II.'s reign, whole feal affixed to a deed in the Surrenden library is a shield of his arms, A fess, in chief, three roundells; on each fide, A horse, seiant, on a ducal crown, placed on a close belmet, mantled; the legend, SIGILLUM RICARDI DERING, MILITIS. He lies buried in Lyd church ; his fon John Dering, efq. of Westbrooke, who married Christian Haut as before-mentioned, feems to have been the first who affumed the arms of De Morinis, being the faltier, inflead

ftead of those of Dering, which latter his descendants transferred and afterwards conftantly bore in the fecond quartering of their arms. He lies buried in the fouth chancel of this church, rebuilt by his eldeft fon, in which most of his descendants lie buried, where many of their memorials in brafs, and monuments of fculptured imagery yet remain. He had two fons, of whom Richard Dering, esq. the eldest, was of Surrenden, and was twice married, first to the daughter and heir of Bertyn ; and fecondly to Eyton, of Eyton, in Salop. He died in 1481, and was buried in the chapel of the Virgin Mary, in Pluckley church, which chapel he had rebuilt, as appears by his arms at the bottom of the arches. His eldest fon Richard Dering, esq. of Surrenden, left by his fecond wife, John, of Surrenden ; Richard, monk and cellarer of Christ-church, Canterbury, and William, who was of Petworth, in Suffex, and anceftor of the Derings, of that place, and of Hampshire, who bore for their arms, the faltier, with a canton, gules, for difference. John Dering, elq. the eldeft fon, was of Surrenden, which in his time, from their long possession of it, acquired the name of Surrenden-Dering; he was admitted into the Society of Modenden, in this county. The curious admission of him may be feen, vol. v. p. 327. His descendant of the fame name refided at Surrenden, and in the reign of Hen. VIII. married Margaret, daughter of J. Brent, efq. by whom he was anceftor of the Derings, of Surrenden, Charing and Egerton, in this county. Richard Dering, efq. the eldeft fon, fucceeded him at Surrenden, whofe grandson Sir Edward Dering, in 1623, was made lieutenant of Dover caftle, and created a baronet on February 1, 1626, anno 2 Charles I. and in the 16th of that reign one of the knights in parliament for this county. In which parliament, the levity of his difpofition, and at the fame time his vanity to difplay his learning, got the better of his good and loyal principles; which, however, he foon repented of, and made his

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his public apology for it. But fo much were the republicans offended at both his repentance and apology, that this change foon occasioned his commitment to the Tower, and his being declared a delinquent; and though he escaped himself fafe to the king, yet, as his estates were sequestered, and being reduced to extreme poverty, he afterwards retired with his wife and children to one of his farm-houses, where he died in 1644, and was buried in the family chancel in this church. During his continuance with the king, his whole eftate was fequeftered, his newly furnished house was four several times plundered by the parliament's foldiers, his goods and ftock were all feized and took away, his farmhouses and fences ruined and deftroyed, his woods and timber felled, and all his rents abated ; fo that few fuffered more than he did, for his inconfistent conduct. He published a volume of his fpeeches in parliament, a manufcript copy of which is in the British Museum, among the Harleian MSS. He was the founder of the library at Surrenden, for which he collected a great number of books, charters, and curious manufcripts, and caused others to be transcribed with great labour and expence; among which were, the registers and chartularies of several of the disfolved monasteries in this county, and a feries of deeds and muniments relating not only to the family of Dering, but to others connected at different times with it; but most of these valuable manufcripts have been unwarily, not many years fince, dispersed into other hands.9 His eldeft fon Sir Edward Dering, bart. fucceeded him in title and eftate, and married Mary, daughter of Daniel Harvey, elq. of Combe, in Surry; of which marriage I had the following anecdote from a late respectable clergyman in this county, lately deceased : That Da-

<sup>9</sup> The different characters given of him may be feen in Collins's Bar. vol. ii, p. 17, and in Peck's Defid. Curiof. vol. ii. B. 14, 19, 20.

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niel Harvey, her father, an eminent citizen of London, and great loyalist at the death of king Charles I. had this Mary, his only daughter and heir to all his wealth; at the fame time he had an apprentice in the houfe, his first-coulin, who found an opportunity of marrying the daughter clandestinely, and had bedded with her twelve months before the marriage was discovered, which was occasioned by her father's intention of marrying her to Sir Edward Dering; on which he found means to get the marriage diffolved, and obtained teftimonials for it, not only from bilhop Juxon, but from the most eminent civilians of that time. Two of their opinions were: One, that the young man's father was greatuncle to her, and he being dead, his fon reprefented him, and confequently was great-uncle to her; the other, that it was fo notorious a breach of honefty in him, that no ftate should fuffer fo bad an example to be countenanced. Some years ago, the late Mr. Eliab Harvey, king's council, found this relation, with the above-mentioned opinions, in a black box, among his families papers. In his descendants, baronets of Surrenden, who conftantly reprefented this county in parliament, it continued down to Sir Edward Dering, bart. who represented this county in the four first parliaments of king George II.'s reign. He greatly improved the manfion of Surrenden, making great additions to it, and inclofing the park with a brick wall; he refided at it with much liberal hospitality, and died in London, greatly lamented by the county in general, for his many amiable good qualities, in 1762, and was brought hither and buried among his anceftors, in the fouth chancel. He married first, Elizabeth, daughter and at length coheir of Edward Henshaw, esq. of Eltham, by whom he had two fons, Edward and Daniel; fecondly, Mary, daughter of Charles Fotherby, efq. of Barham, and widow of Henry Monpesson, esq. by whom he had Charles Dering, esq. of Barham, who married Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Thomas Farnaby, bart.

bart. Thomas Dering, efq. of London, and Mary, married to Robert Hilyard, now Sir Robert Hilyard, bart. His eldeft fon by his first wife, now Sir Edward Dering, bart. fucceeded him in title and eftates, and reprefented the town and port of New Romney in feveral parliaments. He married first Selina, daughter and coheir of Sir Robert Furnese, bart. by whom he had a fon Edward Dering, efq. who married Anne, fourth daughter of William Hale, esq. of King's Walden, in Hertfordshire, and a daughter Selina. He married fecondly, Deborah, daughter of John Winchefter, efq. of Netherfole, by whom he has feveral children; he is the prefent owner of this manor, with the manfion of Surrenden-Dering, the park and demesnes adjoining to it. The family of Dering bear for their arms, Or, a faltier, fable, being that of de Morinis; and in the fecond quartering those of Dering, being Argent, a fess, sable, in chief, three torteauxes. For crest, A ducal coronet, or, within the coronet a crimfon cap, on it, a horse passant, sable, maned, or. For supporters, Two horses, sable, maned, or; which supporters were granted by Sir William Segar to Sir Edward Dering, the first baronet of this family.

THE MANOR OF MALMAINES is fituated at the foot of the hill between Surrenden and Pluckley church, and was formerly a part of the manor of Pluckley, till it was divided as has been mentioned before; after which it took this name from the family of Malmaines, who were then become owners of it, and who had held lands in this parish as early as the reign of Henry III. in the 56th year of which Henry Malmaines was sheriff, being then stiled both of Pluckley and of Waldershare. Richard Malmaynes, his descendant, died in 1440, and lies buried with his father Henry, in the north isle of this church, leaving John Malmaynes his heir. After which there is no further mention of them, but it appears to have come into the poffeffion of the heirs of Toke, descended by the semale fide from

from Henry Malmaines before-named, from one of which name this manor passed by fale to the Derings, of Surrenden, in which it has continued to the prefent time, Sir Edward Dering, bart. being now owner of it.

THE MANOR OF SHURLAND was the remaining third part of the manor of Pluckley, lying fouth of the way leading through the fields from Surrenden to Pluckley church, which, on the division of it before-mentioned, took the name of Shurland from one of the family of that name, to whom it was allotted. How long they continued in the possession of it, does not appear; but it probably paffed from them to the Betenhams, of Betenham, in Cranbrooke, in which it remained for feveral hundred years. Stephen de Betenham is mentioned in very antient court-rolls of the date of Henry III.'s reign, and was certainly that Stephen de Betenham, mentioned as one of the Recognitores Magnæ Alfifæ, or justices of the great assife, an office of great importance in those times, in the pipe-rolls of the reign of king John. From him this place defcended to another Stephen de Betenham, who left two fons; the eldeft of whom, Thomas, inherited Shurland; and John, the youngest, had Betenham, in Cranbrooke From Thomas Betenham above-mentioned this eftate of Shurland continued down almost to within memory, when it paffed by fale from the Betenhams to Sir Edward Dering, bart. whofe defcendant Sir Edward Dering, bart. is the prefent proprietor of it.

EVERING ACRE is a manor, lying in this parifh and in Bethersden, which, in the 7th year of Edward III. was in the possession of William, son of Eudo de Shillinghelde, who that year conveyed it to John, son of Thomas Chiche, of Canterbury. How it passed afterwards, I have not found; but in the 1st year of king Henry V. it was in the possession of John Dering, esq. of Westbrooke, in whose descendants, seated at Surrenden, it has continued down to Sir Edward Dering, bart. the present owner of it.

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WEST KINGSNOTH is a manor here, lying in the borough of its own name, which borough is within the royal manor of Wye, belonging to Mr. Hatton, of Eaftwell; but the principal effate in it formerly belonged to the Bakers, of Siffinghurft, with whom it ftaid till John Baker, efq. in the 37th year of queen Elizabeth, fold it to Richard Dering, efq. of Surrenden, in whofe defcendants it ftill continues, the prefent owner of it being Sir Edward Dering, bart.

PIRIFIELDS, alias OUSDEN, is another manor here, lying upon the denne of Oufden, alias Tuefnoth, at the fouthern bounds of this parifh, which had antiently owners of the name of Pirifield, one of whom, Hamo de Pirifeld, appears to have been poffeffed of it in the reign of king Richard I. as was his defcendant Stephen de Pirifeld, of Pluckley, in the 20th year of king Edward IV. After which it paffed into the family of Dering, but when does not appear, only that it has remained in that family down to Sir Edward Dering, bart. who is at this time entitled to it.

ROTING is a manor, lying on the western confines of this parish, near the stream, in a hamlet of its own name, called Roting-street. At the time of taking the furvey of Domesday, it was part of the possession belonging to the monastery of St. Augustine, in Canterbury, and is thus entered in it, under the general title of them:

In Calebeue bundred, the abbot himself holds half a yoke in Rotinge, which in the reign of king Edward the Confessor was taxed at half a suling. There was and is one carucate in demesse. It is and was worth separately fifteen shillings.

This manor was afterwards held of the abbot in *free focage*, by a family which took their name from it; and Celeflia, daughter of John Rotyngg, and William Rotyngg, are both mentioned in a deed of the 39th year of king Edward III. concerning lands at this place. After which I find it in the pofferfion of the family of St. St. Leger, in which it remained till Sir Warham St. Leger, of Leeds, in the 12th year of queen Elizabeth, fold this manor, lying in Pluckley, Little Chart, and. Hothfield, to Richard Dering, efq. of Pluckley, in whofe defcendant it has continued down to Sir Edward Dering, bart. the prefent owner of it.

PEVINGTON is fituated about three quarters of a mile north weftward from Pluckley church, on the fummit of the hill, nearly midway between it and the church of Egerton. It was formerly a diffinit pari/b of itfelf; but the church having been ruinated for fome time, this parifh was, about the year 1583, united to the parifh of Pluckley, part of which it continues at this time, though there is a tradition here, that Pevington was allotted in three divisions to the parifhes of Egerton, Little Chart, and Pluckley; that the greateft part of it lying below the hill, as well as the fcite of the church, was allotted to this parifh; and that the reft confifting of two narrow flips of land, adjoining to Little Chart, was allotted to that parifh and Egerton; but I can find no further authority for it.

THE MANOR OF PEVINGTON was parcel of the poffeffions of Odo, bifhop of Baieux, under the general title of whofe lands it is thus entered in the furvey of Domefday:

In Calebeve bundred, Ralph de Curbefpine holds Piventone of the fee of the bishop, and Hugh of him. It was taxed at one suling. The arable land is five carucates. In demessive there is one and an half, and seven villeins, with seven borderers having three carucates and an half. There is a church, and nine servants, and one mill of fifty-five pence, and twenty acres of meadow. Wood for the pannage of sixty hogs. In the time of king Edward the Confessor it was worth eight pounds, and afterwards one hundred shillings, now six pounds. Shern Biga held it of king Edward.

The same Ralph held three dennes, which remained without the division of Hugo de Montfort of Pissinges manor; manor; and there is one yoke of arable land and one rood, and there are two villeins. It was and is worth Jepaparately fifteen Shillings.

After the bishop's difgrace, which happened about the year 1084, and the confiscation of all his possessions to the crown, the chief feignory of this manor was granted, among others, to Gilbert Maminot, and made a part of his barony, being held of the king by barony for the defence of Dover caftle. From this family the fee of this manor descended to Alice, fifter and coheir of Wakelyn Maminot, who carried it in marriage to Geffry de Saye, of one of whole descendants, as chief lord of the fee, it was held in the reign of Henry III. by a knightly family, who took their furname from it; one of whom, Sir Ralph de Pevington, held it in the beginning of that reign. At length his descendants John and William Pevington, dying in the reign of king Henry IV. without issue, Amabilia, their sister, became their heir, being then the widow of John Gobion, of Effex, who died poffeffed of this manor, with the advowlon of the church of Pevington in the year 1405, anno 7 Henry IV. and was buried in the church of the White Friars, in Canterbury, to which house the had been a liberal benefactor." She entailed this manor, with the advowfon of the church, on her grandfon John, fon of John Spelfell, by Joane her eldeft daughter, with divers remainders over to her other grand-children. He feems to have died poffeffed of the fee of this effate in the beginning of Henry VI.'s reign, having enfeoffed his kinfman Hugh Brent, gent. of Charing, together with others, in the poffession of it. After which, in the 12th year of Edward IV.'s reign, the reft of the co-feoffees releafed to him all their right in this manor, with the advowfon, both which continued in his descendants down to Thomas Brent, esq. of Wickins, in Charing, and afterwards of

Battely's Somner, p. 68. Philipott, p. 276.

Wilfborough,

Wilfborough, who died *f. p.* in 1612. Upon which it came by his will to his nephew and refiduary legatee Richard Dering, efq. of Surrenden, fon of John Dering, efq. of Surrenden, by Margaret Brent, his fifter and heir. Their grandfon Sir Edward Dering, knight and baronet, died poffeffed of this manor in 1644, and by will gave it to his eldeft fon, by his third wife, Henry Dering, efq. who was afterwards of Pevington, and was fucceeded in it by his eldeft fon Edward Dering, efq. who died in 1742, and was buried in Pluckley church, having by will given this manor to Sir Edward Dering, bart. whofe fon of the fame name, is the prefent owner of it.

The church of Pevington, which was dedicated to St. Mary, was always accounted an appendage to the manor, and in the patronage of the lords of it. It was a rectory, and valued in the king's books at 5l. 13s. 4d. and the yearly tenths at 11s. 4d. which tenths are now payable to the crown receiver.

The church becoming ruinated, was by archbishop Whitgift united to Pluckley, in 1583, and in a fuit afterwards concerning the tithes of it, Copley, rector of Pluckley, versus Spice, it was agreed to withdraw a juryman, and to refer it to archbishop Abbot, who made his decree concerning them in 1618. The church is now converted into a stable. The tradition here is, that on the division of Pevington among the three parishes as before-mentioned, the tithes of it were allotted to each of them accordingly; but what authority there is for it, I have never been able to learn.

John Hinde was prefented to this rectory on June 23, 1584. The queen patron, hac vice. And John Craige, A. M. was prefented to it on May 20, 1636. Patron the crown, by lapfe,<sup>8</sup> but with what intent does not appear.

> ? Rym. Foed. vol. xx. p. 135. CHARITIES.

### CHARITIES.

WILLIAM HILLS, by will in 1589, gave towards the maintenance of three old perfons, whofe labour is almost fpent, who have no weekly pay, lands in this parish, the annual produce of which is 81.

A PERSON UNKNOWN, more than 100 years fince, gave towards the repairing of the church, lands called Parish-field, in this parish, of the annual produce of 11.

THERE IS a fchool here for the teaching of reading and writing, fupported by voluntary fubscriptions. It was first begun by archdeacon Head, whilst rector of this parish, and is now principally supported by Sir Edward Dering and the Rev. Dr. Difney, the prefent rector.

The poor constantly relieved are about fifty-five, cafually thirty-five.

PLUCKLEY is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JURIS-DICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Charing.

The church, which is dedicated to St Nicholas, is a handfome building of fand ftone, confifting of two isles and two chancels. The steeple is a spire, in which are five bells. It is fhingled, as is good part of the roof of the church, which appears to have been formerly all fo. The fouth chancel of this church, dedicated to the bleffed Virgin Mary, belongs to the Dering family; it was rebuilt by Richard Dering, efq. of Surrenden, who died in 1481, in which he lies buried, as do his feveral descendants, as well as feveral of the family of Malmains. The monuments, as well as many of the gravestones of the former especially, still remaining with their braffes richly inlaid, on the pavement of it, as well as in the fouth isle. In the high chancel is a memorial for Nathaniel Collington, rector here fixty-three years, obt. Dec. 12, 1735; and within the rails for Mabella Auftin, obt. 1711; on the left hand of the rails for Mabella Bettenham, widow, obt. 1710; and at the foot of them for Major Anthony Nowers, of this parish, obt. 1679.

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This church is a rectory, the patronage of which was part of the antient poffessions of the see of Canterbury, and remains so at this time, his grace the archbischop being the present patron of it.

It is valued in the king's books at 201. 15. 5<sup>1</sup>d. and the yearly tenths at 21. 05. 1<sup>2</sup>d. In 1588 here were communicants one hundred and four; in 1640, two hundred and thirty-feven, and it was then valued at one hundred and eighty pounds per annum.

The rector now takes his tithes by composition, which amounts to about three hundred pounds per annum. The glebe land is worth upwards of thirty pounds per annum. There are no tithes in this parish, but what are paid to the rector, nor have been time out of mind.

Archbishop Lanfranc, in the time of the Conqueror, gave the tithes of the demession lands of the lordship of Pluckley, which he had given to William de Pluckley, as has been already mentioned before, to the priory of St. Gregory, in Canterbury, which had been founded by him in 1084. Which gift was confirmed by archbishop Hubert.

### CHURCH OF PLUCKLEY.

PATRONS, Or by whom prefented. The Archbishop.....

#### RECTORS.

Edward Deringe, S. T. P. Nov. 28, 1568. John Pickerde, A. M. Feb. 13,

1570, obt. 1616. John Copley, July 13, 1616.

Edward Simpfon, S. T. P. in 1628. refigned 1640."

1628, refigned 1649." Ezrael Tongue, S. T. P. in 1649, religned about 1657."

e Walker's Suff. of the Clergy, pt. ii. p. 220.

" He was prebendary of Coringham in the church of Lincoln. Willis's Cath. vol. ii. p. 171. Wood's Ath. "vol. ii. p. 671. w He left this benefice, being much vexed with factious parifhioners and Quakers ; after which he had the vicarage of Lentwarden, in Herefordthire, and then the cure of St. Mary Staining, London, afterwards united

PATRONS,

PATRONS, EC.

RECTORS.

The Archbishop. ..... Thomas Daffe, 1657.\* John Bargrave, S. T. P. July 14, 1662, refigned 1676.y Nathaniel Collington, A. M. March 21, 1676, obt. 1735.

John Head, S. T. P. Dec. 30, 1735, refigned 1760.<sup>2</sup> John Frost, A. M. July 11, 1760, obt. April 28, 1765.<sup>a</sup> William Jones, A. M. July 15, 1765, refigned 1777.<sup>b</sup> William Disney, S.T.P. August 2, 1777, the prefent rector.

to St. Michael, Wood-Areet, of which he was made rector, and kept it till his death in 1680. See a full account of him and his writings, in Wood's Ath. vol. ii. p. 671.

x Walker's Suff. of the Clergy, pt. ii. p. 330.

pt. ii. p. 330. y And prebendary of Canterbury, where he died in 1680, and was there buried. z He was likewife rector of St. George's, Canterbury, which he refigned, as well as this rectory, for that of Ickhain, under which fee more of him.

a Nephew to archbishop Secker, and held the rectory of Bishopsborne, with this of Pluckley.

b He refigned this rectory for that of Pafion, in Northamptonfhire.

### SMARDEN

IS the laft parifh to be defcribed in this hundred. It lies the next fouth-weftward from that of Pluckley, below the quarry hill, within the bounds of the Weald. Such part of it as is in the borough of Povenden, is in the hundred of Blackborne; and that part which is in the boroughs of Omenden and Stepherft, is in the hundred of Barkley; and both thefe are in the weft divifion of the county. But the refidue of this parifh, having the town and church of Smarden within it, is in this hundred of Calehill, and eaftern divifion of the county.

The manor of Shurland claims over the denne of Holmherst, in this parish; the manors of Otterden and Throwley claim over part of this parish, the latter of them over the denne of Toppenden, alias Tappenden here, here, from whence the family of Tappenden, fince of later times of Sittingborne, in this county, who bear for their arms, Or, two lions paffant, in chief, and one in bafe, rampant, azure, claim their origin and name, a direct defeendant of which is Mr. James Tappenden, gent. now of Faverscham, in this county.

THE PARISH of Smarden is about four miles acros, it lies at a finall diftance fouthward of the quarry hills, within the Weald, in a flat low fituation, very unpleafant and watry, the foil being a deep miry clay. The eastern parts of it are mostly covered with large coppice woods, and the whole of it, from the flatness of it, the wide hedge-rows, and quantity of oak trees spread over it, has a very gloomy appearance. The town or village, having the church in it, is fituated at the fouthern bounds of this hundred, on the turnpike road leading from Faversham through Charing hither, and fo on to Biddenden, Cranbrooke, and Tenterden; a road, which, from the depth of the foil, and the want of having had any improvement ever made on it fince the truft has been created, is in winter, or indeed after any wet weather, hardly paffable, throughout this parifh, even for waggons. That branch of the river Medway, which rifes near Goldwell, in Great Chart, flows through this parish close below the town, under a stone bridge of two arches, westward towards Hedcorne, and thence to Stylebridge, and joins the main river at a fmall diftance below Yalding bridge. There is a market-houfe remaining in the town; but the market, which is faid to have been held on a Friday weekly, has been difused for upwards of thirty years. The fair is held yearly on Old Michaelmas day, Oct. 10, by the change of the stile, for toys and pedlary. There is a modern well built meeting-house, with a burialground, in which are feveral handfome tomb-ftones, and the minister's house adjoining to it, on Omendengreen, at the end of this parish, next Biddenden : this is for Calvinistical Baptis; but the minister and congregation gregation being at variance, they are decreasing very fast. One Tilden left several pieces of land, of about thirty pounds per annum value, and his house, to the minister, for a writing school at this meeting. And there is another meeting-house, about half a mile northwest from the town, near Spiers Ash, for Methodistical Baptists. About a third part of the housekeepers in this parish are difference.

THE MANOR OF THE DENNE OF SMARDEN, is faid to have belonged to the archbishops of Canterbury. When they first became possessed of it, I have not found; but it must have been fince the taking of the furvey of Domesday, as it is not mentioned in it among the manors belonging to the archbishop; and yet it was before the reign of king Edward III. in the 6th year of which archbithop Simon Meopham, had a grant of a market here weekly on a Monday, and a fair yearly for five days at the feast of St. Michael. And this manor feems to have continued in the poffession of the fucceeding archbishops down to cardinal archbishop Kempe, who in the 10th year of king Henry VI. fettled it, among other premises, on his new-founded college of Wye, with which it ftaid till the diffolution of it in the 36th year of Henry VIII. when this manor came into the hands of the crown; whence it was immediately afterwards granted to Walter Bucler, to hold in capite by knight's fervice. After which it paffed into the family of Newenden, in which it remained till James and Richard Newenden, gent. of Smarden, conveyed it by their deed in the year 1689 to George Sayer, esq. afterwards of Pett's, whose descendant the Rev. George Sayer, LL. B. is the prefent posseffor of it. A court baron is held for this manor.

ROMEDEN-PLACE is an antient feat in the eaftern part of this parifh, which was formerly the patrimony of the antient family of Engeherst, afterwards written and called Henherst, who were posseffed of good estates at Staplehurst, Woodchurch, Yalding, and other places in in this county; but they did not continue long owners of this feat, for William, fon of Ofbert de Henherst, being fo defcribed in his deed without date, demifed it by fale to John de Calch, in whofe descendants it remained until the latter end of king Richard II.'s reign." Who fucceeded them afterwards, I have not found ; but in the reign of king Henry VI. the family of Guldeford appear to have been poffeffed of it; one of whom, in the 23d year of it, founded a chapel in this church of Smarden,<sup>d</sup> nor can I find how long they continued here; but in king Henry VIII.'s reign it was become the property of Rogers, and John, fon of Stephen Rogers, in the 24th year of it, alienated it to Stephen Drayner, alias Dragoner, in which name it continued till William Drayner, in the 17th year of queen Elizabeth, passed it away to Sir Roger Manwood, who the next year conveyed it to Martin James, esq. remembrancer of the court of exchequer, whose great-grandson Walter James, esq. possessed it at the restoration of king Charles II. His son of the same name left an only daughter Auria, who, at the age of fourteen, carried it in marriage to John Otway, gent. of Mitcham, in Surry, who bore for his arms, Argent, a chevron, sable, over it a pile, counterchanged; by whom the had twenty children, of whom feven fons only furvived, who on his death became entitled to it in undivided shares. At length the eldest of them, colonel James Otway, having at different times purchafed of his brothers their fhares in it, became polfeffed of the whole of Romeden. He was a general officer, and lieutenant governor of Minorca, and at the latter part of his life refided at Romeden, of which he died possessed in 1721, and was succeeded in it by his eldest son Charles-James Otway, a general officer in the army likewife. He died in 1767, and was buried

° Philipott, p. 312,

d Weever, p. 290.

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here,

here, leaving by Bridget, daughter of Bafil, earl of Denbigh, one fon 2nd two daughters. Charles Otway, efq the fon, refided at Romeden, but he fold it in 1786 to Thomas Witherden, of Wifenden, in Bethersden, the prefent owner of it.

### CHARITIES.

MR. JOHN HAMDEN, of this parish, in 1361, gave by deed 6s. per annum, to be paid out of his land called Hamdens, in this parish, now belonging to John Toke, esq. to the churchwardens for the time being, towards maintaining the bellropes.

MR. JOHN GLOVER, of this parish, in 1593, gave by will 5s. per annum to the poor, to be paid out of his lands to the furveyors for the time being, towards mending the highways of this parish; which lands are now in the possession of Matthew Parker.

JACOB TURNER, merchant, of London, as appears by a deed of truft made in 1686, gave in his life-time 1001. for repairs of the church, and 1001. more for the benefit of the fuperannuated poor of this parifh, of honeft reputation; one half of the yearly product of it to be laid out in clothes, and the other half in flour. Which money was, by order of his fon, laid out in the purchafe of a houfe and land, vefted in truftees, the yearly rents of which, now 131. 2s. arc applied to those purpofes.

MR. STEPHEN DADSON, of Betherfden, by will in 1716. founded a free fchool in this parifh, and endowed it with a dwelling-houfe, barn, and four pieces of land, containing fifteen acres and an half, in Betherfden, and with a dwelling-houfe in Smarden town, with the liberty of fix boys from the parifh of Betherfden to be taught in it; which premifes are now vefted in feoffees. Reading, writing, and arithmetic, are now taught in it, to near forty boys and girls.

The poor constantly relieved are about one hundred and forty, calually thirty-five.

THIS PARISH is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JU-RISDICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Charing.

The church, which is dedicated to St. Michael, confifts of one isle or body, and a chancel; the former is of a most curious structure, being forty feet wide, with a span roof over it, singularly constructed. At the

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#### SMARDEN.

the west end is a tower steeple, with a beacon turret; in which there are five bells. In the chancel is a monument for Capt. Jacob Turner, of Hamden, in this parish, mentioned before. He died in 1709, his arms, Per pale and fess, counterchanged, Jable, and ermine, three fer-de-molines, or. In the north-east corner of the iss the burial-place of the Otways, of Romeden. In the chancel is a memorial for Anne, daughter of John Marshall, of Halden, wife of George Carter, gent. and for the said George Carter, who died in 1728; for Solomon Pawley, vicar of Aylsham, in Norfolk, obt. 1777; and for Henry Parsley, rector of this church.

This church is a rectory, the patronage of which was granted by queen Mary, in her laft year, anno 1558, among others, to cardinal archbishop Pole,<sup>e</sup> and it has continued part of the possession of the second of Canterbury ever since, his grace the archbishop being the present patron of it.

This church is valued in the king's books at 241. 28. 6d. per annum, and the yearly tenths at 21. 88. 3d. There are about three acres of glebe-land belonging to it.

In 1588 it was valued at eighty pounds. Communicants three hundred and fifty. In 1640 it was valued at one hundred and nine pounds. Communicants feven hundred; and in 1741 it was valued at two hundred and thirty pounds per annum. In 1782 it was valued at only one hundred and feventy pounds, but there has lately been a new composition made for tithes, both great and fmall, which has much increased the value of this rectory.

· See Rym. Ford. vol. iv. p. 177.

CHURCH

### CHURCH OF SMARDEN.

PATRONS, Or by whom hrefented. The Archbishop.

RECTORS.

John Fotherbye, A. M. May 18, 1586, obt. 1619.

Robert Elye, A. M. April 27, 1619, obt. 1644.

Thomas Vaughan, July 19, 1644, ejected 1662.<sup>i</sup>

Robert Cole, S. T. B. O&. 14, 1662.

Richard Rands, A. M. March 10, 1667.

Jonathan Whiston, A. M. Aug. 9, 1669, obt. 1698.

Henry Parfley, A. M. April 20, 1698, obt. 1710.8

Simon Hughes, A. M. March 17, 1710, obt. July 23, 1728.<sup>h</sup>

William Bedford, Oct. 1728, obt. Oct. 11, 1783.<sup>1</sup>

John Porter, 1783, obt. 1794. William Mackenzic, 1794, the prefent rector.

f See Calamy's Life of Baxter, p. 287. g He lies buried in the chancel of this church. h He was also vicar of St. Stephens, alias Hackington, and prebendary of Chichefter.

i And vicar of Bekefborne, where herefided.

## THE HUNDRED

## OF

## CHART AND LONGBRIDGE

LIES the next hundred fouthward from that of Calehill. It was formerly two feparate half hundreds, viz. of Great Chart and of Longbridge, called in Domefday, day, *Cert* and *Langebrige*; and they appear to have been diffinct in the reign of king Edward III. that of Great Chart contained Afhford, Chart, Betherfden, and Hothfield; and that of Longbridge contained Wilfborough, Kennington, Sevington, Kingfnoth, Merfham, Hinxhill, and part of Afhford.

### IT CONTAINS WITHIN ITS BOUNDS THE FOLLOWING PARISHES:

- I. BETHERSDEN in hart.
- 2. GREAT CHART in part.
- 3. HOTHFIELD in part.
- 4. KENNINGTON.
- 5. HINXHILL.

- 6. WILSBORÖUGH.
- 7. MERSHAM in hart.
- 8. SEVINGTON, and
- 9. KINGSNOTH.

And the churches of those parishes, and likewise part of the parishes of ASHFORD and SHADOXHURST, the churches of which are in other hundreds. Two constables have jurisdiction over it. It likewise formerly had within it the town and liberty of Ashford, comprehending the church and the greatest part of that parish, which has long since been made a separate jurisdiction from it, having a constable of its own.

## BETHERSDEN

IS fituated the next parifh eaftward from Smarden laft defcribed. So much of this parifh as is in the boroughs of Hales, Bridge, and Engeham or Povenden, is in the hundred of Blackborne, and weft divifion of this county; and the refidue of it, being part in the hundred of Chart and Longbridge, in which the church ftands, and part in the hundred of Calehill, is in the caftern divifion of the county. The liberty of the manor of Wye claims over the borough of Snodehill, in the northern part of this parifh.

THIS PARISH is fituated within the bounds of the Weald, adjoining to Pluckley, at no great diffance below the quarry hills fouthward, and contains about 4000 acres of land. It lies very low and flat; the foil is in most parts of it a stiff miry clay, and the face of the

Ii3

the country very unpleafant and dreary; the roads wide, with a confiderable breadth of green fwerd on each fide of them, much like those about Halden and Woodchurch, described before. There is a great deal of coppice wood of oak, with much good timber in them, interspersed throughout the parish, the houses in which are mostly built round the fmall greens or forstalls in the different parts of it. The head of the river Medway, which rifes near Goldwell, in Great Chart, runs along the northern part of it weftward towards Smarden, as has been already mentioned. The turnpike road from Tenterden to Halden, croffes this parifh over Bull-green, round which there is a hamlet of houses, towards Great Chart, and thence to Ashford north-eastward; but this road, from the natural depth of the foil, and its never having had any improvement made on it fince the trust has been created, is, like that part of it at Smarden before-defcribed, hardly paffable without the greatest danger, during the winter months; indeed there is a causeway, of the greatest use for the fafety of travellers, along the fide of it throughout this parish, made of the grey turbinated marble, which abounds in the northern part of it, especially about Frid, where much of this fort has been formerly dug; but those quarries are now but little used. This kind of marble, from its being dug up both here and at Petworth, in Suffex, is known by the names both of the Bethersden and the Petworth marble. It bears a good polish, and is very hard and durable, if dug up in its perpendicular state; but if horizontally, it usually peels off in flakes. It was formerly in great efteem in this county, for decorating the feveral religious buildings and churches in it; the cathedrals of Canterbury and Rochefter abound with it; in which, as well as in many of the churches, most of the antient tombs and monuments of the bishops and gentry are made of it; and in feveral of the antient manfions, the chimneypieces of the grandest apartments are composed of it. On

### BETHERSDEN.

On the fouth-east fide of Bull-green is a house, which has been for fome years possessed by the Wilmotts, who. bore for their arms, Argent, on a fefs, gules, two escallops, between a bull, couchant, or, between three eagles beads, erased. The church stands at a small distance northward from the above green, on a fmall rife of ground, with the village close to the fouthward of it, at the east end of which is a good house, called THE THORNE, from a large thorn-tree growing near it, which in the time of king Charles I. belonged to a branch of the family of Whitfield, of Tenterden, one of whom, Francis Whitfield, gent. refided here, and died possessed of it in 1660. His grandfon Francis Whitfield, gent. of Thorne-houle, died in 1782, leaving two daughters his coheirs, the youngest of whom dying unmarried, the eldeft, Elizabeth, became entitled to the whole of it, which the carried in marriage to William Curteis, efq. merchant, of London, youngest fon of Edward Curteis, esq. of Tenterden, who has, in right of his wife, the entire property of it.

A fair is kept here yearly on St. Margaret's day, now, by the alteration of the ftile, on July 31.

THE MANOR OF OLD SURRENDEN, alias BETHERS-DEN, lies near the eastern bounds of this parish, and was formerly the original feat of the family of Surrenden, whence it gained the name of Old Surrenden, being prior to that at Pluckley, which afterwards became the refidence of a junior branch of them, which ended about the beginning of king Richard II.'s reign. The arms of Surrenden, twice fingly, and once impaled with Crouch, are in this church. In the reigns of king John and Henry.III. Adam de Surrenden, called likewife in old dateless deeds, Suthrinden, was owner of this manor and refided here, as did his descendant Robert de Surrenden in the reign of king Edward II. in the 11th year of which he was bailiff of Westgate, and was then possessed of lands in this parish, Smarden, and Pluckley; and in this name it continued till king Ii4

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Henry VI.'s reign, in the beginning of which John Surrenden alienated it to cardinal archbishop Kempe, who in the 10th year of king Henry VI. fettled it, among other premises, on his new-founded college of Wye, with which it flaid till the diffolution of it in the 36th year of king Henry VIII, when this manor came into the hands of the crown; whence it was granted that year, to Walter Bucler, efq.\* who two years afterwards alienated it to Sir Maurice Dennys, and he, in the 2d year of king Edward VI. fold it to Sir Anthony Aucher, who, in the 6th year of the fame reign, passed it away to Philip Choute, efq. ftandard bearer to king Henry VIII. at the fiege of Bullein, where for his gallant behaviour, which the king rewarded, by affigning to him a canton to his antient coat of arms, of the like bearing as on the standard, viz. Party, per fess, argent, and vert, a lion, passant-guardant, or, being the lion of England; in whofe defcendants this manor continued down to Edward Choute, esq. whose name was frequently fpelt, and ufually pronounced Chewte. Their paternal coat was, Gules, semee of mullets, or, three fwords in fess, argent, pomelled, or, the middlemost encountering the other two; which is authenticated by the books of the Heralds office ; but on Sir G. Choute's monument in this church, they are, erroneoufly painted Gules, three swords in pale, argent, pomelled, or ; on a canton, parted per fess, argent and azure, a lion passantguardant, gules; when from its long continuance in them, and improvements they had made to this antient manfion, it had gained the name of Surrenden-Choute; as that at Pluckley had from its owners, in like manner, the name of Surrenden-Dering. He removed his refidence to Hinxhill, the manor of which he had purchafed, where he kept his shrievalty anno 11 king Charles I. and where his fon Sir George Choute likewife refided; who was fucceeded in this manor of Sur-

\* Rot. Efch. 32, N. 124. See Pluckley before.

renden

renden by his fon George Choute, efq. who in 1684 was created a baronet, and afterwards refidedat Lovelace, in this parifh, of which he was only tenant, and dying there f. p. in 1721, devifed this manor by will to Edward Auften, efq. of Tenterden, afterwards baronet, who foon afterwards fold it to Thomas Beft, efq. of Chatham, and his grandfon Thomas Beft, efq. of Chilfton, in Boughton Malherb, died poffeffed of it f. p. in 1793, and by will gave it to his youngeft nephew George Beft, efq. now of Chilfton, the prefent owner of it.

THE MANOR OF LOVELACE is fituated at a very fmall diftance fouth-weftward from the church. It was in early times the property of a family named Greensted, or Greenstreet, as they were sometimes called, the last of whom, Henry de Greensted, a man of eminent repute, as all the records of this county teftify; in the reigns of both king Edward II. and III. paffed away this manor to Kinet, in which name it did not remain long; for William Kinet, in the 41st year of king Edward III. conveyed it by fale to John Lovelace, who erected that manfion here, which from thence bore his name in addition, being afterwards stiled Bethersden-Lovelace ; from whence sprung a race of gentlemen, who in the military line acquired great reputation and honor, and by their knowledge in the municipal laws, deferved well of the commonwealth: from whom descended those of this name seated at Bayford, in Sittingborne, and at Kingsdown, in this county, the lords Lovelace of Hurley, and others of Berkshire.1 At length, after this manor had continued in this family for many generations, refident at Lovelace-place, Colonel Richard Lovelace, foon after the death of king Charles I. passed it away to Mr. Richard Hulfe, descended from the antient family of that name,

<sup>1</sup> Philipott, p. 72. See a further account of this family and its different branches, vol. ii. of this history, p. 479.

of

of Norbury and Nantwich hundred, in Chefhire, and bore the fame arms, being Argent, three piles, sable, one issuing out of the chief, between the other two. reversed of the second. He refided at Lovelace-place, in which, together with this manor of Lovelace, he was fucceeded by his fon of the fame name. His fon and grandfon of both, refident here, the latter of whom alienated it foon after his coming to the possession of it, to Sir Edwyn Stede, colonel and governor of Barbadoes, who died possessed of it in 1695, and in his descendants it continued down to Edwyn Stede, esq. of Harrietsham, who fold it soon after the year 1735, together with Harrietsham-place and other estates in this county, to William Horsemonden Turner, esq. of Maidstone, who died possessed of it in 1753, f. p." and by will devifed it to his wife Elizabeth, for her life. She died in 1782, being fucceeded in this, as well as the reft of her eflates, according to the limitation in her husband's will, by Charles Booth, efq. afterwards knighted, who died f. p. in 1795, upon which it came by the entail and limitations in Mr. Turner's will, to William Baldwin, esq. now of Harrietsham-place, who is the prefent owner of this manor.

FRID, ufually called *the Frid farm*, corruptly for *the Fritb*, is a manor in the northern part of this parith, which was antiently the patrimony of the family of Mayney, as appeared by feveral old deeds formerly in the hands of Mr. George Choute, one of whom, John Mayney, of Biddenden, died poffeffed of it in the 50th year of king Edward III. After they were become extinct here, the Darells, of Calehill, became poffeffed of it, in which it continued down to Sir John Darell, who in the reign of king Richard III. was a great promoter of the earl of Richmond's intereft, infomuch that the king declared him a rebel and a traitor, and

<sup>m</sup> See more of the Stedes and Turners, vol. v. of this hiftory, p. 449, 450.

### BETHERSDEN.

feized on all his eftates, and in his 3d year granted this manor, by the name of Fridin Boderfdon, to the duke of Norfolk, who losing his life in the battle of Bofworth, in which the king likewife was flain, and being attainted in the 1st year of Henry VII. that king reftored Sir John Darell, in his 2d year, to this manor, among the reft of his forfeited eftates. His descendant George Darell, esq. died possessed of it in the year 1578, as appears by his will in the Prerogative-office, Canterbury, whole fon Sir John Darell, at the latter end of queen Elizabeth's reign, alienated it to Thomas Gibbon, a younger branch of those of Rolvenden, who afterwards refided here, and Harris fays," their arms, being Sable, a lion rampant, or, between three efcallops, argent, were in this church ; as were those of Mayney, Party, per pale, argent and fable, three chevrons between three cinquefoils, all counterchanged. He left isfue three fons; Robert, who possessed this manor, and died without iffue; Thomas, who fucceeded his brother in it; and John, who was of Bishopsborne. Thomas Gibbon, the fecond fon, refided here in the reign of king James I. and left two daughters his coheirs; the youngest of whom, Lydia, entitled her hufband Edward Choute, esq. of Surrenden, in this parifh, to the poffeffion of this manor; fince which it has paffed in like manner as the manor of Lovelace before defcribed, down to William Baldwin, efq. of Harrietfham, who is the prefent poffeffor of it.

HACCHESDEN, now called Eytchden, is another manor, which lies adjoining to a heath or haugh, at the north-east bounds of this parish, and was formerly reputed a member of the manor of Boughton Aluph, which was held of the honor of Bologne, of which it was held for fome time by the fame owners ; though in Henry III.'s reign I meet with one William de Hacchesden, who had some claim to the possession of it.

<sup>n</sup> See his Hiftory of Kent, p. 39.

Stephen de Bocton died possessed of that manor, with this of Hacchesden, in the 14th year of king Edward I. holding it in capite by knight's fervice. Soon after which it passed into the family of Burghersh, one of whom, Stephen de Burghersh, in the 1st year of king Edward II. obtained a charter of free-warren in all his demefne lands within it, and died two years afterwards. Thomas de Aldon died posseffed of it in the 35th year of the next reign of king Edward III. Soon after which Sir Thomas Tryvet became poffeffed of the reversion of it, in right of his wife, leaving two daughters his coheirs, from one of whom it paffed into the family of Brockhull, of Saltwood, one of whom, Thomas de Brockhull, of Calehill, in the 12th year of king Henry IV. enfeoffed John Darell in this manor, in whole family it continued till about the reign of king James I. when it was alienated to Tufton, in whole descendants, earls of Thanet, excepting the woods belonging to it which have been fold off, it has defcended down to the right hon. Sackville, earl of Thanet, the present owner of it.

There was once *a chapel* at this manor of Hecchindenne, which has been time out of mind ruinated. Archbifhop Hubert, in the reign of king Richard I. confirmed the church of Bethersden, together with this chapel, to the priory of St. Gregory, in Canterbury, among the reft of their posses.

WISENDEN is a diffrict, lying at the north-weft bounds of this parifh, in which there is a feat of that name, which has been for feveral centuries in the family of Witherden, whofe name was antiently written Wetherynden, who have conftantly refided at it; one of whom, Robert Wetherynden, of Betryfden, appears, by his will, to have died owner of it, anno 18 Henry VIII. bearing for his arms, Argent, on a chief, azure, three catherine wheels, or. Thomas Witherden, gent. died poffeffed of it in 1663, and was buried in this church, in whofe defcendants it has continued, together with the

#### BETHERSDEN.

the manor of Thornden, in this parish, in a direct line, down to Thomas Witherden, esq. now of Wisenden.

### CHARITIES.

THOMAS MARGANT gave an houfe, barn, stable, and feven pieces of land, containing about fourteen acres, in this parish, of the yearly rent of 91.

STEPHEN GLOVER gave to the poor of this parish, a parcel of land in it, containing about eight acres, of the yearly rent of 41.

EDWARD TUESNOAD gave 10s. per annum, out of land, known by the name of Tuefnoad-land, now velted in John Hills.

A SMALL PIECE of ground, containing about 20 perches, adjoining to Bull-green; and the land of Mr. Whitaker, of the yearly rent of 2s. 6d. were given by a perfon unknown. The number of poor conflantly relieved are about eighty-

The number of poor constantly relieved are about eightyfive, cafually one hundred and fisteen.

BETHERSDEN is fituated within the ECCLESIASTICAL JURISDICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Charing.

The church, which is dedicated to St. Margaret, confifts of three ifles and three chancels, having a tower steeple, with a beacon turret, in which are fix bells. In the middle isle of this church lie the Wilmotts, of this parish, and in the middle chancel the Witherdens, both which have been taken notice of before. In this chancel is likewife a graveftone, with brafs, and an infeription for William Lovelace, gent. once citizen of London, obt. 1459. On another, the figure of an old man in robes, and an infcription for Thomas, one of the fons of Wm. Lovelace, sergeantat-law, obt. 1591, æt. 28, a much younger age than his figure denotes. And within the altar-rails are feveral memorials for the Dynes, ancestors of those of Milton, Rochefter, and Malling, in this county. The fouth chancel is called the Lovelace chancel, in which several of the Hulses of this parish lie buried. The north chancel is called the Frid chancel, in which the Choutes likewife of this parish lie buried, all whom have been already noticed before.

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In a peculiar chancel on the north fide of this church, built by one of the Lovelaces, there was a perpetual chantry, founded about the 38th year of Henry VI. anno 1459, by William Lovelace, mercer and merchant adventurer of London, a younger fon of this family, who lies buried in the middle chancel of it as before-mentioned, which foundation was confirmed by the above-mentioned king. This chantry was diffolved anno 2 Edward VI. but the tenths of it, being 135. 0<sup>‡</sup>d. are ftill paid to the crown-receiver.°

This church was part of the antient poffeffions of the priory of St. Gregory, founded by archbishop Lanfranc; and archbishop Hubert confirmed this church of St. Margaret of Beatrichesdenne, with the wood and tithes, together with the chapel of Hecchifdenne to it, in king Richard I.'s reign. In the 8th year of Richard II. this church was become appropriated to the above priory, and a vicarage endowed of it. The church, with the advowfon of the vicarage, remained part of the possessions of the above-mentioned priory till the diffolution of it in king Henry VIII.'s reign, when it was, with all its lands and poffeffions, furrendered into the king's hands, where this church and advowfon remained among the other poffeffions of the priory but a finall time, for an act passed that year to enable the archbishop to exchange the scite of the late diffolved priory of St. Radigund, with all its poffeffions, with the king, for the feite of the late diffolved priory of St. Gregory, and the greatest part of its poffeffions. This church of Betherfden becoming thus part of the revenues of the see of Canterbury, was demifed by the archbishop, among the rest of the revenues of the above-mentioned priory, in one great beneficial leafe for twenty-one years, in which all advowfons and nominations of churches and chapels were excepted; under which fame kind of demife it has con-

Philipott, p. 73. Bacon's Liber Regis, p. 21.

tinued

tinued from time to time ever fince. Philip, earl of Chesterfield, as heir to the Wottons, was lesse of the above premises, in which this parsonage was included; fince whose decease in 1773, his interest in the lease of them has been fold by his executors to George Gipps, esq. of Canterbury, who is the present lesse under the archbishop for them.

The rectory or parsonage of Bethersden, to which there is a manor appendant, pays 6s. 4d. procurations to the archbishop, and 7s. 6d. for the same to the archdeacon of Canterbury.

The vicarage is valued in the king's books at twelve pounds per annum, and the yearly tenths at 11. 4s. In 1587 there were communicants here three hundred and fifty-two, and it was valued at fixty pounds. In 1640 there were four hundred, and it was then valued at one hundred and twenty pounds. Archbishop Juxon, anno 13 and 28 Charles II. augmented this vicarage with thirty pounds, to be paid yearly by the leffee of the great tithes. There is a modus claimed of four-pence an'acre for all land in this parish, (excepting woodland, which claims an exemption from the payment of tithes) paid to the vicar, in lieu of all tithes whatfoever. The leffee of the parsonage claims the tithe of corn only. The archbishop continues the patron of this vicarage.

The vicarage-house, which was built of timber and thatched, was burnt down in 1669, and was rebuilt of brick, as at prefent, by Jonathan Whilton, vicar, in .1676.

### CHURCH OF BETHERSDEN.

| PATRONS,<br>Or by whom prefented. | , VICA            |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| The Archbishop                    | Richard Gresbrook |

#### ARS.

ke, A. M. Nov. 14, 1598, obt. 1609. John Hepborne, A. M., O.R. 27, 1609, obt. 1612. John Copley, Oct. 17, 1612, 10. figned 1616.

FATRONS,

| 496 CHART AND LONGBRIDGE HUNDRED.                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| PATRONS, &c.                                                                                                                                                      | VICARS.                                                                                                                                                                              |
| The Archbishop                                                                                                                                                    | John Arnoyn, A. M. Nov.3,<br>1616, deprived 1622.<br>Richard Taylor, A. M. May 27,<br>1622.<br>John Thrifte, A. B. Feb. 23,                                                          |
|                                                                                                                                                                   | 1626, obt. May 1630. <sup>p</sup><br>William Turner, obt. 1631.<br>Ralfh Abbot, A. B. Dec. 19,<br>1631, and in 1642.<br>Wood, in 1653. <sup>9</sup>                                  |
|                                                                                                                                                                   | Richard Rands, A. M. March<br>19, 1667.<br>Jonathan Whiston, A. M. Aug.<br>9, 1669, obt. November 30,                                                                                |
|                                                                                                                                                                   | 1697.<br>Henry Hughes, A. M. June 8,<br>1698, obt. 1704.<br>Simon Hughes, A. M. Sept. 2,                                                                                             |
|                                                                                                                                                                   | 1704, refigned 1711. <sup>8</sup><br>Thomas Muriell. A. B. April 3,<br>1711, obt. 1717.<br>Thomas Hardis, LL. B. Oct. 3,                                                             |
|                                                                                                                                                                   | 1717.<br>James Barham, obt. 1734.<br>John Fether/ton, A. M. inducted<br>April 6, 1734, obt. 1747.<br>Henry Dell, April 2, 1747, ob.                                                  |
|                                                                                                                                                                   | Oct. 18, 1763."<br>William Jones, A. B. Dec. 16,<br>1763, refigned 1765.<br>Henry Kent, D. D. Nov. 24,<br>1765, refigned 1780.                                                       |
|                                                                                                                                                                   | David Martin, Jan. 24, 1781,<br>refigned 1786."<br>Lifc. M. Stretch, A. M. May,<br>1786."                                                                                            |
|                                                                                                                                                                   | Daniel Wilcox, 1787, the pre-<br>fent vicar.                                                                                                                                         |
| <ul> <li>Buricd here. His will is in the<br/>Prerog. off. Cant.</li> <li>9 See Cries of the Quakers, p. 3.</li> <li>r See Hiftory of archbiftop Laud's</li> </ul> | <ul> <li><sup>u</sup> He had been for fome time mini-<br/>fter of a Preibyterian congregation in<br/>Canterbury.</li> <li><sup>w</sup> He refigned this vicarage for that</li> </ul> |
| Troubles, p. 16.<br>And rector of Herft. See Smar-<br>den before.<br>t Before rector of Warden, and vi-<br>car of Leyfdown.                                       | of Leyfdown, in Shepey.<br>* He refigned the vicarage of Leys-<br>down for this of Betherfden.                                                                                       |

GREAT

### GREAT CHART

LIES adjoining to Bethersden north-eastward, It was called in the time of the Saxons, both Selebertes and Sybertes Chert, no doubt from the owners of it at that time. In Domesday it is written Certb; in other later, though antient, records, East Chart; but more usually, Great or Mochel Chart, from its extensiveness, and to distinguish it from the parish of Little Chart in this neighbourhood. There are two boroughs in it, viz. those of Bucksford and Chelmington. It is in the division of East Kent.

GREAT CHART is a very healthy fituation, lying partly on the lower or fouthern ridge of hills, ufually called the Quarry-hills, which crofs this parish, having the village and church on the fummit of them, and the court-lodge near them. The inhabitants have a tradition here, that Great Chart was once a far more confiderable place than at present, having had a great street of houses on the east fide, in the road which goes up by Singleton to the top of the hill, where there have been many houses in the memory of man. The ruins of the market-house were to be seen in the field where the fair is now kept, over against the church, which probably was but a kind of a chapel, when this town was burnt down by the Danes, and then Ashford began to rife and grow out of the ruins of it. The church is the northern boundary of the Weald, into which this parish extends about two miles fouthward, and about half a mile northward, on the other fide of the hill, it is from east to west about one mile. It has no coppice wood in it, three or four fmall shaves excepted. The high road from Tenterden through Bethersden to Ashford, goes through this parish and the village of Great Chart, north-eastward. This parish is watered by the separate heads of the river Medway and the Stour, Kk VOL. VII.

Stour, which direct their courfe directly contrary ways through it; the former, rifing near Goldwell, directing its courfe westward along the fouthern bounds of it; and the latter flowing on the other fide of the hills, along the northern part of it eastward, towards Ashford, and turning in its courfe through this parish two corn-mills, at Wurting and Buksford. The foil is in general a stiff clay. Upon the hill there is, as in other parts of it, much of the quarry-stone. The face of it, in the Weald, is much the fame as defcribed before, in Halden, Bethersden, and other places adjoining to it. From the foot of the hill northward towards Godinton, it is mostly a fertile pasture and good fatting land. The manfion of Godinton has had great improvements made to it by Mr. Toke, of Canterbury, whilft he refided here. The front, which is towards the north, is modern; the eastern one is antient. In the hall there is a series of fine family portraits, several of which are by Cornelius Johnson, and others equally good. The staircase is of very antient carvework ; in the windows of which are collected all the arms, quarterings, and matches, in painted glafs, of the family, formerly difperfed throughout the houfe ; they are numerous, very perfect, and well preferved. The drawing room up-ftairs is curioufly wainfcotted with oak, and carved; particularly along the upper part of it, all round the room, is a representation of the exercise and manœuvres of the antient militia, with the men habited and accoutred with their arms, in every attitude of marching, exercife, &c. which makes a very droll exhibition of them. There are feveral handfome chimney-pieces throughout the house, of Bethersden marble, well carved and ornamented with the arms of the family. Driver laid out the gardens and shrubberies, which were planted about 1770. The trees are now of a furprifing fize for their time, and well fhew the fertility, as well as depth of the foil, especially from the oaks growing faster and more luxuriant than the ash

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or chefnut planted close by them. There was a vineyard at Godinton in Captain Nicholas Toke's time, from which was made wine of an extraordinary fine fort and flavour : inftances of this have been already mentioned in this hiftory, at more places than one in it, as the reader may fee by referring to the former volumes of this hiftory." The parish does not extend more than one hundred rods from Godinton, before it is joined by that of Ashford. The fair is held here, by alteration of the stile, on April 5, being a great one for stock, both bullocks and sheep. It ought not to be forgotten in regard to the healthiness of this place, that the ages of Captain Nicholas Toke, who died in 1680, æt. 93, and of his four predecessors, successive owners of Godinton, made up 430 years; and those of four of the family of Engeham, of Singleton, in this parish, each the others heir there, made up 329 years.

In the night of May 1, 1580, there happened a great earthquake in this parifh, which frightened the inhabitants fo much, that they role from their beds.

IN THE YEAR 799 king Cenewlf, at the requeft of archbifhop Athelard, reftored to Chrift-church, in Canterbury, the lands which king Offa, his almoft immediate predeceffor, had taken from archbifhop Janibert, among which was this manor, then called *Selebertes Ceart*; and he gave it, with the confent of his bifhops and nobles, free from all fecular and regal tribute, *ad veftimentum monichorum*, i. e. towards the cloathing of the monks there. In which flate this manor remained at the taking of Domefday, in which it is thus entered under the general title of the archbifhop's lands, as all the poffeffions of this church were, as follows:

In Cert hundred, the archbishop himself holds Certh. It was taxed at three sulings. The arable land is twelve

<sup>7</sup> See a discourse of the introduction and progress of the Vine in Britain, in the Archæologia, vol. i. p. 326, vol. iii. p. 53.

carncates.

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carucates. In demession there are two, and thirty fix villeins, with eleven cottagers, having twenty-two carucates and an half. There are five servants, and two mills of fix shillings, and a salt pit of fix pence, and twenty seven acres of passure, and wood for the pannage of one hundred hogs. In the time of king Edward the Confessor, and when he received it, it was worth twelve pounds, now twenty pounds, and yet it pays twenty seven pounds.

In the 10th year of king Edward II. the prior of Christ-church obtained a grant of free warren in all his demefne lands in this manor of Great Chart, among others which he or his predeceffors had acquired fince the time of the king's grandfather, fo that the fame were not within the bounds of his forest. King Henry VI. in his 25th year, granted to the prior a market weekly, and a fair yearly on Lady-day.<sup>2</sup> It continued afterwards part of the poffessions of the priory of Christ-church till its dissolution, in the 31st year of Henry VIII. when it was furrendered into the king's hands, with whom this manor did not continue long; for the king fettled it, among other premifes, in his 33d year, on his new founded dean and chapter of Canterbury, part of whofe inheritance it still continues. The company of haberdashers in London, are the present less of the demesses of this manor; but the manerial rights, with the court leet and court baron belonging to it, the dean and chapter referve in their own hands.

CHELMINGTON is a manor in the fouthern part of this parifh, within the boundary of the Weald, next to Kingfnoth, in the borough of its own name, being written in antient records both Chelmanton and Chilmandon. It was once the property of a family who took their name from it, and had a manfion here, at which they continued refident for many generations, bearing for their arms, Argent, three chevrons, azure,

2 Rot. Cart. anno 25 and 26 Henry VI. No. 30.

nine

nine cross-crossets, fable. At length it devolved to John Chelmington, whole figure, habited in armour, was formerly in a window of the north chancel of this church. He died in king Henry V.'s reign, leaving Elizabeth his daughter and fole heir, who entitled her husband Roger Twysden, gent. to the possession of it. He afterwards refided at Chelmington, as did his descendants, till William Twysden, esq. of Chelmington, whole lands were digavelled by the act of the 2d and 3d Edward VI. in which he is spelt William Twifenden, having married Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Roydon, efq. of Roydon-hall, in East Peckham, removed thither," where his posterity have continued ever fince. Sir Thomas Twysden, bart. about the reign of queen Anne, alienated it to Mr. Thomas Hooker, whole fon Thomas Hooker, elq. of Great Chart, died posseffed of it in 1765, and lies buried in the fouth chancel of this church, whole arms were, A cross, between four escallops. His daughter Elizabeth married Walter Bartelot, elq. of Stopham, in that county, who bore for his arms, Sable, three falconers sinister gloves pendant, argent, and tasselled, or; granted to his anceftor Walter Bartlett, efq. of Stopham, in 1616; by her he had three fons, Walter, who took the name of Smith, and was of that place, efq. George Smith, and Hooker. By his will he gave this estate to his second grandson George Smith Bartelot, who died unmarried; on which it came, by the entail of the fame will, to the youngest brother Hooker Bartelot, esq. the present owner of it.

The bortholder for the borough of Chelmington ufed to be chosen at the manor court; but this has been fometime difused, and he is chosen at the court of Chart manor.

<sup>2</sup> See an account of the family of Twysden, of East Peckham, vol. v. of this history, p. 96.

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SHINGLETON,

SHINGLETON, corruptly fo called for Singleton, its original name, is an eftate here, lying likewite near the fouthern boundary of this parish, about a mile northwestward from Chelmington. It was in former times of fome note, having had owners of that furname, who bore for their antient arms, as appears by their deeds, Two chevrons, between three martlets. Henry de Singleton was one of the perfons of note, whole figures, in armour, were formerly in the window of the north chancel of this church. His succeffor John Singleton was a justice of the peace in the reigns of king Richard II. and Henry IV. as appears by an old roll of the juffices of those times, collected by Thinne and John Syngleton, is among the lift of those gentlemen of this county, taken anno 12 Henry Vl. who were entitled to bear the antient coat armour of their ancestors.<sup>b</sup> He passed this estate away to Engeham, or Edingham, as they were antiently written, who added much to the building of this manfion, which continued in this name till the beginning of king James I.'s reign, when Sir Edward Engham conveyed it to Richard Brown, esq. descended of a younger branch of the Browns, of Beechworth-caftle, from whom it descended to his grandchild of the same name, who married Elizabeth, daughter of Sir William Andrews, of Buckinghamshire, and dying soon after the death of king Charles I. fhe afterwards became entitled to this feat as part of her dower, and on her death was fucceeded in it, as well as in other confiderable property in this parish and in Kingsnoth, by Thomas, lord Leigh, baron of Stoneleigh, in Warwickshire, who had married Elizabeth their only daughter and heir; and he alienated it to Andrews; from which name it paffed, at the latter end of the last century, with Wurthin mill, in this parish, to the company of haberdashers of London, as truf-

<sup>b</sup> See Fuller's Worthies of Kent, p. S7.

tees for the fupport of the hofpital at Hoxton, commonly called Afke's hofpital, in whom it is at this time vefted.

GOLDWELL is a manor of great antiquity here, lying on the Quarry-hills, about a mile weltward from Chart church, being defcribed in Domesday by the name of *Godeselle*, at which time it was part of the posseffions of the bishop of Baieux, under the description of whose lands it is thus entered in it.

The fame Hugo, (grandfon of Herbert) holds of the bishop Godefelle. It was taxed at one fuling. The arable land is two carucates, in demessive there is one, and five villeins having one carucate and an half. There is a church, and two fervants, and two acres of meadow, and wood for the pannage of ten hogs. In the time of king Edward III. and afterwards, and now, it was and is worth four pounds. Edwin held it of the king, and could go with his land wherever he would.

This manor, afterwards known by the name of Goldwell, became the property and manfion of a family who affumed their name from it, who bore for their arms, Azure, a chief or, over all a lion rampant, argent, bezantee, sable. Sir John Goldwell was a commander of confiderable note in the reign of king John, and refided at Goldwell; from whom it delcended down to John Goldwell, who lived in the reign of Edward III. He left two fons, John, who fucceeded him here; and Thomas, who purchased the seat of Godington in this parish, as will be further taken notice of hereafter. In the descendants of John Goldwell above-mentioned, two of whom were learned bishops, viz. James Goldwell, made bishop of Norwich in 1472, who was principal fecretary to Edward IV. and Thomas Goldwell, made bishop of St. Asaph in 1555; this manor continued down to John Gold-

<sup>c</sup> See more of the former and his preferments, in Newc. Rep. vol. i. p. 71.

well,

well, efq. who in king James I.'s reign, alienated it to Sir William Wythins, of Eltham, who again parted with it to Sir John Tufton, knight and baronet, of Hothfield, whofe eldeft fon Nicholas was created lord Tufton and earl of Thanet; and in his defcendants, earls of Thanet, this eftate, which has long fince loft the name of a manor, and is now known by the names of Great and Little Goldwell farms, has continued down to the prefent Right Hon. Sackville, earl of Thanet, the prefent poffeffor of it.

NINNEHOUSE is a manor, fituated on the northern fide of the quarry-hill, not far from the river Stour, which was antiently the refidence of John at Nin, whole figure, in armour, was with thole of other eminent men formerly in the north window of the north chancel of this church ; in whole descendants it continued till the reign of Henry VI. when it was alienated to Sharpe; one of whom, William Sharpe, of this place, died poffeffed of it in 1499, and lies buried in the middle ifle of this church, with his five wives, as does his defcendant William Sharpe the elder, who died in 1583. At length, after it had continued in this name and family for many generations, it was conveyed by fale by William Sharpe, gent. at the beginning of the prefent century, to Mr. Thomas Curteis, who fold it to the Rev. Mr. Hilkiah Bedford, e the famous and learned nonjuring writer, defcended of a family feated at Sibley, near Bofton, in Lincolnshire. He was deprived of his preferments in 1689, for nonconformity, and in 1714 was tried and received lentence, for printing and publishing the hereditary Right of the Crown afferted; of which, however, he is faid not to be the real author. He left three fons, of whom William was phyfician to Chrift's hofpital,

<sup>e</sup> See an account of him and his writings in Biog. Brit. vol. vi. p. 3732, note [B.] and register of the college of physicians; Thomas, was of Ashburn, in Derbyshire, and John was M. D. of Durham. He died possessed of it, and was succeeded by his eldest fon William Bedford, M. D. who died in 1747, and his only daughter and heir Elizabeth marrying with Mr. John Claxton, of Shirley, near Croydon, in Surry, has entitled him to the posfession of this estate.

COURT-WURTIN, now usually called Worting farm, lies further weftward, at a small distance southward from the river Stour. It was formerly accounted a manor, and was the refidence of owners of that furname; one of whom, William de Wurtin, by his deed without date, demifed land which lay within his manor of Wurtin to Quickemannus de Bere. The figure of Henry de Wurtin, in armour, was with those of other eminent perfons formerly in the window of the north chancel of this church. The last of this name here was Thomas de Wurtin, who about the beginning of king Henry IV.'s reign, paffed it away to Thomas Goldwell, of Godinton, in this parish, whose son William Goldwell died in 1485; by the marriage of whofe heir-general, this manor at length, with his feat of Godinton, came to Thomas Toke, elq. of Bere, who fettled it on his third fon John Toke, efq. afterwards of Godinton, in whofe descendants it has continued down, with that feat, to Nicholas Roundell Toke, efq. now of Godinton, the prefent possessor of it.

GODINGTON is an antient manfion, in the fouthwest part of this parish, on the other or northern fide of the river, next to Hothfield, which was once the refidence of a family of the fame name. Simon de Godington, who was likewise posses of lands in Stroud, Frindsbury, and Chelsfield, in this county, which were named after him, lived here, as appeared by very antient deeds. John de Godington's figure, in armour, and looking up to a crucifix placed above hum,

him, was with those of feveral other eminent perfons of note in these parts, formerly in the window of the north chancel of this church. William de Godington, his fon, lived here, as appeared by his deed in the 4th year of Richard II. but before the end of that reign, he had passed away his interest in it to Richard, Simon, and John Champneys; and they, in the 6th year of Henry IV. joined in the fale of it to Thomas, younger fon of John Goldwell, of Goldwell before-mentioned, who died anno 5 Henry V. His fon William Goldwell, was of Godinton, where he died in the 1st year of Henry VII. leaving a fon Thomas and a daughter Joane, married to Thomas Toke, of Westbere. Thomas Goldwell, the fon, inherited this feat, and left an only daughter Avice his heir, who became the wife of Robert a Rowe; but she died f. p. on which Joane, above-mentioned, entitled her husband Thomas Toke, as heir-general, to this feat of Godington, with other eftates in this parish and elsewhere.

The family of Toke, Tooke, or Tucke, as they have at different times been varioufly spelt, are supposed to be descended from Le Sire de Touque, called in some copies Toc, and in others Touke, mentioned in the Battel abbey roll, having among others, attended William the Conqueror in his expedition hither, and being prefent on his behalf in the memorable battle of Haftings. His descendant Robert de Toke, who is the first mentioned in the pedigrees of this family, bore for his arms, Parted per chevron, sable, and argent, three griffins heads, erased and counterchanged. He was present with king Henry III. in 1264, at the battle of Northampton. His great-grandson is called Toke, de Toke & Westcliffe, from whom descended in the fifth generation John Toke, of Bere, who lived in the reigns of Henry V. and VI. and had three fons; of whom Thomas, the eldeft, was of Bere; Ralph, the fecond, was anceftor of those of Cambridgeshire, bridgeshire, Dorsetshire, and Hertfordshire; and John, the third, died without male iffue. Thomas Toke, of Bere, the eldeft fon, is mentioned before, as having married Joane, daughter of William Goldwell, elq. of Godinton, whole heir-general she at length was; he married fecondly Cecilia, daughter of Sir Robert Chicheley, niece to the archbishop, by whom he had no iffue. By his first wife he had three fons, Ralph, who fucceeded to the family eflate at Bere, where his posterity remained till the latter end of the last century, as will be mentioned under the defcription of that place; Richard, who died f. p. and John, the youngest, who had Godinton by his father's will, where he afterwards refided, and had an augmentation of honor granted to his arms by king Henry VII. as a reward for his expedition in a meffage on which he was employed to the French king, being an additional coat of arms, viz. Argent, on a chevron, between three greyhounds heads erafed fable, collared, or, three plates; which coat the Tokes of Godinton have ever fince borne, in the first quarter of their arms, placing the original arms of Toke in the fecond place; in whofe descendants, refident here, most of whom lie buried in this church, this feat continued down to Nicholas Toke, efq. of Godington, ufually called Captain Toke, sheriff in 1663, who dying in 1680, was buried in the chancel of this church, with his five wives. His portrait at full length is in the hall here, and that of Diana his fifth wife, daughter of the earl of Winchelfea. There is an anecdote of him in the family, that at the age of ninety-three, being left a widower, he walked from hence to London, to pay his addresses to a fixth wife; but being taken ill, he presently died. His portrait well expresses the strength of his frame and constitution. Leaving no male islue by either of his wives, he devised this feat of Goding. ton, with the reft of his eftate, to his nephew and heir at-law, Nicholas Toke, of Wye, fon of his next brother

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brother Henry Toke, M. D. of Ofham. Which Nicholas kept his fhrievalty at Godington in 1693, and was, the year afterwards, knighted. He left by his second wife, Katherine, daughter of Sir Tho. Dyke, of Suffex, two fons, John and Thomas; and five daughters; Catherine, married to William, fon of John Henden, of Biddenden; Elizabeth, to Edward, fon of Charles Paine, of East Grinsted; Margaret to John Handfield; Sarah, first to Thomas Nower, and fecondly to Matthew Rutton; and Bridget to Thomas, fon of Tho. Brett, LL. D. of Spring-grove. After which this feat defcended down to his eldeft greatgrandfon John; (Nicholas, the youngeft, clerk, is rector of Barnstone, in Essex), which John Toke, esq. was of Godinton, where he kept his fhrievalty in 1770, having married Margaret, daughter of Dr. Roundell, by whom he had three fons, Nicholas-Roundell, John, and William; and two daughters. After his wife's death he removed to Canterbury, where he now refides, leaving the poffession of this feat with the reft of his eftates in this parish and Hothfield, to his eldeft fon Nicholas Roundell Toke, efq. who now refides in it.<sup>f</sup>

BUCKSFORD, alias NORTH STOWER, lies about a quarter of a mile northward of the river Stour, on the high road to Alhford. It was formerly accounted a manor, and at the latter end of king Henry VIII.'s reign was the property of Baker. It was afterwards poffeffed by the Clarks, of Woodchurch; one of whom, Humphry Clarke, efq. refided for fome time here. After which it paffed to Richard Toke, the youngeft fon of John Toke, of Godinton, by Cicely Kempe his wife, who likewife refided here; and thence again to Fleete; at length William Fleet fold it to Henry Crifpe, efq. of Quekes, in Thanet, who by will

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>f</sup> There are pedigrees of Toke in Viftn. co. Kent of 1574 and 1619, and among the Harl. MSS. No. 1195-55 and 1196 108.

## GREAT CHART.

in 1663 devifed it to his nephew Thomas, fon of his brother Thomas Crifpe, of Goudhurft, who conveyed it by fale to Andrews; and Alexander Andrews, in the year 1690, fold it, together with the manor of Shingleton before mentioned, and his other eftates in this parifh, to the company of haberdafhers, in London, as truftees for the fupport of the hofpital commonly called Afke's hofpital, at Hoxton, in whom it is now vefted.

### CHARITIES.

JOHN TOKE, ESQ. of Godinton, by will in 1560, gave to the poor an annuity of 21s. to be yearly received out of a houfe, with its appurtenances, and one piece of land, in Chart-freet.

ROBERT MORECOCK, one of the gentlemen of queen Elizabeth's chapel, by will in 1581, gave to the poor one piece of land, called Morecock's garden, Cockridge, or Upton, containing half an acre, in this parish, now of the annual value of 128.

FRANCIS TOKE, ESQ. of Great Chart, by will in 1583, gave towards the maintenance and fupport of two poor inhabitants, upon certain conditions therein mentioned, three houfes, with their appurtenances, and eleven acres of land belonging to them in this parifh, the annual produce of which is 111. 25. 6d.

THOMAS KIPPS, gent. of Canterbury, by will in 1680, gave to the poor one annuity of 20s. out of two houses and certain lands called Chillmarsh, in this parish.

The poor conftantly relieved are about thirty, cafually eighty.

BENEFACTIONS GIVEN TO THE CHURCH. ONE ANNUITY of 30s. out of all the lands and tenements, formerly of Richard Toke, gent. of this parish, in Kennington and Boughton Aluph, given by indenture in 1576.

Two PIECES OF LAND, called Crouchfield and Bournefield, containing feven acres, in the denne of Brickenden, in Biddenden, as was found by inquifition taken in 1562, to be given by the will of John Goldwell, gent. anno 13 Henry VII.

THE MANOR OF HAMMONDECOT, alias HENDECOT, and one piece of land called Lords grove, in Woodchurch, and the feveral quit-rents belonging to it, were given by William Clark, of Woodchurch, by indenture, anno 22 Henry VII.

THERE IS a *fchool* here, fupported by the voluntary fubfcription of Mr. Toke, the rector, and fome others, for reading English and writing.

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THIS PARISH is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JU-RISDICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Charing.

The church, which is dedicated to the bleffed Virgin Mary, is a large handsome building, confifting of three isles and three chancels, having a well-built tower steeple at the west end, in which are five bells. The north and fouth ifles are leaded, the middle ifle and chancel tiled. The north chancel is divided lengthways, as to its property ; the north fide belonging to the haberdashers company, and the fouth fide to the Tokes, of Godinton. Between the middle and this north chancel is an altar-tomb, the braffes on which, as well as the infcription, are loft. It was for William de Goldwelle, and Avice his wife, they both died in 1485. Between every word was the figure of a well. Against the north wall is an antient tomb, one fide of which is nearly covered by the vault which is raifed against it, for the Toke family, built by Sir Nicholas Toke in 1701. On the pavement are feveral gravestones for the family of Toke, most of which are enriched with their figures and shields of arms in brafs. In the windows are feveral coats of arms, among which are those of the fee of Norwich and of Goldwell, and feveral figures of faints. In the lower north window were formerly, according to Weever, fixteen (Philipott fays only twelve) figures of men, all kneeling, ten of which remained in his time; three of the others are fupplied by Philipott, being Johannes de Godinton, Henry de Wurtin, and Henricus de Singleton, owners of lands in this parish, as has been noticed before, in the midft of whom were two priests. The current tradition, time out of mind, has been, that thefe were principal perfons here, owners of lands and builders of this church. The fouth chancel is likewife divided, as to its property, lengthways; the north part belonging to Bartelot, and the fouth to the earl of Thanet, whole grandfather refused to repair pair his part of it, which his anceftors had done time out of mind. In the fouth part lies buried Thomas Hooker, elq. and Mary his wife, mentioned before. Weever fays, the portrait of bishop Goldwell was in the east window, kneeling, and in every quarry a golden well, and these words, Jacobo Goldwelle Episcopo Norwicen . . qui . . . opus fundavit ann Xti MCCCCLXXVII; by which it appears he was the founder of it; fragments of this still remain, most of which have been transposed from their proper places, and added to parts not belonging to them. At the end of the fouth isle, a ftone with the figures in brafs, for Thomas Twefden and Benet his wife. In the middle isle, a stone with figures in brafs, for William Sharpe and his five wives. He died in 1499. In the crofs isle, a memorial for William Sharpe the elder, obt. 1583. In this ifle, in an upper range of windows, are feveral figures of men, with arms under them; one of them is those of Toke. The church has been lately handfomely pewed, at the charge of the parish, and the pews painted at the charge of John Toke, efq. In the church-yard, on the north fide of the north chancel, there appear the foundations of a building once adjoining to it, which has been down for many years, and on the outfide of the eaft wall of the fame chancel, is a fquare ftone in the wall, with an infeription for Clare Cowldwell, widow, fometime wife of John Cowldwell, bilhop of Sarum, and daughter of John Toke, esq. who died f. p. in 1608. At the east end of the church-yard is a very antient tomb, for Sulan, wife of Thomas Brett, and daughter of Thomas Kadwell, gent. the reft is hid under ground by the finking of the tomb. Further is another tomb for Richard Toke, gent. fon of John Toke, elq. and Cicely his wife, who married Elizabeth, daughter of Humphry Clarke, elq. He died in 1598.

James Goldwell, bishop of Norwich, born at Goldwell, in this parish, as mentioned before, who died in 1499, 1499, and was buried in his cathedral at Norwich, was a great benefactor to this church, and a principal repairer of it. He founded a chantry in the fouth chancel of it, at the altar of the Bleffed Trinity; which chantry was diffolved by the act of the 1fl year of king Edward VI. This chantry, ufually called Goldwell's chantry, in a trial had, on a writ of prerogative, anno 10 Elizabeth, is faid to have been founded by Nicholas Goldwell, clerk.<sup>3</sup>

CLEMENT FRENSHAM, of this parifh, by will in 1544, bequeathed an obst of 6s. 8d. upon Relic Monday in this church, for divine mass by note, and other divine fervice; and what was spared to be given to the poor, for ever. For which he bound all his lands in Kent, and among others, a house and fifteen acres of land, called Bets, with a garden, in Great Chart; and he appointed the curate of this parish, and his fuccessions, overfeers of his will.

The advowfon of the rectory of Great Chart was ever efteemed as an appendage to the manor, and as fuch was part of the possessions of the priory of Christ church, in Canterbury, with which it remained till the diffolution of the priory in the 31ft year of king Henry VIII. after which it was granted by the king, in his 32d year, by the defcription of, the advowson of Moche Chart, in exchange for other premises, to Sir Thomas Wyatt, of Alyngton, to hold in capite by knight's fervice; but his fon, of the fame name, being attainted in the 1ft year of queen Mary, this advowfon, among the reft of his eftates, became forfeited to the crown, where it feems to have remained till queen Elizabeth, in exchange for other premites taken from the archbishopric, granted it to the archbishop of Canterbury, with whom it has continued ever fince, his grace the archbithop being the prefent patron of it.

\* See Coke's Entries, p. 439, and vol. vi. of this hillory, p. 517.

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This rectory is valued in the king's books at 251. 6s. 04d. and the yearly tenths at 21. 10s. 74d. In 1640 it was valued at one hundred pounds, communicants three hundred. It is now worth two hundred pounds per annum.

The parlonage is fituated fome way down the hill fouthward, on the weft fide, about a quarter of a mile from the church. There are twelve acres of glebeland.

### CHURCH OF GREAT CHART.

PATRONS, Or by whom prefented. The Archbishop.

#### RECTORS

Nicholas Simpson, A. M. Jan. 7, 1595, obt. 1609.h

Adrian Saravia, S. T. P. March 23, 1609, obt. 1612.<sup>i</sup>

John Abbot, S. T. P. Feb. 5, 1612, obt. 1615.

William King fley, S. T. P. refigned 1616.k

Thomas Jackson, S. T. P. Feb. 7, 1616, refigned 1629.1

Thomas Wefley, S. T. P. October 15, 1629, obt. April 1639.<sup>m</sup>

William Axon, LL.B. July 12, 1639.

Edward Line, ejected 1662."

Thomas Tomkins, S. T. B. July 18, 1667.

Valentine Chadwick, A. M. Dec. 9, 1669, obt. 1719.

dying in 1646, was buried in that cathedral.

m And prebendary of Canterbury. He was buried in the Savoy church, London, of which he was preacher. Wood's Ath. p. 253.

Wood's Ath. p. 253. n He was ejected by the Bartholomew act.

h Prebendary of Canterbury, and lies buried in that cathedral.

i Ibid. His will is in the Prerog. off. Cant.

k Prebendary and afterwards archdeacon of Canterbury. He died in 1649, and was buried in that cathedral.

I Likewife prebendary of Canterbury. He refigned this rectory, and

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PATRONS, Sc.

The Archbishop.

#### RECTORS.

David Wilkins, S. T. P. Sept. 12, 1719, refigned 1719.° John Clark, A. M. Jan. 21,

1719, obt. June 1737.<sup>p</sup>

William Hull, A. M. Oct. 7, 1737, obt. Oct. 1742.9

Walter Walker Ward, S. T. P.

Nov. 3, 1742, refig. 1747.<sup>r</sup> James Tunstal, S. T. P. March 6, 1747, refigned 1757.<sup>s</sup>

Thomas Wray, A. M. Nov. 26, 1757, refigned 1762.

John Benfon, A. M. 1762, refig. 1780."

William Nance, LL. B. Nov. 1780, the prefent rector."

• Prebendary of Canterbury, and archdeacon of Suffolk. He died in 1745, at Hadleigh, in Suffolk, of which he was rector, as well as of Monks Ifleigh, in that county, a publifher of feveral learned works.

P Prebendary of Canterbury, and dean of Sarum. He died, and lies baried in the chancel of this church.

9 He had been observed to be melancholy for fome time, and went on a visit to a friend's house at Romney, where fibi ipsi necem conscivit.

r He before held the reftory of Biddenden with the vicarage of Marden by difpenfation, the latter of which he refigned, and held the former with this reftory by difpenfation.

4. And vicar of Minster, in Thanet, which, as well as this rectory, he refigned for Rochdale, in Lancashire. \* Alfo rector of Rucking by difpenfation, which he refigned for that of Wittersham, which latter he held with this of Chart by dispensation. He refigned both these for Rochdale, as before-mentioned.

<sup>u</sup> Before vicar of Shepherdfwell with Coldred; he held this rectory with that of Rucking by dispensation, and was fix preacher of Canterbury cathedral; in 1762 a dispensation passed for his holding the rectory of St. Michael, Harbledown, both which he exchanged for the vicarage of Boxley with his fuccessor, which he now holds, and is prebendary of Canterbury, and register of Gloucester.

• He holds this with Harbledown by difpenfation. See the foregoing note (u).

### HOTHFIELD

IS the next parish northward from Great Chart, and is so called from the *bothe*, or heath within it. The greatest part of this parish lies within the hundred of Chart and Longbridge, and the remainder in that of Calehill. It is in the division of East Kent.

THE

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THE PARISH of Hothfield lies a little more than two miles from Ashford north-westward, the high road from which towards Lenham and Maidstone goes through it over Hothfield heath. It contains about .1250 acres, and fifty houses, the rents of it are about 1 300l. per annum. It is not a pleafant, nor is it accounted a healthy fituation, owing probably to the many low and watry lands in and about it. The river Stour, which rifes at Lenham, runs along the fouthern fide of the parish, which is watered likewise by several finall ftreams, which rife about Charing and Weftwell, from under the chalk hills, and join the Stour here. The heath, which contains near one half of the parifh, confifts mostly of a deep fand, and has much peat on it, which is continually dug by the poor for firing. On the east and west fides of the heath, the latter being called West-street, are two hamlets of houses, which form the fcattered village of Hothfield. The Place-house stands on a hill, at a small distance from the corner of the heath fouthward, with fome fmall plantations of trees about it, forming a principal object to the country round it. It is a square manfion, built of Portland stone, by the late earl of Thanet, on the scite of the antient mansion, close to the church; it has a good prospect round it. The adjoining grass grounds are extensive, and well laid out for the view over them; the water, which rifes at no great diftance from the house, becomes very soon a tolerable fized stream, and running on in fight of it, joins the Stour a little above Worting mill; thefe grass lands are fertile and good fatting land, like those mentioned before, near Godington, in Great Chart. The parsonage house, which is a neat dwelling of white flucco, flands at the fouthern corner of the heath, at the foot of the hill, adjoining the Place grounds, near West-street. Between the heath and Potter's corner, towards Ashford, the soil begins to approach much of the quarry stone. Though

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Though the land in the parifh is naturally poor, it is rendered productive by the chalk and lime procured from the down hills. The inhabitants have an unlimited right of commoning with those of the adjoining parifh of Westwell, to upwards of five hundred acres of common, which affords them the means of keeping a cow and their poultry, which, with the liberty of digging peat, draws a number of certificated poor to refide here. There is not one different in the parifh.

Jack Cade, the noted rebel, in Henry the VI.th's reign, though generally fuppofed to be taken by Alexander Iden, efq. the fheriff, in a field belonging to Ripple manor, in the adjoining parifh of Weftwell, was difcovered, as fome fay, in a field in this parifh, ftill named from him, Jack Cade's field, now laid open with the reft of the grounds adjoining to Hothfieldplace.

The plant caryophyllata montena, or water avens, which is a very uncommon one, grows in a wood near Barber's hill, in this parish.

THE MANOR OF HOTHFIELD feems, in very early times, to have had the fame owners as the barony of Chilham, and to have continued fo, for a confiderable length of time after the descendants of Fulbert de Dover were become extinct here. Bartholomew de Badlesmere, who in the 5th year of king Edward II. had a grant of this manor as well as of Chilham in fee, appears to have held this manor of Hothfield by grand fergeantry of the archbishop, and accordingly, in the 8th year of it, at the enthroning of archbishop Walter Reynolds, he made his claim, and was allowed to perform the office of chamberlain for that day, and to ferve up the water, for the archbishop to wash his hands; for which his fees were, the furniture of his bedchamber, and the bason and towel made use of for that purpole ;\* and in the next year he obtained of the

\* See Battely's Somn. part ii. p. 59, and append. p. 20.

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king, a charter of free-warren for his demelne lands within this manor among others. After this the manor of Hothfield continued to be held by the like fervice, and continued in the fame owners as that of Chilham,<sup>y</sup> down to Thomas lord Roos, who became entitled to the fee of it, who for his attachment to the house of Lancaster, was, with others, attainted, in the Ift year of king Edward IV.'s reign, and his lands confiscated to the crown. But Margaret his mother, being possessed of it for her life, afterwards married Roger Wentworth, efq. whom she furvived, and died possefield of it in the 18th year of that reign; upon which, by reafon of the above attaint, the crown became entitled to it, the inquisition for which was found in the 4th year of that reign; immediately after which, the king granted it to Sir John Fogge, of Repton, who was comptroller of his houshold and one of his privy council, for his life. On king Richard III.'s acceffion to the crown, he took shelter in the abbey of Westminster, from whence he was invited by the king, who in the presence of a numerous affembly gave him his hand, and bid him be confident that from thenceforward he was fure to him in affection. This is rather mentioned, as divers chronicles have erroneoufly mentioned that he was an attorney, whom this prince had pardoned for forgery. He died possessed of it in the 17th year of Henry VII. where it remained till Henry VIII. granted it, at the very latter end of his reign, to John Tufton, esq. of Northiam, in Suffex, whose lands were disgavelled by the acts of 2 and 3 Edward VI. who afterwards refided at Hothfield, where he kept his shrievalty in the 3d year of queen Elizabeth. He was descended from ancestors who were orignally written Toketon, and held lands in Rainham, in this county, as early as king John's

<sup>7</sup> See Chilham before, p. 470, and more of the family of Badlefmere, vol. vi. of this hiftory, p. 471.

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reign;<sup>z</sup> one of whom was feated at Northiam, in Suffex, in king Richard the IId.'s reign, at which time they were written as at prefent, Tufton, and they continued there till John Tufton, efq. of Northiam, before-mentioned, removed hither. He died in 1567, and was buried in this church, leaving one fon John 1 ufton, who refided at Hothfield-place, and in July, in the 16th year of queen Elizabeth, anno 1573, entertained the queen here, in her progrefs through this county. In the 17th year of that reign he was sheriff, and being a person of eminent repute and abilities, he was knighted by king James, in his ift year, and created a baronet at the first institution of that order, on June 19, 1611. He married Olimpia, daughter and heir of Christopher Blower, efq. of Sileham, in Rainham, by whom he had three daughters; and fecondly Christian, daughter and coheir of Sir Humphry Brown, a justice of the common pleas. He died in 1624, and was buried in this church, having had by her feveral fons and daughters. Of the former, Nicholas the eldeft, fucceeded him in title and eftates. Sir Humphry was of Bobbing and the Mote, in Maidstone, and Sir William was of Vinters, in Boxley, both baronets, of whom further mention has already been made in the former parts of this hiftory.

Sir Nicholas Tufton, the eldeft fon, was by letters patent, dated Nov. 1, anno 2 Charles I. created lord Tufton, baron of Tufton, in Suffex; and on August 5, in the 4th year of that reign, earl of the Isle of Thanet, in this county. He had four fons and nine daughters; of the former, John succeeded him in honors, and Cecil, was father of Sir Charles Tufton, of Twickenham, in Middlesex. John, the eldest fon, second earl of Thanet, married in 1629 Margaret, eldest daughter and coheir of Richard, earl of

<sup>3</sup> Among the Harleian MSS. No. 2043-42, are notes illuftrating the defcent of the family of Tutton, alias Toketon.

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Dorfet, by his wife the lady Anne Clifford, fole daughter and heir of George, earl of Cumberland, and baronefs of Clifford, Weitmoreland, and Veicy, by which marriage these tithes descended afterwards to their isfue. In the time of the commonwealth, after king Charles the Ift.'s death, he was, in 1654, appointed sheriff, and however inconsistent it might be to his rank, yet he served the office. He left fix fons and fix daughters, and was fucceeded by Nicholas his eldeft fon, third earl of Thanet, who by the deaths of his mother in 1676, and of his coufin-german Alethea, then wife of Edward Hungerford, elq. who died f. p. in 1678, he became heir to her, and fole heir to his grandmother Anne, lady Clifford, and confequently to the baronies of Clifford, Westmoreland, and Vescy; dying f. p. he was fucceeded as earl of Thanet and lord Clifford, &c. by his next brother John, who, on his mother's death, fucceeded likewife by her will to her large eftates in Yorkshire and Westmoreland, and to the hereditary sheriffdoms of the latter and of Cumberland likewife, for it frequently happened in these bereditary sheriffdoms that female heirs became poffeffed of them, and confequently were theriffs of those districts; but this was not at all an unusual thing, there being many frequent inftances of women bearing that office, as may be feen in most of the books in which any mention is made of it, fome instances of which the reader may fee in the differtation on the office of sheriff, in vol. i. of this history. That part of their office which was incompatible for a woman to exercise, was always executed by a deputy, or shyre-clerk, in their name. But among the Harleian MSS. is a very remarkable note taken from Mr. Attorney-general Noysreading in Lincoln's inn, in 1632, in which, upon a point, whether the office of a justice of a forest might be executed by a woman; it was faid, that Margaret, counters of Richmond, mother to king Henry VII. was a justice of peace'; that the lady L14

lady Bartlet, perhaps meant for Berkley, was also made a justice of the peace by queen Mary, in Gloucestershire; and that in Suffolk one ..... Rowse, a woman, did ufually fit upon the bench at affizes and feffions among other justices, gladio cineta. John, earl of Thanet, died unmarried, as did his next brother earl Richard, fo that the titles devolved to Thomas Tufton, who became the fixth earl of Thanet, and lord Clifford, which latter title was decreed to him by the houle of peers in 1691. He left surviving issue five daughters and coheirs, the eldeft of whom, Catherine, married Ed. Watson, viscount Sondes, son and heir of Lewis, earl of Rockingham; and the four others married likewise into noble families. He died at Hothfield in 1729, having by his will bequeathed feveral legacies to charitable purpofes, efpecially towards the augmentation of fmall vicarages and curacies. He died without nuale islue, fo that the titles of earl of Thanet and baron Tufton, and of baronet, descended to his nephew Sackville Tufton, eldeft furviving fon of his brother Sackville Tufton, fifth fon of John, fecond earl of Thanet. But the title of baronels Clifford, which included those of Westmoreland and Vescy, upon the death of Thomas, earl of Thanet, without male iffue, became in abeyance between his daughters and coheirs above-mentioned, and in 1734, king George II. confirmed that barony to Margaret, his third furviving daughter and coheir, married to Thomas Coke, lord Lovel, afterwards created earl of Leicester, which title is now again in abeyance by his death f. p. Which Sackville Tufton died in 1721, leaving Sackville the feventh earl of Thanet, whole eldeft fon of the fame name fucceeded him as eighth earl of Thanet, and rebuilt the prefent manfion of Hothfield-place, in which he afterwards refided, but being obliged to travel to Italy for his health, he died there at Nice in 1786, and was brought to England, and buried in the family vault at Rainham,

ham, in this county, where his feveral anceftors, earls of Thanet, with their counteffes, and other branches of the family, lie deposited, from the time of their . first accession to that title. He married Mary, daugh-ter of lord John Philip Sackville, fister of the present duke of Dorfet, by whom he had five fons and two daughters, Elizabeth ; and Caroline married to Joseph Foster Barham, esq. Of the former, Sackville, born in 1769, fucceeded him in honors; Charles died unmarried; John is M. P. for Appleby; Henry is M. P. for Rochefter, and William. He was fucceeded by his eldeft fon, the present right hon. Sackville Tufton, earl of Thanet, baron Tufton, lord of the honor of Skipton, in Craven, and baronet, and hereditary fheriff of the counties of Westmoreland and Cumberland, who is the prefent possession of this manor and feat, and refides here, and is at prefent unmarried.\*

The antient arms of Tufton were, Argent, on a pale, fable, an eagle displayed of the field; which coat they continued to bear till Nicholas Tufton, the first earl of Thanet, on his obtaining that earldom, altered it to that of Sable, an eagle displayed, ermine, within a bordure, argent; which coat was confirmed by Sir William Segar, garter, in 1628, and has been borne by his descendants to the present time. The present earl of Thanet bears for his coat of arms that last-mentioned; for his creft, On a wreath, a fea lion, feiant, proper; and for his supporters, Two eagles, their wings expanded, ermine.

SWINFORT, or Swinford, which is its more proper name, is a manor in this parish, lying in the fouthern part of it, near the river Stour, and probably took its name from some ford in former times over it here. However that be, it had formerly proprietors, who took their name from it; but they were never of any

<sup>2</sup> See Collins's Peer. edit. 4th, vol. iii. p. 276. and Baronies by Writ, p. 306. Dugd. Bar. vol. ii. p. 454. Viftn. co. Kent, 1619, and the MSS. pedigrees of Tufton.

eminence, nor can I discover when they became extinct here; only that in king Henry V.'s reign it was in the possession of Bridges, descended from John atte Bregg, one of thole eminent perfons, whole effigies, kneeling and habited in armour, was painted in the window often mentioned before, in Great Chart church; and in this family the manor of Swinford continued till the latter end of king James I.'s reign, when it paffed by fale from one of them to Sir Nicholas Tufton, afterwards created earl of Thanet, whole fon John, earl of Thanet, before the 20th year of that reign, exchanged it for other lands, which lay more convenient to him, with his near neighbour Nicholas Toke, elq. of Godinton, in which family and name it has continued down, in like manner as that feat, to Nicholas Roundell Toke, elq. now of Godinton, the present possession of it. A court baron is held for this manor.

FAUSLEY, or FOUSLEY, as it is now ufually called, is the laft manor to be defcribed in this parish; its more antient name was Foughleslee, or, as it was usually pronounced, Faulesley; which name it gave to owners who in early times poffeffed and refided at it. John de Foughleslee, of Hothfield, was owner of it in the second year of king Richard II. and in his descendants this manor feems to have continued till about the beginning of queen Elizabeth's reign, when it paffed by fale to Drury; from which name, at the latter end of it, this manor was conveyed to Paris, who immediately afterwards alienated it to Bull, who foon afterwards reconveyed it back again to the fame family, whence, in the next reign of king James I. it was fold to Sir Nicholas Tufton, afterwards created earl of Thanet, in whole fucceffors, earls of Thanet, it has continued down to the right hon. Sackville, earl of Thanet, the present owner of it.

### CHARITIES.

RICHARD PARIS, by deed in 1577, gave for the use of the poor, a rent charge of 16s. per annum, out of land called Hanvilles, in this par sh; the trustees of which have been long ago deceased, and no new ones appointed fince.

THOMAS KIPPS, gent. of Canterbury, by will in 1680, gave for the use of the same, an annual rent charge of 11. out of lards in Great Chart.

RICHARD MADOCKE, clothier, of this parish, by will in 1596, ordered that the III. which he had lent to the parishioners of Hothfield, towards the rebuilding of their church. should, when repaid, be as a flock to the poor of this parish for ever.

SIR JOHN TUFTON, knight and baronet, and NICHOLAS his fon, first earl of Thanet, by their wills in 1620 and in 1630. gave certain fums of money, with which were purchased eight acres of land in the parish of Kingfnoth, of the annual produce of 101.

DR. JOHN GRANDORGE, by deed in 1713, gave a houfe and land in Newington, near Hythe, of the annual produce of 71. which premifes are vefted in the earl of Thanet.

THOMAS, EARL OF THARET, and SACKVILLE TUFTON. **BSQ.** grandfather of the prefent earl, by their deeds in 1720 and 1726, gave for a fchool-miftrefs to teach 24 poor children, a rent charge and a houfe and two gardens, in Hothfield, the produce in money 201. The premifes were vefted in Sir Penyiton Lambe and Dr. John Grandorge, long fince deceafed; fince which the truft has not been renewed; and the original writings are in the earl of Thanet's pofferfion.

Such of the above benefactions as have been contributed by the Tufton family, have been ordered by their defcendants to be diffributed annually by the fleward of Hothfield-place for the time being, without the interference of the parish officers, 10 fuch as received no relief from this parish; the family looking upon these rather as a private munificence intended to continue under their direction.

The poor annually relieved are about twenty-five, cafually as many.

HOTHFIELD is fituated within the ECCLESIASTI-CAL JURISDICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Charing.

The church, which is fmall, is dedicated to St. Mary, and confifts of three ifles and a chancel, having a low fpire fteeple, covered with fhingles at the weft end;

end, in which are five bells, and though it flands on a hill, is yet very damp. There is not any painted glafs in the windows of it. On the north fide in it, is a monument of curious workmanship, having the figures of a man and woman, in full proportion, lying at length on it; at three corners of it are those of two fons and one daughter, kneeling, weeping, all in white marble; round the edges is an infeription, for Sir John Tufton, knight and baronet, and Olympia his wife, daughter and heir of Chriftopher Blower, efq. On the monument are the arms of Tufton, with quarterings and impalements; on the fides are two inferiptions, one, that he re-edified this church after it was burnt, at his own charge, and under it made a vault for himfelf and his posterity, and after that he had lived eighty years, departed this life; the other enumerating his good qualities, and faying that by his will he gave perpetual legacies to this parish and that of Rainham. This monument is parted off from the north isle by a ftrong partition of wooden baluftrades, feven feet high. The vault underneath is at most times feveral feet deep with water, and the few coffins which were remaining in it were fome years fince removed to the vaults at Rainham, where this family have been deposited ever since. On the north side of the chancel is a smaller one, formerly called St. Margaret's chapel, now fhut up, and made no ufe of. In the fouth isle is a memorial for Rebecca, wife of William Henman, esq. obt. 1739, and Anna-Rebecca, their daughter, obt. 1752; arms, A lion, between three mascles, impaling a bend, cotized, engrailed. This church, which is a rectory, was always effeemed an appendage to the manor, and has paffed accordingly, in like manner with it, down to the right hon. Sackville, earl of Thanet, lord of the manor of Hothfield, the present patron of it.

This rectory is valued in the king's books at 171.5s. and the yearly tenths at 11. 14s. 6d.

There

There was a penfion of ten shillings paid from it to the college of Wye. In 1588 here were communicants one hundred and ninety-three, and it was valued at eighty pounds. In 1640, communicants one hundred and ninety, and valued at only fixty pounds per annum. There is a modus of two pence an acre of the pasture lands in the parish. There are twelve acres of glebe. It is now worth about one hundred and twenty pounds per annum.

Richard Hall, of this parish, by will in 1524, ordered that his feoffees (hould enfeoffe certain honeft perfons in his house and garden here, fet beside the pelery, to the intent that the yearly ferme of them should go to the maintenance of the rode-light within the church.

This church was burnt down in the reign of king James I. and was rebuilt at the fole expence of Sir John Tufton, knight and baronet, who died in 1624. His descendant Thomas, earl of Thanet, who died in 1729, gave the present altar-piece, some of the pewing, and the pulpit.

### CHURCH OF HOTHFIELD.

| PATRONS,<br>Or by whom prefented. | RECTORS.                                                        |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                   | Thomas Horfemonden, in 1680,<br>obt. Aug. 1607.                 |
| ir John Tufton, knt. and bart     | John Viney, A. M. Nov. 24,<br>1607.<br>William King, obt. 1682. |
| Richard, earl of Thanet           | Gideon Maude, A. M. Oct. 25,<br>1682, obt. 1721.                |
| Chomas, earl of Thanet            | John Grandorge, S. T. P. obt.<br>Jan. 19, 1730.°                |

P. 3737.

b Prerog. off. Cant. e Before rector of St. Dionis, Fenchurch-ffreet, which he exchanged for the donative of Upton Grey, in Hants, and he was prebendary of Canterbury.

2

He lies buried in Magdalen college chapel, Oxford, of which college he had been fellow. See Biog. Brit. v. vi.

PATRONS, GC.

RECTORS.

John Norcrofs, 1730, obt. June 1773.<sup>d</sup> Stephen Barret, A. M. Oct. 16,

1773, the present rector.

Likewife vicar of Wilfborough.
He had been before mafter of Afth-

ford freegrammar school, to which he was a good benefactor.

## THE TOWN AND PARISH OF ASHFORD

LIES the next adjoining to Hothfield eaftward. It is called in Domefday both *Eftefort* and *Effetesford*, and in other antient records, *Efshetisford*, taking its name from the river, which runs close to it, which, Lambarde fays, ought not to be called the Stour, till it has paffed this town, but *Efshe* or *Efchet*, a name which has been for a great length of time wholly forgotten; this river being known, even from its firft rife at Lenham hither, by the name of the Stour only.

A fmall part only of this parish, on the east, fouth and west fides of it, containing the borough of Henwood, alias Hewit, lying on the eaftern or further fide of the river from the town, part of which extends into the parish of Wilsborough, and the whole of it within the liberty of the manor of Wye, and the borough of Rudlow, which adjoins to Kingfnoth and Great Chart, are in this hundred of Chart and Longbridge; fuch part of the borough of Rudlow as lies adjoining to Kingfnoth, is faid to lie in in jugo de Beavor, or the yoke of Beavor, and is divided from the town and liberty by the river, near a place called Pollbay; in which yoke there is both a hamlet and a green or common, of the name of Beavor ; the remainder of the parish having been long separated from it, and made a distinct liberty, or juri/diction of itself, having a constable of its own, and distinguished by the name of the liberty of the tozen of Albford.

Ashford,

ASHFORD, at the time of taking the general furvey of Domefday, was part of the pofferfions of Hugo de Montfort, who had accompanied the Conqueror hither, and was afterwards rewarded with this eftate, among many others in different counties; in which record it is thus entered, under the general title of his lands:

Maigno holds of Hugo (de Montfort) Estefort. Turgisus held it of earl Godwin, and it is taxed at one suling. The arable land is half a carucote. There is nevertheless in demession one carucate, and two villeins having one carucate. There are two servants, and eight acres of meadow. In the time of king Edward the Confessor, it was worth twenty five shillings; when he received it, twenty shillings; now thirty shilling.

The fame Hugo holds Essela. Three tenants held it of king Edward, and could go whither they would with their lands. It was taxed at three yokes. The arable land is one carucate and an half. There are now four villeins, with two borderers having one carucate, and six acres of meadow. The whole, in the reign of king Edward the Confessor, was worth twenty shillings, and afterwards fifteen shillings, now twenty shillings.

Maigno held another Effetisford of the fame Hugo. Wirelm held it of king Edward. It was taxed at one fuling. The arable land is four carucates. In demefne there are two, and two villeins, with fifteen borderers having three carucates. There is a church, and a prieft, and three fervants, and two mills of ten shillings and two pence. In the time of king Edward the Confessor it was worth seventy shillings, and afterwards fixty shillings, uow one hundred shillings.

Robert de Montfort, grandfon of Hugh abovementioned, favouring the title of Robert Curthofe, in oppofition to king Henry I. to avoid being called in question upon that account, obtained leave to go on a pilgrimage to Jerufalem, leaving his posseffions to the king; by which means this manor came into the

the hands of the crown. Soon after which it feems to have come into the poffeffion of a family, who took their name from it. William de Asshetesford appears by the register of Horton priory to have been lord of it, and to have been succeeded by another of the fame name. After which the family of Criol became owners of it, by whom it was held by knight's fervice of the king, in capite, by ward to Dover castle, and the repair of a tower in that caftle, called the Ashford tower.f Simon de Criol, in the 27th and 28th year of Henry III. obtained a charter of free warren for this manor, whole fon William de Criol passed it away to Roger de Leyborne, for Stocton, in Hun-tingdonshire, and Rumford, in Effex. William de Leyborne his fon, in the 7th year of king Edward I. claimed and was allowed the privilege of a market here, before the justices itinerant. He died possessed of this manor in the 3d year of Edward II. leaving his grand-daughter Juliana, daughter of Thomas de Leyborne, who died in his father's life-time, heir both to her grandfather and father's poffeffions, from the greatnels of which she was stiled the Infanta of Kent, though thrice married, yet she died s. p. by either of her hufbands, all of whom the furvived, and died in the 41st year of Edward III. Upon which this manor, among the rest of her estates, escheated to the crown, and continued there till king Richard II. vested it, among others, in feoffees, for the performance of certain religious bequefts by the will of king Edward III. then lately deceafed; and they, in compliance with it, foon afterwards, with the king's licence, purchased this manor, with those of Wall, and Esture, of the crown, towards the endowment of St. Stephen's chapel, in the king's palace of Westminster, all which was confirmed by king Henry IV. and VI.

f See Libr. Rub. in Scacc. f. 195, 197. See more of the Leybornes, vol. iv. of this hiftory, p. 498.

and

529 and by king Edward IV. in their first years; the latter of whom, in his 7th year, granted to them a fair in this town yearly, on the feast of St. John Port Latin, together with all liberties, and to have a fteward to hold the court of it, &c. In which fituation they continued till the 1ft year of Edward VI. when this collegiate chapel was, with all its poffeffions, furrendered into the king's hands, where these manors did not continue long; for that king, in his 3d year, granted the manor of Efshetford, with that of Wall, and the manor of Effure, to Sir Anthony Aucher, of Otterden, to hold in capite ; and he, in the 2d and 3d of Philip and Mary, fold them to Sir Andrew Judde, of London, whole daughter and at length heir Alice, afterwards carried them in marriage to Thomas Smith, efq. of Westenhanger, commonly called the Customer, who died possessed of them in 1591, and lies buried in the fouth crofs of this church, having had feveral fons and daughters, of whom Sir John Smythe, of Oftenhanger, the eldeft, fucceeded him here, and was sheriff anno 42 Elizabeth. Sir Thomas Smith, the fecond fon, was of Bidborough and Sutton at Hone, and ambaffador to Ruffia, of whom and his descendants, notice has been taken in the former volumes of this hiftory ; b and Henry, the third fon, was of Corsham, in Wiltshire, whence this family originally descended, and Sir Richard Smith, the fourth, was of Leeds caftle. Sir John Smythe, above-mentioned, died in 1609, and lies buried in the fame vault as his father in this church, leaving one fon Sir Thomas Smythe, of Westenhanger, K. B. who was in 1628 created Viscount Strangford, of Ireland, whose grandson Philip, viscount Strangford, dying about 1709, Henry Roper, lord Teynham, who had married Catherine his eldest daughter, by his will, became posseffed of the manors of Ashford, Wall, and Esture.

<sup>h</sup> See vol. ii. p. 349, and vol. v. of this hiftory, p. 274. **B**v M m VOL. VII.

By her, who died in 1711, he had two fons, Philip and Henry, fucceffively lords Teynham; notwith-ftanding which, having the uncontrolled power in these manors vested in him, he, on his marriage with Anne, fecond daughter and coheir of Thomas Lennard, earl of Suffex, and widow of Richard Barrett Lennard, esq. afterwards baroness Dacre, settled them on her and her iffue by him in tail male. He died in 1623, and left her furviving, and posleffed of thefe manors for her life. She afterwards married the hon. Robert Moore, and died in 1755. She had by lord Teynham two fons, Charles and Richard-Henry, Charles Roper, the eldeft fon, died in 1754 intestate, leaving two fons, Trevor-Charles and Henry, who on their mother's death became entitled to these manors, as coheirs in gavelkind, a recovery having been fuffered of them, limiting them after her death to Charles Roper their father, in tail male; but being infants, and there being many incumbrances on these effates, a bill was exhibited in chancery, and an act procured anno 29 George II. for the fale of them ; and accordingly these manors were fold, under the direction of that court, in 1765, to the Rev. Francis Hender Foote, of Bilhopfborne, who in 1768 parted with the manor of Wall, alias Court at Wall, to Join Toke, efq. of Great Chart, whole fon Nicholas-Roundell Toke, is the prefent poffeffor of it; but he died poffeffed of the manors of Ashford and Esture in 1773, and was fucceeded in them by his eldeft fon John Foote, efq. now of Bishopsborne, the present owner of them. There are several copyhold lands held of the manor of Ashford. A court leet and court baron is regularly held for it.

BUT THE FARM OR DEMESNE LANDS of the manor of Esture, or Eastover, was many years ago alienated by one of the Smythes, viscounts Strangford, and

See vol. vi. of this history, p. 300.

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has been from that time in the possession of feparate owners from those of Ashford manor. It is now the property of the heirs of Mr. Rooke, late an officer in the East-India company's service.

THE MANORS OF GREAT AND LITTLE REPTON, called in Domefday, *Rapentone*, were formerly part of the poffessions belonging to St. Augustine's monastery, and are accordingly thus entered in that furvey, under the general title of the abbot's lands:

The abbot himfelf holds one yoke, Rapentone, and Anfered of him, and it was taxed at one yoke. The arable land is two carucates. In demession there is one, with four borderers. There are eleven acres of meadow, and the fourth part of a mill, of fifteen pence, and wood for the pannage of ten hogs, and as yet there are two yokes, which the abbot gave to it of his demession, and there are two villeins, with eight borderers. In the time of king Edward the Confession, and asterwards, it was worth three pounds, now four pounds.

Of the abbot, the manor of Rapentone, or Repton as it was afterwards called, and fince fplit into two manors, called Great and Little Repton, was held by knight's fervice by the family of Valoigns, who made. this manfion of Repton one of their seats of refidence; for at times they refided both at Tremworth in Crundal, and Swerdling in Petham. Ruellon de Valoigns held these manors at the latter end of king Stephen's reign, of the abbot, by knight's fervice, and refided at times at Repton, as did his descendants, several of whom ferved the office of fheriff, and were knights in parliament for this county, and in the fouth window of the cross isle of this church, was once the figure of one of this family, habited in his furcoat of arms, Argent, three pales, wavy, gules, with his fpurs on, kneeling at an altar; and oppofite to him, in the fame attitude, two women, in their furcoats of arms likewife, on the first those of Haut, and on the second, Fogge. Henry de Valoyns possessed these manors in the M m 2

the reign of king Edward III. in the 14th year of which he had a charter of *free-warren* for his lands and manors in this county. His defcendant Waretius de Valoyns left by his wife, daughter and coheir of Robert de Hougham, two daughters his coheirs, one of whom married Thomas de Aldon, and the other, Sir Francis Fogge, and on the partition of their inheritance, these manors were allotted to the latter, in right of his wife. This family was originally of Lancathire, from whence Otho Fogge came into this county in the beginning of king Edward I.'s reign, and was grandfather of Sir Francis Fogge, who became possessed of Repton as above-mentioned, which his descendants, whose possessions afterwards spread widely over the eastern parts of this county, made their future refidence, bearing for their arms, Argent, on a fess, between three annulets, sable, three mullets, pierced of the first, which coat is carved in stone on the porch of Ashford church, on the roof of the cloyfters at Canterbury, and in feveral windows of the cathedral there.\* He died possefied of thefe manors, and lies buried in Cheriton church, having had his figure, habited in armour, lying crofslegged on his tomb, with his arms on his furcoat, im . paling those of Valoyns. His descendant Sir John Fogge, refided at Repton-house in the reign of king Edward IV. with whom he was in great efteem, being comptroller and treasurer of his houthold, and a privy councellor. He was feveral times sheriff of this county, and ferved as knight for it in parliament. But his attachment to that king brought on an attainder in the 3d year of king Richard III. and the forfeiture of his lands, though king Richard gave him his royal word for the protection of his perion; and

\* There is a pedigree of this family in the Heraldic Vifitations of Kent, of the years 1574 and 1663, in a MSS. in the Heralds office, marked D. 18, and among the Harleian MSS. No. 1548 and 1104.

533 he lived to be reftored, by a reversal of the above act on the acceffion of king Henry VII. He died in the 6th year of that reign, anno 1490, and was buried in this church under a handlome tomb; and his figure, among those of other great personages, kneeling, with his surcoat of arms, on which were those of Fogge, quartered with Valoyns, was formerly in one of the windows of it, having rebuilt the church in his life-time. He founded a college in it, and became still a further benefactor to it by his will, which is in the Prerogative-office, Canterbury, in which he mentions his cha. pel at his feat of Repton, and much of the coftly ornaments and furniture in it; and in his defcendants thefe manors of Great and Little Repton continued down to Sir John Fogge, of Repton, who, on the diffolution of the college of Wye, in the 36th year of king Henry VIII. had a grant of THE MANOR OF LICK-TOPP, in this parish likewife, which had been part of the poffessions of it, and then, by reason of the disfolution of that college, in the hands of the crown. In the 31st year of that reign he procured his lands to be disgavelled, and being afterwards knighted, kept his shrievalty here in the 36th year of it, and dying in 1564, anno 7 Elizabeth, was buried with his anceftors in this church, being fucceeded in these manors by his only fon and heir Edward Fogg, efq. who dying f. p. in the 20th year of that reign, they came, by the entail of it made in his father's will, to his uncle, next brother to his father, George Fogg, esq. of Braborne, who foon afterwards fold them to Sir Michael Sondes, of Throwley, and he conveyed them to John Tufton, esq. of Hothfield, afterwards knight and baronet, whole fon Nicholas was created Earl of Thanet anno 4 king Charles I. and in his defcendants, earls of Thanet, thefe manors of Great and Little Repton and Licktopp have continued down to the right hon. Sackville, earl of Thanet, the prefent posseffor of them.

A court

A court baron is held for the manor of Great Repton, and another likewife for that of Licktop.

The manor court of Repton is first called on at a great stone, north-westward, in the road from Ashford to Potters corner, from whence it is adjourned to Repton-house, which is situated on the west side of that road, at one field's distance from it, and somewhat more than half a mile from the town of Ashford. There was formerly *a park* here, which was in being when Lambarde wrote his Perambulation, in 1570. The lands of it are still called *the Old Park*, and with the adjoining warren, lie on the northern or opposite fide of the above-mentioned road from Repton-house. Great part of this mansion, in which Sir John Fogge dwelt *temp*. Edward IV. is remaining.

THE TOWN OF ASHFORD flands most pleafant and healthy, on the knoll of a hill, of a gentle afcent on every fide, the high road from Hythe to Maidstone paffing through it, from which, in the middle of the town, the high road branches off through a pleafant country towards Canterbury. The houses are mostly modern and well-built, and the high-ftreet, which has been lately new paved, is of confiderable width. The markethouse stands in the centre of it, and the church and school on the south side of it, the beautiful tower of the former being a confpicuous object to the adjoining country. It is a small, but neat and chearful town, and many of the inhabitants of a genteel rank in life. Near the market-place, is the house of the late Dr. Isaac Rutton, a phyfician of long and extensive practice in these parts, being the eldest fon of Matthias Rutton, gent. of this town, by Sarah his wife, daughter of Sir N. Toke, of Godinton. He died in 1792, bearing for his arms, Parted per fess, azure, and or, three unicorns beads, couped at the neck, counterchanged; fince which, his eldeft son, Jsaac Rutton, esq. now of Ospringeplace, has fold this houfe to Mr. John Bafil Duckworth, in whom it is now vefted. In the midft of

it

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it is a large handsome house, built in 1759, by John Mascall, gent. who refided in it, and died posseffed of it in 1769, and was buried in Boughton Aluph church, bearing for his arms, Barry of two, or, and azure, three inescutcheons, ermine ; and his only fon, Robert Mascall, efq. now of Ashford, who married the daughter of Jeremiah Curteis, elq. is the present owner, and refides in it. At the east end of the town is a feat, called Brooke-place, formerly poffeffed by the family of Woodward, who were always stiled, in antient deeds, gentlemen, and bore for their arms, Argent, a chevron, fable, between three grasshoppers, or; the last of them, Mr. John Woodward, gent. rebuilt this feat, and died poffeffed of it in 1757; of whofe heirs it was purchased by Martha, widow of Moyle Breton, elq. of Kennington, whole two fons, the Rev. Moyle Breton, and Mr. Whitfield Breton, gent. alienated it to Jolias Pattenfon, esq. the second fon of Mr. Josias Pattenson, of Biddenden, by Elizabeth, daughter and coheir of Felix Kadwell, efq. of Rolvenden; he married Mary, daughter of Mr. Henry Dering, gent. of this parish, and widow of Mr. John Mascall above-mentioned, by whom he has no iffue, and he is the prefent owner of this feat, and refides in it. There have been barracks erected lately here, which at prefent contain 4000 foldiers. The market is held on a Saturday weekly, for the fale of corn, which is now but little used; and a market for the fale of all forts of fat and lean ftock on the first and third Tuesday in every month, which has been of great use to prevent monopolies. Two fairs are annually held now, by the alteration of the file, on May 17, and Sept. 9, and another on Oct. 24; befides which, there is an annual fair for wool on August 2, not many years fince inftituted and encouraged by the principal gentry and landholders, which promifes to prove of the greatest utility and benefit to the fair fale of it. That branch of the river Stour which rifes at Lenham, runs along the fouthern part of this parish, Mm4

and having turned a corn mill belonging to the lord of this manor, continues its course close at the east end of the town, where there is a ftone bridge of four arches, repaired at the expence of the county, and fo on northwards towards Wye and Canterbury. On the fouth fide of the river in this parifh, next to Kingfnoth, within the borough of Rudlow, is the yoke of Beavor, with the hamlet and farm of that name, possessed in very early times, as appears by the register of Horton priory, by a family of that name, one of whom, John Beavor, was poffeffed of it in the reign of Henry II. and was descended from one of the same furname, who attended the Conqueror in his expedition hither. The parish contains about 2000 acres of land, and three hundred and twenty houses, the whole rental of it being 4000l. per annum; the inhabitants are 2000, of which about one hundred are diffenters. The highways throughout it, which not many years ago were exceeding bad, have been by the unanimity of the inhabitants, which has fhewn itfelf remarkable in all their public improvements, a rare inftance in parochial undertakings, and by the great attention to the repairs of them, efpecially in fuch parts as were near their own houfes, are now excellent. The lands round it are much upon a gravelly foil, though towards the east and fouth there are some rich fertile pastures, intermixed with arable land, and feveral plantations of hops; but toward the weft, the foil is in general fand, having much quarryftone mixed with it, where there is a great deal of coppice wood, quite 10 Potter's corner, at the boundary of this parifh.

At the latter end of the fummer of the year 1625, the plague raged dreadfully in this town and neighbourhood, infomuch, that the juftices of the peace, finding the inhabitants unable to fupport and relieve the fick who were poor and in neceflity, taxed this and the neighbouring hundreds for that purpofe, according to the directions of the privy council; left, as was faid, the the fick fhould be forced, for the fuccour of their lives, to break forth of the towne, to the great danger of the country.

The family of Ofborne, of which his grace Thomas Ofborne, duke of Leeds, is defcended, was of this town; Richard Ofborne, efq. of Afhford, being father of Sir Edward Ofborne, cloth-worker, lord-mayor of London in the 25th year of queen Elizabeth, the duke's direct anceftor.

Robert Glover, esq. Somerset herald, a laborious antiquary, fon of Thomas Glover, gent. of this town, was born here. He died in 1588, and was buried in Cripplegate church, in London.

King William III. in 1696, created Arnold Jooft Van Keppel, baron Afhford, of Afhford, in Kent, vifcount Bury, in Lancafhire, and earl of Albermarle, in Normandy, whofe great-grandfon William-Charles now enjoys the titles.

### CHARITIES.

SIR JOHN FOGGE, of this parifh, who died in 1490, gave to the use of the poor, three acres and two roods of land, near Barrow-hill, in this parifh, now vested in trustees, the annual produce of which is 41. 105. per annum; and three roods of land, now the work-house garden, vested in like manner, the trustees being Isaac Rutton and Edward Norwood, esfrs. And likewise a tenement in Massh-lane, in Ashford, called the Bridwell, inhabited by such poor as have no parish relief, and now vested in the churchwardens and overseers.

In the return made to parliament anno 1786, by the officers of this parifh, of the charities given to it, thefe donations are faid to have been made for the above purpoles, by the will of Sir John Fogge, in 1490; but this must be a miltake, for in his will, proved that year, there is no mention of fuch donations in it. But I think it very probable, that this tenement and the lands above-mentioned, were those left by Sir John Fogge, towards the perpetual repair of the church, as may be further feen hereafter.

THOMAS MILLES, ESQ. of Davington, (descended from Richard Milles, of this parish, by Joane, fister of Robert Glover, Somerfet herald) by his will in 1627, gave to the churchwardens 2001. for the use and relief of the poor, to be employed as a stock for their maintenance, to set them to work, and to remain main in perpetuity for that purpofe for ever. With this money, and 201. more from the interest of it, a house and 21 acres of land in Hinxhill, were purchased, and vested in trustees, being now of the annual produce of 141.

MARTHA COPLEY, widow, by her will in 1663, gave to be diffributed yearly on June 3, to ten poor houfholders of this parish, after a fermion on the same day, 10s. per annum, out of a tenement now in the possession of John Austen, vested in the churchwardens and overseers.

THOMAS TURNER, D. D. prefident of Corpus Chrifti college, in Oxford, by indenture in 1702, gave a barn and 14 pieces of land, containing 60 acres, for putting to fchool fome poor children of this parifh, and placing out one of them an apprentice yearly; which premifes are now vefted in truftees, and are of the annual produce of 241, 105.

WILLIAM BRETT, gent. gave by will in 1704, 20s. to be annually paid out of land called Pellicars, towards the cloathing of the poor.

There has been a parifh workhoufe erected with workfhops, ftorehoufes, a large yard, with every neceffary implement for the carrying on a compleat manufactory on an excellent plan, for the bleaching of Irifh linen, a procefs lately established here, in which about fixty poor perfons are employed, who earn on an average about 1s. a week, or 160l. per annum.

The poor constantly relieved are about eighty four, cafually fixty-fix.

SIR NORTON KNATCHBULL, in the reign of king Charles I. began the foundation of A FREE GRAMMAR SCHOOL in the town of Ashford, and for that purpose erected a school house adjoining the church-yard, and having appointed a mafter, he allowed him a falary of thirty pounds per annum, which, by a proviso in his will in 1636, he ordered his executor, his heirs and affigns should yearly pay for ever, to the master of the free fchool by him founded in Afhford, for the good of the town, out of all those his lands in Newchurch, containing thirty acres. This endowment, with several other neceffary regulations, were afterwards confirmed by deed by his executor, who was his nephew and heir, Norton Knatchbull, efq. afterwards knighted and created a baronet. The schoolmaster is appointed by the Knatchbull family, and must be always a master of arts at least, of one of the universities.

This fchool acquired a very high reputation fome few years ago, under the care of the Rev. Mr. Barrett, mafter of it, now rector of Hothfield; moft of the fons of the neighbouring gentry having received their early part of education at it under him. He refigned in 1773, having been a good benefactor to it, and was fucceeded by the Rev. Charles Stoddart, A. M. the prefent mafter. Befides the above fchool, there is an exceeding good Englifh academy kept by Mr. Alderfon, one for teaching writing to the poor children of the town, and a boarding-fchool for young ladies.

ASHFORD is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JURIS-DICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Charing.

The church, which is dedicated to St. Mary, is a large handfome building, confifting of three ifles, with a transept, and three chancels, with the tower in the middle, which is lofty and well proportioned, having four pinnacles at the top of it. There are eight bells in it, a fet of chimes, and a clock. In the high chancel, on the north fide, is the handfome tomb of Sir John Fogge, the founder of the college here, who died in 1490, and his two wives, the braffes of their figures gone; but part of the inscription remains. And formerly, in Weever's time, there hung up in this chancel fix atchievements, of those of this family whose burials had been attended by the heralds at arms, and with other ceremonies fuitable to their degrees. Underneath the chancel is a large vault, full of the remains of the family. On the pavement in the middle, is a very antient curious gravestone, having on it the figure in brass of a woman, holding in her left hand a banner, with the arms of Ferrers, Six mascles, three and three, in pale; which, with a finall part of the infcription round the edge, is all that is remaining; but there was formerly in brass, in her right hand, another banner, with the arms of Valoyns; over her head those of France and England quarterly; and under her feet a shield,

fhield, being a cross, impaling three chevronels, the whole within a bordure, guttee de sang, and round the edge this infeription, Ici gist Elisabeth Comite D'athels la file fign de Ferrers . . . dieu afoil. qe morust le 22 jour d'oc-tob. l'an de grace MCCCLXXV. Weever fays, she was wife to David de Strabolgie, the fourth of that name, earl of Athol, in Scotland, and daughter of Henry, lord Ferrers, of Groby; and being fecondly married to John Malmayns, of this county, died here in this town. Though by a pedigree of the family of Bro-grave, fhe is faid to marry T. Fogge, efq. of Afhford ; if fo, he might perhaps have been her third hufband. Near her is a memorial for William Whitfield, gent. obt. 1739. The north chancel belonged to Repton manor. In the vault underneath lay three of the family of Tufton, fometime fince removed to Rainham, and it has been granted to the Huffeys; Thomas Huffey, efq. of this town, died in 1779, and was buried in it. In the fouth chancel are memorials for the Pattenfons, Whitfields, and Apfleys, of this place; and one for Henry Dering, gent. of Shelve, obt. 1752, and Hefter his wife ; arms, A saltier, a crescent for difference, impaling, on a chevron, between three pheons, three crosses, formee; and another memorial for Thomasine, wife of John Handfield, obt. 1704. In the north cross are feveral antient ftones, their braffes all gone, excepting a shield, with the arms of Fogge on one. At the end is a monument for John Norwood, gent. and Mary his wife, of this town, who lie with their children in the vault underneath. The fouth crofs is parted off lengthways, for the family of Smith, lords of Alhford manor, who lie in a vault underneath. In it are three fuperb monuments, which, not many years fince, were beautified and reftored to their original ftate, by the late chief baron Smythe, a descendant of this family. One is for Thomas Smith, elq. of Westenhanger, in 1591; the fecond for Sir John Smythe, of Oftenhanger, his fon.

fon, and Elizabeth his wife; and the third for Sir Richard Smyth, of Leeds caftle, in 1628 : all which have been already mentioned before. Their figures, at full length and proportion, are lying on each of them, with their feveral coats of arms and quarterings blazoned. In the other part of this crois, is a memorial for Baptift Pigott, A. M. fon of Baptist Pigott, of Dartford, and schoolmaster here, obt. 1657, and at the end of it, is the archbishop's confistory court In the fouth isle is a memorial for Thomas Curteis, gent. obt. 1718, and Elizabeth his wife; arms, Gurteis impaling Carter. Under the tower is one for Samuel Warren, vicar here forty-eight years, obt. 1720. The three isles were new pewed and handfomely paved in 1745. There are five galleries, and an handlome branch for candles in the middle isle; the whole kept in an excellent state of repair and neatnefs. There was formerly much curious painted glass in the windows, particularly the figures of one of the family of Valoyns, his two wives and children, with their arms. In the fouth window of the crofs ifle, and in other windows, the figures, kneeling, of king Edward III. the black prince, Richard, duke of Gloucester, the lord Hastings, Sir William Haute, the lord Scales, Richard, earl Rivers, and the dutchefs of Bedford his wife, Sir John Fogge, Sir John Peche, Richard Horne, Roger Manstone, and ----Guildford, most of which were in the great west window, each habited in their furcoats of arms, not the least traces of which, or of any other coloured glass, are remaining throughout this church. Sir John Goldftone, parfon of Ivechurch, as appears by his will in 1503, was buried in the choir of this church, and gave feveral coftly ornaments and veftments for the use of it.

In the Philosophical Transactions, No 474, mention is made of a date, cut in Arabian figures, on a beam running from the north-cast corner of the steeple, expressed as follows:

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which fome have fuppofed to mean the year 1295, but it is certainly of a much later time, though probably ealier than the repair of the church by Sir John Fogge. On the outfide of the church, on the point of the arch over the weft door, is a fhield of arms, being *a lion*, *rampant*, *double tailed*; on the fouth fide, those of Leeds abbey; and on the north, *oblit*. impaling *a chevron*. On the north porch are two fhields; one, *three quaterfoils*; the other, the arms of Fogge.

This church was re-edified, as has been already noticed before, by Sir John Fogge, in the reign of king Edward IV. who built the prefent beautiful and coffly tower of it from the ground, and out of gratitude for the favours he had received from that king, founded, with his licence, a college, or choir, to confift of one mafter or prebendary, as head, being the vicar of this church for the time being, two chaplains, and two fecular clerks, to celebrate divine fervice in it, according to the ordinances and statutes made by him for the welfare of the king, George, archbishop of Yorke, and Sir John Fog and Alicia his wife, during their lives, and afterwards for the fouls of them and fome others of the king's liege subjects of this county, lately flain at feveral battles in defence of his right and title. And Sir John gave them books, jewels, and other ornaments, and obtained of the king an endowment of lands fufficient for their fupport in this county, and those of Effex and Suffex. All which were confirmed by the king in his 7th year, to the vicar of Afhford, Thomas Wilmote, and his fucceffors, in pure and perpetual alms, for the purposes above-mentioned.<sup>1</sup> But the

<sup>1</sup> See Morant's Estex, vol. i. p. 220.

king

king dying before the whole of this foundation was legally completed, and Sir John Fogge being in the next reign of king Richard III. attainted, nothing further was done towards it; fo that having no common feal, the members were removeable at pleasure; though on the death of William Sutton, who fucceeded Wilmote before-mentioned, as vicar of Ashford and fecond mafter of this college, in the 12th year of Henry VII. Hugh Hope, the next vicar, fucceeded him in the mafterfhip of it, of which he appears to have been poffeffed in 1503. Not long after which there feems to have been a diffolution of it, and it is not unlikely that John Poynet, the fucceeding vicar, who was likewife bishop of Rochester, and held this vicarage in commendam, might furrender it, and the lands with which it was endowed, into the hands of the crown; and I find no further mention whatever made of it. Sir John Fogge, the founder, by his will, took care towards the repair of this church, for which he had intended and done fo much, by devifing a legacy in truft for that purpose, being a tenement and lands in Afshetisford, which he had purchased, to four the most trystiest and difcrete dwellers in the parish, to the entent, that the hoole revenues be paid yerely to the wardens of the church, to be applied by them in the reparacion of it; and that where two of the faid four dwellers decease, that the other two make good flate of the fame to four other like dwellers, that the fame might continue for evermore.

William de Sodington, rector of this church, had licence anno 17 Edward III. to found *a perpetual chantry* in the chapel of St. Mary, in this church; which he endowed with lands lying in this parifh, Kennington, Wilfborough, and Charing.<sup>m</sup> It was fuppreffed, with others of the like kind, in the 1ft year of Edward VI.

<sup>m</sup> Pat. anno 17 Edward III. p. 2, m. 37. Tan. Mon. p. 228.

The

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The church of Alhford was once part of the poffeffions of the priory of Horton, having been given at the first foundation of that priory, by Robert de Ver, constable of England, and Adeleia his wife; which gift king Stephen confirmed to it, as did Henry de Effex, conftable of England, likewife in the reign of king Henry II. How long this church remained with the priory of Horton, I have not found; but in the reign of king Edward III. it was become part of the possessions of the priory of Ledes, to which it was appropriated in the 48th year of that reign. In which ftate it remained till the diffolution of that priory in the reign of king Henry VIII. when this parfonage appropriate, together with the advowion of the vicarage, came into the hands of the crown, and the king fettled them in his 32d year, on his new-erected dean and chapter of Rochester, part of whose inheritance they remain at this time.

The parfonage is demifed by the dean and chapter, on a beneficial leafe, to the Rev. Francis Whitfield, vicar of Godinerscham, and in 1649, with the tithes, barn, and twenty-four acres of glebe, was valued at feventy-two pounds per annum; but the advowsfon of the vicarage they retain in their own hands.

This vicarage is valued in the king's books at 181. 4s. 2d. and the yearly tenths at 11. 16s. 5d.

In 1640 it was valued at one hundred pounds. Communicants fix hundred and thirty. In 1649 it was valued at only fifty pounds.

### CHURCH OF ASHFORD.

PATRONS, Or by whom prefented. Dean and Chapter of Rochefter ... Thomas Poulter, A. M. Nov. 19, 1594, obt. 1602. John Wallis, A. M. April 9, 1602, obt. Nov. 30, 1622."

a He was father of the famous Dr. Wallis, who was born here.

PATRONS,

PATRONS, Sc.

Dean and Chapter of Rochester ...

Walter Balcanquall, S.T. P. dean of Rochefter.

Dean and Chapter of Rochefter ...

· Kennet's Chron. Calamy's Life of Baxter, p. 330.

of Baxter, p. 330. p Walker's Suff. of Clergy, pt. ii. p. 399.

q Buried in this church, under the steeple, zt. 84.

F In 1728 he was prefented to the rectory of Monks Horton, which he held with this vicarage by diffenfation.

s And prebendary of Rochefier. He refigned this for the vicarage of

#### VICARS.

Edmund Hayes, A. M. Dec. 20, 1622, obt. 1638.

John Maccuby, A. M. Sept. 29, 1638.

Nicholas Shrigg, ejected 1662.º

Richard Whitlock, I.L. B. Sept. 13, 1662, obt. 1667.<sup>9</sup>

Thomas Ryfden, A. M. April 5, 1667, obt. 1673.

Samuel Warren, A. B. Oct. 16, 1673, obt. March 16, 1721.9

John Clough, August 29, 1721, obt. Dec. 1764.

Charles Colcall, A. M. May 11, 1765, refigned 1765.8

James Andrew, A. M. Dec. 13, 1765, refigned 1774.

James Bond, A. M. 1774, the prefent vicar."

Aylesford, as he did that in 1782 for the rectory of Kingfdown, near Wrotham; each of which he held by difpenfation, with the vicarage of Aihburnham, in Suffex.

t He was prebendary of Rochefter, and in 1766 created S. T. P. by the university of Oxford.

u In 1786 he was collated to the perpetual curacy of Bilfington.

### KENNINGTON

to I a harmon

IS the adjoining parifh, northward from Afhford, and was fo called, most probably, from its having antiently belonged to fome of the Saxon kings during the heptarchy. Kennington, or as it was written in Saxon, *Cining-tune*, fignifying in that language, the king's town; and there is at this time a finall street of houses northward of the village of Kennington, called King-ftreet.

YOL, VII.

THE PARISH is fituated in a healthy country, being for the most part a gravelly, though not an unfertile foil, not much more than a mile from Afhford, clofe to the weft fide of the high road from Canterbury, which is joined by that from Faversham, which runs along the opposite fide of the parish, and joins the former a little beyond Burton. It is warered by two finall ftreams which rife northward of it, the one at Sandyhurft, the other near Eaftwell park ; the former running by Bybrooke, where it is called Bacon's water, and the other at the oppofite part of the parish by Clipmill and Frogbrook, near Wilfborough lees, into the river Stour, which flows along the eastern fide of the parish. The village is fituated on rifing ground, at a finall distance from the Canterbury road, with the church at the further end of it, close to the edge of the lees, or heath, called Kennington lees. The places of note in this parifh, are fituated near the last-mentioned road; befides which, there is near Kennington-houfe, a fmall neat box, built by the late Geo. Carter, elq. of this parish, and given by him to his daughter Mary, who married the Rev. John Clotworthy Skeffington. She died f. p. and her two fifters, Mary and Anne Carter, now poffefs it; and at the further part of the parish, beyond Clipmill, on the fame road, is a large handfome feat, built by Mr. Carter above-mentioned, for his own refidence, on an effate which he bought for this purpose of the family of Brett, who had refided here for fome generations. He was the fecond fon of George Car-ter, of Smarden, fon of James, of Wilfborough, a younger fon of George Carter, gent. of Crundal, whofe family has already been mentioned before under that place. He died here in 1782, and his only fon the Rev. George Carter is the prefent possieffor of this feat, and refides in it.

There is a fair held here for pedlary, toys, &c. on the 5th of July yearly.

This PLACE was given in the year 1045, being the 4th of king Edward the Confettor, to the abbey of St. Augustine, near Canterbury, the manor of it being afterwards called, from the low fituation of the courtlodge of it near the river, THE MANOR OF CONING-BROOKE, alias KENNINGTON. Although there is no mention of this manor among the lands and poffemions of that abbey, in the general furvey of Domesday, yet it had afterwards, as appears by the registers of it, and other records, feveral privileges and immunities granted to it by the different fucceeding kings, the first of which that I meet with is of king Henry III. who in his 54th year granted to the abbot and convent free warren in all their demefne lands in Kennington; and on a quo warranto brought against the abbot in the 21st year of the next reign of king Edward I to thew his right to the privileges of a manor here, he was allowed them, when the abbot made it appear to the jury, that Coningbrooke and Kenyngton were one and the fame place. In the 6th year of king Edward II. the abbct had another charter of free warren within his manor here, and next year being fummoned by another quo warranto, to shew his right to other liberties, he was allowed them before the juffices itinerant; and king Edward III. by his charter of inspeximus, in his 36th year, confirmed the fame, among the rest of their other manors and poffeffions;" and Henry VI. likewife confirmed their feveral liberties here, and in particular free warren in their demesne lands of this manor; which, together with the rectory and advowfon of the vicarage of Kennington, remained part of the poffellions of the monastery till its final diffolution, in the 30th year of king Henry VIII. when it was, with all its revenues, furrendered into the king's hands, who, in his 36th year, granted the capital meffuage of Kennington, the

\* See these liberties particularly mentioned, in Dec. Script. col. 2134.

manor

manor of Kennington, alias Coningfbrooke, with the rectory and advowfon to Sir Anthony St. Leger, and his heirs male, to hold in capite by knight's fervice; and king Edward VI. in his 4th year, made a new grant of them, to hold to him and his heirs by the like fervice.\* Immediately after which, most probably by exchange, they became again vested in the crown; for that king the fame year, granted them to John Dudley, earl of Warwick, afterwards created duke of Northumberland, on whofe attainder for high treason in the 1st year of queen Mary's reign, anno 1553, which attainder was confirmed by act of parliament the fame year, this eftate, among the duke's other poffeffions, came into the hands of the crown, where it feents to have remained till king Charles I. in his 4th year, granted this manor of Kennyngton, alias Conyngbroke, to Edward Ditchfield and others, in truft for Sir Thomas Finch, knight and baronet, of Eaftwell,<sup>y</sup> who, on the death of his mother in 1633, fucceeded to the titles of viscount Maidstone and earl of Winchelfea, and in his defcendants this manor continued down to Daniel, earl of Winchelfea and Nottingham, who at his death in 1769 devifed it by will to his nephew George Finch Hatton, elq. now of Eastwell, the prefent possession of it. A court baron is regularly held for this manor.

BYBROOKE is an antient feat, in the fouthern part of this parish, which, as appears by very old evidences, was the patrimony of a family named Gawin, who refided here in the reigns of Henry III. and Edward I. the laft of whom mentioned in the public records to have been possessed of it was, William Gawin, or Godwin as he is fometimes written, who died in the 32d year of king Edward III. After which it came into the

× Rot Esch. ejus an. pt. 6. at the yearly rent of 161. 5s. 5<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>d. y Rolls of particulars for fale of fee.farm rents, temp. interregni, 10t. 60, No. 178.

poffeffion

possession of the family of Belknap; but Sir Robert Belknap, chief justice of the common pleas, being attainted in the 11th year of king Richard II. this, among the reft of his eftates, became forfeited to the crown, where it did not remain long, for that king, in his 13th year, granted it to William Ellys, efq. of Burton, in this parish, and one of the justices of the peace at that time for this county; but Bibrooke did not continue long in this name, for in the beginning of king Henry VI.'s reign, it had been by purchase conveyed to Shelley, by whole heir-general it devolved, in the time of Edward IV. to May; from whom it was, not long afterwards, alienated to Tilden, where it remained till the beginning of the reign of queen Elizabeth, when it was fold to Richard Beft, who bore for his arms, Sable, a cinquefoil, between eight crofs-croflets, or,z and rebuilt this manfion, the ruins of which still remain; but his fon John Beft, afterwards of Allington castle, alienated this seat to Sir William Hall, who refided here, and was fucceeded in it by his eldeft fon Nevil Hall, efq. who poffeffed it in the reign of king Charles I. being the fon of John Hall, of Wilfborough, and his arms, Sable, three battle axes, or; from his heir it paffed by fale to Charles Nott, efq. who refided here at the latter end of king Charles II.'s reign; after whofe death his heirs alienated it to Sir John Shorter, lord mayor of London in 1688. He was fecond fon of John Shorter, of Staines, in Middlefex. He never was even a freeman of the city, having been appointed lord-mayor by king James II. His arms were, Sable, a lion rampant, or, crowned argent, between three battle-axes of the last, the handles of the second." He died in the year of his mayoralty, and was buried in St. Saviour's church, in Southwark. John his eldeft fon, fucceeded him here, and left three fons and two

<sup>2</sup> See their pedigree in Viftn. co. Kent, 1619.

\* See Strype's Stow's Survey, book v. p. 150.

daughters,

Nn 3

daughters, viz. Catherine, married to Sir Robert Walpole, K. G. afterwards created earl of Orford; and Charlotte, to Francis, lord Conway. John Shorter, efq. the eldeft fon, fucceeded him here, but dying f. p. Captain Arthur Shorter, his next furviving brother, became entitled to this eflate. He died in 1753, unmarried, and by will left it to Mr. John Dunn, furgeon, of Bath, who died in 1769, as did lately his wife Mrs. Dunn, and her devifees are now entitled to it.

The antient manfion of Bibrooke has been uninhabited and in ruins for feveral years; but the front of it, which has a flately appearance, is flill remaining entire. A low mean building has been crected againft the fouth fide of it, which is made use of as the farmhouse belonging to the estate.

BURTON is another feat in this parish, about half a mile fouthward from the church, which in very old deeds is written Burfton, from its having been once the refidence of a branch of a family of that name, who were extinct here before the reign of king Edward III. when it appears to have become the property of a family named Elys, or as they were frequently written in later times, Ellys; and in the Surrenden library there is a deed, dated anno 44 Edward III. of Thomas Elys, of Kenyngton, the feal appendant being Bendy, impaling three annulets. His descendant William Ellys, efq. was of Burton, in the 13th year of Richard II. being then one of the confervators or juffices of the peace for this county. Thomas Ellys, efq. kept his . fhrievalty at Burton in the 6th year of king Henry VI. William Flys, gent. of Kennington, died in the year 1494, poffelied of the manor of Burton and Northpends, in this parish, in whose descendants, who bore for their arms, Or, on a cross, sable, five crescents, argent, as they were formerly in the windows of this church, it continued till the reign of queen Elizabeth, when one of them alienated it to Sir William Hall, of Bibrooke, in this parish, whose eldest fon Nevil Hall, elq.

esq. passed it away by fale, in the reign of Charles I. to William Randolph, gent. of Canterbury, who afterwards refided at Burton. He was the eldelt fon of Bernard Randolph, of Biddenden, whole fourth fon Herbert fucceeded to the family eftate at Biddenden, and was anceftor of the Randolphs, late of Canterbury, and to those now of the university of Oxford, as may be further feen before. His grandfon William Randolph, gent, of Burton, died before his father of the fame name in 1705, f. p. and was buried with his anceftors in this church ; upon which Alice, his only furviving fifter, married to William Kingfley, efq. of Canterbury, became his heir, and entitled her hufband to this eftate. He was descended from William Kingsley, of Chorley, in Lancashire, whose arms were, Vert, a cross engrailed, ermine, in the first quarter, a mullet, or. b His fon William Kingfley, D. D. was archdeacon of Canterbury, and married Damaris, daughter of John Abbot, of Guildford, by whom he had a numerous iffue, of whom George the eldeft, was grandfather of William Kingfley, who by marriage became poffeffed of this manor as before mentioned; his grandfon William Kingfley, at length fucceeded his father here, and taking to the military line, became a lieutenant-general, and at the latter part of his life refided at Maidftone, where he died in 1769, unmarried, and by will gave this manor for life, to his kinfman Mr. Charles Kingsley, of London, descended from a younger son of the archdeacon. He died in 1785, leaving two fons, Charles, who died at Canterbury next year, leaving iffue, and a fecond fon Mr. William Pink Kingfley, of London, who by the entail in the general's will, fucceeded his father in this manor, and is the prefent poffeffor of it.

<sup>b</sup> There is a pedigree of this family in the Vistn. co. Kent, anno 1619.

ULLEY

ULLEY is a finall manor, within the hounds of this parish, next to Boughton Aluph, having now neither manfion nor any demefnes that can be afcertained belonging to it. The family of Criol owned it in antient time, from whom it went afterwards in like manner as Seaton, in Boughton Aluph, to the Rokefley's, and thence again to the Poynings and the Percys, earls of Northumberland, in whom it continued till Henry, earl of Northumberland, in the 23d year of Henry VIII. vested it in feoffees, who foon afterwards fold it to Sir Christopher Hales, attorney-general, whose three daughters and coheirs joined in the fale of it to Sir Thomas Moyle, of Eaftwell, and his daughter and coheir Catherine, carried it in marriage to Sir Thomas Finch, in whofe descendants, earls of Winchelsea, it continued down to Daniel, earl of Winchelsea and Nottingham, who dying in 1769, without male islue, gave this manor, among the reft of his effates, to his nephew George Finch Hatton, efq. now of Eastwell, the present possessor of it.

KENNINGTON-HOUSE is a feat in this parifh, near the eaft end of the village of Kennington, and a very fmall diftance from the weft fide of the high road from Ganterbury to Athford. It was formerly, with an adjoining farm called *Kennington farm*, the property of the Moyles, feated at Buckwell, in the adjoining parifh of Boughton Aluph ; in which it continued till Mary, fole daughter and heir of John Moyle, efq. and granddaughter of Sir Robert Moyle, carried it, with much other land in that parifh, in marriage to Robert Breton, efq. of the Elmes, near Dover, who died poffeffed of it in 1708. Moyle Breton, efq. his eldeft fon, fucceeded him here, and refided at Kennington-houfe,<sup>c</sup> where he died in 1735, and was buried in the high chancel of Boughton Aluph church. He left three

<sup>c</sup> Anno 13 George I. and 3 George II. two acts paffed for this citate.

fons, Moyle; Richard, who left two daughters; and Robert, now vicar of Boughton Aluph. Moyle Breton, efq. the eldeft, on his father's death, poffeffed and refided at this feat. He died fome years ago, leaving two fons, Moyle and Whitfield; the eldeft of whom, the Rev. Moyle Breton, LL. D. late vicar of this parifh, and now rector of Kenardington, is the prefent poffeffor of this feat, with the eftate of Kennington farm.

### CHARITIES.

HENRY WATTS gave by will in 1602, a fum of money for the relief of the poor, now vested in land of the annual produce of 11. 14s. and in the churchwardens and overfeers.

MARY MARSHALL, by deed in 1624, gave to the use of the poor, land in it, now of the annual produce of 11. vested in feoffees.

WILLIAM PIPER gave by will in 1657, to the like use, 11. annually, payable out of a house and lands vested in feoffees.

WILLIAM BRETT gave by will in 1704, 1l. annually, payable out of a house vested in the Rev. George Carter, towards cloathing the poor.

N. B. The owners of the two last-mentioned estates have, ever fince the year 1782, refused the payment of these gifts.

RICHARD BRETT gave by will in 1711, to the use of the poor 11. annually, payable out of lands vested in the churchwardens and overseers.

The poor conftantly relieved are about twenty-eight, calually twenty-five.

KENNINGTON is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JU-RISDICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Charing.

The church, which is dedicated to St. Mary, confifts of one ifle and two chancels, with a fmall lower chancel on the fouth fide. It has a tower fteeple, with a beacon turret at the weft end, in which are five bells. In the fouth chancel are feveral memorials for the Randolph family, and the Kingfleys; for colonel Johnfton, obt. 1725, and Caroline his wife; for Mary, daughter of Thomas Knevett, efq. obt. 1713, and colonel Stephen Otway, obt. 1759. And there was in this church a memorial for John Beft, efq. of this parifh,

rifh, in the time of king James I. having on the stone the arms of Beft, quartered with Barrow. In the windows of this church were formerly, in Weever's time, a shield of arms, Parted per fess; in the upper part, gules, a goat's bead erased, ermine; and in base, gules, a fels, or, between three owls, argent, impaling Shurland; and underneath, Orate pro aia Willielmi Walkesley militis. And in another window the figure of a man, kneeling with his fword and fpurs, and on his coat, the arms of Brent; and opposite to him a woman, in the like posture, with these arms on her mantle: A chevron', between three rofes; and underneath them, Orate pro aiabs Willi Brent ari & Elisabethæ uxoris ejus filiæ Rifc. Madris. They lived in Edward IV.'s time. In another window were the arms of Towne, impaling Ellis. In the church yard, just by the churchdoor, is a memorial for George, fon of George Marshall, of Boughton Aluph, obt. 1619, and near it another, round the verge of the ftone, for George, fon and heir of George Marshall, of Kennington, who lay entombed nigh him, obt. 1623. There are 30s. per annum devifed to keep the former of these stores in repair; and when that wants no repair, it is to be given to the poor. On a large old stone is a memorial for Susan Barrow, widow, obt. 1655; and there is another clofe to it, without an infcription, fupposed to be her hufband's. The vicar, I am informed, repairs the lower fouth chancel of this church.

This church was formerly an appendage to the manor, and as fuch was part of the poffeffions of the monaftery of St. Augustine, to which it was appropriated in the beginning of king Edward II.'s reign, about the year 1311, with the king's licence.<sup>d</sup> But the vicarage was not endowed till more than twenty years afterwards, by archbishop Stratford, who assigned to the vicar and his fuccessors, the house of the vicarage, which the vicars of it were wont theretofore to inhabit,

<sup>d</sup> Pat. 5 Edward II. p. 1, m. 12. Tan. Mon. p. 205.

and all oblations belonging to this church, and all and fingular the tithes of hay, pasture, mills, lambs, milk, wool, calves, pigs, chicken, ducks, pigeons, geefe, flax, hemp, apples, pears, and gardens, as well then, as in future, of the whole parifh; and alfo 40s. fterling annual penfion, to be received twice a year at Kenyngton, from the religious, which portions, together with the pendion, had been affigned from the beginning to Sir J. de la Toute, the first vicar instituted in it; all which they estimated to be worth yearly 81. 10s. And over and above all thefe, the religious, in augmentation of the vicarage, affigned, together with them, to the vicar and his fucceffors, the tithes of hay of four acres and one rood or virgate of meadow, ariling from their demefne meadow at Kenynton, which tithe of hay the vicar or his predeceffors did not use to receive; and eight bushels of fweet and clean corn, viz. four bushels of wheat, and four bushels of barley, to be received yearly of the religious or their fervants at Kenynton, at Michaelmas, all which, with the confent of both parties, was judicially decreed by the archbishop's commilfary, with the penalty of fequestration on failure of payment by them. And he decreed and adjudged, with the confent of both parties, that the vicar and his fucceffors fhould ferve the church in divine rites, and in future time in the finding of one clerk to minister there; and that they should support the burthens of wax lights, of bread and wine for the celebration of maffes, and the payment of the tenth, and the procurations of the archdeacon, and all other extraordinary burthens of it, and the books to be given to the church by the religious, the vicar and his fucceffors should cause to be bound at their fole costs, and that the religious should perpetually undergo and acknowledge the amending and repairing of the chancel, and finding of books, or vestments and ornaments, the burthens of which belonged to rectors of places, of cuftom or right wholly, and all other burthens, ordinary and extraordinary, belonging

longing to it, referving nevertheless to the archbishop, full power to augment or diminish the vicarage whenever it should be thought fit : all which the archbishop approving, confirmed by his authority, as ordinary, &c.<sup>e</sup>

The church and advowfon of the vicarage after this, remained part of the possessions of the monastery till the final diffolution of it, in the 30th year of king Henry VIII. when it was, with all its revenues, furrendered into the king's hands; f where the manor and rectory staid but a small time, for the king, in his 36th year, granted them, with their appurtenances, to Sir Anthony St. Leger, in manner as has been already mentioned before, and on the attainder of John, duke of Northumberland, in the 1st year of queen Mary, these premises became forfeited, among his other estates, to the crown; where this rectory and advowfon feem to have remained till the year 1558, when queen Mary granted the advowfon of this vicarage, among others, to the archbishop of Canterbury; and queen Elizabeth, in her 3d year, granted the rectory, then valued at fix pounds, fubject to the payment of forty shillings to the vicar, in exchange to archbishop Parker. Since which they have both continued parcel of the poffeffions of the fee of Canterbury to the prefent time.

This vicat age is valued in the king's books at twelve pounds. But it is now a difcharged living, of the clear yearly certified value of thirty pounds. In 1587 here were communicants one hundred and twenty-five. In 1640, one hundred and fixty-fix, when it was valued at feventy pounds. It is now worth about one hundred

<sup>e</sup> Dec. Script. col. 2104. Ordinatio vic. (Jans date) in Regift. St. Aug. Cant. called the Black Book. MSS. in Cotton library in British Museum, marked A. fol. 234. a. b. Affignatio portionis vic. A. D. 1316. Regist. Reynolds, fol. 18.

<sup>1</sup> MSS. Lambeth. Copia compositionis dict. vic. extat, in MSS. notat A. 11, f. 38, in archiv. Ecc. Cath. Cant. See Dec. Scrip. col. 1891. pounds per annum. The leffee of the parfonage in 1643, was Nevill Hall, efq. at the yearly rent of 61. 135. 4d. and the yearly payment of forty shillings, was made by the archbishop to the vicar. The present leffee is Mr. John Hilton, of Sheldwich.

By a leafe granted anno 17 Henry VIII. by the abbot and convent of St. Augustine, of the rectory, there was a payment referved of one quarter of wheat, and one of barley yearly, to the vicar from it, which leafe was renewed by the king in his 33d year, after the diffolution of the abbey.<sup>g</sup>

### CHURCH OF KENNINGTON.

| PATRONS,<br>Or by whom prefented.                                                                | VICARS.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| The Archbishop.                                                                                  | John Braynforth, inducted Feb.<br>6, 1564, obt. 1605. <sup>h</sup><br>Henry Hull, A. M. January 2,<br>1605.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| The King, by lapfe                                                                               | John Player, in 1643,<br>Henry Walker, clerk, June 30,                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| The Archbi/hoh                                                                                   | <ul> <li>1677, refigned 1681.</li> <li>John Walker, A. B. Feb. 8,<br/>1681, refigned 1683.</li> <li>William Martin, A. M. July 20,<br/>1683, obt. 1687.</li> <li>Samuel Markham, clerk, June<br/>21, 1687, obt. May 1729.<sup>1</sup></li> <li>Thomas England, A. M. July 1,<br/>1729, obt. Oct. 1729.<sup>k</sup></li> <li>John Head, Oct. 1729</li> <li>Philip Warham, A. B. March 2,<br/>1730.</li> <li>Moyle Breton, LL. B. Nov. 9,<br/>1777, refigned 1785.<sup>1</sup></li> <li>Philip Papillon, A. M. 1785,<br/>the preient vicar.<sup>m</sup></li> </ul> |
| g See Augtn. off. bundle of conven-<br>tual leafes, Kent. 2.<br>n See Scot's Difcovery of Witch- | <ul> <li>And vicar of Weftwell.</li> <li>In 1777 by difpendation rector of<br/>Kenardington, with this vicarage.</li> <li>M. And reflor of Extherne in 1785.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

by difpenfation.

i And rector of Eaflwell.

HINXHILL,

TOTAL STATE

### HINXHIL L,

USUALLY called *Hinxfell*, and in very antient times written *Hengestelle*, is the next parish eastward from Kennington. The manor of Billington claims over a great part of this parish.

HINXHILL is an obscure parish, but little known, and having very little traffic through it. The village confifts of only four or five houses, one of which is the principal farm-house of Sir John Honywood's estate here, and another the parfonage. It ftands on high ground, with the church on the weft fide of it. The antient manfion flood close to the fouth-west corner of the church-yard, having a fine prospect over the adjoining country. The kitchen is all that remains of it now, being made use of as an oast and stowages for hops. Not far from the church, northward, are Great and Little Plumpton, the former was for some time the refidence of the Andrews's, the latter of the Whitwick's. Below the hill from the village to the north and welt, it is a deep and most unpleasant country, the soil a fliff clay, with much boggy ground, efpecially weftward, where it is joined by the river Stour. About the village it it tolerable fertile land, but fouthward there is much fand, mixed with the quarry or rag ftone.

A fair is held here yearly on the Saturday in Whitfun-week, for toys and pedlary.

In the year 1727, a species of *Jubterraneous fire* was taken notice of in the valley between Goodcheape in this parish and Wye. This fire began in a marshy field, on the fide of a little brook, near the water, and continued to burn along its bank without spreading much for some days; afterwards it appeared on the other fide, and extended itself for the space of some acres over the field, confuming all the earth where it burnt into red ass, quite down to the springs, which in

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in most places lay four feet and more deep. In the fpace of about fix weeks it had confumed about three acres of ground, at which time it burnt in many places, and fent forth a great fmoak and a ftrong fmell very like that of a brick-kiln; but it never flamed, except when the earth was turned and ftirred up. For fome fpace where it was burnt the ground felt hot, though the grass feemed no more parched than might be reafonably expected from the drynefs and heat of the feafon. In feveral places where the earth was turned up, it was found to be hot and wet near four feet deep, and much hotter about two feet deep than nearer the furface; and when this earth was exposed to the air, though it was very moift, and not hotter than might be eafily borne by the hand, yet the heat of it increased so fast, that in a few minutes it was all over on fire, like phofphorus made with allum and flour. The foil of the field is of the fame nature with that the turf is made of in Holland. The furface of it is always wet, except in extreme dry feafons; but this feafon it was fomewhat more parched and harder than ufual. It was difficult to carry any of this away, on account of its firing ; one piece in particular firing in the pocket of one who was bringing it away, had almost burnt its way through before it was perceived."

In the ftone-quarry by Swatfield-bridge, at the fouthern boundary of this parifh, as well as in many of the rag-ftones about the adjoining parifhes of Sevington and Willefborough, is found *the oftracites ftone*, very large; and on a rag-ftone at Lacton, in the latter parifh, the flat fhell of one measured eight inches diameter; and the late Mr. Thorpe, of Bexley, had two in his poffeffion, very large and fair, with the convex parts entirely filled up with folid ftone, which were given to his father, Dr. Thorpe, by the earl of Winchelfea.

<sup>n</sup> See this account in Philosophical Transactions, vol. xxxv. No. 399, p. 307.

ONE ÆTHELFERH, a fervant of the abbot of St. Augustine's monastery, about the year 864, by will gave the land of Hengestefelle, which was a parish, as Thorne says in his Chronicle, contiguous to that of Willesborough northward, to that monastery; but Hugo de Montfort, in the time of the Conqueror, got possession of it, in spite of all the efforts of the monks to oppose it: and accordingly this estate seems to have been thus entered in the survey of Domesday as follows, among his possessions:

In Langebrige bundred, Gislebert holds of Hugo one yoke, which a certain Sochman held of king Edward. It is and was worth four shillings. There was nothing there nor is.

Of Etwelle, which Herbert the fon of Ivo, holds without the division of Hugo, he himself holds fourteen acres of land within his division, and it is worth two shillings.

And ftill further in the fame record, under the like title, is the following entry, which evidently relates to his poffeffions, part of, or at leaft adjoining to those before-mentioned :

In Langebrige bundred. In the fame bundred, is one rood of land in Sueftone, which one Sochman held of king Edward. There is now one borderer paying twelve pence. In the time of king Edward the Confeffor it was worth thirty pence, and afterwards eighteen, now three shillings.

Robert de Montfort, grandfon of Hugo above-mentioned, having afterwards incurred the difpleafure of king Henry II. all his eftates, and thefe among them, then came into the king's hands, after which it appears that THE MANOR OF HINXHILL, with that of SWATFORD, alias SWATFIELD, was afterwards held by the family of Strabolgie, earls of Athol; but Alexander Baliol, lord of Chilham, became poffeffed of them at the latter end of king Henry III.'s reign, in right of Ifabel his wife, widow of David de Strabolgie, earl of Athol, and held them, by the courtefy of England, during

during her life, she having been, on the death of her brother Richard de Dover, f. p. become entitled to them for her life, the inheritance of them belonging to John, earl of Athol, her fon by her former hufband, as heir to her brother before-mentioned. At length they descended down to David, earl of Athol, who died in the 49th year of king Edward III. leaving two daughters his coheirs, Elizabeth, the eldeft, married to Sir Thomas Percy, a younger fon of Henry, lord Percy, and Philippa to John Halfham, of Halfham, in Suffex; the latter of whom, by her father's will, became entitled to thefe manors. At length her grandfon Sir Hugh Halfham, in the beginning of king. Henry VI.'s reign, passed them away, in the 3d year of that reign, to Sir Robert Scott, lieutenant of the tower of London, brother of Sir William Scott, of Braborne, and afterwards of Scotts-hall, whofe only daughter and heir Alice, marrying William Kempe, nephew to cardinal archbishop Kempe, he, in her right, became entitled to them; but his grandfon Sir William Kempe, about the latter end of king Henry VIII.'s reign, alienated them to Browning; from which family, about the reign of queen Elizabeth, they were alienated to Robt. Edolph, efq. fon of Robert Edolph, of Brenset, and brother of Simon Edolph, of St. Radigunds, who bore for his arms, Ermine, on a bend, sable, three cinquefoils, argent,° who afterwards refided at Hinxhill-court, as did his fon Sir Robert Edolph, who kept his fhrievalty here in the 6th year of king James I. but his fon Robert Edolph, esq. dying f. p. in 1631, gave these manors of Hinxhill and Swatford, together with the court leet of the half hundred of Longbridge, by will to Cecilia his wife, for her life, or fo long as the continued unmarried; but she afterwards remarrying Sir Francis Knolles, of Reading, forfeited her interest in them, upon which

<sup>o</sup> There are pedigrees of them in the Viftn. co. Kent, 1574 and 1619, and in the Herald's office, marked D. 13, f. 11, 6.

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they

they came to Mr. Samuel Edolph, her former hufband's next brother, who fome years afterwards conveyed them to his brother in-law Mr. John Angel, of Surry, for the more effectual performance of his will; and he, fometime after the death of king Charles I: paffed them away to Edward Choute, efq. of Betherfden, who afterwards refided at Hinxhill-court, as did his fon Sir George Choute likewife, who was fucceeded in them by his fon George Choute, efq. who was created a baronet in 1684. He pulled down this mansion, and removed to Bethersden, where he died /. p. in 1721,<sup>p</sup> having devifed these manors by will to Edward Auften, esq. of Tenterden, afterwards baronet, who fold them not long afterwards to Sir William Honywood, bart. of Evington, who died possessed of them in 1748, and his direct defcendant Sir John Honywood, bart. of Evington, is the prefent posseffor of these manors.

The courts baron for the manors of Hinxhill and Swatford, have been for fome time difused; and the court leet for the half hundred of Longbridge has been for feveral years past held by the constable of it, folely for the appointment of a successfor in his office, as will be further taken notice of hereafter.

WALTHAM is a place here, which was once accounted a manor, and antiently belonged to the family of Criol, from whom it went by marriage into that of Rokefle, and thence again in like manner to the family of Poynings, in which it continued till Sir Edward Poynings, governor of Dover caftle, and lord warden, dying poffeffed of it anno 14 Henry VIII. 1522, not only without legitimate iffue, but even without any collateral kindred, who could make claim to his eftates, this manor, among others, efcheated to the crown, whence it was immediately afterwards granted to Sir Richard Damfell, who not long after paffed it away to Gold-

<sup>p</sup> See more of him before under Bethersden.

hill; as he did about the latter end of queen Elizabeth's reign, to Mr. Robert Edolph, of Hinxhillcourt; fince which it has paffed in like manner as the manor of Hinxhill before-described, down to Sir John Honywood, bart. who is the prefent possesfor of it.

GOODCHEAPES, as it is now called, but more properly Godchepes, is an effate in the northern part of this parish, which for a feries of many generations had owners of that furname, one of whom, Thomas Godchepe, as appears by the inquisition taken after his death, died possessed of it in the 31st year of king Edward I. and in his name and descendants it remained fixed until the latter end of king Henry VIII.'s reign, and then it came by the will of one of them, named alfo Thomas Godchepe, after the limitation of it, to feveral different persons, who were become extinct without iffue, to the last perfon mentioned in remainder in the will, Mr. John Barrow. The circumstances of which bequest is thus related : Mr. John Barrow, being an attorney, was called upon to make the will of Thomas Godchepe, and by his direction inferted the names of eight perfons, who were to fucceed each other in the inheritance of this estate in tail, and being asked by Barrow, whom he should add more, he was answered by the teftator, that as there had been a reciprocal friendship between them, he should place his own name next after them all; and they all deceasing in course of time f. p. this effate in the end devolved to him and his heirs. Circumstances fimilar to the above have happened in relation to other eftates in this county, particularly to the Leeds abbey estate, by Sir Roger Meredith's will, who died in 1742, *f. p.* who having fent for Mr. Walter Hooper, an attorney, to make his will, after having devifed his effates to feveral different perfons fucceffively in tail, feemed at a lofs who to name next in the entail, when Mr. Hooper mentioned himfelf and his nephew; and all the prior remainders having ceased, they both fuccessively enjoyed that estate by

by the will.<sup>4</sup> Mr. Barrow, who bore for his arms, Lozengv, or, and azure, a griffin, falient, ermine, refided afterwards here, and died in 1578, leaving two daughters his coheirs, whofe eldeft daughter and coheir Elizabeth, marrying Mr. Robert Edolph, the purchafer of Hinxhill-court as before-mentioned, he became entitled to it fometime about the latter end of queen Elizabeth's reign; fince which it has paffed in like fucceffion of ownership as the manors of Hinxhill and Waltham before-mentioned, down to Sir John Honywood, bart. who is the prefent possefor of them.

#### CHARITIES.

MARTHA WADE, by will in 1722, gave an aunuity of forty shillings, out of lands in this parish and Wye, to the use of the poor not receiving alms, vested in the churchwardens and overseers.

The poor constantly relieved are about twelve, cafually eight.

THIS PARISH is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JURIS-DICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Limne.

The church, which is dedicated to St. Mary, is a finall building, confifting of two ifles and two chancels, having a low spire steeple at the west end, in which are three bells. In the high chancel, on the north fide, there is a handsome monument, well preserved, for Robert Edolph, esq. and Cicely Browne his wife, having their effigies kneeling on it. He died in 1631. In the fouth isle are memorials for Coveney, arms, On a bend, three trefoils slipt. The north is very narrow indeed; in it is a memorial for Kennet Backe, gent. captain of the train-bands, obt. 1687. On the fouth fide, in the church-yard, are feveral memorials for the Wightwicks, and a very antient stone, coffinshaped, with a cross flory on it. It appears by the parish register, that many of the Edolphs are buried in this church, from the year 1588, when Mr. Robt. Edolph,

See vol. v. of this history, p. 497.

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fen. gent. was buried in it, to the prefent century. Mr. John Barrow in 1578, Sir Edward Chute in 1634, and others of fome note in life, appear likewife to have been buried in it, for whom there are not any memorials.

The church of Hinxhill was antiently appendant to the manor, and continued with it till Robert Edolph, efq. by will in 1631, gave the manor of Hinxhill to his wife Cecilie, for her life, or until she remarried, and the advowfon and patronage of this church to her and her heirs for ever. By which means the advowfon being feparated from the manor, became an advowfon in grofs, and though it afterwards was poffeffed by the fame owners as the manor, yet having been once feparated it could never afterwards be appendant to it again." She foon afterwards remarrying Sir Francis Knolles, forfeited her life-estate in the manor to her late hufband's next heir and brother, Mr. Sam. Edolph, and fome years afterwards alienated the reversion of the advowfon, (for fhe appears to have prefented to the Rectory in 1666) to him. Since which it has continued, in like succession of ownership with the manor of Hinxhill, and his other estates in this parish, to Angel, Choute, and Auften, and from the latter to Sir William Honywood, bart. whofe defcendant Sir John Honywood, bart. is the prefent owner and patron of this church.

This rectory is valued in the king's books at 71.16s. 8d. It is now a difcharged living, of the clear yearly certified value of thirty-four pounds. In 1578 here were communicants feventy-one. In 1640 it was valued at fixty pounds, communicants feventy. There are ten acres of glebe.

<sup>5</sup> See Modern Reports, vol. ii. p. 1.

CHURCH

### CHURCH OF HINXHILL.

PATRONS, Or by whom prefented. Family of Edolph.

RECTORS.

Matthew Bourne, Nov. 17, 1578, obt. 16co.8 Henry Hilles, July 19, 1600, ob. Feb. 1618.t Christopher Bachelor, vacated 1626. Elias Wood, A. M. June 2, 1626, obt. March 1641." James Wilkinson, induct. 1642, obt. May 1666." John Jemmett, A. M. Aug. 29, 1666, obt. 1688. John Booth, A. M. Feb. 4, 1688, obi. 1713. Isaac Satur, A. B OA. 10, 1713, oot. 1722.<sup>x</sup> Jude Holdsworth, A. M. Sept. 15, 1722, obt. November 27, 1759.5 Edmund Filmer, A. M. Dec. 18, 1759, refigned 1770.2 John Honywood, A. M. Nov. 13, 1770, the present rector.<sup>2</sup>

Rucking afterwards with this of Hinxhill.

Z Also rector of Crundal.

<sup>2</sup> Youngefi fon of Sir John Hony, wood, bart. the patron, by his fecond wife.

#### WILLESBOROUGH

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LIES the next parish fouthward, being written in antient records Wyvelesberg, and now Willesborough, or, as it is usually called, Wilsborough.

IT IS PLEASANTLY fituated in a dry healthy country. The high road from Afhford to the town of Hythe croffes this parish; on this road is Lacton green,

Dame Cicely Knolles, of Reading. Sir George Choute, bart.....

Thomas Witherden, efq. hac vice ..

Sir John Honywood, bart. .....

• t u w They all lie buried in this church.

\* Alfo rector of Brooke. He rebuilt the parsonage-house of Hinxhill.

y He held this rectory with hat of Tong by difpenfation, and refigning the latter in 1750 held the rectory of

on

on which there is a pretty hamlet of houses, fome of them of good fize, and are well built, and of a very neat appearance; they were formerly inhabited by owners of fome account, as by the family of Hall, or Haule, as they were fometimes called, who bore for their arms, Sable, three battle axes, two and one, or. John Hall refided here, and died in 1528;<sup>b</sup> they coutinued here till the beginning of king Charles the Ift.'s reign, when their property here was fold. A younger branch of the family of Aucher refided here in king James the Ift.'s reign, from whom defcended Dr. Aucher, prebendary of Canterbury, who died in 1701. A branch of the Taylors, of Shadoxhurft, refided here in the fame reign, and were anceftors of the Taylors, of Maidstone, baronets; and Sir John James, in king Charles the IId's reign, refided here likewife, descended of a family who came out of Cleve, in Germany, in king Henry the VIIIth.'s reign, and bore for their arms the fame as those of Ightham, in this county. At a small distance southward from Lacton green, on higher rifing ground, stands the church, and Wilfborough-street, adjoining to it; a little beyond which the stream runs which rifes at Braborne and Hinxhill, and having croffed the high road at Swatfield bridge, goes on through this parish, and falls into the river Stour just above Ashford. Just within the southern bounds of the parish is a large handsome house, well timbered, standing on high ground, built by Thomas Boys, esq. of Sevington, in 1616, with the materials of their more antient feat of the Moat, in that adjoining parish, at a very small distance from it, who named his new mansion Boys HALL. His descendants continued to refide in it till Edward Boys, gent, the late possessor of it, removed to a smaller house near the church, which his father had begun to build, but died before he had finished it, fince which Boys-hall has been inhabited

<sup>b</sup> There is a pedigree of them in Vistn. co. Kent, 1619. O 0 4. only

only by cottagers. He died in 1796, leaving by Sarah his wife, daughter of Mr. John Collington, two fons, Edward and William, his coheirs in gavelkind, and on a partition of their estates, this seat became the fole property of the eldeft fon Mr. Edward Boys, who now refides in it. This branch of Boys is descended from those of Bonnington, in Goodnestone, and bear for their arms, Or, a griffin segreant, sable, a bordure, gules. From the Ashford road at Lacton green, on the north fide, a road branches off to Longbridge or Willesborough lees, where there is a hamlet of houses, one of which is a modern built one, which formerly belonged to the Whightwicks, feveral of whom lie buried in Hinxhill church-yard, by a daughter of whom it came by marriage to Mr. Richard Goodwin, who now lives in it; acrofs thefe lees, and the river Stour, which runs near the lower end of the lees, the road leads to Kennington, and towards Faversham and Canterbury.

This parish is about two miles across each way. The land is nearly half arable and half pasture, the rents of it amounting to about 12001. per annum. The upland part of it has much quarry or rag stone in it, mixed with sand, and towards Ashford a good deal of gravel.

The court leet for the half hundred of Longbridge, which used to be held by the Edolphs, and afterwards by the Honywoods, at Hinxhill, has been disclaimed by them for some years pass, and the constable of the half hundred now holds it annually, for the purpose of chusing a successor in his office, at this parish and Kennington alternately.

*The offracites* is frequently found among the ragftones in the quarries about Lacton, and in the parifhes of Sevington and Hinxhill, as has been already mentioned before under the latter parifh.

THE PLANT gale frutex odoratus septentrionalium, fweet willow goule, or Dutch myrtle, grows plentifully fully in a boggy ground joining to a finall farm called Coombs-hole, on Willefborough-lees; and on the road fide near Oufley farm, is the *tanacetum vulgare luteum*, common tanfey.

THIS PARISH is not particularly mentioned in the record of Domefday. The manor of Wye claims over fuch part of it as is in the borough of Henwood, alias Hewet, but the manor of Kennington, alias Coningfbrooke claims over the greateft part of it, fubordinate to which is THE MANOR OF SOTHERTONS, alias WILLESBOROUGH, which, by the defcription of the lands of Wyvelefberg, in very early times belonged to the abbot and convent of St. Augustine, being about the year 866 purchased of one Eadulph, fon of Edwold, for two thousand pence. At the fame time one Æthelferth bequeathed, in his testament, to that monastery, land in this parish called *Atelefwortbe*, which was geldable; and there is still in this parish a green, called Atelworth-green, which points out where this land lay.

In after times this manor was held of the abbot, by the family of Elys, or Ellis, as they were fometimes fpelt, whofe principal refidence was at Burton, in Kennington; one of whom, Thomas Elys, held it anno 44 Edward III. as appears by a deed in the Surrenden library. His defcendant John Elys, of Willifberg, died poffeffed of this manor of Sotherton, together with a houfe and lands at Lacton, a principal houfe at Swatford, and other lands in this parifh, in the 7th year of Edward IV. as did Richard his fon in the 12th year of it.<sup>c</sup> Soon after which the manor of Sothertons went by fale into the family of Brent; and Philipott fays, that the noted Falcatius de Brent was of this family; but they could gain no credit from this relationfhip; for Camden calls him a defperate fellow; and Dugdale fays, he was a baftard by birth, of mean extraction,

· His will is in the Prerogative-office, Canterbury.

who had come out of the Low Countries with other freebooters, to king John's affiftance against his barons." But Weever fays much more to their credit; that they were branched out of the antient flock of Brent, in Somersetshire; of whom Sir Robert de Brent was a baron in parliament in the reign of king Edward I. which makes it wholly improbable they could have any relationship to this Falcatius before-mentioned. They had before this purchase been for many generations settled at Wickins, in Charing ; for Robert, fecond fon of Hugh Brent, of Charing, refided at Willefborough, and, as appears by his will, died posseffed of this manor in the 7th year of king Henry VII. anno 1491. At length his grandfon Robert Brent, of Willesborough, dying f. p. in the 12th year of queen Elizabeth, devised it by will to Thomas Brent, eig. of Charing, who removed hither, and dying in 1612, was likewife buried in this church. By his will he gave this manor of Sothertons, alias Willesborough, to his nephew Richard Dering, esq. of Pluckley, by Margaret his fifter, wife of John Dering, efq. late of Surrenden, deceased, in whose descendants it continued down to Sir Edward Dering, knight and baronet, fo created anno 2 Charles I. who in 1635 alienated it to Robert Scott, elq. of Mersham, afterwards of Canterbury, the youngest fon of Sir Thomas Scott, of Scott's hall, in whole defcendants it continued down to Thomas Scott, gent. of Liminge,° who died poffeffed of it in 1711, leaving two daughters, Elizabeth and Bridget, his coheirs, who by his will became entitled to this manor; whence it was foon afterwards alienated to Terry, in which name it continued till Mr. Henry Terry, of Canterbury, gave it by will to his nephew Mr. Thomas Perkins, of Dover, fince deceased, whose heirs are now intitled to it. There is no court held for this manor.

<sup>d</sup> See vol. iii. of this hiftory, p. 62.

· His will is in the Prerogative-office, Canterbury.

STREETEND

#### WILLESBOROUGH.

STREETEND was once a house of good account in this parish, as having been the residence of the family of Master for several generations; it stood at the east corner of the lane turning down from the Ashford road to Willesborough church. The house itself has been pulled down fome years; but the garden-walls and fome of the out-buildings remain, and there is now a fmaller house on the scite of it. The first of them, who came into this county in the reign of Henry VIII. was Richard Mafter, whofe fon Robert was fettled at this feat of Streetend, in Willesborough. He left two fons, the eldeft of whom, Edward, fucceeded him here; and Richard was phyfician to queen Elizabeth, and anceftor to the masters of Cirencester, in Gloucestershire. Michael Mafter, gent. the grandfon of Edward abovementioned, refided here, and died poffeffed of this feat, with an upper house and land here, called Sprotts, in 1632, leaving by his wife Elizabeth, daughter of John Hall, efq. of this parish, four sons and two daughters, of whom Edward, the eldeft fon, fucceeded him here, and William, the fecond fon, at the age of twentyeight years, anno 1634, was, as the tradition of the country goes, on his wedding-day whilft at dinner, murdered by his younger brother Robert, who was in love with the bride, and whom his father ftiles in his will his difobedient fon, and was buried under a tomb in this church-yard, a few feet diftant from the church porch, on the south fide of it. The greatest part of the infcription, though now wholly obliterated, was remaining within these few years. The murderer immediately fled, and was never afterwards heard of; but is fuppofed to have fecretly returned, and to have tried to efface the infcription, as there appeared feveral words erased of it, and was prevented doing it further by fome people's going through the church-yard whilft he was employed about it. The hint of the plot of Otway's tragedy of the Orphan is faid to have been taken from this unhappy event. They bore for their arms,

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572 arms, Gules, a lion rampant-guardant, double tailed, or; which is the coat allotted to this branch in the Vifitation of Kent, 1619; the branch at Cirencester bearing the like coat, with the addition of the lion, supporting between his paws a roje of the field, stalked and leaved, vert, as a diffinction; which last coat is, by mistake, put on the gravestone of Robert Master, father of Michael before-mentioned, who died in 1616, in this church.f Edward, the eldeft fon of Michael, fucceeded his father in this feat of Streetend, and the reft of his property in this parish, and married Elizabeth, daughter of Edward Choute, esq. of Hinxhill, who after his death joined with Elizabeth, her daughter and heir, in the fale of it to Nicholas Carter, M. D. whofe heirs afterwards in 1725, alienated two thirds of this estate to William Tournay, gent. of Ashford, and the other third of it to his fon Mr. Robert Tournay, of Hythe, and he fold the whole of it to Mr. Thomas Barker, whose son of the fame name, on his death, succeeded to it, and having made the house exceedingly neat now refides in it.

### CHARITIES.

JOANE MASTER, widow, by will anno 17 Elizabeth, 1574, gave to the use of the poor, a house and land near Lactongreen, now of the annual produce of 41. and vested in the overfeers of the poor.

The poor constantly relieved are about thirty eight, casually twelve.

THIS PARISH is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JU-RISDICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Limne.

The church, which is dedicated to St. Mary, is a very neat building, confifting of two isles and two chancels, having a flim fpire steeple shingled at the west end, in which are five bells. In the high chancel there

<sup>1</sup> There is a pedigree of them in Vistn. co. Kent, 1619, and in the Herald's office, book C. 16.

are some good remains of painted glass, particularly the figure of a king fitting. On the fouth fide is a confessionary, and on the fame fide a monument for John Boys, efq. and Frances his wife; in it are memorials for Robert Master and Margaret his wife, and feveral of the family of Boys; one for Thomas Norcross, A. B. son of John Norcross, vicar, obt. 1752; one for the faid John Norcrofs, vicar here and rector of Hothfield, obt. 1773. The north chancel belongs to Willesborough-court, in which are feveral stones without inferiptions; there is here too good painted glass in the window at the east end, and in the lower part of it, two figures kneeling, and this legend, Ora p aibs Thome Ellis & ux. ejus; and two others with this legend, Ora p aibs Thome Elys & Thomasine ux. ejus; and in Weever's time there was a legend for William, fon of George Barre, of the Moat, in Sevington parish, anno 1463. In the north isle is a stone with these arms, A fels, between fix billets, the infcription obliterated; another with an infeription in brafs, the figure gone, for John Gore, sen. obt. 1506; one with an inscription in brass for John Hall and Joane his wife, ob. 1605; at the bottom of it is added a memorial for William Brooke, gent. of this parish, obt. 1707. Another stone for Edward, fon of William Brooke, and Susan his wife, obt. 1717; an infeription in brafs for Thomas Watte, obt. 1528. In the church-yard is a tomb over John Norcross, gent. son of John Norcrofs, vicar, obt. 1778, unmarried. The family of Master lie buried in the east corner of the churchyard behind the church porch, where their tombs vet remain.

The church of Willefborough was part of the antient poffeffions of the monaftery of St. Augustine, to which it was appropriated by pope Clement V. in the reign of Edward II. but the abbot, for certain reasons, then declined putting the bull for this purpose in force. At length John, abbot of St. Augustine in the year 1347, anno

57+ anno 22 Edward III. obtained another bull for the appropriation of it, and three years afterwards the king granted his licence for this purpofe, with the condition of an adequate portion being allotted out of the profits of it to the perpetual vicars in it;<sup>5</sup> all which was confirmed by archbishop Isip in the year 1359. And the next year the vicarage of this church was endowed by the archbilhop, who decreed, that the perpetual vicar should receive for his portion, all the fruits, rents, and income to the church, by whatever means foever arifing then or in future, the tithes of fheaves or corn not growing within orchards and gardens, and of hay arifing from the meadows extending themfelves from Effchetesfordilbregge through the northern part of this parish only excepted, which tithes should wholly belong to the religious and their monaftery; that the vicar should have a house within the rectory of the church, to be built at the expence of the religious, and to be repaired from that time by the vicar, together with a garden and croft, and one rood of land for a curtelage adjoining to the rectory ; the court, and the barns of the rectory adjoining and contiguous to it, being referved for the use of the religious; and that the vicar should have two acres of arable land of the endowment to himfelf, of the glebe of the church, lying close to it, which, together with the above-mentioned croft and rood of land the religious should cause to be amortifed to the vicarage at their own cofts and expences, or fhould prepare fome other fufficient fecurity for it; but that the vicar fhould undergo the burthens of officiating in the divine fervices for ever in this church, either by himfelf or fome other fit prieft, and likewife of administering or finding of lights in the chancel, of bread and wine for the celebrating of maffes, the reparation of books, vestments, and other ecclesiaftical ornaments, and thould likewife fuftain the epif-

<sup>r</sup> See Dec. Script. col. 2085 et fec.

copal

copal rights, the procuration likewife due to the archdeacon, and other archidiaconal rights, but that the religious should bear the rest of the burthens not expressed before, which used to be incumbent on the rectors of the church in past times.

The church and advowfon of the vicarage of Willefborough remained part of the pofleffions of the monaftery till the final diffolution of it, in the 30th year of king Henry VIII. when it was, with all its revenues, furrendered into the king's hands, where this rectory and advowfon ftaid but a fhort time; for the king, by his dotation-charter, in the 33d year of his reign, fettled it on his new-erected dean and chapter of Canterbury, part of whofe poffeffions they continue at this time.

The vicarage is valued in the king's books at 81. 16s. 8d. and the yearly tenths at 17s. 8d. In 1587 here were communicants two hundred. In 1640 it was valued at fixty pounds, communicants two hundred and forty. There are four acres of glebe land belonging to the vicarage.

On a furvey of this parfonage in 1650, it appears that it then confifted of the parfonage barn, with a field of arable, containing fourteen acres, lying near it, and the tithes of corn and hay arifing within the parifh; all which were valued at fifty pounds per annum, and were demifed by the late dean and chapter to Edward Mafter, gent. of Hinxhill.<sup>h</sup> Dr. Carter, by his will, gave his intereft in the leafe of this parfonage, he being the leffee of it, to the vicar of this parifh, with due care and reftrictions for the renewing of the term of it, intending this bequeft for the vicar and his fucceffors, as an augmentation to this vicarage; but Mr. Norcrofs, the vicar, determined it otherwile, and having renewed it in his own name from time to time, at

<sup>h</sup> Parliamentary Surveys, Augtn. off. vol. 19.

576 CHART AND LONGBRIDGE HUNDRED. his death in 1773 left it by his will, as his own property, to his widow; fince whole decease, their three daughters, Elizabeth, Mary, and Sarah, all of them unmarried, are now entitled to the interest of it.

### CHURCH OF WILLESEOROUGH.

VICARS.

PATRONS, Or by whom prefented. Dean and Chahter of Canterbury.

### Thomas Duncombe, A. M. May 27, 1592, obt. 1608.

Richard Hayes, Feb. 11, 1608, obt. 1613.

- George May, A. M. Sept. 7, 1613, obt. 1671.
- John Warly, A. M. March 21, 1671, obt. 1679.
- Edward Burges, clerk, Aug. 6, 1679, obt. 1681.
- Henry Walker, clerk, Jan. 10, 1681, obt. 1695.

William Martinant Nevar, OA. 10, 1695, obt. April 29, 1729.

John Norcross, A. M. Sept. 23, 1729, obt. 1773.

Robert Stedman, A. M. induct. Oct. 23, 1773.k

John Francis, A. M. induct. Jan. 9, 1790, present vicar.

ham. He was fon of Dr. Samuel Stedman, archdeacon of Norfolk, and prebendary of Canterbury.

1 Alfo rector of Orgarfwick, and fecond mafter of the King's school Canterbury.

I He was also rector of Hothfield. He died May 16, æt. 83, and was bu-ried in this chancel.

k He refigned this vicarage on being promoted to the rectory of Elmeston; likewife vicar of Prefton by Wing-

#### SEVINGTON

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LIES the next parish to Willesborough south-eastward. It is a very fmall parish, having only eleven houses in it. The church stands on rising ground, overlooking the Weald, which lies in the vale below the hill fouthward, where the clay is again very deep, and and the like country through the woods as that below ' Great Chart and Betheriden, already defcribed. One of the principal heads of the river Stour, which rifes at Poftling, flows acrofs the fouthern part of this parith, and having been joined by fome other branches of it goes on to Athford bridge, having through the courfe of it acquired the name of the Old Stour, to diftinguish it from that branch of this river which rifes at Lenham, and flowing through Little and Great Chart runs on towards Athford bridge.

THE MANOR OF CONINGSBROOK claims paramount over the greatest part of this parish, by the name of THE YOKE OF DEVELAND; Subordinate to which is THE MANOR OF SEVINGTON, which was most probably part of those possessions belonging to the abbot and convent of St. Augustine, taken from them at the Norman conquest by Hugo de Montfort, as mentioned before, but whether included in the defcription of those lands belonging to him in the general furvey of Domelday, inferted before under Hinxhill parish, I dare not ascertain; only that it certainly was part of his poffeffions, and that on the voluntary exile of his grandson Robert de Montfort in king Henry I.'s reign, this, among the reft of his eflates, came into the hands of the crown, of which it was afterwards held, with others of them in this neighbourhood, by the family of Criol, and Maud, widow of Simon de Criol, as was found by inquifition, died anno 52 Henry III. possessed of it, with lands in Effetesforde, Vetersture, and Pakemanston. How it passied afterwards, I do not find ; but the next owners that appear are the family of Scott, of Scotts-hall, who held it as of the honor of Dover, by ward to the caftle there; in them it continued for many generations, and till at length George Scott, efq. of Scottshall, about the latter end of king George I.'s reign, passed this manor away by fale to Sir Philip Boteler, bart, of Teston, and his son of the same name died posseffed P P VOL. VII.

pofieffed of it in 1772, having by will given one moiety of his effates to Mrs. Elizabeth Bouverie, then of Chart Sutton, but late of Tefton; and the other moiety to Elizabeth, vifcountefs dowager Folkeftone, and her fon-in-law, William Bouverie, earl of Radnor;<sup>1</sup> and on the partition made by the two latter, of their moiety, this manor of Sevington was, with others, allotted to the latter, who died in 1776, and by will devifed this manor, with the reft of the abovementioned effates in this county, to his eldeft fon by his fecond wife, the Hon. William-Henry Bouverie, who is the prefent owner of it, but there is neitherhoufe nor demeine lands belonging to it.

THE MOAT is a manor, fituated in this parish below the hill, almost adjoining to Willesborough, somewhat more than half a mile weftward from the church of Sevington; this manfion was, in very early times, the refidence of a family which took their name from hence. Sir John de Sevington, faid to be descended from an anceftor of the fame name, a Saxon born, who lived in the time of king Edward the Confeffor, and in great authority under earl Godwin, was poffeffed of this manor and refided here in the reign of Henry III. bearing for his arms, Argent, on a fels wavy, fable, three escallops, or, between three trefoils, flipt of the second. He left a sole daughter and heir Maud, who entitled her hufband Sir John Barrey, to the possession of it, who afterwards resided here, as did his feveral defcendants down to Richard Barrey, elq. of Sevington, lieutenant of Dover caftle in the memorable year 1588, being descended from Sir Audrian Barray, of the diffrict of Barray, in Normandy, and came into England with king Richard I. who placed him in the north country. His descendants were of respectable account at the times in which they lived, as confervators of the peace, knights of the shire, and

<sup>1</sup> See Folkestone, for a further account of this family.

sheriffs,

sheriffs, keeping their feveral shrievalties at this feat of the Moat; two of them were lieutenants of Dover caftle, and their alliances by marriages were with fome of the most eminent families in this county, of Haut, Malmaines, St. John, Aucher, and Fogge. They bore for their arms, Argent, a fess, gules, between six fleurs de lis, sable. These arms were in the windows of Milton church, near Sittingborne, and are still on the roof of the cloyfters at Canterbury. Weever mentions feveral of them, whole monuments and infcriptions were remaining in this church in his time. Several of them had their figures on their grave-stones, habited in armour; but they have been all long fince gone. Sir John Barrey before-mentioned, left two daughters his coheirs, one of whom, Elizabeth, married Vincent Boys, of Bekesborne, who in her right became afterwards entitled to this manor. He was fourth fon of William Boys, of Fredville, by Mary, fifter and heir of Sir Edward Ringefley, of Knolton, and bore for his arms, Or, a griffin segreant, sable, within a bordure, gules ; being the arms of Boys ; and for difference, On the bordure, acorns and croffes, formee fitchee, or, alternately. His fon Edward Boys, of Betshanger, alienated this manor to Mr. John Alcock, who had been steward to the Barrey family, and was afterwards tenant of this estate under Mr. Edward Boys; fo that, fleward-like, his wealth increased in proportion as that of his respective masters wasted; infomuch, that when they were necessitated to fell, he was enabled to purchase; too frequent an example even in these times; his sole daughter and heir Margaret carried it in marriage back again to the family of Boys, by her union with Thomas Boys, gent. of Willesborough, descended from Thomas Boys, of Bonnington, in Goodnestone, who lived in the reign of Henry VIII. and was a younger fon of William Boys, by Isabella, daughter and heir of Phallop, of Nonington. He pulled down this antient feat, which P P 2 ftood

579

ftood in the bottom, juft within the weftern boundary of this parifh, where the moat, filled with water, now remains entire, inclofing ftrictly the fcite only of it, and removed the materials of it to rebuild his houfe at Willefborough. He died poffeffed of this manor, with the fcite of the antient manfion of it in 1659, and was fucceeded in it by his fon John Boys, gent. of Willefborough, in whofe defcendants it has continued down to Mr. Edward Boys, gent. now of Willefborough, the prefent proprietor of it.

NEW HARBOUR, ufually called New Arbour, was once a manor and feat of fome account here, which in king Henry VII.'s reign was the property of the family of Elys, of Kennington; but it did not continue long with them, for in the next reign of Henry VIII. I find it in the poffeffion of Henry Goulding, who refided here, as did his fon Robert Goulding in the reign of queen Elizabeth, bearing for his arms, A cross voided, between four lions paffant, gules; which was confirmed by Robert Cooke, clarencieux, in 1572," but he alienated it to Sir Edward Radcliffe, phylician to James I. who afterwards refided at it. He was descended out of Lancashire, where his ancestors were antiently feated, bearing for their arms, Argent, two bendlets ingrailed, *fable.*<sup>n</sup> Ralph Radcliffe, a younger brother of the above family, purchased Hitchin priory in the reign of Henry VIII. where his descendants afterwards continued ; one of whom was Sir Edward Radcliffe, the purchaser of this estate of New Harbour, in whose descendants it continued down to John Radcliffe, esq. of Hitchin priory, in Hertfordthire, who dying in 1783, J. p. this estate, among others, came to Sir Charles Farnabye, bart. of Sevenoke, in right of his wife Penelope, fifter and heir-at-law of the

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>m</sup> See Guillim, p. 174, and Viftn. co. Kent, 1619, pedigiee Goulding.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>n</sup> See Vistn. co. Kent. 1619, pedigree Radcliffe, and Chauncy's Hertfordshire, p. 391 et seq.

be ore-mentioned John Radcliffe, and widow of Mr. Charlton, merchant, of London. Sir Charles Farnabye, afterwards named Radcliffe, removed into Hertford(hire, where he died *f. p.* in October 1798, and his heirs are now entitled to it.

IN THE BOOK OF AID, anno 20 Edward III. for the making of the black prince a knight, mention is made of the manor of Hawky/well, in this parifh, which Ifabel de Hawkyfwell then held by knight's fervice, and which Walter de Rokeflye before held in Hawkyfwell of the honor of Folkeftone. In the 33d year of king Henry VIII. it was found by inquifition, taken after the death of Edward Barrey, that he died poffeffed of it, holding it by ward to the caffle of Dover, fo that having the fame owners, it moft probably merged in the manor of the Moat, and continues fo at this time.

#### CHARITIES.

MRS. ELIZABETH MAY, of Sittingborne, by will in 1721, gave 9l. every third year, chargeable on the effate of the Rev. Mr. Lufhington, called Bilham-farm, in Kingfnoth, Merfham, and Sevington, to be paid, clear of deductions, to this parifh in turn, for a term of years therein mentioned; twenty years of which were unexpired in 1786; to be applied for the binding out yearly a child an apprentice, of the poorelt people in these three parifhes, to be approved of from time to time by fuch perfons as fhould be owners of the effate. This charity did not take place till the year 1784. One girl only has as yet been put out apprentice from this charity by this parifh.

HALF AN ACRE of land, called the Church spot, in this parish, was given by perfons unknown; the rent of which is expended in the repairs of the church.

The poor constantly relieved are about ten, cafually not more than two or three.

SEVINGTON is fituated within the ECCLESIASTICAL JURISDICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Limne.

The church, which is dedicated to St. Mary, is very finall, confifting of two ifles, one much larger than the other, and one chancel. At the weft end is a

**fpire** 

fpire fteeple, fhingled, in which are four bells. There are feveral graveftones in this church, all which have been robbed of their braffes. In the chancel is a memorial for Edward Boys, rector, eldeft fon of Thomas Boys, gent. of Mersham, obt. 1723. Weever mentions feveral memorials for the family of Barrey, in his time, and one for John Fynch, elq. obt. 1442; none of which are now remaining.

This church is a rectory, which feems antiently to have been in the patronage of the owners of the Moat manor in this parifh, and to have continued fo till Mr. Edward Boys, the owner of that manor, about the year 1776, conveyed the patronage of it by fale to Edward Norwood, gent. of Afhford, the prefent patron of it.

This rectory is valued in the king's books at  $81. 14s. c_{\frac{1}{2}}d$ . It is now a difcharged living, of the clear yearly certified value of thirty-five pounds.

In 1570 it was valued at forty pounds, communicants fixty. In 1640 it had the like number of communicants, and it was valued at fifty-five pounds. It is now of the value of about one hundred and thirty pounds per annum.

### CHURCH OF SEVINGTON.

| PATRONS,<br>Or by whom prefented.            | RECTORS.                                                               |
|----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Richard Barrey, efq                          | James Aucher, Dec. 8, 1584,<br>obt. 1600.                              |
| Edward and John Boys, gent. of<br>Canterbury | William Master, A. M. May 9,<br>1600.°                                 |
| Edward Boys, gent                            | Thomas Bargar, alias Bargrave,<br>S. T. B. Jan. 23, 1614, ob.<br>1621. |
| Ralph Brockhull, clerk.                      | Thomas Brockhul!, A. B. April<br>23, 1621, refigned the fame<br>year.  |
| J. Alcock, gent. of Willesborough.           | Walter Angell, A. M. Aug. 8,<br>1621, obt. 1623.                       |

· Afterwards rector of Mersham, and S. T. P. He died in 1628.

| PATRONS, Sc.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | RECTORS.                               |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| J. Alcocke, gent. of Willesborough                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | William Stacy, A. M. July 5,           |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 1623, refigned 1624.                   |
| X                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | John Whitinge, A. B. May 1,            |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 1624, refigned 1629.                   |
| Thomas Boys, efq. of Willesborough                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Thomas Streater, A. M. June 23,        |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 1629.                                  |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Simon How, refigned 1668.              |
| John Boys, gent,                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Edward Sleighton, A. M. Dec.           |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 30, 1668, obt. 1686.                   |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | William Sale, A. B. March 1,           |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 1686, refigued 1690.                   |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Edward Boys, A. M. July 3,             |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 1690, obt. Nov. 21, 1723. <sup>p</sup> |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | John Jenkinson, refigned 1727.         |
| Edward Boys, gent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | James Luck, A. B. Nov. 17,             |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 1727, refigned 1731.                   |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Stephen Greenhill, A. B. April         |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 19, 1731, obt. July 1777. <sup>9</sup> |
| Edward Norwood, gent. of Alhford                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Edward Norwood, jun. A. M.             |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 1777, the present rector. <sup>r</sup> |
| the second secon |                                        |
| p Son of Thomas Boys, gent. of                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 9 And perpetual curate of Egerton.     |
| Mersham. He lies buried in this                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | r Younger fon of the patron.           |

KINGSNOTH,

chancel.

THE next parish fouth-eastward is Kingsnoth, fometimes called Kingsnode, and by Leland written Kinges-snode.

THIS PARISH is fo obfcurely fituated as to be but little known, the foil in it is throughout a deep miry clay; it is much interfperfed with woodlands, efpecially in the fouth-eaft part of it, the whole face of the country here is unpleafant and dreary, the hedge rows wide, with fpreading oaks among them; and the roads, which are very broad, with a wide fpace of green fwerd on each fide, execrably bad; infomuch, that they are dangerous to pafs except in the drieft time of fummer; the whole of it is much the fame as the parifhes adjoining to it in the Weald, of which the P p 4

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church, which stands on the hill nearly in the middle of the parish, is the northern boundary, consequently all that part of it fouthward is within that district. There is no village, the houfes ftanding fingle, and interspersed throughout it. At no great distance eastward from the church is the manor house of Kingsnoth, ftill called the Park-houle, the antient manfion, which ftood upon a rife, at some distance from the present house, seems from the scite of it, which is moated round, to have been large, remains of Mofaic pavement, and large quantities of stone have been at times dug up from it. South-eaftward from the church is Mumfords, which feems formerly to have been very large, but the greatest part of it has been pulled down and the prefent small farm-house built out of it; weftward from the church flands the court-lodge, now fo called, of East Kingfnoth manor, it is moated round, and feems likewife to have been much larger than it is at prefent, and close to the western boundary of the parish is the manor-house of West Halks, which has been a large antient building, most probably of fome confequence in former times, as there appears to have been a caufeway once from it, wide enough for a carriage, which led through the courtlodge farm towards Shadoxhurft, Woodchurch, and fo on to Halden, remains of which are often turned up in ploughing the grounds. In the low grounds, n-ar the meadows, is the scite of the manor of Moorhouse, moated round. The above mansions feem to have been moated round not only for defence, but to drain off the water from the miry foil on which they were built, which was no doubt the principal reason why fo many of the antient ones, in this and the like fituations were likewife moated round. There is a ftreamlet, which rifes in the woods near Bromley green, and flows along the eaftern part of this parish northward, and joining the Posling branch of the Stour near Sevington, runs with it by Hockwood barn barn and under Alfop green, towards Afhford. Leland in his Itinerary fays, vol. vii. p. 145, "The ri-"ver of Cantorbury now cawled Sture fpringeth at "Kinges Snode the which ftandeth fowthe and a "lytle be weft fro Cantorbury and ys diftant of Cant. " a xiiii or xv myles."

THE ROYAL MANOR OF WYE claims paramount over this parish. The lord of that manor, George Finch Hatton, elq. of Eastwell, holds a court lect here for the borough of East Kingfnoth, which claims over this parish, at which a borsholder is yearly appointed; subordinate to which is THE MANOR OF KINGSNOTH, which in early times was the refidence of a family to which it gave name, who bore for their coat armour, as appeared by feals appendant to their antient deeds, Ermine, upon a bend, five chevronels; and John de Kingfnoth, who lived here about the latter end of king Edward I. fealed with that coat of arms; yet I find that Bartholomew de Badlesmere. who was attainted about the 17th year of king Edward II had fome interest in this manor, which upon his conviction escheated to the crown, and remained there until Richard II. granted it to Sir Robert Belknap, the judge, who had, not long before, purchafed that proportion of this manor which belonged to the family of Kingfnoth, by which he became poffeffed of the whole of it; but he being attainted and banished in the 11th year of that reign, that part which had belonged to Badlesmere, and was granted by the king to Sir Robert Belknap, returned again to the crown, a further account of which may be feen hereafter.<sup>5</sup> But the other part of this eftate, which belonged to the family of Kingfnoth likewile, henceforward called THE MANOR OF KINGSNOTH, which feems to have been the greatest part of it, on the petition of

<sup>3</sup> See Cotton's Records, p. 540. See a further account of the Belknaps, vol. ii. p. 102.

Hamon

Hamon Belknap his fon to parliament, to be enabled in blood and lands to his father, notwithstanding the judgment against him, was reftored to him, and he was found by inquifition to die possessed of it in the 7th year of king Henry VI. Soon after which I find Sir Thomas Browne, of Beechworth castle, treasurer of the king's houshold, to have become possessed of it; for in the 27th year of that reign, he obtained licence for a fair in this parish, on the feast of St. Michael, and that fame year he had another to embattle his manfion here and to inclose a park, and for freewarren in all his demesne lands within this manor; and in a younger branch of his descendants this manor continued down to Richard Browne, elq. of Shingleton, in Great Chart, who married Elizabeth, daughter of Sir William Andrews, of Lathbury, in Buckinghamshire, and dying soon after the death of king Charles I. Elizabeth, their only daughter and heir, carried it in marriage to Thomas, lord Leigh, of Stoneleigh, who afterwards alienated it again to Andrews, in which name it continued till Alexander Andrews, executor and devifee of William Andrews, in 1690, conveyed this manor, with the farm called the Park, the manor of Morehouse, and other lands in this parish, being enabled to to do by act of parliament, to the company of haberdashers of London, as trustees, for the fupport of the hospital at Hoxton, commonly called Afke's hospital, in whom they are now vested. There is not any court held for this manor.

THE OTHER PART of the above-mentioned effate, which had formerly belonged to the family of Badlefmere, and had efcheated to the crown on the attainder of Bartholomew de Badlefmere in the 17th year of king Edward II. remained there until Richard II. granted it to Sir Robert Belknap, on whofe attainder and banifhment in the 11th year of that reign it returned again to the crown, whence it feems, but at what time I have not found, to have been granted to

the

the abbot and convent of Battel, in Suffex, by the name of the MANOR OF EAST KINGSNOTH, together with the manors of Weft Kingenoth, in Pluckley; Morehouse, in this parish; and Wathenden, in Biddenden, lately belonging to that monaftery, in as ample a manner as the late abbot, or any of his predeceffors had poffeffed them,' and they continued part of the possessions of it till its diffolution in the 30th year of Henry VIII. when they came into the hands of the crown, where they staid but a short time; for the king that year granted these manors to Sir Edw. Ringfley for his life, without any rent or account whatfoever; and four years afterwards the king fold the reversion of them to Sir John Baker, one of his council, and chancellor of the first fruits and tenths, to hold in capite by knight's fervice. He died in 1558, possefied of this manor, with the advowson of the church of Kingsnoth, and the manors of West Kingfnoth and Morehoufe, held in capite, in whofe descendants the manor of East Kingsnoth, with the advowson of the church, descended down to Sir John Baker, bart. who, in the reign of king Charles I. paffed it away by fale to Mr. Nathaniel Powell, of Ewehurft, in Suffex, and afterwards of Wiarton, in this county, who was in 1661 created a baronet; and in his descendants it continued down to Sir Christopher Powell, bart. who died possefied of it in 1742, J. p. leaving his widow furviving, whofe truftees fold this manor and advowson, after her death, to Mrs. Fuller, widow of Mr. David Fuller, of Maidstone. attorney-at-law, who in 1775 devifed them by will to her relation William Stacy Coast, esq. now of Sevenoke, the prefent owner of them. There is not any court held for this manor.

MUMFORDS, as it is now called, though its proper and more antient name is *Montfort's*, is a manor in this

<sup>t</sup> Deeds of Inrolment, Augmentation-office.

- parifh

parish, which was once the residence of the family of Clerc, written in antient deeds le Clerc, and afterwards both Clerke and Clarke, in which it continued till about the latter end of the reign of king Edward I. when Henry le Clerc leaving no iffue male, Sufan his daughter and heir carried it, with much other inheritance, in marriage to Sir Simon de Woodchurch, whose descendants, out of gratitude for such increase of fortune, altered their paternal name from Woodchurch to Clerke, and in feveral of their deeds fubfequent to this marriage, were written Clerke, alias Woodchurch. They refided at Woodchurch till Humphry Clerke, efq. removed hither in Henry VIII.'s reign." His fon Humphry Clerke, about the end of queen Elizabeth's reign, fold this manor to John Taylor, fon of John Taylor, of Willefborough, who afterwards refided here. His fon John Taylor, gent. of Winchelfea, alienated it, about the beginning of king Charles I.'s reign, to Edward Wightwick, gent. descended of a family originally of Staffordshire, who bore for their arms, Argent, on a chevron, argent, between three pheons, or, as many crosses patee, gules, granted in 1613. He afterwards refided here, as did his defcendants, till at length Humphry Wightwick, gent. about the beginning of king George II.'s reign removed to New Ronney, of which town and port he was jurat, in whose descendants this manor became afterwards vested in several undivided shares. At length Mr. William Whitwick, the only furviving son of Humphry, having purchased his mother's life estate in it, as well as the shares of his brother Mar. tin's children, lately fold the whole property of it to Mr. Swaffer, the present possessor and occupier of it.

WEST HALKS, usually called West Hawks, is a manor, situated near the western bounds of this pa-

rifh,

<sup>&</sup>quot; See more of this family in Coll. Bar. vol. i. p. 282. There is a pedigree of them in Villn. co. Kent, anno 1619.

rifh, being held of the manor of Kenardington; it formerly was the refidence of a family of the name of Halk, who bore on their seals a fess, between three bareks, and fometimes only one, and were of no contemptible account, as appears by old pedigrees and writings, in which they are reprefented as gentlemen for above three hundred years. Sampfon de Halk, gent. died poffessed of this manor about the year 1360, and held befides much other land at Petham and the adjoining parifhes; but about the latter end of king Henry VI.'s reign, this manor had paffed from this family into that of Taylor, in which name . it continued till the latter end of king Henry VII. when it was alienated to Clerc, whole defcendant Humphry Clerke, efq. about the end of queen Elizabeth's reign, passed it away to Robert Honywood, efq, of Charing, who fettled it on his fourth fon by his fecond marriage Colonel Honywood. How long it continued in his descendants, I cannot learn; but it has been for fome length of time in the name of Eaton, of Effex, Mr. Henry Eaton being the prefent owner of it.

### CHARITIES.

HUMPHRY CLARKE, gent. of this parifh, left by will in 1637, a parcel of land, called Pightland, containing about three acres, in the eastern part of this parifh, for the benefit of the poor of it.

MRS. ELIZABETH MAY, in 1721, gave by will 9! every third year, chargeable on Bilham farm, to be paid, clear of all deductions, to this parifh in turn, during a term of years therein mentioned, to be applied yearly towards the binding out a child an apprentice, of the pooreft people in three parifhes in turn, as has been already mentioned more at large under Sevington. One girl only has as yet been put out apprentice from this charity, by this parifh.

The number of poor constantly relieved are about twentyfive, cafually twelve.

KINGSNOTH is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JU-RISDICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Limne.

The church, which is dedicated to St. Michael, is small, confisting only of one isle and one chancel, having a square tower steeple at the west end, in which are five bells. In the isle is an antient gravestone, coffin-shaped, with old French capitals round it, now illegible. In the chancel is a ftone, with an infcription on it in brass, for Thomas Umfrey, rector, no date; and a monument for Thomas Reader, A. M. fon of Thomas Reader, gent. of Bower, in Maidstone, obt. 1740. Against the north wall is the tomb of Humphry Clarke, efq. made of Bethersden marble, having the figures of him and his wife remaining in brafs on it, and underneath four fons and five daughters. Over the tomb, in an arch in the wall, is an infcription to his memory, fet up by his daughter's fon Sir Martin Culpeper, over it are the arms of Clarke, Two pales wavy, ermine, impaling Mayney. In the glass of the fouth window of the isle are several heads remaining, and in the north-weft window the figure of St. Michael with the dragon. The north chancel fell down about thirty years ago. It belonged to the manor of Mumfords, and in it were interred the Wightwicks, owners of that manor; the graveftones of them, nine in number, yet remain in the church-yard, shut out from the church; and on one next to theirs, formerly within this chancel, is the figure of a knight in armour, with a lion under his feet, and an infcription in trafs, for Sir William Parker, fon of William Parker, esq. citizen and mercer of London, obt. 1421; arms, On a fess, three balls.

The advowlon of the rectory of this church was formerly parcel of the poffeffions of the priory of Chrift-church, and at the diffolution of it in the 31ft year of Henry VIII. came into the king's hands, where it remained till that king in his 34th year, granted it in exchange, among other premifes, to archbp. Cranmer,"

" Deeds of purch. and exch. Augtn. off. box C. 50.

who

who did not keep it long; for four years afterwards, he reconveyed it, with the confent of his chapter, back again to the king,\* who foon afterwards granted it to Sir John Baker, one of his council, and chancellor of his first-fruits and tenths, who died possefied of the manor of East Kingsnoth, together with the advowfon of this church, in the year 1558, in whole descendants it continued down to Sir John Baker, bart. who in the reign of king Charles I. alienated it, with that manor, to Mr. Nathaniel Powell. Since which this advowfon has continued in the like fucceffion of ownership with that manor, as may be seen more fully in the account of it before, to the prefent patron of it, William Stacy Coaft, elq. now of Sevenoke.

There was formerly a penfion of forty fhillings payable from this church to the abbot of Battel.

This rectory is valued in the king's books at 111. 9s. 9<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>d. and the yearly tenths at 11. 2s. 11<sup>2</sup>/<sub>4</sub>d. In 1578 it was valued at fixty pounds, communicants one hundred. In 1640 it was valued at fifty pounds only, and there were the like number of communicants. It is now worth about one hundred and forty pounds per annum. The rector takes no tithes of wood below the hill fouthward. There are about feventeen acres of glebe land.

### CHURCH OF KINGSNOTH.

| Or by whom prefented. | RECTO                             |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|
|                       | Thomas Dunfcomb                   |
|                       | 6, 1592, obt.<br>John Sympson, A. |
| Sir Henry Baker.      | 1608, refigned<br>William Baldwin |
| The King, hac vice.   | 15, 1609, obt.<br>Humphrey Peake. |

PATRONS,

RECTORS.

e, A. M. Nov. 1608.

M. Jan. 12, 1609.

A. M. March 1626.

A. M. Dec. 28, 1626, refigned 1627.

\* See Rymer's Fæd. vol. xv. p. 77, 92.

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| 592 | CHART | AND | LONGBRIDGE | HUNDRED. |
|-----|-------|-----|------------|----------|
|     |       |     |            |          |

|     |       | PATRONS, OC. |
|-----|-------|--------------|
| The | like. | *****        |
| Sir | John  | Baker, bart. |

Sir Nathaniel Powell, bart. .....

Lady Elizabeth Powell. .....

Rym. Fæd. vol. xviii. p. 1001, and by a difpenfation paffed that year, vicar of Eleham.

z And rector of Burwafh.

a He lies buried in the chancel of this church.

b Afterwards rector of Teffen.

RECTORS. Thomas Allen, A. M. March 12,

Francis Worrall, January 19,

Nathaniel Wilfon, clerk, obt.

1627, obt. 1636.5

1636.

c Mr. Hawkins refided in his parfonage houfe to the time of his death, whole character in his parifh was that of a most worthy clergyman, having the bleffings of the poor especially, for his goodness and benevolence to them.

### MERSHAM,

THE next parish to Kingsnoth north-eastward is Mersham, being the last to be described in this hundred. It is written in Domesday and other antient records *Mersebam*. A small district of the eastern part of it is in the hundred of Bircholt Franchise, and the rest of it in this hundred of Chart and Longbridge.

MERSHAM lies about four miles from Afhford, on the quarry hills, where it is a dry and pleafant fituation. The high road from Afhford to Hythe croffes it eaftward, along the high ground, over Merfhamlees or heath, on the north fide of which is the manfion fion and park of Hatch, pleafantly fituated on the brow of the hill, having a beautiful view from the back front, bounded by the down hills. It is a very elegant building of brick, embellished with quoins, balustrade, and other ornaments of free-ftone. The apartments in it are superb, as well as commodious. The park, which adjoins on the north fide of it, extends into the vale beneath, where it is well watered. On the high ground the foil is mostly a fand, or loam mixed with the quarry-flone, but northward, at the lower part of Hatch-park, it changes to a deep miry clay, where the ftream which runs on towards Swatfield bridge and Alhford, bounds it from Hinxhill northward; at a fmall diftance on the opposite or fouth fides of the lees, going down the hill, is the village or ftreet of Mersham, in which is the rector's houfe, and oppofite a large good manfion, which lately belonged to Mr. Turner Marshall, who refided in it. He left two daughters his coheirs, Elizabeth married to Mr. Edward Hughes, and Anne to Mr. William Mantell, late of Tenterden, deceased. Mr. Hughes now refides in it. And at a small diftance further down, on the east fide of it, is the church, from which there is a fine view fouthward; and at the weft end of the church-yard is the court-lodge of the manor. On the same fide, somewhat lower, is a neat fashed house, late the Rev. Mr. Tournay's, but now belong. ing to Mr. Fox, who lives in it; about one field diftant weftward flands a great old houfe, called the Boysbouse, inhabited for several generations by a branch of the Boys family, the last of whom, Mr. John Boys, was descended from Thomas Boys, of Bonnington, in Goodneftone, in king Henry the VIIIth.'s reign, a younger fon of William Boys, of Fredville, by Habel Phallop. From Thomas above-mentioned, defcended likewife those of Sevington and Willesborough; he died posseffed of it in 1767, leaving three daughters his coheirs, of whom the two furviving ones, Elizabeth YOL. VII. Qq

beth and Mary, are still living, unmarried, at Ashford, and are the prefent owners of this house, which is inhabited by Mr. Cole, father of the Rev. Dr. Cole, rector of this parish, and Mr. Charles Staples, who married Mr. Cole's daughter. Further down it is called Kingford-street, formerly Kyngesfysh-street, beyond which there is a bridge over that branch of the Stour, called the Old Stour, which runs from hence by Sevington towards Ashford, as has been already mentioned, on which there is a corn-mill. Here there is much pasture ground, seemingly very rich; and at a small distance a good fashed house, formerly belonging to the Mantells, and from them ufually called the Mantell house. It was purchased some years ago of the children of Edward Mantell, efq. by Mr. Jofeph Hodges, who again fold it to Mr. Stephenson, of London, banker, who refided in it for some time, till he removed thither. The road, through the village fouthward, is the high and most frequented one from Ashford to the lower part of the Weald, by the four vents at Broadoak, and thence to Bilfington-crofs; during the whole of which the foil is a deep ftiff clay. a miferable wet and dreary country, and the roads execrably bad.

There is a fair in this parish on the Friday in Whitfun-week, for pedlary and toys.

THE MANOR OF WYE claims over fome finall part of this parish, as do the manors of Polton, Saltwood, and Brockholt, over other lands in it.

MERSHAM was given by one Siward and Matilda his wife, to the monks of Chrift-church, though Somner in his Roman Ports, p. 110, fays, that king Etheldred, (who died in 1016) granted it to that priory, with the privilege of leveral denberries in the Weald, and the fame year he granted to them *free-warren*, and other liberties, and king Edward the Confeffor, called in the register of that monastery St. Edward, confirmed this gift in the year 1061, and it was apportioned portioned *de cibo ecrum*, that is, to the use of their refectory. Notwithstanding this gift to the monks, it is entered in the record of Domesday among the archbishop's lands, as follows:

In Langebrige bundred, the archbishop himself bolds Merseham in demesse. It was taxed at seven sulings. In the time of king Edward the Confessor, and now, for three. The arable land is twelve carucates. In demesse there are three carucates, and thirty-nine villeins, with nine borderers having sixteen carucates. There is a church, and two mills of five shillings, and two saltpits of five shillings, and thirteen acres of meadow. Wood for the pannage of thirty hogs. In its whole value, in the time of king Edward the Confessor, and afterwards, it was worth ten pounds, now twenty pounds.

By what means it came into the pofferfion of the archbishop, for fo it certainly was, or when it returned to the monks, does not appear, only that they foon afterwards were again in the poffeffion of it; and accordingly in the 17th year of king Edward I. anno 1289, the prior and convent appear to have released certain base or villein services to their tenants of this manor, for which the lord received a pecuniary rent or fine, and in the 10th year of king Edward II. they had a grant of free warren from their demesne lands within this manor, among others. In which fituation it continued till the final diffolution of the priory in the 31ft year of king Henry VIII. when it came, with the reft of the possessions of it, into the king's hands; where this manor did not remain long, for the king, in his 33d year, settled it by his dotation-charter on his new erected dean and chapter of Canterbury, part of whole possessions it remains at this time.

A court baron is regularly held for this manor by the dean and chapter; but *the demefne lands* are demifed from time to time on a beneficial leafe. Samuel

> <sup>d</sup> See Somn. Gavelkind, p. 58, append. p. 187. Goddard

Qq2

Goddard is the prefent leffee, and refides in the courtlodge, in the walls of which are feveral gothic arched windows and door-ways of alhlar ftone, and other marks of its antient appearance.

HATCH is a manor and teat in this parish, which is frequently written in antient deeds Le Hatch, and was formerly in the poffeffion of a family named Edwards, in which it continued till it was at length fold by the executors of the laft of that name, in king Henry VII.'s reign, to Richard Knatchbull, who afterwards refided at it, being defcended of a family originally of Limne, in this county, where, as appears by very antient deeds, they were pofletied of a plentiful patrimony, and bore for their arms, Azure, three crojs-croflets fitchee, between two bendlets, or ; his defcendant, Sir Norton Knatchbull, kept his fhrievalty at Hatch in the 5th year of James I. and died here in 1636 f. p. having by will founded the free grammar school at Ashford. His successor in this manor and feat, was his nephew and heir Norton, eldeft furviving fon of his next brother Thomas, who refided at Hatch, and ferved in parliament for this county, being a gentleman of great abilities and learning. On August 4, 1641, being the 17th year of Charles I. he was created a baronet. He died in 1684, and was buried in the family vault under the fouth chancel of this church. His descendant Sir Edw. Knatchbull, bart. was of Hatch, and ferved in parliament for this county likewife. He died in 1730, having married Alice, daughter of John Wyndham, efq. of Nonington, in Wiltshire, and sister to Thomas, lord Wyndham, lord chancellor of Ireland, by whom he left five fons and three daughters ; Wyndham, who fucceeded him in title ; Thomas died unmarried ; Edward, who fucceeded his nephew in title and eftate, as will be mentioned herealter; Wadham, who was chancellor and prebendary of Durham, and died in 1760, leaving three fons and one daughter Frances, who married

### MERSHAM.

ried Thomas Knight, efq. late of Godmersham, and Norton, who was of Babington, in Somersetshire, efq.

Sir Wyndham Knatchbull, bart. the eldeft fon, kept his thrievalty at Hatch in 1733, and took the furname and arms of Wyndham, purluant to the will of his uncle the lord chancellor Wyndham, who died f. p. and by will devifed his effates to him with that injunction, and for which an act passed that year. He died in 1749, having married Catherine, daughter of James Harris, esq. of Salisbury, by whom he left two daughters, Joane-Elizabeth, now of St. Stephen's, near the city of Canterbury, unmarried; Catherine, who likewife died unmarried; and one fon Sir Wyndham Knatchbull, bart. who about 1760 pulled down the antient feat of Hatch, and began the building of a new manfion at a fmall diftance foutheastward from it, which he did not live to finish, for he died in 1763, being then knight of the fhire, unmarried, and was fucceeded in title and eflates by his uncle and heir Sir Edward Knatchbull, bart. then of Salifbury, but afterwards of Hatch, who completed the building of this elegant feat. He died in 1788, having married Grace, lecond daughter of William Legg, esq. of Salisbury, by whom he left three daughters, Anne-Elizabeth, who married her coufin Wyndham Knatchbull, efq. eldeft fon of Dr. Wadham Knatchbull, late prebendary of Durham above-mentioned; Catherine-Maria, and Joane. Edward, his only furviving fon, fucceeded him in title and eftates, being then of Provenders, who served the office of sheriff in 1785, having married first Mary, daughter and coheir of William Western Hugesten, elq. of Provenders, by whom he has two fons, Edward, born in 1782, and Norton; and fecondly, Frances, fecond daughter of Charles Graham, efq. by whom he has a fon Wyndham. Sir Edward Knatchbull, bart. now refides at Hatch, having been member in two fuccelfive parliaments for this county.

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QUARING-

QUARINGTON, or Quatherington, as it was sometimes written, is a small manor, lying in the valley in the northern part of this parish, near the stream, which was once the property of owners of that name, one of whom, Simon de Quarington, refided at it in the 4th year of king Edward I. anno 1275, as appears by the chartularie of Chrift-church. Soon after which, this name became extinct here, and it came into the pofseffion of Nicholas Blechenden, who refided here at the latter end of that reign, whole grandfon William Blechenden being the earlieft poffeffor of this manor that is mentioned in the deeds of it, was owner of it in the reign of king Richard II. He married Agnes, daughter and coheir of Godfrey, of Simnells. in Aldington, of which becoming poffeffed in her right, he left this place and removed thither, though his defcendants feem to have continued proprietors of it till the latter end of the reign of queen Elizabeth, when it was alienated by one of them to Claget, of Canterbury, and George Claget, alderman, and thrice mayor of that city, fon of Robert Claget, of Malling, who bore for his arms, Ermine, on a fess, sable, three pheons, or, paffed it away by fale, in the reign of James I. to Henry Estday, of Saltwood, whole arms were, Azure, a griffin segreant, argent, a chief of the second." He fold it to Sir Norton Knatchbull, of Hatch; fince which it has continued in the fame family, refident at Hatch, and baronets, down to the prefent owner of it, Sir Edward Knatchbull, bart. of Mertham-hatch.

<sup>c</sup> As attested in the pedigree figned by Sir Wm. Segar, parter, See Book of Testifications in Heralds-office, marked M. 2.

<sup>1</sup> There is a pedigree of them in Viftn. co. Kent, anno 1619. See also Saltwood.

CHARITIES.

### CHARITIES.

DAME JANE KNATCHBULL, of Godmersham, widow of Sir John Knatchbull, bart. by will in 1700, devised to her nephew Edward Knatchbull, efq. and his heirs for ever, all her share of one-third part in the reversion of all such lands and tenements in Kent as belonged to her, expectant on the death of her mother dame Elizabeth Monins, upon truft, that they should lay out the money arising from the fale of them, in the purchase of lands in this county, in trust, that they should yearly for ever, dispose of the rents of them as follows, 101. to a schoolmaster, to teach poor children of the parish to read English, write, and cast accompts; and the residue to be distributed yearly among such of the poor people of this parish as they should think fit. These lands are now vested in Sir Edward Knatchbull, bart. and are of the annual produce of 781.

This fchool is taught by the clerk of the parifh, in a fmall room adjoining to the church, who is paid the above falary of rol. for the inftructing of a limited number of children, and the liberty of taking others for his further emolument.

RICHARD BRETT, by will in 1711, devifed land to the use of the poor of this parish, now vested in Mr. Thomas Brett, and of the annual produce of 11.

MRS. ELIZABETH MAY, of Sittingborne, by will in 1721, gave 91. every third year, chargeable on the effate called Bilham-farm, to this parifh, Sevington, and Kingfnoth, to be paid clear of all deductions, to be applied for the binding out yearly a child an apprentice, of the pooreft people in those parishes, to be approved of by such perfons as should be owners of that effate, in manner as has been already more fully mentioned under these parishes.

The poor constantly relieved are about fifty eight, cafually fixty-five.

MERSHAM is within the ECCLESIASTICAL JURIS-DICTION of the *diocefe* of Canterbury, and *deanry* of Limne.

The church, which is dedicated to St. John Baptift, confifts of two ifles and two chancels, having a handfome fquare tower at the weft end, in which are five bells. In the north window of the high chancel is the figure of a bifhop, with his mitre and crofier, praying, and the figure of a faint, with the dragon under his feet. On the rector's pew is carved in wood, a coat of arms, being *A fefs*, in chief, three balls. In this this chancel is a memorial for Elizabeth, widow of William Legg, of New Sarum, and mother of dame Grace, wife of Sir Edward Knatchbull, bart. obt. 1771; and feveral monuments and memorials for the Knatchbull family. The fouth chancel belongs to them, in which are feveral monuments and memorials of them, particularly a most fuperb one for Sir Norton Knatchbull, who died in 1636, having his figure in full proportion lying on it, and above that of his lady kneeling in a praying posture, under a canopy supported by two figures; above are the arms of Knatchbull impaling Athley ; underneath this chancel is a large vault, in which this family lie buried. A monument for Margaret Collyns, daughter of Thomas Tourney, gent. and wife of William Collyns, gent. obt. 1595; arms, Vert, a griffin, or, gorged with a ducal coronet, argent, impaling Tourney. In the north isle are several memorials for the Boys's, of this parish; for Richard Knatchbull, esq. and for Mary Franklyn, obt. 1763. In the west window, which is very large, nearly the whole breadth of the isle, and consists of many compartments, are eight figures of men, pretty entire, and much remains of other painted glass in the other parts of it. The arms of Septvans and Fogge were formerly in one of the windows of the high chancel.

The church of Mersham was formerly appendant to the manor, and belonged with it to the convent of Christ-church; but when the survey of Domefday was taken in the year 1080, it appears to have been in the possession of the archbisthop, with whom the manor did not continue long before it was again vested in the convent; but the advowsion of the rectory remained with the archbisthop, and has continued parcel of the possession of the fee of Canterbury to this time, his grace the archbisthop being the prefent patron of it.

### MERSHAM.

This rectory is valued in the king's books at 261. 16s. 101d. and the yearly tenths, which are now payable to the crown-receiver, at 21. 135. 84d.

In 1578 here were communicants two hundred and forty-feven. In 1640, one hundred and eighty, and it was valued at eighty pounds.

### CHURCH OF MERSHAM.

PATRONS, Or by whom presented. The Archbishop.

#### RECTORS

John Whiting, obt. 1605.5

William Covell, S. T. P. April 12, 1605, obt. 1613.

Francis Foxton, S. T. P. Feb. 9, 1613, obt. 1626.h

William Master, S. T. P. April 3, 1626, obt. 1628.

Thomas Hackett, A. M. Oct. 22, 1628.

John Ramsey, Oct. 5, 1636.

George May, jun. refig. 1665.

John Castilion, S. T. P. April

29, 1665, refigned 1677.k John Cooke, A. M. Oct. 27,

1677, obt. Aug. 13, 1726.1 Henry Archer, S. T. P. Oct. 14,

1726, obt. 1744.<sup>m</sup>

John Chapman, S. T. P. June 27, 1744, ob. Oct. 14, 1784."

5 His will is in the Prerog. office, Canterbury.

h He was buried in the chancel. His will is in the above office.

I Likewise rector of Sevington, and

rebendary of Canterbury.
k Likewife vicar of Minfter, in
Thanet, and prebendary of Canterbury, and being made dean of Rochefter he refigned this rectory. He died in 1688, and was buried in Canterbury cathedral.

1 Likewife rector of St. George's, in Canterbury, and a fix preacher. He had been before rector of Cookstone, near Rochefter. See Wood's Ath. vol. ii. f. 175. He lies buried in the high chancel of this church.

m He held the vicarage of Faverfham with this rectory. He had been before likewife vicar of Herne, which vicarage he refigned on being prefented to this rectory.

n He was likewife rector of Aldington by difpenfation, and treafurer of the church of Chichester. He died æt. 81, and was buried in the chancel of this church. For the doctor's character, see the printed case relating to archbishop Potter's options, devised by him in his will to his executors, of which Dr. Chapman was one. Brown's Cafes of Appeals to Parliament, anno 1760, vol. v. p. 400.

RCTORS.

PATRONS, &c. The Archbishop.

Thomas Drake, S. T. P. 1784, refigned 1786.°

Houstonne Radcliffe, S. T. P. 1786, resigned 1790.<sup>p</sup> William Cole, S. T. P. 1790,

the prefent rector.<sup>9</sup>

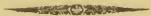
• He refigned this rectory for that of Catford, in Huntingdonshire.

P On being collated to the rectory of Ickham, which he now holds with the vicarage of Gillingham. He was also prebendary of Ely, which he quitted on being collated to the fixth prebendal stall of Canterbury cathedial. He and his predecessfor had been both domestic chaplains to Archbishop Moore.

9 And prebendary of Westminster.



Any ERRORS or MISTAKES, in the former edition, or communications towards the improvement of these volumes, will, at any time, in future, be thankfully received, if directed to W. BRISTOW, PARADE, CANTERBURY.



DIRECTIONS TO THE BINDER.

- 1. To face title, ... Plate of CHARTHAM DOWNS.
- 2. To face p. 1. ... Map of BOUGHTON BLEAN HUNDRED.
- 3. To face p. 51 ... Ditto of MARDEN HUNDRED.
- 4. To face p. 90 ... Ditto of CRANBROOKE, &c. HUNDREDS.
- 5. To face p. 103. Plate of MILKHOUSE CHAPEL, Sc.
- 6. To face p. 142. Map of GREAT BARNEFIELD, &c. HUN-DREDS.
- 7. To face p. 370. Plate of ROMAN URNS.



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